



ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

OFFICIAL RECORDS

THIRTY-FOURTH SESSION

3 July - 3 August 1962

RESOLUTIONS

SUPPLEMENT No. 1

UNITED NATIONS

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NOTE

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

The arabic and roman numerals identifying each resolution indicate, respectively, the number of the resolution and the number of the session at which it was adopted.

The resolutions of the Economic and Social Council are numbered in the order of their adoption. A check list of the resolutions adopted by the Council during its thirty-fourth session appears at the end of this volume.

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adopted by the Council at its 1209th meeting, on 3 July 1962

1. Adoption of the agenda.
2. World economic trends.
3. General review of the development, co-ordination and concentration of the economic, social and human rights programmes and activities of the United Nations and the specialized agencies as a whole.
4. United Nations Development Decade.
5. Economic and social consequences of disarmament.
6. Financing of economic development:
 - (a) International flow of capital;
 - (b) United Nations capital development fund.
7. Expansion of United Nations activities in the field of industrial development.
8. International commodity problems.
9. Natural resources:
 - (a) Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Conference on New Sources of Energy;
 - (b) Study by the Secretary-General on capital requirements and methods of financing of petroleum exploration.
10. Reports of the regional economic commissions.*
11. Report of the Statistical Commission.
12. Report of the Governing Council of the Special Fund.
13. Programmes of technical co-operation:
 - (a) United Nations programmes of technical assistance;
 - (b) Expanded Programme;
 - (c) Use of volunteer workers in the operational programmes of the United Nations and related agencies designed to assist in the economic and social development of the developing countries;
 - (d) Co-ordination of technical assistance activities;
 - (e) Participation of the Universal Postal Union in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance.
14. Questions relating to science and technology:
 - (a) Main trends of inquiry in the field of natural sciences, the dissemination of scientific knowledge and the application of such knowledge for peaceful ends;
 - (b) Co-ordination of the results of scientific research;
 - (c) International co-operation in the field of seismological research;
 - (d) International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space.
15. Measures designed to promote among youth the ideals of peace, mutual respect and understanding between peoples.
16. Report of the Social Commission.
17. Land reform and rural development.

18. Report of the Commission on Human Rights.
19. Report of the Commission on the Status of Women.
20. Advisory services in the field of human rights.
21. Implementation of the Supplementary Convention of 1956 on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices resembling Slavery.
22. International control of narcotic drugs.
23. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees.
24. Non-governmental organizations.
25. Calendar of conferences for 1963.
26. Financial implications of actions of the Council.
27. Arrangements regarding the report of the Council to the General Assembly.
28. Elections.*
29. Confirmation of members of functional commissions of the Council.**
30. Work of the Council in 1963.**
31. The Dag Hammarskjold Foundation.

* Part of this item to be considered at the resumed thirty-fourth session.

** To be considered at the resumed thirty-fourth session.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE COUNCIL DURING ITS THIRTY-FOURTH SESSION

ECONOMIC QUESTIONS

879 (XXXIV). Decentralization of the United Nations economic and social activities and strengthening of the regional economic commissions

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 793 (XXX) of 3 August 1960 and 823 (XXXII) of 20 July 1961,

Noting the report of the Secretary-General on decentralization of the economic and social activities of the United Nations and strengthening of the regional economic commissions,¹

1. Expresses its gratification that the General Assembly in its resolution 1709 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 has affirmed the policy of decentralization of the economic and social activities of the United Nations and the strengthening of all regional economic commissions;

2. Expresses its confidence that the Secretary-General will continue to take further steps to carry out the process of decentralization in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1709 (XVI), bearing in mind the views expressed during the debate of the Council at its thirty-fourth session.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

880 (XXXIV). Annual Report of the Economic Commission for Europe

The Economic and Social Council

1. Takes note of the annual report of the Economic Commission for Europe for the period 30 April 1961 to 11 May 1962,² of the views expressed during the discussion, and the resolutions adopted, during the seventeenth session of the Commission;

2. Endorses the programme of work and priorities contained in the report.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

881 (XXXIV). Annual Report of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East

The Economic and Social Council

1. Takes note of the annual report of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East³ for the period 21 March 1961 to 19 March 1962 and of the recommendations and resolutions contained in parts II and III of that report;

2. Endorses the programme of work and priorities contained in the report.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

882 (XXXIV). Annual report of the Economic Commission for Latin America

A

The Economic and Social Council

1. Takes note of the annual report of the Economic Commission for Latin America covering the period 16 May 1961 to 16 February 1962⁴ and of the recommendations and resolutions contained in parts II and III of that report;

2. Endorses the programme of work and priorities contained in the report.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

B

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the ninth session of the Committee of the Whole of the Economic Commission for Latin America⁵ and of resolution 220 (AC.52) of 6 June 1962, which reproduces the text of resolution 218 (AC.50), "Latin American Institute for Economic and Social Planning", as amended at that session,

¹ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 10, document E/3643.

² Ibid., Supplement No. 3 (E/3584).

³ Ibid., Supplement No. 2 (E/3599).

⁴ Ibid., Supplement No. 4 (E/3581/Rev.1).

⁵ Ibid., Supplement No. 4 A (E/3649).

and of the account of proceedings contained in the report.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

925 (XXXIV). Attendance of the Swiss Confederation at the sessions of the Economic Commission for Africa

The Economic and Social Council

Authorizes the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa to empower the Swiss Confederation to attend the sessions of the Commission if it so desires, on conditions similar to those set out in paragraph 10 of the terms of reference of the Commission⁶ for States Members of the United Nations which are not members of the Commission.

*1213th plenary meeting,
6 July 1962.*

883 (XXXIV). Report of the Statistical Commission

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the Statistical Commission (twelfth session),⁷ and endorses the programme of work and priorities contained therein.

*1216th plenary meeting,
10 July 1962.*

885 (XXXIV). Natural resources

NEW SOURCES OF ENERGY: SOLAR ENERGY,
WIND POWER, GEOTHERMAL ENERGY

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering:

(a) That demands on conventional sources of energy are increasing very rapidly and that new sources of energy promise to make a useful supplementary contribution to energy supply and economic growth in future years;

(b) The importance of progress in the field of industrialization for the economic and social development of the developing countries;

(c) That in the majority of developing countries there is an acute scarcity of energy in a form which can be readily utilized;

Noting the following implications derived from the proceedings of the Conference on New Sources of Energy held in Rome in August 1961:

(a) That scientific and technological research, including fundamental research, is essential to increasing the use and yield of these new sources of energy, as is adaptation of devices and field testing in conditions prevailing in the developing countries;

(b) That there is room for much greater co-ordination of research activities and for more efficient utilization

and expansion of the funds and technical manpower already going into solar research;

(c) That more information is needed on the availability of solar, wind and geothermal energy, together with more complementary information on alternative energy sources and on the problems of energy storage and the use in combination of various energy sources;

(d) That there is a need for standardization of measurements, instruments and equipment to facilitate the wider adoption of new energy utilization techniques;

(e) That if significant progress is to be made in application of new sources of energy, particularly solar energy and wind power, pilot centres and experimental stations must be established in less developed areas which lack available conventional sources of energy but have a wealth of wind or sunshine,

Noting further the encouraging results of experiments with, and practical applications of, solar energy, geothermal energy and wind power, as revealed by the Conference on New Sources of Energy,

Taking into account the desirability, in view of the scarcity of capital in the developing countries, of making use of all sources of energy which are readily available, and especially of those sources of energy which can be utilized comparatively cheaply,

Invites the Secretary-General:

(a) To arrange for widespread dissemination of the report on the United Nations Conference on New Sources of Energy and to facilitate access to the scientific papers presented to that conference;

(b) Having regard to the report on the United Nations Conference on New Sources of Energy,⁸ to examine, with special reference to the provision of energy for the developing countries, methods of co-ordinating and facilitating research into new sources of energy and its applications, particularly solar energy, wind power and geothermal energy; this examination to be made in consultation with the appropriate organs of the United Nations, the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency and, as appropriate, other international and national bodies active in this field;

(c) To report on progress made in this examination to the thirty-seventh session of the Council.

*1230th plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

886 (XXXIV). Petroleum resources

The Economic and Social Council

1. *Takes note* of the Secretary-General's study *Capital Requirements for Petroleum Exploration and Methods of Financing*;⁹

2. *Requests* the Committee for Industrial Development, at its third session, to consider any changes and

⁶ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 10 (E/3586), annex III.

⁷ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 13 (E/3633).

⁸ United Nations publication, Sales No. 62.I.23.

⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No. 62.II.B.3.

additions that might be necessary to enhance the usefulness of the study, taking into account the proceedings of the United Nations Seminar on Petroleum Resources, and the relevant discussions at the thirty-fourth session of the Council.

*1230th plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

887 (XXXIV). Progress in land reform

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the third report on progress in land reform¹⁰ prepared jointly by the secretariats of the United Nations, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the International Labour Organisation, and submitted by the Secretary-General of the United Nations in accordance with its resolution 712 (XXVII) of 17 April 1959 and General Assembly resolution 1426 (XIV) of 5 December 1959,

Noting with satisfaction the vastly increased number of countries in the various regions giving prominence to land reform measures in their development efforts,

Recognizing, however, particularly in view of the importance of agricultural development to successful achievement of the objectives of the United Nations Development Decade, the need for greater and continuing efforts in the field of land reform,

1. Notes with appreciation from the report, the valuable work being carried out in this field by the United Nations and the specialized agencies concerned, especially by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, and their intention to strengthen such programmes further;

2. Recommends that States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies — in particular, countries contemplating measures of land reform:

(a) Establish appropriate national services for the evaluation of progress in the implementation of land reform measures and the assessment of their economic and social effects;

(b) Support the establishment, as appropriate, of regional agrarian research and training institutes to carry out, *inter alia*, the continuous study of land tenure and its reform and the adequate training of personnel for the planning and implementation of land reform, with the assistance or co-operation on request of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the other United Nations agencies and programmes concerned and the Secretariat of the United Nations, including the regional economic commissions;

(c) Take steps to establish appropriate links between measures of land reform and community development and other rural development programmes;

3. Invites the Secretary-General and the specialized agencies concerned, especially the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, which has the

major role in this field, to co-operate in preparing the fourth report on progress in land reform;

4. Requests the Secretary-General to submit the report, together with his comments, particularly on its implications for economic and social development, to the fortieth session of the Council.

