



Security Council

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Letter dated 13 April 2012 from the Permanent Representative of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations has the honour to transmit herewith the report of Norway on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1874 (2009) (see annex).

(Signed) Morten **Wetland**
Ambassador



Annex to the letter dated 13 April 2012 from the Permanent Representative of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

1. Act of Parliament of 7 June 1968, relating to the implementation of mandatory decisions of the Security Council of the United Nations, provides the legal basis for implementing Security Council sanctions against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. As stated in our report to the Security Council of 20 December 2006, resolution 1718 (2006) was made into national law through the regulation of 15 December 2006 No. 1405. At the time of implementation, the list of luxury goods referred to in paragraph 8 (a) (iii) of the resolution was not yet in place. This list, which corresponds to the list enacted by the European Union, was passed into law on 18 April 2007 through an amendment of the regulation.

2. Moreover, on 6 December 2007, the procedures for the de-listing of individuals and entities subject to the freezing of funds under Security Council resolution 1730 (2006) were inserted into the regulation.

3. Resolution 1874 (2009) was implemented by an amendment to the same regulation, which entered into force on 17 August 2009. The main elements of the amendments are the following:

(a) As provided for in resolution 1874 (2009), the new provisions prohibit the trade in arms, financial transactions, technical training and other services related thereto. An exemption has been made for the sale of small arms and light weapons, with the proviso that such weapons will nevertheless continue to be subject to the requirement of an export licence under the Export Control Act of 18 December 1987;

(b) The content of paragraph 17 of the resolution, which prohibits the provision of bunkering and other services of certain vessels to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, was also put into the regulation.

4. The regulation already provided the legal basis for prohibiting the supply and purchase of all items, technology, etc., listed by the sanctions committee or the Security Council. Thus, the decision of the sanctions committee of 24 April 2009, where certain listed goods and technologies are subject to the restrictions referred to in resolution 1718 (2006), paragraph 8 (a) (ii), was incorporated into Norwegian law the same day by reference to the sanctions committee's website. The same was the case for the listing of three new entities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which became subject to the freezing of funds on 24 April 2009, with reference to resolution 1718 (2006), paragraph 8 (d).

5. Moreover, the list of persons and entities listed by the sanctions committee or the Security Council at the time was updated as of 16 July 2009 and put into an annex of the regulation.

6. The provisions of the resolution related to the inspections of transports to and from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea were already implemented through Norway's membership in the Proliferation Security Initiative.