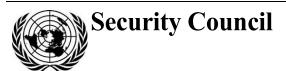
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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

> Note verbale dated 5 April 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) and has the honour to transmit herewith the report on the implementation of resolutions 2371 (2017), 2375 (2017) and 2397 (2017) on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which conveys the measures taken by Chile to implement effectively the provisions of the resolutions (see annex).





Annex to the note verbale dated 5 April 2018 from the Permanent Mission of Chile to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report of Chile on the implementation of Security Council resolutions 2371 (2017), 2375 (2017) and 2397 (2017)

The Government of Chile has the honour to submit the following report on the implementation of Security Council resolutions 2371 (2017), 2375 (2017) and 2397 (2017) concerning the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Following its adoption by the Security Council, resolution 2371 (2017) was transmitted to the respective State institutions and agencies, with an emphasis on the new provisions related to trade and transport, as well as the new designations of individuals and entities on the sanctions list contained in annexes I and II.

On 4 July 2017, the Chilean Government condemned the ballistic missile launch conducted by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on 3 July, expressing, in addition, concern at such actions that contribute to generating a climate of instability on the Korean Peninsula and hinder dialogue between the parties. Chile called on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to halt the development of intercontinental ballistic missiles.

On 4 September 2017, the Government of Chile issued a communiqué in which it strongly condemned the nuclear test carried out two days earlier by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. In that communiqué, the Chilean Government urged the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea not to conduct any further nuclear detonations and to comply with the rules of the international system.

Furthermore, by means of a communiqué issued on 15 September 2017, the Government of Chile condemned the launch on that day of a ballistic missile by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, calling on that country to resume dialogue and to implement Security Council resolutions 2371 (2017) and 2375 (2017).

On 29 March 2018, Supreme Decree No. 186 was published in the Official Gazette, instructing all authorities and organs to ensure full and strict implementation of the provisions of resolutions 2371 (2017) and 2375 (2017).

On 2 January 2018, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs requested the drafting of a Supreme Decree ordering State institutions and agencies to implement the measures adopted in resolution 2397 (2017).

On 8 January 2018, State institutions and agencies were informed, for their information and subsequent action, of the adoption of resolution 2397 (2017) and its main provisions, as well as the new designations of individuals and entities included in the sanctions list in annexes I and II.

Interministerial Committee for implementation of and compliance with Security Council resolutions

In addition, on 30 October 2017, the Directorate of International and Human Security of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs convened a meeting of the Interministerial Committee for the implementation of and compliance with Security Council resolutions. This body, established by Decree No. 14 of 2012, is responsible for coordinating the implementation of the resolutions adopted, with special emphasis on those adopted under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations on sanctions.

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The Committee is composed of the various State agencies and ministries responsible for their implementation in Chile.

At that meeting, the Committee analysed the Security Council resolutions on sanctions adopted against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in 2016 and 2017, addressing their implementation, pending issues and future work.

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