*1230th plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

891 (XXXIV). Economic and social consequences of disarmament

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolutions 1378 (XIV) of 20 November 1959 and 1516 (XV) of 15 December 1960,

Aware of the great importance of an agreement on disarmament for the achievement of accelerated economic and social progress in the world and, in particular, for the promotion of economic development of the less developed countries,

Drawing attention to the fact that the world is spending annually on military account a sum approximately as large as the entire national income of all the less developed countries,

Affirming that pending an agreement on general and complete disarmament under effective international control, Member States should not relax their efforts to assist the developing countries, but should rather accelerate such efforts.

Conscious that the impact of disarmament will set in motion great changes in the domestic economies of countries and in international economic relations as a result of the progressive diversion of human and material resources from military to civilian purposes,

Expressing its appreciation of the report of the Secretary-General¹¹ transmitting the study on the economic and social consequences of disarmament, prepared by a group of expert consultants,

Considering that further study will have to be given to the action to be taken at the national and international levels to make use of material and human resources released as a consequence of disarmament for the benefit of the world community,

1. Endorses the unanimous conclusion of the Consultative Group that the achievement of general and complete disarmament would be an unqualified blessing to all mankind;

2. Recognizes that all problems of transition connected with disarmament can be met by appropriate national and international measures, that diversion to peaceful purposes of the resources now in military use can be accomplished to the benefit of all countries and lead to the improvement of world economic and social conditions, and that disarmament can be accomplished in all countries without impairing their economies;

3. Declares that the study of the economic and social consequences of disarmament and the conclusions

¹⁰ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 17, document E/3603.

¹¹ United Nations publication, Sales No. 62.IX.1.

drawn therefrom have emphasized an important reason for the earliest feasible achievement of an agreement on general and complete disarmament under effective international control;

4. *Appeals* to all States to take the findings of the report on the economic and social consequences of disarmament into consideration in the policies they pursue;

5. *Requests the Secretary-General:*

(a) To transmit his report, together with the comments made in the Council, to the General Assembly at its seventeenth session;

(b) To submit his report to the Conference of the Eighteen-nation Committee on Disarmament for its consideration;

(c) To have his report widely distributed by means of:

- (i) Printed publication to be used by the United Nations Office of Public Information;
- (ii) Approach to all Member States with a request to translate and publish the report in their respective languages, and
- (iii) Distribution of the report to non-governmental organizations associated with the Economic and Social Council;

6. *Urges* that Member States — particularly those which are significantly involved in, or affected by, current military programmes — should devote further attention to, and conduct any necessary studies of, the detailed aspects of the economic and social consequences of disarmament with a view to developing needed information, plans and policies for making necessary economic and social adjustments in the event of disarmament;

7. *Invites* the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue to keep under review, in co-operation with the regional economic commissions and with the related agencies concerned, the basic aspects of economic and social consequences of disarmament and the problems arising therefrom on the national and international plane;

(b) To inquire of Member States as early as possible concerning the progress made in the studies referred to in paragraph 6;

(c) To report to the Council at its thirty-sixth session on these activities, and to suggest to the Council what further studies on the impact of disarmament on international economic relations, such as trade patterns, balance of payments, foreign investment, economic assistance, might be useful;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to place the item on the agenda of the General Assembly at its seventeenth session.

*1232nd plenary meeting,
26 July 1962.*

893 (XXXIV). Strengthening of United Nations advisory services in the field of industrial development

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 872 (XXXIII) of 10 April 1962, on the report of the Committee for Industrial

Development and 873 (XXXIII) of 10 April 1962 on the industrial development activities of the United Nations system in which it requested the appointment of an advisory committee of ten experts,

1. *Expresses its satisfaction* at the prompt response by the Secretary-General to the request made in its resolution 873 (XXXIII) for the appointment of a United Nations Commissioner for Industrial Development;

2. *Takes note* of the memorandum by the Secretary-General on the strengthening of United Nations advisory services in the field of industrial development;¹²

3. *Has received with satisfaction* a further memorandum by the Commissioner for Industrial Development¹³ based on consultations on the activities in the field of industrialization with the executive secretaries of the United Nations regional economic commissions;

4. *Expresses the wish* that the additional experts to be stationed in the regional economic commissions whenever such placements would give the most effective results as described in the memorandum by the Commissioner for Industrial Development, form part of the United Nations Advisory Service in the industrial field which is to be established in accordance with the recommendations of the Committee for Industrial Development¹⁴ and with the proposals of the Secretary-General in his memorandum;

5. *Requests* that, in carrying out the proposals for the establishment of the Industrial Advisory Service, as described in both memoranda referred to above, the Secretary-General bear in mind the Council's endorsement, in its resolution 872 (XXXIII), of the recommendations of the Committee for Industrial Development at its second session, including one to the effect that the groups of industrial experts should be "based on the regional economic commissions whenever such placements would give the most effective results";

6. *Expresses the hope* that adequate financial resources will be appropriated as a matter of high priority in order to expand United Nations activities in the field of industrialization, including the Industrial Advisory Service, to meet the needs of the developing countries in all regions.

*1232nd plenary meeting,
26 July 1962.*

894 (XXXIV). Reports of the Governing Council of the Special Fund

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note with appreciation of the reports of the Governing Council of the Special Fund (seventh and eighth sessions).¹⁵

*1233rd plenary meeting,
27 July 1962.*

¹² *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 7, document E/3656.*

¹³ *Ibid.*, E/3656/Add. 1.

¹⁴ *Ibid.*, Thirty-third Session, Supplement No. 2 (E/3600), para. 102.

¹⁵ *Ibid.*, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 11 (E/3576) and 11 A (E/3646/Rev. 1).

915 (XXXIV). International commodity problems

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering that it is of importance for the economic development of the less developed countries that more rapid progress should be made towards the solution of the problems concerning commodities, more specifically within the framework of the United Nations Development Decade,

Noting the progress achieved by the Commission on International Commodity Trade in its consideration of the international commodity market situation and of short-term measures to offset the harmful effects of fluctuations in the prices and volume of trade in primary products,

1. *Stresses* the importance of research leading to the consideration of suitable short- and long-term measures designed to stabilize at remunerative levels prices of primary commodities, thus contributing to a satisfactory level of export income and terms of trade of the primary producing countries;

2. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report of the Commission on International Commodity Trade on its tenth session,¹⁶ the report on the Joint Session on the Commission and the Committee on Commodity Problems of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations,¹⁷ and the report by the Interim Co-ordinating Committee for International Commodity Arrangements,¹⁸ and endorses the Commission's programme of work;

3. *Approves* the course of action embodied in paragraphs 52 to 56 of the Commission's report which are annexed to this resolution, including, in particular, the setting up by the Commission of a technical working group with the membership and terms of reference provided for in those paragraphs;

4. *Draws attention* to the special importance of the work being carried out by the Commission on compensatory financial measures for fluctuations in commodity export earnings and to the urgent need for the Commission to complete that work and transmit its conclusions to the Council for consideration at its thirty-sixth session;

5. *Recommends* the Commission on International Commodity Trade to undertake at its eleventh session a more detailed examination of the projection reports¹⁹ considered at the joint session, taking account of any observations made by the Secretary-General, the regional economic commissions, the Statistical Commission, and any other competent intergovernmental bodies;

6. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General of the United

Nations and the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to continue their work on medium-term projections of the prospective production of, and demand for, primary commodities and to communicate the results thereof periodically to the appropriate agencies and bodies.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

ANNEX

Excerpt from the report of the Commission on International Commodity Trade to the Economic and Social Council on its tenth session

52. It accordingly decided, subject to the approval of the Economic and Social Council, to set up a technical working group composed of the representatives of the following Member States: Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Ceylon, France, Mali, Pakistan, Sweden, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America. It further suggested that the member governments of the technical working group should be invited to appoint as their representatives experts with special knowledge of commodity problems and of compensatory financing arrangements.

53. The terms of reference of the technical working group would be as follows:

(a) To examine — in the light of the views expressed and the conclusions reached during the tenth session of the Commission, of the documentation available to that session and of the assistance that the International Monetary Fund can provide to primary exporting countries to overcome the problem of short-term fluctuations in their export earnings — the scheme for a Development Insurance Fund submitted by the United Nations group of experts and the scheme of compensatory financing for fluctuations in exports receipts drawn up by the Organization of American States and submit its considered views to the eleventh session of the Commission together with the text of a draft agreement, including any necessary variants, for the purpose of illustrating a specific mechanism for compensatory financing and for the purpose of facilitating decision by Governments on this subject;

(b) To inquire, in the light of the studies already carried out on this subject by the United Nations and by other international organizations, whether and to what extent a scheme for compensatory financing can be adapted for offsetting the long-term declines in export receipts of primary exporting countries and the deterioration in their terms of trade; and to consider what guidance could be given to the Commission for its work relating to the other necessary measures for remedying the long-term situation;

(c) To report in good time to enable the Commission at its eleventh session in 1963 to make recommendations to the Economic and Social Council on these questions. The report should be in the hands of the Secretary-General before 12 January 1963 so that it may be distributed to Member States by 23 February 1963.

