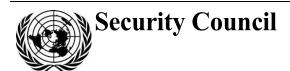
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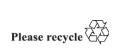


Distr.: General 18 July 2018 Original: English

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Note verbale dated 18 July 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Cyprus to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) and has the honour to submit the national implementation report of the Republic of Cyprus pursuant to paragraph 18 of resolution 2371 (2017) and the national implementation report of the Republic of Cyprus pursuant to paragraph 19 of resolution 2375 (2017) (see annexes).





Annex I to the note verbale dated 18 July 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report of Cyprus on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2371 (2017)

The Republic of Cyprus and the other member States of the European Union have jointly implemented the restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea imposed by the Security Council in its resolution 2371 (2017) by taking the following common measures:¹

- Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1459 of 10 August 2017 ² implementing Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which implemented the designation of additional persons and entities (travel ban and asset freeze)
- Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1457 of 10 August 2017 amending Council Regulation (EC) No 329/2007 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, 3 which gave effect to Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1459
- Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1562 of 14 September 2017, amending Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea⁴
- Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1548 of 14 September 2017 amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,⁵ which gave effect to the measures provided for in Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1562.

The above-mentioned Council decisions set out the commitment of the European Union to the implementation of all the measures contained in Security Council resolution 2371 (2017), including the following:

- Prohibition on entering member States' ports for vessels designated by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006), pursuant to paragraph 6 of resolution 2371 (2017), unless entry is required because of emergency or in case the vessel returns to its port of origin. The Committee can grant an exemption under certain conditions
- Clarification that the prohibition on owning, leasing or operating any vessel flagged by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea also includes the chartering of vessels flagged by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on procuring coal, iron and iron ore from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. The prohibition does not apply if the conditions mentioned in paragraph 8 of resolution 2371 (2017) are met

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¹ All common measures are published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

² Official Journal of the European Union, L 208, 11 August 2017, p. 38.

³ Ibid., p. 33. This Commission Implementing Regulation is no longer in force as it has been integrated into Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 of 30 August 2017 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 329/2007 (Official Journal of the European Union, L 224, 31 August 2017, p. 1).

⁴ Official Journal of the European Union, L 237, 15 September 2017, p. 86.

⁵ Official Journal of the European Union, L 237, 15 September 2017, p. 39.

- Prohibition on procuring seafood from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on procuring lead and lead ore from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition on exceeding, on any date after 5 August 2017, the total number of work authorizations for nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea provided in Member States' jurisdictions and valid on 5 August 2017. The Committee can grant an exemption on a case-by-case basis under certain conditions
- Prohibition on opening new joint ventures or expanding existing joint ventures.

 The Committee can grant an exemption on a case-by-case basis
- Clarification that the prohibition on the transfer of funds to or from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea also applies to the clearing of funds
- Clarification that companies performing financial services commensurate with those provided by banks are considered financial institutions
- Obligation to seize and dispose of items the export of which is prohibited by resolution 2371 (2017)

The above-mentioned Council regulations are binding in their entirety and directly applicable in all member States of the European Union.

Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509⁶ requires member States to determine the penalties applicable to infringements of their provisions. The penalties determined by the Republic of Cyprus are set out in Law No. 58(I)/2016 on the implementation of the provisions of Security Council resolutions or decisions (sanctions) and European Union Council decisions and regulations (restrictive measures).

It should be noted that Law 58(I)/2016 also sets out the obligation of any person or entity in the Republic of Cyprus to abide by and comply with all the provisions of the Security Council resolutions and/or the European Union decisions and regulations. Under this Law, all United Nations and European Union instruments are incorporated and adopted into the national legal order without the need to enact prohibition orders, and are thus automatically applicable and binding.

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⁶ Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 of 30 August 2017 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 329/2007, Official Journal of the European Union, L 224, 31 August 2017, p. 1.

