



General Assembly Security Council

Distr.  
GENERAL

A/47/643  
S/24781  
9 November 1992

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
Forty-seventh session  
Agenda items 69, 88 and 117  
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE  
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING  
OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY  
INTERNATIONAL ASSISTANCE FOR THE  
ECONOMIC REHABILITATION OF ANGOLA  
FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS  
ANGOLA VERIFICATION MISSION

SECURITY COUNCIL  
Forty-seventh year

Letter dated 6 November 1992 from the Permanent Representative  
of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to  
the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I enclose a copy of a statement by the European Community and its member States on the situation in Angola, issued in London on 4 November 1992 (see annex).

I should be grateful if the text of the present letter and its annex could be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 69, 88 and 117, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) D. H. A. HANNAY

ANNEX

Statement on Angola issued by the European Community and its  
member States on 4 November 1992

The European Community and its member States, recalling their statement of 22 October 1992, express their grave concern about recent events in Angola and deplore the violence over the weekend of 31 October and 1 November 1992, which claimed so many lives. The European Community and its member States support the continued involvement of the United Nations in the peace process in Angola and call on all parties to abide by Security Council resolution 785 (1992) of 30 October 1992 and to respect the cease-fire negotiated through the good offices of the Secretary-General of the United Nations on the night of 1 November 1992. The only hope for peace in Angola is for both sides to refrain from violence and to continue to implement the peace agreements embodied in the Bicesse Accords, in particular as regards the demobilization and confinement of their troops and collection of their weapons, the formation of the unified national armed force and the creation of the conditions allowing the holding of a second ballot in the presidential election. The European Community and its member States will hold responsible any party that obstructs the peace process, to which all parties have committed themselves and which has been democratically endorsed by the Angolan people.

-----