54. The Commission expressed the wish that the representatives of the International Monetary Fund should be associated with the technical working group's deliberations. It also expressed the wish that observers from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade should be present at these deliberations.

55. The Commission invited the International Monetary Fund, in the light of the discussion during the tenth session, and after consideration of the questions involved, to present, as soon as possible, a report as to whether and in what way the Fund might play an increased part in the compensatory financing of export

¹⁶ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 6 (E/3644).

¹⁷ *Ibid.*, annex B.

¹⁸ *Ibid.*, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 8, document E/3614.

¹⁹ "Agricultural Commodities — Projections for 1970", *FAO Commodity Review 1962*, Special Supplement (E/CN.13/48—CCP 62/5), Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Rome (transmitted to the Council by document E/3628). Prospective demand for non-agricultural commodities: problems of definition and projection methodology (E/3629).

fluctuations of primary exporting countries, and to keep the technical working group currently informed of the progress of its deliberations on the subject.

56. The Commission expressed the hope that the technical working group will be able to hold its first session shortly after the thirty-fourth session of the Economic and Social Council.

916 (XXXIV). United Nations Development Decade

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1710 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 designating the current decade as the "United Nations Development Decade", in which Member States and their peoples will intensify their efforts to mobilize and to sustain support for the measures required on the part of both developed and developing countries in order to accelerate progress towards self-sustaining growth of the economies of the individual nations and their social advancement so as to attain in each underdeveloped country a substantial increase in the rate of growth, with each country setting its own target, taking as the objective a minimum annual rate of growth of aggregate national income of 5 per cent at the end of the Decade,

Considering that the economic and social development of the economically less developed countries is not only of primary importance to those countries, but is also basic to the attainment of international peace and security and to a faster and mutually beneficial increase in world prosperity,

Recognizing that, in spite of a variety of efforts, policies, and measures designed to assist the developing countries in their efforts to achieve economic growth through which much has been accomplished, the rate of economic and social progress in these countries is still far from adequate,

Noting the essentiality of strengthening the economic independence of the less developed countries,

Bearing in mind that new problems affecting particularly the developing countries and hampering and delaying their economic and social development, have arisen in international economic relations in the course of the past years,

Having before it the report prepared by the Secretary-General²⁰ presenting proposals for intensified national and international action programmes during the present decade,

Noting :

(a) The views submitted by Governments concerning proposals for action in the Development Decade²¹ and concerning the role of the regional economic commissions in the Decade;²²

(b) The proposals for action made by the related agencies,²³ and

(c) The views expressed during the Council's discussion of this subject,

1. Expresses appreciation to the Secretary-General for his work in producing the report and to the agencies and other institutions which helped in its preparation;

2. Endorses the emphasis placed in the report on the development process as a many faceted one, based principally on industrial development and a highly productive agriculture and requiring for success determined self-help and careful planning on the part of developing countries;

3. Calls upon the Governments of Member States, as well as United Nations bodies and specialized agencies, to give particular consideration, in the first years of the implementation of the Development Decade, in addition to their endeavours in other fields, to the following:

(a) Industrial development as a most important factor in economic diversification and general economic development;

(b) Improved access to the world markets in order to promote export trade of the developing countries, taking into account their foreign exchange needs for development and the effects of deterioration in their terms of trade, including steps for early reduction or elimination of barriers to exports;

(c) Appropriate measures, such as international commodity arrangements, to stabilize at remunerative levels the prices of primary commodities on international markets, and also sound compensatory arrangements designed to mitigate excessive fluctuations in the export receipts of primary producing countries and to compensate for the harmful effects thereof;

(d) The pursuance by regional and sub-regional economic groupings of economic policies which avoid the introduction and facilitate the elimination of obstacles and restrictions which might hamper the necessary expansion of the trade of the developing and underdeveloped countries or might discourage the indispensable growth of their economies;

(e) A substantially increasing in-flow of long-term development capital, public and private, for financing their economic development programmes on terms which take into account the special requirements and conditions of the developing countries so as to benefit them; and for this purpose the continuing need for measures in both developing and developed countries designed to facilitate and encourage its flow to the less developed countries;

(f) The development of human resources through adequate programmes for education and vocational training, nutrition, health, sound public administration, housing, urban and rural development, including community development and effective land reform, with particular emphasis on their contribution to over-all development objectives and with the co-operation where appropriate of trade unions and other non-governmental organizations in consultative status;

(g) Exploration and exploitation of natural resources with a view to establishing a raw-material and energy basis for economic development;

²⁰ United Nations publication, Sales No. 62.II.B.2.

²¹ E/3613/Add. 2 and 3.

²² Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 4, document E/3664.

²³ E/3613/Add.1.

4. *Recognizes* the special significance of international economic relations and looks forward to the report of the working group set up under Council resolution 875 (XXXIII) of 13 April 1962, on the question of a declaration on international economic co-operation;

5. *Emphasizes* that pre-investment activities should be designed to facilitate national efforts towards development;

6. *Urges* the prompt attainment of the present goal of \$150 million for the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund in the interest of accelerating the development of human resources, natural resources and national and regional institutions, and requests the General Assembly to consider, at an appropriate time, the establishment of new targets, bearing in mind the observations of the Secretary-General in his report;

7. *Urges further* that participating Governments give full support to the Freedom from Hunger Campaign of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and invites the Governments of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies to take early steps to prepare for the Pledging Conference for the experimental World Food Programme and, in determining their pledges, to bear in mind the necessity of attaining the goal of \$100 million in commodities, services and money;

8. *Emphasizes* the need for increased domestic savings and investment in the developing countries, through appropriate policies in the public and private sectors of the economy;

9. *Stresses* the increasingly important role envisaged in the Secretary-General's report for the United Nations, and expresses the hope that resources commensurate with the task will be made available;

10. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the thirty-sixth session of the Council a report on the measures taken to secure the full participation of the regional economic commissions in the work called for in the United Nations Development Decade;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General in co-operation with the specialized agencies and the regional economic commissions, where appropriate, to provide on request assistance in the field of planning to developing countries; looks forward to the establishment and effective functioning of regional development institutes and the economic projections and programming centre, as provided in resolution 1708 II (XVI); and requests the Secretary-General to report to the Council at its thirty-sixth session on progress made towards the goals envisaged therein;

12. *Looks forward* to the results of the United Nations Conference on the Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of the Less Developed Areas and requests the Secretary-General to make appropriate recommendations for action resulting from the findings of the Conference;

13. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare, in co-operation with the regional economic commissions and other bodies and agencies of the United Nations family, and with such experts from outside as he may deem necessary, a programme consisting of detailed

phased proposals for action with respect to the basic factors of economic growth in the light of the objectives outlined above and a progress report setting forth achievements in the period ending 31 March 1963;

14. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to acquaint all United Nations bodies and the specialized agencies with the present resolution and to transmit the aforementioned studies and reports to the thirty-sixth session of the Council for consideration, when it will review the detailed programmes of action in order to adjust them to the changing situation.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

917 (XXXIV). United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1707 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 on international trade as the primary instrument for economic development,

Further recalling General Assembly resolutions 623 (VII) of 21 December 1952, 1028 (XI) of 20 February 1957, 1322 (XIII) and 1324 (XIII) of 12 December 1958, 1421 (XIV) and 1422 (XIV) of 5 December 1959, 1519 (XV) and 1520 (XV) of 15 December 1960,

Proceeding from the aims of the United Nations Development Decade in which both the developed and the less developed countries are to intensify their efforts in order to ensure a self-sustaining growth of the economies of the individual nations so as to attain in the developing countries, by 1970, a minimum annual rate of growth of the aggregate national income of 5 per cent,

Recognizing the importance of the economic development, particularly of the less developed countries, for the stability of the world economy and the maintenance of international peace and security,

Noting the difficulties which hamper the development of international trade in general and trade among less developed countries and industrially developed countries in particular,

Bearing in mind the vital importance of the rapid growth of exports and export earnings of developing countries, of primary products and manufactures, for promoting their economic development,

Recognizing that the developing countries have in recent years suffered from the drop in prices of primary products and the worsening of their terms of trade with industrialized countries and that the losses arising therefrom have hampered and delayed the implementation of their long-term development programmes and that measures to impart stability in international commodity markets at remunerative levels are vital for the development of less developed countries,

Considering the importance of all countries and all regional and sub-regional economic groupings pursuing trade policies designed to facilitate the necessary expansion of trade of developing countries and encouraging the indispensable growth of their economies,

Bearing in mind the importance of increasing the net inflow of long-term capital to developing countries and improving its terms and conditions so as to take account of their special requirements and problems,

Noting the declaration on promotion of trade of less developed countries²⁴ and the proposed programme of action²⁵ of the last ministerial meeting of the contracting parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in November 1961, and expressing the hope that significant progress will continue to be made in implementing the above programme of action,

Considering the numerous replies of the Governments of Member States to the questionnaire of the Secretary-General on the desirability of convening an international conference on international trade problems relating particularly to commodity markets and on the agenda of such a conference,

1. *Resolves* to convene a United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;

2. *Decides* to convene, by the early spring of 1963, a preparatory committee consisting of expert representatives designated not later than November 1962, by Governments represented on the Council to consider the agenda and documentation for the Conference with particular reference to the problems of the developing countries;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General, with the assistance of the regional economic commissions, the specialized agencies and other related international organizations concerned with international trade such as the International Monetary Fund, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, to prepare, for consideration by the preparatory committee appropriate documentation and proposals for such a conference;

4. *Requests further* the preparatory committee to submit its report in time for consideration by the Council at its thirty-sixth session.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

918 (XXXIV). Provision for safeguarding and promoting interests of children and youth

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind the importance of rising generations in relation to economic and social development,

Recalling the Declaration of the Rights of the Child adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 1386 (XIV) of 20 November 1959,

Mindful of the interrelation of economic and social progress,

Considering the interests of the United Nations Children's Fund in collaboration with other United Nations

²⁴ General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, *Basic Instruments and Selected Documents*, Supplement No. 10, Geneva, 1962 (Sales No. GATT/1962-1), p. 28.