Annex II to the note verbale dated 18 July 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report by Cyprus on the implementation of Security Council resolution 2375 (2017)

The Republic of Cyprus and the other member States of the European Union have jointly implemented the restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea imposed by the Security Council in its resolution 2375 (2017) by taking the following common measures:¹

- Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1573 of 15 September 2017, implementing Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,² which implemented the designation of an additional person and three entities (travel ban and asset freeze)
- Council Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1568 of 15 September 2017, implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which gave effect to Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1573
- Council Decision (CFSP) 2017/1838 of 10 October 2017 amending Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea⁴
- Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1836 of 10 October 2017, amending Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea⁵
- Council Implementing Decision (CFSP) 2017/1909 of 18 October 2017, implementing Decision (CFSP) 2016/849 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, 6 which implemented the designation of an additional person and three entities (travel ban and asset freeze)

The Council decisions set out the commitment of the European Union to the implementation of the measures contained in resolution 2375 (2017), including the following:

- Travel ban and asset freeze of the additional designated persons and entities
- New prohibitions with regard to imports of, inter alia, textiles from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- New prohibitions on exports of petroleum products to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on joint ventures and in the maritime sector
- Restrictions on investment in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea
- Prohibition of issuance of work authorizations for nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the jurisdiction of member States

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¹ All common measures are published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

² Official Journal of the European Union, L 238, 16 September 2017, p. 51.

³ Ibid., p. 10.

⁴ Official Journal of the European Union, L 261, 11 October 2017, p. 17.

⁵ Ibid., p. 1.

⁶ Official Journal of the European Union, L 269, 19 October 2017, p. 44.

- Enhanced maritime interdiction of cargo vessels
- Prohibition on entering Member States' ports for vessels designated by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006), pursuant to paragraph 6 of resolution 2375 (2017), unless entry is required because of emergency or in case the vessel returns to its port of origin. The Sanctions Committee can grant an exemption under certain conditions
- Obligation to seize and dispose of items the export of which is prohibited by resolution 2375 (2017)

The above-mentioned Council regulations are binding in their entirety and directly applicable in all member States of the European Union.

It should be noted that the export of military equipment is controlled by Council Common Position 2008/944/CFSP of 8 December 2008 defining common rules governing the control of exports of military technology and equipment and by Regulation No. 522/2011, which was published in the Official Gazette of the Republic of Cyprus (No. 4538) on 23 December 2011.

According to Regulation No. 522/2011, the export, re-export and transit of military equipment require an export licence issued by the licensing authority. Additionally, the provision of brokering services and technical assistance related to military equipment also requires a licence.

The Republic of Cyprus, as a member of the European Union, the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe, applies the policies and measures adopted by these organizations. More specifically, the Republic of Cyprus applies the decisions adopted by the Council of the European Union in the framework of the Common Foreign and Security Policy and the resolutions adopted by the Security Council for the prohibition of exports of military equipment and dualuse goods (imposition of an embargo).

Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1509⁷ requires member States to determine the penalties applicable to infringements of their provisions.

The penalties determined by the Republic of Cyprus are set out in Law No. 58(I)/2016 on the implementation of the provisions of Security Council resolutions or decisions (sanctions) and European Union Council decisions and regulations (restrictive measures).

It should be noted that Law 58(I)/2016 also sets out the obligation of any person or entity in the Republic of Cyprus to abide by and comply with all the provisions of the Security Council resolutions and/or European Union decisions and regulations. Under this Law, all United Nations and European Union instruments are incorporated and adopted into the national legal order without the need to enact prohibition orders, and are thus automatically applicable and binding.

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Ouncil Regulation (EU) 2017/1509 of 30 August 2017 concerning restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and repealing Regulation (EC) No. 329/2007, Official Journal of the European Union, L 224, 31 August 2017, p. 1.

