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Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections: election of members of the Human Rights Council

Note verbale dated 30 May 2019 from the Permanent Mission of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the General Assembly

The Permanent Mission of the Federal Republic of Germany to the United Nations presents its compliments to the President of the General Assembly and has the honour to refer to the candidature of Germany for election to the Human Rights Council for the 2020–2022 term, at the elections to be held during the seventy-fourth session of the General Assembly.

Therefore, in accordance with General Assembly resolution [60/251](#), the Government of Germany has the honour to submit herewith the voluntary pledges of Germany reaffirming its commitment to the promotion of and respect for all human rights and its active engagement in the work of the Human Rights Council (see annex).

The Permanent Mission of the Federal Republic of Germany would be grateful if the present note and its annex could be circulated as a document of the General Assembly.

* [A/74/50](#).



Annex to the note verbale dated 30 May 2019 from the Permanent Mission of Germany to the United Nations addressed to the President of the General Assembly

Candidature of Germany to the Human Rights Council, 2020–2022

Voluntary pledges and commitments pursuant to General Assembly resolution 60/251

1. The Federal Republic of Germany has the pleasure to hereby present its candidacy to the Human Rights Council for the period from 2020 to 2022.

2. Having served on the Council in previous terms, most recently from 2015 to 2018, Germany has demonstrated its strong commitment to the Human Rights Council and its mechanisms, in particular by assuming the presidency of the Council in 2015 and the vice presidency in 2018. Germany strongly believes in cooperation between States in a rules based, equitable multilateral order in the field of human rights and beyond, supported by strong voices from civil society, including national human rights institutions. We seek a new term on the Human Rights Council to continue to promote human rights in all appropriate international and United Nations forums.

3. Human rights are a cornerstone of Germany's foreign policy and development cooperation. Human dignity and inviolable and inalienable human rights are enshrined in article 1 of Germany's Basic Law "as the basis of every community, of peace and of justice in the world". The Basic Law thereby not only guarantees human rights in Germany, but also obliges the federal Government to work to protect human dignity and fundamental freedoms throughout the world. We firmly believe in the universality of human rights as laid down by the United Nations in 1948 in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Germany also firmly believes that peace, security and sustainable development can take root only where human rights are respected and the freedom and dignity of every individual is protected. In addition, Germany's foreign and development policy remains committed to worldwide poverty reduction, sustainable growth and ambitious climate policy through forward looking policies.

Human rights at home

4. Protection, promotion and respect for human rights begin in our own country. Germany considers the realization of human rights to be a continuous task. Germany is a party to the fundamental human rights conventions and has incorporated them into national law. Germany has entered into extensive commitments concerning the protection of human rights, and we appreciate our partners' views on how to better respect, protect and fulfil human rights in Germany. In this regard, we highly value the input from the universal periodic review and the human rights treaty bodies, and we have issued standing invitations to the special procedures mandate holders of the Human Rights Council to visit our country.

5. Germany regards human rights policy as a cross cutting task affecting all areas of society. The realization of article 3 of the German Basic Law, which commits to gender equality, as well as the development of a national action plan to implement the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, our efforts to attain integration and equal opportunities and participation for refugees and migrants, as well as the implementation of our national action plan to fight racism, xenophobia, anti-Semitism and related intolerance are just a few examples of our ongoing commitment to improving the domestic human rights situation.

6. The German Institute for Human Rights, established in March 2001, is Germany's independent national human rights institution and adheres to the Paris Principles (A status). It monitors the Government's human rights activities closely and critically, for example by publishing an annual report about the domestic human rights situation submitted to the German Bundestag.

Germany's international commitment to human rights

7. Germany strives to protect and foster respect for human rights throughout the world by addressing human rights issues in its bilateral political dialogues and consultations, by providing support and technical cooperation for projects aimed at improving human rights situations and by systematically taking human rights into account in Germany's development cooperation policy programmes, humanitarian aid projects and conflict prevention activities.

8. The Federal Government Commissioner for Human Rights Policy and Humanitarian Aid is our point of contact for all human rights issues, travels the world to engage in human rights dialogues and liaises closely with civil society representatives and the German Bundestag.