²⁵ *Ibid.*, pp. 25-34.

bodies, in all aspects of the child's physical, mental and social development,

Considering further that the United Nations Development Decade offers an opportunity to promote the health, education and welfare of children and youth as part of the broader effort to accelerate economic and social progress in the developing countries,

Recommends that States Members of the United Nations, as appropriate:

(a) Take account of the needs of children and youth in the planning and administration of public health, education, social welfare, preparation for employment, housing, industry and agriculture, bearing in mind the need for the strengthening of family life and that such plans be part of over-all development programmes;

(b) Give due importance to their own programmes for children and youth in working towards the objectives of the United Nations Development Decade and in allocating their available resources;

(c) Take full advantage of the advice and assistance which the United Nations Children's Fund can offer, especially in planning for children and youth and in training appropriate personnel in collaboration with the Bureau of Social Affairs, the specialized agencies, other United Nations bodies and non-governmental organizations;

(d) Consider the establishment or maintenance in their countries of machinery or procedures for the co-ordination of national and international programmes on behalf of children and youth.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

919 (XXXIV). Group of experts on commodity and trade problems of developing countries

The Economic and Social Council,

Recognizing the importance to the success of the United Nations Development Decade of a substantial improvement in the trade position of the developing countries,

Aware of the high dependence of many developing countries on commodity trade,

Noting that progress has been made through the efforts of various organizations in the development of programmes and actions for dealing with commodity trade problems,

Appreciating, however, that additional and intensified efforts are required to find effective remedies for the difficulties affecting commodity markets,

Noting also that there are many other trade problems of particular relevance to developing countries, and that ways and means need to be found for expanding and diversifying the export trade of these countries,

Considering, in particular, the close relationship between development assistance and planning and the work on the commodity and other trade problems of those countries,

Believing that a comprehensive and objective evaluation of the international activities now under way on com-

modity problems and on those other trade problems which are of particular concern to those countries might reveal additional useful areas for international action and study,

Believing further that any significant degree of overlapping and duplication in the activities of the various international bodies concerned with these problems will lead to confusion of purpose and dissipation of energy that may retard progress in dealing with such problems,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, after appropriate consultation with Governments and with the executive heads of the other international organizations concerned, to appoint a small group of highly qualified experts with practical experience to prepare, prior to the meeting of the preparatory committee established by resolution 917 (XXXIV) of 3 August 1962, a report which would:

(a) Set forth the activities of various international organizations on commodity problems and on other trade problems of particular importance to the developing countries;

(b) Assess these activities in relation to the potentially useful work which might be carried on by international organizations in the interest of trade expansion;

(c) Propose any additional activities that may be desirable; and

(d) Suggest how all these activities might be most effectively pursued, taking into account the special resources and capabilities of each organization and the desirability of concentrating effort and of avoiding duplication;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit the report of the experts to that preparatory committee for its consideration, to States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and to the interested international organizations;

3. *Decides* to consider the report of the experts at its thirty-sixth session.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

921 (XXXIV). United Nations capital development fund

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind the aims of the United Nations Development Decade, in which both the developed and the less developed countries are to intensify their efforts with a view to promoting the self-sustaining growth of the economy of the individual nations so as to ensure in developing countries, by 1970, a minimum annual rate of growth of aggregate national income of 5 per cent,

Aware of the importance of employing United Nations machinery for the achievement of accelerated economic growth of the less developed countries through the financing both of specific projects and of general development plans,

Recognizing that the flow of foreign capital and economic assistance has not been commensurate with the volume, complexity and urgency of the needs of the developing countries,

Expressing the hope that improved economic and payment possibilities of the highly developed countries will enable them to make an additional contribution to the efforts of the United Nations towards the acceleration of economic development,

Recalling the previous resolutions of the General Assembly and Council resolutions and, in particular, General Assembly resolutions 1521 (XV) of 15 December 1960 and 1706 (XVI) of 19 December 1961,

Considering the second report of the Committee on a United Nations capital development fund,²⁶

1. *Transmits* to the General Assembly the draft legislation (statute) for a United Nations capital investment fund and the report of the Committee;

2. *Urges* economically advanced countries to reconsider, in consultation with the Secretary-General, possibilities of undertaking measures designed to ensure the establishment of a United Nations capital development fund and its employment in the field of capital development;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit a report on the above to the Council at its thirty-sixth session.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

922 (XXXIV) Promotion of the flow of private capital

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolutions 824 (IX) of 11 December 1954, 1035 (XI) of 26 February 1957, 1318 (XIII) of 12 December 1958 and 1523 (XV) of 15 December 1960 and Council resolutions 762 (XXIX) of 21 April 1960, 780 (XXX) of 3 August 1960 and 836 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961,

Reaffirming the need for increased knowledge and better understanding of the opportunities for international private investment in less developed countries,

Recognizing the importance of the contributions already made by the Secretary-General in reports on the promotion of the international flow of private capital,²⁷

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in co-operation with the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and its affiliates and other interested specialized agencies, and in consultation with other competent organizations and persons, to continue his studies on economic, legal and administrative means for promoting the flow of private capital to the less developed countries; to include in these studies, on a selective basis, an evaluation of the results achieved; and to submit reports based on his studies to date, to the Council, as far as possible, but not necessarily, annually;

²⁶ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes*, item 6 of the agenda, document E/3654.

²⁷ *Ibid.*, *Twenty-ninth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 6, document E/3325; *Ibid.*, *Thirty-second Session, Annexes*, agenda item 8, document E/3492.

2. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to present his next report on this subject to the thirty-seventh session of the Council and to include in it proposals for further work and research incorporated in an agenda for carrying his studies forward.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

923 (XXXIV). Financing of economic development

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling the resolutions adopted by the General Assembly and the Council on financing of economic development, especially General Assembly resolutions 1522 (XV) of 15 December 1960 and 1711 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 and Council resolution 780 (XXX) of 3 August 1960, and also General Assembly resolution 1710 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 designating the current decade as the "United Nations Development Decade",

Recognizing the urgency and importance of accelerating the economic and social development of the under-developed countries for the benefit of these countries themselves and also for the maintenance of world peace and security and the promotion of better understanding among nations,

Recognizing further that, while the primary responsibility for their economic development is and must remain that of the economically under-developed countries themselves, this development would be greatly aided by increased availability of long-term capital to the developing countries, including capital on terms which take account of the special needs of these countries,

Noting the contribution already made over the years to the promotion of development by the international flow of capital and technical assistance,

Believing, however, that the flow of international capital and assistance has not been commensurate with the magnitude, diversity and urgency of the process of development,

1. *Takes note* of the reports of the Secretary-General entitled *The capital development needs of less developed countries*,²⁸ and *The international flow of long-term capital and official donations, 1951-59*.²⁹

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to review, in his periodic reports on the international flow of capital and assistance, the position in regard to flows of long-term development capital to developing countries, with particular reference to : (a) the volume of such flows; (b) the terms on which such capital is provided; (c) the adequacy of the volume, terms and conditions of such capital and assistance in relation to the objectives envisaged in the relevant General Assembly resolution; and also to indicate the methodological and technical problems involved in measurement and assessment of such flows;

3. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit the results of his review together with his com-

ments to the thirty-sixth session of the Council for consideration.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

924 (XXXIV). Work programme on long-term projections

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 777 (XXX) of 3 August 1960, requesting the Secretary-General to intensify his activities in the field of economic and social projections and to convene such meetings of experts as he deemed appropriate,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 1708 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, requesting the Secretary-General to establish an Economic Projections and Programming Centre with sub-centres, as appropriate, in the regional economic commissions or institutes of economic development and planning,

Recognizing that there is general interest among Member States in the problems and techniques of long-term projections of economic growth,

Noting with satisfaction that an Economic Projections and Programming Centre has been established in the Department of Economic and Social Affairs at Headquarters and regional centres have been, or will be established, in the regional economic commissions and that work has been initiated by certain specialized agencies in this field of long-term projections,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the progress report of the Secretary-General³⁰ and of the report submitted by a group of experts entitled "United Nations Economic Projections and Programming Centre: Proposals for a Co-operative Work Programme on Long-term Projections";³¹

2. *Considers* that implementation of the work programme on long-term projections recommended by the group of experts would be an important help, particularly in the light of the objectives of the United Nations Development Decade, in formulation of development programmes of developing countries;

3. *Looks forward* to the intensification of the work of the United Nations Secretariat, including the secretariats of the regional economic commissions, in co-operation with the specialized agencies already working in the same field, as a means of increasing understanding of the quantitative as well as the qualitative implications of the acceleration of the rate of economic development;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the thirty-sixth session of the Council a progress report on the activities of the United Nations Economic Projections and Programming Centre and the activities of the regional commissions in this field, as well as on the implementation of the work programme recommended by the group of experts.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

²⁸ United Nations publication, Sales No.: 62.II.D.3.

²⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No.: 62.II.D.1.

³⁰ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 2, document E/3661.*

³¹ *Ibid.*, document E/3668.

QUESTIONS RELATING TO TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

897 (XXXIV). Annual report of the Technical Assistance Board to the Technical Assistance Committee

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Technical Assistance Board to the Technical Assistance Committee.³²

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

898 (XXXIV). Trends in United Nations technical co-operation programmes

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the annual report of the Technical Assistance Board to the Technical Assistance Committee for 1961,³³

Recognizing the urgency to expand substantially the education and training of national personnel of developing countries, especially through fellowships, training courses, seminars, the provision of teachers and instructors, organization of study tours, and by other appropriate means,

Recalling, in this connexion, Council resolution 699 (XXVI) of 31 July 1958 concerning fellowships under United Nations technical co-operation programmes,

Bearing in mind that the promotion of industry, including mining, as well as of agriculture which are essential elements in the independent development of developing countries, should find its proper place in the over-all development programmes of these countries, and that therefore industrial and agricultural projects should form an important part of the United Nations technical co-operation programmes,

Noting with concern that the share of industrial projects in the present technical co-operation programmes has further decreased from its already low level,

Reaffirming the views expressed in paragraph 5 of Council resolution 839 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961 on concerted action in the field of industrialization,

Recalling the recommendations made by the Committee for Industrial Development at its second session,³⁴

Invites the Technical Assistance Board, the Special Fund and the organizations participating in the United Nations Technical Co-operation programmes, when planning and implementing future programmes, including the use therein of programme savings and allocations under the contingency authorization for 1963-64, to give favourable consideration to requests aimed at the educa-

tion and training, through all means, of their national personnel and to those aimed at the industrial development of developing countries.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

899 (XXXIV). Report by the Secretary-General on the United Nations programmes of technical assistance

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note with appreciation of the report by the Secretary-General on the United Nations programmes of technical assistance.³⁵

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

900 (XXXIV). Report of the ad hoc Committee of Eight established under Economic and Social Council resolution 851 (XXXII)

A

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the *ad hoc* Committee of Eight³⁶ established under Council resolution 851 (XXXII) of 4 August 1961,

1. *Commends* the *ad hoc* Committee on its work in producing the report;

2. *Takes note with appreciation* of the recommendations in part II of the report;

3. *Invites* Governments of Member States to take such steps as they may consider desirable to implement the recommendations falling within their competence;

4. *Requests* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination:

(a) To consider the report;

(b) To arrange for the immediate implementation of those recommendations falling within its purview which, in its view, can be implemented;

(c) To report its views to the Council at its resumed thirty-fourth session on the recommendations and on the action taken;

5. *Requests* the *ad hoc* Committee to continue its work undertaken under resolution 851 (XXXII), and to submit a progress report to the thirty-sixth session, and its final report to the thirty-eighth session of the Council;

6. *Requests* the President of the Council to appoint two additional members to the *ad hoc* Committee to ensure adequate representation of countries concerned

³² *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 5 (E/3605/Rev.1).*

³³ *Ibid.*

³⁴ *Ibid.*, Thirty-third Session, Supplement No. 2 (E/3600).

³⁵ *Ibid.*, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 13, document E/3619.

³⁶ *Ibid.*, document E/3629.

with the United Nations technical co-operation programmes;

7. In furtherance of the work of the *ad hoc* Committee:

(a) *Requests* the Secretary-General in consultation with the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency to undertake the study recommended in paragraph 81 of the report, including in the study the regular technical assistance programmes of the United Nations and related agencies;

(b) *Invites* the General Assembly to authorize the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions to bring up to date the studies which it made in response to General Assembly resolution 722 (VIII) of 23 October 1953, in the light of the developments which have occurred since the earlier studies were made, giving particular attention to the question of financial procedures and overhead costs of the programmes of technical co-operation, as referred to in paragraph 79 of the report;

8. *Recommends* that in the course of these studies and also in the course of the work of the *ad hoc* Committee, during its continued mandate, account be taken of the debate on the *ad hoc* Committee's report in the Technical Assistance Committee and the Council.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

B

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 856 (XXXII) of 4 August 1961 on co-ordination in the field in which it stressed, *inter alia*, the need to ensure a high standard in the appointment of the resident representatives, and the importance of appropriate co-operation between the resident representatives and the executive secretaries of the regional economic commissions,

Noting that the first of a series of regional meetings with the resident representatives has been held in Santiago, Bangkok, Addis Ababa and Geneva,

Bearing in mind also the report of the *ad hoc* Committee of Eight established under Council resolution 851 (XXXII), and particularly its recommendations on co-ordination at the regional level,³⁷

1. *Considers* that such meetings of resident representatives with the staffs of the regional economic commissions should be held regularly in all regions where commissions exist;

2. *Affirms its desire* that co-operation between the resident representatives and the executive secretaries of the regional economic commissions be strengthened to ensure that the advice and assistance of the regional

commission secretariats be made available at the request of the recipient Governments as appropriate in the technical co-operation programmes;

3. *Expresses the hope* that the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board and the Managing Director of the Special Fund will continue to ensure a high standard of representation in all countries served by resident representatives, taking into account the close working relationship which resident representatives should maintain with Governments and the participating organizations, including the regional commissions.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

901 (XXXIV). Amendments to the legislation for the implementation of project programming in 1963-1964

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the note of the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board,³⁸

1. *Decides* to extend to the period 1963-1964 the financial provisions contained in paragraphs 1 (c) and 2 (a) of Council resolution 785 (XXX) of 3 August 1960, on the implementation of the programme on a two-year basis;

2. *Decides* to extend to the period 1963-1964 the provision contained in paragraph 9 (f) of its resolution 222 A (IX) of 14 August 1949 as amended by resolution 785 (XXX), paragraph 3, and to add at the end of the paragraph:

“However, obligations for fellowships to provide long-term training of national personnel may be liquidated over the full period of the fellowships, provided that placement arrangements have been completed prior to the obligation of funds.”

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

902 (XXXIV). Participation of the Universal Postal Union in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the request of the Universal Postal Union for participation in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance,³⁹

1. *Approves* the participation of the Universal Postal Union in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance;

2. *Decides* to amend its resolution 222 (IX) of 14 and 15 August 1949 accordingly.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

³⁸ E/TAC/116.

³⁹ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 13, document E/3604.*

³⁷ *Ibid.*, paras. 89 and 90.

SOCIAL QUESTIONS

895 (XXXIV). Measures designed to promote among youth the ideals of peace, mutual respect and understanding between peoples

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1572 (XV), of 18 December 1960, on measures designed to promote among youth the ideals of peace, mutual respect and understanding between peoples,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report⁴⁰ of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization submitted to the Council;

2. *Transmits* to the General Assembly, in accordance with resolution 1572 (XV), the report of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization together with the record of the discussions thereon at the thirty-fourth session of the Council;

3. *Requests* the General Assembly to take such decision thereon as it may see fit.

*1233rd plenary meeting,
27 July 1962.*

896 (XXXIV). Annual report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees with the annexed report of the Executive Committee of the High Commissioner's Programme on its seventh session,⁴¹

Takes note of the report prepared by the High Commissioner for transmission to the General Assembly at its seventeenth session.

*1234th plenary meeting,
30 July 1962.*

903 (XXXIV). Report of the Social Commission

A

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the Social Commission (fourteenth session).⁴²

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

⁴⁰ UNESCO/ED/189. Submitted to the Council under symbol E/3638.

⁴¹ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Seventeenth Session, Supplement No. 11 (A/5211), and appendix.*

⁴² *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 12 (E/3636/Rev.1).*

B

PLANNING FOR BALANCED ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 830 A (XXXII) and 830 H (XXXII) of 2 August 1961 concerning the study of the problem of balanced and co-ordinated economic and social development,

Having considered the report of the Social Commission,⁴³

Noting the conclusions reached at the regional meetings held at Mexico City⁴⁴ and Beirut⁴⁵ to discuss questions connected with planning for balanced economic and social development,

Conscious that planning plays an effective part in facilitating more rapid and balanced economic and social development,

Noting that the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund and the Social Commission are giving special attention to the planning of services for the family, youth and child welfare within national development plans,

Bearing in mind that economically less developed States which are striving for rapid economic and social development recognize the need for planning and show great interest in further study of the planning problem and in receiving practical assistance in this connexion,

Noting that General Assembly resolution 1710 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 on the United Nations Development Decade requests proposals for intensification of action in the fields of economic and social development including measures to assist developing countries, at their request, to establish well conceived and integrated country plans, and that General Assembly resolution 1674 (XVI) of 18 December 1961 requests the Council to recommend, after appropriate studies, measures which may be helpful primarily to the less developed countries in planning for balanced and co-ordinated economic and social development,

Believing that the work programme of the Bureau of Social Affairs on research and development should now emphasize studies on evolving improved techniques for planning social development in relation to economic development, and appropriate governmental organizational arrangements for planning for social development,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in co-operation with the specialized agencies concerned:

(a) To prepare, for the consideration of the Social Commission, on the basis of available studies, a report setting out for the use of Governments methods of

⁴³ *Ibid.*

⁴⁴ UNESCO/SS/SAED/LA/2/Rev.1 ... ST/ECLA/CONF.6/L.2/Rev.1 — ST/TAO/CONF.6/L.2/Rev.1.

