



# Security Council

Fifty-third Year

## 3882<sup>nd</sup> Meeting

Wednesday, 20 May 1998, 1.15 p.m.

New York

*Provisional*


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<i>President:</i>	Mr. Mahugu . . . . .	(Kenya)
<i>Members:</i>	Bahrain . . . . .	Mr. Al-Dosari
	Brazil . . . . .	Mr. Felicio
	China . . . . .	Mr. Li Junhua
	Costa Rica . . . . .	Mr. Sáenz-Biolley
	France . . . . .	Mr. Dejammet
	Gabon . . . . .	Mr. Dangué Réwaka
	Gambia . . . . .	Mr. Touray
	Japan . . . . .	Mr. Takasu
	Portugal . . . . .	Ms. Paiva
	Russian Federation . . . . .	Mr. Sergeev
	Slovenia . . . . .	Mr. Žbogar
	Sweden . . . . .	Mr. Liden
	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland . . . . .	Mr. Richmond
	United States of America . . . . .	Mr. Stoffer

## Agenda

The situation in Sierra Leone

*The meeting was called to order at 1.15 p.m.*

### **Adoption of the agenda**

*The agenda was adopted.*

### **The situation in Sierra Leone**

**The President:** I should like to inform the Council that I have received a letter from the representative of Sierra Leone, in which he requests to be invited to participate in the discussion of the item on the Council's agenda. In conformity with the usual practice, I propose, with the consent of the Council, to invite that representative to participate in the discussion, without the right to vote, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

There being no objection, it is so decided.

*At the invitation of the President, Mr. Dabor (Sierra Leone) took a seat at the Council table.*

**The President:** The Security Council will now begin its consideration of the item on its agenda. The Council is meeting in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

Following consultations among members of the Security Council, I have been authorized to make the following statement on behalf of the Council:

"The Security Council condemns as gross violations of international humanitarian law the recent atrocities carried out against the civilian population, particularly women and children, of Sierra Leone by members of the Revolutionary United Front and the deposed military junta, including widespread rape, mutilation and slaughter. It calls for an immediate end to all violence against civilians. The Council, in this regard, expresses grave concern about reports of military support being provided to the rebels. It calls on all States to observe strictly the provisions of resolution 1132 (1997) and to avoid any action that might further destabilize the situation in Sierra Leone.

"The Security Council deplores the continued resistance to the authority of the legitimate Government of Sierra Leone and calls on all rebels to cease their resistance, lay down their arms, and surrender to forces of the Military Observer Group (ECOMOG) of the Economic Community of West

African States (ECOWAS) immediately. It again commends ECOWAS and ECOMOG for the important role they are playing to restore peace and security in Sierra Leone. The Council reiterates its call for States to provide technical and logistical support to assist ECOMOG to continue to enhance its ability to carry out its peacekeeping role and contribute to bringing an end to the atrocities being committed against the people of Sierra Leone.

"The Security Council expresses deep concern for the plight of all those affected by the continuing insecurity, including the tens of thousands of refugees and displaced persons. It urges all those concerned to continue humanitarian assistance and underscores the importance of a comprehensive response by United Nations agencies in coordination with the Government of Sierra Leone and with the support of ECOMOG. The Council also recognizes the important role played by the international community, including the Organization of African Unity and relevant non-governmental organizations, to provide humanitarian assistance to civilians in dire need in Sierra Leone. The Council commends the Governments of neighbouring countries for their reception of refugees and calls upon all States and relevant international organizations to help them in responding to the refugee crisis.

"The Security Council expresses concern for the safety of all humanitarian personnel working in Sierra Leone. It calls on all parties concerned to facilitate the work of humanitarian agencies. The Council urges the parties to protect displaced persons seeking refuge, as well as United Nations and humanitarian aid workers.

"The Security Council welcomes the efforts made by the democratically elected Government since its return on 10 March 1998 to restore peace and stability and to re-establish effective administration and the democratic process in Sierra Leone. It encourages ECOWAS to renew its political efforts to foster peace and stability and urges all parties in the country to embark on the tasks of national reconstruction, rehabilitation and reconciliation. The Council urges all parties concerned to respect fully international law, including human rights and humanitarian law.

"The Security Council urges States and other parties concerned to contribute to the trust fund to

support peacekeeping and related activities in Sierra Leone, and to humanitarian assistance efforts.

“The Security Council requests the Secretary-General to keep it advised on the situation in Sierra Leone.

“The Security Council will remain seized of this matter.”

This statement will be issued as a document of the Security Council under the symbol S/PRST/1998/13.

The Security Council has thus concluded the present stage of its consideration of the item on its agenda.

The Security Council will remain seized of the matter.

*The meeting rose at 1.20 p.m.*