Annex III to the note verbale dated 18 July 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Optional checklist: measures contained in Security Council resolutions 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013), 2094 (2013), 2270 (2016), 2321 (2016), 2371 (2017) and 2375 (2017) relevant to Member States' national implementation reports

	we concrete measures, procedures, legislation, ulations or policies been adopted in order to:	Yes/no	Indicate measures (in detail)	Additional information	Remarks
1.	Prevent the direct or indirect supply, sale or transfer to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea of: (Fact sheet, sections I to IV, X, XI, XV and XVII (h)) ^a	Yes	The Customs and Excise Department of Cyprus has issued a circular addressed to its staff providing detailed information and instructions to be extremely careful when carrying out their checks so that the implementation of the relevant Security Council resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, as well as European Union regulations and/or decisions, is ensured.	The Customs and Excise Department of Cyprus circular to its staff concerning United Nations sanctions and European Union restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.	The same applies for all questions below.
	(a) All arms and related materiel?	Yes	Implementation of Law No. 58(I)/2016 on the implementation of the provisions of Security Council resolutions or decisions (sanctions) and European Union Council decisions and regulations (restrictive measures).	Under Law 58(I)/2016, all United Nations and European Union instruments on sanctions/restrictive measures are automatically incorporated into the legal system of the Republic of Cyprus.	Note: No flights are carried our from the Republic of Cyprus to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Republic of Cyprus. Note: No vessels flying the flag of Democratic People's Republic of Korea have arrived in the Republic of Cyprus since 2012.
			In order to prevent the direct or indirect transfer of weapons, ammunition or any kind of equipment related to military activities, the Port and Marine Police, in cooperation with the Customs and Excise Department, have taken all measures necessary to prevent the direct or indirect transfer of weapons, ammunition or any kind of equipment related to military activities, as provided for in Security Council resolution 2375 (2017). Within this framework, the Port and Marine Police, in cooperation with the Customs and Excise Department, conduct regular checks on ships in accordance with the standard practices followed by the competent authorities of the Republic of Cyprus.	The DMS circulars and sanctions information notices are available at www.shipping.gov.cy	
					Overall competence regarding cargo transport controls (description of goods and origin or destination checks) as well as determining the legality of the cargo, is vested in the Customs and Excise Department of Cyprus.

Yes

Regulation No. 522/2011 provides that no export or brokering licence for the provision of technical assistance for arms-related materiel shall be granted in violation of Security Council resolutions.

Department of Merchant Shipping (DMS) Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017 refers to the adoption of Security Council resolution 2375 (2017).

(b) Nuclear-, ballistic missile- or other WMD-related items or technology?^b

Regulation 428/2009 of the Council of the European Union, which prevents the export of listed dual-use goods to countries subject to an embargo, is applied.

The Republic of Cyprus, as a member State of the European Union and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) fully adheres to the European Union acquis and the IAEA standards, with respect to the import, export and movement of radioactive materials. Strict measures are applied to the movement of all such materials, including the export, import or transit of materials to/from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. These measures (licensing, inspection, enforcement) satisfy the provisions of all the relevant Security Council resolutions.

DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

The Port and Marine Police, in cooperation with the Customs and Excise Department, conduct regular checks on ships in accordance with the standard practices followed by the competent authorities of the Republic of Cyprus.

Overall competence regarding cargo transport controls (description of goods and origin or destination checks) as well as determining the legality of the cargo, is vested in the Customs and Excise Department of Cyprus.

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activities, as provided for in Security Council resolution 2375 (2017). Within this framework, the Port and Marine Police, in cooperation with the Customs and Excise Department, conduct regular checks on ships in accordance with the standard practices followed by the competent authorities of the Republic of Cyprus.

The Republic of Cyprus, as a member State of the European Union and IAEA, fully adheres to the European Union acquis and the IAEA standards, with respect to the import, export and transit of radioactive materials. Strict measures are being applied with regard to the transfer of all such materials, including the export, import or transit of materials to/from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. These measures (licensing, inspection) are in full compliance with the provisions of all the relevant Security Council resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

- (c) Any item that could contribute to prohibited programmes or activities or evasion of sanctions?
- DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

(d) Prohibited items for repair, servicing, refurbishing, testing, reverse-engineering, and marketing, regardless of whether ownership or control is transferred? Yes Law 58(I)/2016.

Yes

- (e) Coal, iron, iron ore, gold, titanium ore, vanadium ore, rare earth minerals, copper, nickel, silver, zinc, lead and lead ore?
- Yes DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

Have concrete measures, procedures, legislation, regulations or policies been adopted in order to:

(f) Statues (unless the Committee approves

on a case-by-case basis in advance)?