⁴⁵ ST/TAO/SER.C/55 — ST/SOA/SER.T/2.

determining the appropriate allocation of resources to the various social sectors at different stages of economic development, and summarizing the experience of various organizational arrangements for social planning in relation to development goals;

(b) To include in the report such proposed areas for further study as may be needed to develop more precise criteria for allocation of resources to various social programmes at different stages of development and improved government organizational arrangements;

(c) In the preparation of this report, to utilize the services of consultants, including economists with experience in dealing with problems of social development and experts from the social science disciplines with experience in planning;

2. *Recommends* that in implementing General Assembly resolution 1708 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, full attention should be given to the need for integrating social and economic aspects of development;

3. *Recommends* that United Nations organs, including the regional economic commissions, should intensify their work in connexion with the investigation of problems of planning for balanced economic and social development, taking into account the relevant and useful experience of other States Members of the United Nations or members of a specialized agency or groups of such States;

4. *Recommends further* that the appropriate United Nations organs and the specialized agencies concerned should foster a broad exchange of experience and knowledge of planning for balanced economic and social development;

5. *Considers it advisable* that seminars should be held in the various regions on specific aspects of planning for social programmes within a framework of balanced economic and social development, taking into account the relevant and useful experience of other States Members of the United Nations or members of a specialized agency or groups of such States;

6. *Recommends* that, in the process of executing United Nations technical co-operation programmes, assistance to economically less developed countries upon their request in training national personnel for planning should receive due attention.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

C

HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT: CREATION OF A COMMITTEE ON HOUSING, BUILDING AND PLANNING OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the observations and recommendations of the Social Commission⁴⁶ on the report of the *ad hoc* group of experts on housing and urban develop-

ment,⁴⁷ which met in February 1962 in accordance with Council resolution 830 C (XXXII) of 2 August 1961,

Commending the *ad hoc* group of experts for the scope and usefulness of their report,

Noting with special interest the recommendations of this group that a permanent body for housing and related matters be established within the United Nations,

Cognizant of the great need for improved housing for millions of families, particularly in the developing countries, and of the interest of the United Nations in assisting Governments in their efforts to bring about this improvement as shown in the long-range programmes for concerted action in the fields of low-cost housing and urbanization,

Noting with satisfaction the growing activities of the regional economic commissions in the field of housing, building and planning and the fact that some of the regional commissions already have standing organs for this work and others are considering establishing them,

Noting with satisfaction the work of the specialized agencies with respect to the field of housing and related community facilities and their continuing contributions to international and national efforts in this field,

Convinced that additional steps must be taken in the field of housing to provide stronger and more specialized leadership in this area,

1. *Hereby establishes* a Committee on Housing, Building and Planning to deal with housing and related community facilities and physical planning, composed of eighteen States Members of the United Nations, elected by the Council on a basis of equitable geographical distribution and a balance between developing and industrialized countries, the representatives on this committee to be designated by the Governments of these States in agreement with the Secretary-General, with a view to achieving, as far as possible, a balanced coverage of required expertise in housing, building and urban development;

2. *Decides* that, except for the initial period, the term of office for members of the Committee shall be three years; for the initial period, one-third of the members shall serve for one year, one-third for two years, and one-third for three years, the term of each member to be determined by lot; retiring members shall be eligible for re-election;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform Members of the United Nations of the establishment of the Committee on Housing, Building and Planning, and invite them to indicate to him by 1 November 1962 if they wish to put forward their candidatures for election to the Committee at the resumed thirty-fourth session of the Council;

4. *Decides* that the terms of reference of the Committee on Housing, Building and Planning include responsibilities for:

(a) Examination of reports concerning technical assistance activities in the field of housing, related community facilities and physical planning;

⁴⁶ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 12 (E/3636/Rev.1), chapter III.*

⁴⁷ E/CN. 5/367 and Add.1.

D

SOCIAL SERVICES AND DEVELOPMENT PLANNING WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO FAMILY, CHILD AND YOUTH WELFARE

(b) Recommendations to the Economic and Social Council for appropriate co-ordination of these programmes among the various United Nations bodies, including the regional economic commissions, and with other international agencies;

(c) Recommendations to Governments, through the Council, on appropriate priorities and programme emphasis in the field of housing and related community facilities and physical planning;

(d) Promotion of research and of the exchange and dissemination of experience and information in these fields, with especial reference to the needs of under-developed countries;

(e) Development of proposals for consideration by appropriate United Nations bodies and others, on such matters as financing of home construction and ownership, provision of land for homes and community facilities at reasonable cost, designs suitable for low-cost housing in different climates and cultures, improved building materials and their better use, and ways of promoting acceptance and adoption of efficient organizational and building techniques;

(f) Development of means and methods for the increased utilization of the regional economic commissions in this field;

5. *Invites* the regional economic commissions to strengthen their activities in this field and to co-operate fully in the work of the Committee on Housing, Building and Planning;

6. *Decides further* that the Committee should report to the Council through the Social Commission and also forward its report to the Committee on Industrial Development and to the regional economic commissions in order that the Council may consider the Committee's report together with the comments thereon of these bodies;

7. *Decides also* to review these organizational arrangements after three years;

8. *Urges* participating Governments, in keeping with General Assembly resolution 1715 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, to review their contributions to the support of the work of the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance and the Special Fund so that the combined budgets for these two organs in the year 1962 may reach the target of \$150 million, in order that additional resources may be available for projects in the field of housing, related community facilities and physical planning in appropriate proportion to other sound projects required for the economic and social development of the developing countries;

9. *Recommends* that the Secretary-General be authorized to provide additional staff in the Bureau of Social Affairs and the corresponding strengthening of the staffs in the regional economic commissions in accordance with General Assembly resolution 1709 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, to carry out the research and organizational work necessary for the effective development of the housing, related community facilities and physical planning programme of the United Nations.

1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the observations of the Social Commission⁴⁸ on the *Report on the Organization and Administration of Social Services*,⁴⁹

Recognizing that the report provides guidelines to the work of the United Nations and to national governments in establishing services required for effective investment in human resources,

Noting the growing co-operation between the Bureau of Social Affairs, the United Nations Children's Fund and the regional economic commissions, particularly in providing assistance to developing countries in extending services for family, child and youth welfare and the training of personnel,

Further noting the significance of integrating social services in over-all social policies, and the need for planning such services at the national level,

1. *Commends* the group of experts for the quality of its *Report on the Organization and Administration of Social Services*, and approves in general the major conclusions and recommendations as summarized in chapter I of the report;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To transmit the *Report* of the group of experts to Member States, the specialized agencies concerned and interested non-governmental organizations in consultative status, and to invite their comments thereon, and to prepare a summary of these comments for the fifteenth session of the Social Commission to be held in 1963;

(b) To take into account the conclusions and recommendations of this group of experts, and the comments referred to in sub-paragraph 2 (a) above, in carrying out the United Nations programme in this field;

Further requests the Secretary-General:

(a) To reappraise, particularly considering the needs of developing countries for family, child and youth welfare services, the United Nations social service programme, including the technical assistance programme and the increased activities with the United Nations Children's Fund and the regional economic commissions in this field, and to prepare recommendations for strengthening the United Nations social service programme for consideration at the fifteenth session of the Social Commission;

(b) To prepare for the consideration of the Social Commission at its sixteenth session to be held in 1964, a report based, *inter alia*, on case studies containing suggestions for the use of Governments interested in the establishment and extension of family, child and

⁴⁸ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth session, Supplement No. 12 (E/3636/Rev.1), chapter V.*

⁴⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No. 62.IV.1.

youth welfare services, training of personnel, and methods of financing these services;

(c) In undertaking the reappraisal and preparation of the report referred to in sub-paragraphs 2 (a) and (b), to co-operate with the United Nations Children's Fund and with the specialized agencies concerned and to utilize the services of consultants with special competence in this field;

4. *Recommends* that States Members of the United Nations, the General Assembly and the regional economic commissions accord the social welfare sector a definite role within the framework of the United Nations Development Decade and in the establishment of national and regional development institutes.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

E

STRENGTHENING OF THE WORK OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN THE SOCIAL FIELD

The Economic and Social Council,

Recognizing the responsibility of the Social Commission for working out practical recommendations with a view to promoting higher standards of living for the population and social progress and development,

Recognizing further that the Social Commission places increased emphasis on its responsibilities for over-all social policy and the determination of programme priorities and objectives in the various social fields, and that it is essential that the Social Commission provide leadership in promoting social programmes in the United Nations Development Decade,

Aware of the growing demand and need for accelerated United Nations efforts in assisting Member States to carry out social planning and social programmes, within the framework of balanced economic and social development,

1. *Requests* that the Secretary-General prepare, in consultation with the specialized agencies, for the use of the Social Commission, a report, or reports, on new policy developments in all of the social fields involving major shifts in programme emphasis and principal programme activities of the United Nations and specialized agencies that may be pertinent to the items before the Social Commission, taking into account the provisions of Article 62 of the Charter of the United Nations and the objectives envisaged in Council resolution 903 B (XXXIV) of 2 August 1962 on planning for balanced economic and social development, such reports to be prepared only in the years this information is not available in other documents furnished to the Social Commission;

2. *Requests further* that the Secretary-General furnish the Social Commission, as appropriate, with the relevant reports of committees and commissions of the United Nations and of the specialized agencies as background documentation, calling attention to those items of special importance to social policy and planning, and

similarly furnish reports of the Social Commission to those bodies;

3. *Expresses the hope* that there will be continued close co-operation between, on the one hand, the Bureau of Social Affairs and, on the other hand, the secretariats of the regional economic commissions and development institutes and of the specialized agencies, as well as with United Nations secretariat personnel concerned with the work of the Committee for Industrial Development on social programmes, especially those involving interrelationships between social and economic policy and planning, and that arrangements will be made for the participation of both social and economic experts in development project planning and execution;