9. As part of Germany's strong commitment to the multilateral order, we are pursuing a comprehensive approach to security during our non-permanent membership of the Security Council in 2019/20; it consistently takes human rights into account and recognizes that in many instances human rights violations are among the root causes of conflict.

10. Germany is a staunch supporter of the International Criminal Court and will continue to do its utmost to ensure that the Court can work as effectively as possible and that it receives broad support from the international community. In addition, Germany continues to politically and financially support other ad hoc mechanisms that contribute to stopping impunity, such as the International, Impartial and Independent Mechanism to Assist in the Investigation and Prosecution of Persons Responsible for the Most Serious Crimes under International Law Committed in the Syrian Arab Republic since March 2011 or the Independent Investigative Mechanism for Myanmar.

11. Germany has been a committed supporter of the Human Rights Council and its mechanisms since its establishment. It has shown leadership in a number of key human rights areas, helping to create, inter alia, four mandates for Special Rapporteurs: on the human rights to safe drinking water and sanitation, on trafficking in persons, especially women and children, on adequate housing as a component of the right to an adequate standard of living, as well as on the right to privacy.

12. Germany pledges to:

- (a) Continue to work for the universality and indivisibility of human rights;
- (b) Continue its efforts to strengthen a multilateral system that promotes and protects human rights and engage in dialogue and cooperation with other Member States as well as civil society;
- (c) Make full use of a possible one year overlap of its membership in the Security Council and the Human Rights Council in the year 2020 by closely connecting issues of peace and security with human rights and thus strengthening the link between the United Nations in Geneva and New York;
- (d) Support and strengthen the framework of the Human Rights Council as the primary United Nations forum for human rights and actively participate in discussions on the efficiency and the institutional status of the Council;

- (e) Continue its support for the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights and the independence of her role;
- (f) Continue its close cooperation with the Office of the High Commissioner, inter alia by providing substantial political and financial support for its work;
- (g) Closely cooperate with the mechanisms of the Human Rights Council, in particular by upholding its standing invitation to the special procedures mandate holders of the Council to visit Germany;
- (h) Continue to work actively on the universal periodic review by offering recommendations to all States;
- (i) Actively support the United Nations treaty body strengthening process with a view to furthering their effectiveness and efficiency while securing the independence of the treaty bodies and their experts;
- (j) Continue to promote the role of civil society in the Human Rights Council and to actively support human rights defenders worldwide;
- (k) Continue to implement the Sustainable Development Goals and to pursue a rights based approach to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development;
- (l) Continue to lead engagement on the human rights to safe drinking water and sanitation, building on more than 10 years of experience, with a future focus on sustainable implementation and concrete projects at the local level to ensure that populations in need can enjoy their human rights to water and sanitation;
- (m) Use its membership in the Commission on the Status of Women and in other international forums to promote equal participation, as well as to support norm-setting and the implementation of women's rights;
- (n) Adopt a national programme of action on violence against women and girls by pursuing a comprehensive approach that also takes into consideration sexual and gender based violence;
- (o) Fulfil our second action plan on the implementation of Security Council resolution [1325 \(2000\)](#) on women and peace and security 2017–2020 and develop a third national action plan on that subject;
- (p) As a member of the Equal Rights Coalition, engage against violence and discrimination against lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons and support the Independent Expert on protection against violence and discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity, as well as promote the Yogyakarta Principles on the Application of International Human Rights Law in relation to Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity;
- (q) Remain committed to the right to freedom of expression and fight for press freedom, for the protection of journalists and against hate speech;
- (r) Continue to advocate the freedom of religion and belief and interfaith dialogue, inter alia as promoted by the German Federal Commissioner for Global Freedom of Religion;
- (s) Continue its engagement – at both the national and international levels – for the implementation of the Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, inter alia by developing an ambitious follow up programme to the current national action plan for business and human rights 2016–2020;
- (t) Continue to protect and promote the rights of children, in particular those affected by armed conflict, within the United Nations and the European Union;

(u) Actively engage in the discourse on future challenges to human rights that derive from climate change, environmental disasters and the use of artificial intelligence, to name but a few;

(v) Continue to, every two years, present before the German Bundestag the federal Government's comprehensive human rights report, including a plan of action for human rights;

(w) Fully implement the federal Government's plan of action for human rights 2018–2020 and continue to generate whole of government support for human rights.