			Law 58(I)/2016.	
	(g) Seafood (including fish, crustaceans, molluses and other aquatic invertebrates in all forms)?	Yes	DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.	
			Law 58(I)/2016.	
	 (h) Textiles (including but not limited to fabrics and partially or fully completed apparel products) 	Yes	DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.	
			Law 58(I)/2016.	
3.	Prevent the transfer to or from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea of financial transactions, technical training, advice, services (including brokering or other intermediary services) and assistance related to: (Fact sheet, section IV) ^a	Yes	Credit, payment and e-money institutions that are under the supervision of the Central Bank of Cyprus are required by the regulatory framework to comply with the obligation to prevent the transfer to or from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea of financial transactions, related services and assistance as mentioned in points 3 (a), (b), (c) and (d). The above-mentioned supervised entities are equally required to comply with Security Council resolution 2375 (2017).	
	(a) All arms and related materiel?	Yes	Regulation No. 522/2011 provides that no export or brokering licence for the provision of technical assistance for arms-related materiel shall be granted in violation of Security Council resolutions.	
	(b) Nuclear, ballistic missile or other WMD-related items or technology?	Yes	The Republic of Cyprus applies regulation 428/2009 of the Council of the European Union, which prevents the export or brokering of listed or not listed dual-use goods to countries subject to an embargo.	
			The Republic of Cyprus, as a member State of the European Union and IAEA, fully adheres to the European Union acquis and the IAEA standards.	

Additional information

Remarks

Indicate measures (in detail)

No. 14/2017.

DMS Sanctions Information Notice

Yes/no

Yes

5. Prevent (restrict) the entry or transit of designated individuals together with their family members; of any individual acting on behalf or at the direction of a designated individual or entity or violating the sanctions or assisting in their evasion; of members of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, officials of that Government, or members of the armed forces of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea if the State determines that such members or officials are associated with the nuclear or ballistic missile programmes of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea or other activities prohibited by resolutions? (Fact sheet, sections V and VIII)^a

Yes In order to prevent the entry or transit of designated individuals, all their available details are placed on the national stop list database.

On the basis of Security Council resolution 2375 (2017), the Cyprus Police proceeded to update the national stop list database, with the addition of one person.

6. Financial measures: (Fact sheet, section IX)^a

- Yes Credit, payment and e-money institutions that are under the supervision of the Central Bank of Cyprus are required by the regulatory framework to comply with the obligation to:
- (a) Prevent the provision of financial services or the transfer of any financial or other assets or resources, including bulk cash and gold and through cash and gold couriers, that could contribute to the prohibited programmes or activities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or to the evasion of sanctions, and exercise enhanced vigilance in this regard?
- Prevent the provision of financial services or the transfer of any financial or other assets or resources, including bulk cash and through cash couriers, that could contribute to the prohibited programmes or activities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or to the evasion of sanctions, and exercise enhanced vigilance in this regard.
- (b) Prohibit banks of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from opening and operating new branches, subsidiaries or representative offices; establishing new joint ventures; or taking an ownership interest in or establishing or maintaining correspondent relationships with banks within a State's jurisdiction or in its territory, unless such transactions have
- The competent authority for the licensing of banks is the Central Bank of Cyprus, part of the European System of Central Banks. The European Central Bank has assumed responsibility for a number of tasks, conferred on it by Council Regulation (EU) No. 1024/2013, concerning policies relating to the prudential supervision of credit institutions established in participating

More information regarding the authorization process for credit institutions within the European Central Bank framework is available from https://www.bankingsupervision.eur opa.eu/ecb/pub/pdf/ssmguidebankingsupervision201411.en.pdf

any other purposes consistent with the

resolutions?

Have concrete measures, procedures, legislation, regulations or policies been adopted in order to:

7. Prevent new commitments for grants, Yes financial assistance or concessional loans to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, except for humanitarian and developmental purposes, or the promotion of denuclearization?