4. *Calls the attention* of the General Assembly to the need to provide the necessary resources for the United Nations to carry out programmes for strengthening and expanding its work in the social field to raise the level of living for all peoples during the United Nations Development Decade.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

914 (XXXIV). International control of narcotic drugs

A

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs (seventeenth session).⁵⁰

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

B

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs⁵¹ and having regard to the importance of co-operation in the fight against the illicit traffic,

Expresses its appreciation to the Government of Lebanon for having sent an observer to assist in the discussions on the report of the Commission at the thirty-fourth session of the Council, and for making arrangements for the attendance of a technical observer at the eighteenth session of the Commission.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

C

THE SINGLE CONVENTION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS, 1961

Ratification and accession

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 833 B (XXXII) of 3 August 1961 respecting the Single Convention on Narcotic

⁵⁰ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 9 (E/3648).*

⁵¹ *Ibid.*

Drugs, 1961, adopted unanimously at its thirty-second session,

Noting that sixty-four countries have signed, and eight countries have ratified or acceded to the said convention,

Invites countries to which that resolution was addressed to take such steps as may be necessary for ratification of or accession to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

D

THE SINGLE CONVENTION ON NARCOTIC DRUGS, 1961

Preparations for the coming into force

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling that the commentary on the 1931 Convention⁵² was very helpful to Governments and international organs in applying this treaty, and that the model codes for the application of the 1925 and 1931 Conventions⁵³ were of considerable value to a number of Governments as a guide in framing legislative and administrative measures for the application of the Conventions in their territories,

Bearing in mind that the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961, is a comprehensive document embracing many and varied aspects of international narcotics control activities,

Being of the opinion that there will be a great and lasting need for a uniform interpretation and application of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare a legal commentary on the Single Convention, giving an interpretation of the provisions of the Convention in the light of the relevant conference proceedings and other material;

2. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to draft an administrative guide for the application of the Single Convention by government officials concerned with action required under this convention.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

E

TECHNICAL CO-OPERATION IN NARCOTICS CONTROL

Regional Co-ordination in Latin America

The Economic and Social Council,

Having been informed of the meeting of the Inter-American Consultative Group on Narcotics Control at Rio de Janeiro from 27 November to 7 December 1961,

Noting that resolutions⁵⁴ were adopted unanimously by the participants in the group from fifteen American States,

⁵² *Historical and Technical Study*, publication of the League of Nations, 1937.XI.3.

⁵³ Publication of the League of Nations, 1932.XI.8.

⁵⁴ E/CN.7/422, annex B.

containing recommendations directed towards the promotion of such a regional co-operation,

Noting in particular the recommendation for the stationing of an officer of the Secretariat in the region to facilitate such co-operation,

1. *Expresses its thanks* to the Government of Brazil for its initiative in calling the Inter-American Consultative Group and also for its generous material assistance to that conference;

2. *Considers it desirable* that, with a view to facilitating regional co-operation in the field of narcotics control in Latin America, an officer of the Secretariat should be stationed, on an experimental basis, for an initial period of two years, in this part of the world, and that the matter should be further reviewed at the end of this period.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

F

THE QUESTION OF INVITING THE AUTHORITIES ENTITLED TO APPOINT MEMBERS OF THE DRUG SUPERVISORY BODY TO APPOINT PERSONS WHO ARE ALSO MEMBERS OF THE PERMANENT CENTRAL OPIUM BOARD

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 667 H (XXIV) of 1 August 1957 relating to the question of close liaison and a personal union between the Permanent Central Opium Board and the Drug Supervisory Body,

Taking note with satisfaction of the willingness of the World Health Organization to co-operate in further steps in this regard,

Having regard to the interlocking character of the functions of the two bodies, and to the provisions contained in the Single Convention for the replacement of the two bodies by a single organ,

1. *Expresses its agreement* with the desirability of ensuring to the greatest possible extent close liaison and a personal union between the two bodies, pending the establishment and coming into effect of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961;

2. *Invites* the World Health Organization, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and the Permanent Central Opium Board, in the furtherance of these objects, to appoint to the Drug Supervisory Body persons who are members of the Board.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

G

REPORT OF THE PERMANENT CENTRAL OPIUM BOARD

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note with satisfaction of the report⁵⁵ of the Permanent Central Opium Board on its activities in 1961.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

⁵⁵ E/OB/17 and E/OB/17/Addendum (United Nations publication, Sales No.: 62.XI.3 and 62.XI.3, Addendum).

QUESTIONS RELATING TO HUMAN RIGHTS

884 (XXXIV). Report of the Commission on the Status of Women

A

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women (sixteenth session).⁵⁶

*1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.*

B

EQUAL PAY FOR EQUAL WORK

The Economic and Social Council,

Having examined the report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its sixteenth session,⁵⁷

Sharing its opinion that the legal and factual inequality between men and women in questions concerning wages and salaries, still existing in many countries, constitutes a serious obstacle to the achievement of real equality of men and women in the economic field, and that effective measures on national and international levels should be taken to remove this discrimination against women,

Emphasizing in this connexion particularly the responsibilities of Governments for the removal of discrimination against women in the question of wages and salaries and for the consistent application of the principle of equal pay for equal work,

1. Calls upon:

(a) Governments of Member States, which have not yet ratified or otherwise implemented the principles of Convention No. 100 of the International Labour Organisation concerning equal remuneration, to do so, as appropriate under the Constitution of the International Labour Organisation, and also to implement the provisions of recommendation No. 90 of the International Labour Organisation and, by the adoption of the relevant legislative and practical measures in all economic fields, to apply and promote consistently the principle of equal pay for equal work in accordance with the said convention;

(b) The International Labour Organisation to continue to follow the introduction of the principle of equal pay for equal work on a world scale and to bear this principle always in mind in considering working and social questions on an international level;

2. Expresses the hope that national and international non-governmental organizations in consultative status may continue to advocate consistently in their activities

⁵⁶ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 7 (E/3606/Rev.1).*

⁵⁷ *Ibid.*

the principle of equal economic working conditions for men and women and demand the legislative and practical application of the principle of equal pay for equal work;

3. *Requests the Secretary-General to submit, in co-operation with the International Labour Office, a report to the eighteenth session of the Commission on the Status of Women on both the progress achieved in the field of equal pay for equal work, and obstacles existing so far in this field.*

*1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.*

C

ACCESS OF GIRLS AND WOMEN TO ELEMENTARY EDUCATION

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on the access of girls to elementary education,⁵⁸ and considering that almost half the children of school age in the world do not receive school education, and that the number of girls who attend school is even less than that of boys,

Bearing in mind that education will help women to take their proper place in the cultural, social and economic life of their country,

Recalling its resolution 652 C (XXIV) of 24 July 1957 and 821 V B (XXXII) of 19 July 1961 and General Assembly resolutions 1677 (XVI) of 18 December 1961 and 1717 (XVI) of 19 December 1961, in which first importance is attached to the problem of education and the elimination of illiteracy,

Noting with satisfaction the results of the regional conferences on the development of education,

1. Recommends that States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies:

(a) Take into account, where necessary in their plans, the need to expand elementary education, which must be universal, compulsory and free for children of both sexes;

(b) Ensure that both sexes have equal rights and facilities for receiving elementary education, taking advantage of new techniques where these can be helpful;

(c) Take the necessary steps to increase the attendance in elementary schools, especially by girls;

(d) Take steps to develop education for the adults who have not received elementary education, especially for women;

(e) Consider the conclusions and recommendations of the regional conferences on the development of education with a view to their gradual implementation;

⁵⁸ E/CN.6/396 and Corr.1 and 2.

(f) Implement fully the provisions of the Convention and Recommendation against Discrimination in Education, adopted by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization at its eleventh session;

2. *Expresses the hope* that the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization will give high importance, in its work on educational development, to the extension of elementary education to all girls, and to those adult women who have not received elementary education;

3. *Recommends* that non-governmental organizations in consultative status, and in particular women's non-governmental organizations, give all possible collaboration in the development of education, including the utilization, so far as necessary and appropriate, of voluntary aid and local materials.

*1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.*

D

STATUS OF WOMEN IN PRIVATE LAW

I

INHERITANCE LAWS AS THEY AFFECT THE STATUS OF WOMEN

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering that the principle of equality of rights for men and women is solemnly proclaimed in the Charter of the United Nations,

Recalling its resolution 504 D (XVI) of 23 July 1953 concerning the application of this principle to the status of women in private law,

Noting that, in the legal systems of many countries, inheritance rights of women, in intestate as well as in testamentary succession, are not equal to those of men,

Noting that, in some systems, the law deprives women of all inheritance rights, while in other systems the share of a woman is a fraction of the share of a male heir in the same degree of relationship,

Noting also that, in some systems, the male heir is always preferred to the female in the order of succession, and that in some countries the inheritance rights and the capacity of women to make a will, to accept or refuse an inheritance or to be administrators or executors of estates, are affected by marriage in a manner incompatible with the principle of equality of the spouses,

Noting further that, in some legal systems, the interest of the widow in the estate is either smaller than that of the widower, or is affected by special restrictions,

Recommends that Governments of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies take all possible measures to ensure equality of inheritance rights of men and women by providing that

men and women, in the same degree of relationship to the deceased, shall be entitled to equal shares in the estate and shall have equal rank in the order of succession, and by providing further that the inheritance rights and the capacity of women to make a will, to accept or refuse an inheritance and to be administrators or executors of estates shall not be affected by marriage and that the interest of the widow in the estate shall be equal to that of the widower.