(Fact sheet, section IX (d))^a

s/no Indicate measures (in detail)

Additional information

Remarks

There is no economic cooperation between the Republic of Cyprus and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

There is no trade between the Republic of Cyprus and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The enforcement of Security Council resolutions in connection with the issuance of special licences to carry out eligible transactions is controlled by a dedicated unit on the implementation of sanctions in the financial sector in relation to sanctions imposed by Security Council resolutions and restrictive measures imposed by regulations of the Council of the European Union under the auspices of the Ministry of Finance of the Republic of Cyprus.

As mentioned above (point (c)), entities supervised by the Central Bank of Cyprus, including banks, payment and e-money institutions, are obliged to adhere to the recommendations and public statements of the Financial Action Task Force, of which the Central Bank of Cyprus informs them accordingly.

Article 21 of Council Regulation (EU) 2017/1858 of 16 October 2017 has enhanced prohibitions for the transfer of funds with certain exceptions for amounts equal to or below €15,000 or equivalent for, inter alia, foodstuffs, health care or medical equipment or for agricultural or humanitarian purposes. Furthermore, article 22 of that regulation provides that the competent authorities of the member States may authorize transactions regarding personal remittances, provided that they involve a transfer of funds for amounts equal to or below €5,000 or equivalent.

Additional information

Remarks

Have concrete measures, procedures, legislation, regulations or policies been adopted in order to:

Yes/no

Indicate measures (in detail)

This measure shall apply without exception, unless the Committee approves on a case-by-case basis in advance.

Korea?

obtaining authorization for a vessel to use the flag of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and from owning, leasing, operating, providing any vessel classification, certification or associated service, or insuring any vessel flagged by the Democratic People's Republic of

(e) Prohibit their nationals, persons subject to their jurisdiction and entities incorporated in their territory or subject to their jurisdiction from providing insurance or reinsurance services to vessels owned, controlled or operated, including through illicit means, by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea?

This measure shall apply without exception, unless the Committee determines on a case-by-case basis that the vessel is engaged in activities exclusively for livelihood purposes, which will not be used by individuals or entities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to generate revenue, or exclusively for humanitarian purposes.

Yes DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

Committee determines in advance that

such entry is required for humanitarian purposes or any other purposes consistent with the objectives of the relevant resolutions?

- 9. States shall not provide work authorizations for nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in their jurisdictions in connection with admission to their territories unless the Committee determines on a case-by-case basis in advance that employment of nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in a Member State's jurisdiction is required for the delivery of humanitarian assistance, denuclearization or any other purpose consistent with the objectives of the relevant resolutions, and decides that this provision shall not apply with respect to work authorizations for which written contracts have been finalized prior to 11 September 2017? (Fact sheet, section XVI)^a
- 10. Under certain conditions, seize and dispose Yes of prohibited items found during an inspection?

(Fact sheet, section XV)^a

The Republic of Cyprus, as a member State of the European Union and IAEA, fully adheres to the European Union acquis and the IAEA standards, with respect to the import, export and transit of radioactive materials. Strict measures are being applied with regard to the transfer of all such materials, including the export, import or transit of materials to/from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. These measures (licensing, inspection) are in full compliance with the provisions of all the relevant Security Council resolutions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The local shipping industry has been notified by virtue of DMS Sanctions Information Notice No. 14/2017.

Law 58(I)/2016.

There are no workers from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the Republic of Cyprus.

11. Prevent the specialized teaching or training of nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea within their territories or by their nationals of disciplines that could contribute to the prohibited programmes or activities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea?

Suspend scientific and technical cooperation involving persons or groups officially sponsored by or representing the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, except for medical exchanges? (Fact sheet, section VI)^a

There is no provision of specialized teaching or training of nationals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and there is no cooperation between the Republic of Cyprus and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Abbreviations: DMS, Department of Merchant Shipping; IAEA, International Atomic Energy Agency; WMD, weapons of mass destruction.

- ^a Available at https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/sites/www.un.org.sc.suborg/files/fact sheet updated 17 apr 2018 0.pdf.
- ^b The lists of prohibited nuclear-, ballistic missile- and other WMD-related items, materials, equipment, goods and technology, as well as luxury goods, are available from the website of the Committee (https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/1718).
- ^c The consolidated list of entities and individuals subject to assets freeze and/or travel ban is available on the website of the Committee (https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/1718).