*1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.*

II

LEGAL STATUS OF MARRIED WOMEN

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling that, in its resolution 587 D (XX) of 3 August 1955, it requested the Secretary-General, *inter alia*, to prepare and arrange for the publication at an early date of material on the legal status of married women,

Noting that, in accordance with this resolution, the Secretary-General prepared and published a monograph entitled *Legal Status of Married Women*,⁵⁹

Noting further that this valuable publication had a wide distribution and was reprinted several times because of the large public demand and also because of its use in the United Nations seminars on the status of women in family law,

Noting also that, since the issuance of this publication, a considerable amount of new material on the subject has been collected by the Secretary-General, in particular in background papers and in working papers prepared for these seminars,

Believing that this information should be made available to the public and also that the material in the publication could readily be brought up to date,

Requests the Secretary-General to prepare and to arrange for an early publication of a new edition of the monograph on the *Legal Status of Married Women*, on the basis of information contained in the documentation of the seminars on the status of women in family law and in other authoritative sources.

*1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.*

E

UNITED NATIONS ASSISTANCE FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the reports by the Secretary-General on United Nations assistance for the advancement of women in developing countries⁶⁰ prepared in accordance

⁵⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No. 1957.IV.8.

⁶⁰ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 10, documents E/3493, E/3566 and Add.1.

with its resolution 771 H (XXX) of 25 July 1960, and the views expressed in the Commission on the Status of Women at its sixteenth session.⁶¹

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1509 (XV) of 12 December 1960, in which the Commission on the Status of Women and the Council were invited to pursue their efforts in advancing the status of women in developing countries and to take appropriate measures that would lead to special assistance by the United Nations and the specialized agencies in this regard,

Noting with satisfaction General Assembly resolution 1679 (XVI) of 18 December 1961 in which the Assembly decided to increase the resources of the advisory services programme in human rights in order to permit the provision of a number of human rights fellowships each year, in addition to the seminars,

Considering that under the United Nations Development Decade it is now appropriate to develop and co-ordinate the various programmes of the United Nations, of the specialized agencies and of the United Nations Children's Fund designed to advance the status of women in developing countries,

Believing that, in order to achieve this goal, the co-operation of the Governments, the specialized agencies and the United Nations Children's Fund, and of non-governmental organizations in consultative status is indispensable,

1. *Recommends* to Governments of States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies that they make full use, for the purpose of promoting and advancing the status of women in developing countries, of the services presently available under the regular programme and the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance, as well as of the advisory services programme in human rights and the advisory social welfare services, by requesting the advisory services of experts, by promoting the attendance at seminars and other meetings, and by taking advantage of the availability of fellowships and scholarships;

2. *Invites* the International Labour Organisation, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund, in co-operation with the United Nations, to strengthen and to expand their programmes designed to meet the needs of women in developing countries, and to seek new methods to achieve this purpose;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To direct his attention, when planning the various United Nations programmes of assistance, to the needs of women in developing countries and to include in these programmes projects especially directed to meet such needs;

(b) To continue to utilize the available resources of

the United Nations to advance the condition of women in the developing countries, by holding seminars dealing with the status of women, by providing experts on women's rights at the request of Governments and by offering human rights fellowships and scholarships to persons concerned with the status of women, and to make available to Governments, specialized agencies and non-governmental organizations in consultative status all information concerning the facilities available for the advancement of women;

4. *Urges* women's non-governmental organizations in consultative status to co-operate with the Secretary-General, by stimulating public opinion with regard to the programmes of the United Nations which contribute to the advancement of women and by supplementing the efforts of the United Nations on the international and national levels through the holding of regional, national or local seminars, including if possible in the future an international seminar, the provision of fellowships, scholarships and expert advice, and other related activities.

1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.

F

ADVISORY SERVICES PROGRAMME

The Economic and Social Council,

Noting the continuing interest among Member States in regional seminars relating to the status of women, and the valuable materials developed in connexion with those already organized in this field,

Believing that topics relating to the status of women can be usefully examined also in seminars conducted among smaller groups of countries and at the national level,

Realizing that national seminars can also help to co-ordinate the activities of the specialized agencies for the advancement of the status of women,

Noting resolution 3 (XIV) adopted by the Commission on the Status of Women, requesting the Secretary-General to develop plans and, as appropriate, to provide experts to assist Governments of Member States, at their request, in the organization of seminars at the national and local level, with the purpose of advancing the status of women,

Requests the Secretary-General to continue his plans for annual regional seminars on the status of women and to give favourable consideration also to requests for assistance in the organization of seminars among small groups of Member States, under the programme of advisory services in the field of human rights.

1224th plenary meeting,
16 July 1962.

⁶¹ *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 7, E/3606/Rev.1, paras. 115 to 124.

**888 (XXXIV). Report of the Commission
on Human Rights**

A

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

The Economic and Social Council

Takes note of the report of the Commission on Human Rights (eighteenth session).⁶²

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

B

PERIODIC REPORTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the Commission on Human Rights⁶³ and of the Committee on Periodic Reports⁶⁴ concerning the developments in human rights during the years 1957-1959,

1. Expresses its appreciation to all Governments and specialized agencies which submitted reports for the years 1957-1959;

2. Notes that while aware that the situation in a number of countries and territories with regard to human rights and fundamental freedoms still continues to remain unsatisfactory both in the field of civil and political rights and in the field of social, economic and cultural rights, nevertheless, the reports contain useful information indicating that some progress was achieved in the protection of human rights during the years 1957-1959, especially with respect to certain of the rights enumerated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights;

3. Notes in particular that:

(a) The reports make little reference to the situation in respect of human rights and fundamental freedoms in Non-Self-Governing and Trust Territories;

(b) The several constitutions or basic laws adopted during the period under review included provisions aimed at the protection of human rights;

(c) The constitutions of several new States affirm the loyalty and attachment of the people to the ideals set forth in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights;

(d) Steps taken in several States towards the elimination of discrimination included the enactment of legislation, the repeal of discriminatory laws, the enforcement of laws through the courts, the establishment of commissions to supervise the application of legislation, and the setting up of committees or informal conciliatory bodies to promote better relations between different groups;

(e) In several States a number of laws were adopted to improve the administration of justice, through the reform of judicial organization, the expediting of judicial process, the provision of remedial measures against wrongful administrative decisions, the extension of the

rights of the accused in criminal proceedings and the encouragement of the rehabilitation of offenders as useful members of society;

(f) Many social security systems were expanded to cover more categories of persons and to provide greater protection against a variety of contingencies;

(g) In several States educational facilities, whether at the primary, secondary, technical or vocational, or higher levels, were greatly extended and attempts made through legislative or other measures to make education available free or at reduced cost;

4. Believes that in order to meet the objectives set by the Commission in resolution 1 (XII) and the Council in resolution 624 B I (XXII) of 1 August 1956, and to promote respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms, a greater number of reports are required and more information should be given therein concerning the problems or difficulties which have been or may be encountered;

5. Decides to continue, in accordance with Council resolution 624 B I (XXII), the system of the communication by Governments of periodic reports on human rights;

6. Urges all States Members of the United Nations and the specialized agencies to submit, in accordance with Council resolution 624 B I (XXII), reports on developments in human rights in their metropolitan areas as well as in all dependent territories, including Non-Self-Governing and Trust Territories, concerning the rights enumerated in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the right to self-determination and independence;

7. Requests the Secretary-General to invite Governments to submit their reports as soon as possible and not later than 30 June of the year immediately following the period for which the reports are being made;

8. Requests Governments to take into full account, when drawing up their reports, the suggestions referred to in Council resolution 728 B (XXVIII) of 30 July 1959 and also the suggestion of the Committee on Periodic Reports⁶⁵ that Governments should concentrate on reporting developments of particular significance and explaining why they were significant, rather than attempting to report developments relating to all the rights enumerated in the Universal Declaration;

9. Invites the specialized agencies to co-operate in carrying out the task undertaken by the Commission on Human Rights as indicated in Council resolution 624 B I (XXII);

10. Invites the non-governmental organizations in consultative status to submit comments and observations of an objective character on the situation in the field of human rights to assist the Commission in its consideration of the summaries of periodic reports;

11. Requests the Secretary-General to transmit hereafter the summaries of the triennial reports to the Commission on the Status of Women and to the Sub-Commis-

⁶² *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 8 (E/3616/Rev.1).

⁶³ *Ibid.*, paras. 55-88.

⁶⁴ E/CN.4/831.

⁶⁵ E/CN.4/831, para. 173.

sion on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities for their comments.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

C

STUDY OF DISCRIMINATION IN THE MATTER OF POLITICAL RIGHTS

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering that one of the most effective ways of combating discrimination in the matter of political rights is through educational efforts on an international scale,

Considering that the triennial reporting procedure of the Commission on Human Rights provides a suitable framework within which Governments can report progress achieved and difficulties encountered in combating such discrimination,

Taking into account the important contribution made by the study submitted to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, at its fourteenth session,⁶⁶ by its Special Rapporteur,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Special Rapporteur, Mr. Hernan Santa Cruz, for his valuable study;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to print and circulate as widely as possible the study prepared by the Special Rapporteur;

3. *Urges* all States to continue and, if necessary, to intensify their educational efforts designed to eliminate all discrimination in the matter of political rights.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

D

STUDY OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PERSONS BORN OUT OF WEDLOCK

The Economic and Social Council

Approves the decision of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to undertake a study on discrimination against persons born out of wedlock and to appoint a special rapporteur to carry out this study.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

E

INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION TO ASSIST IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMATION MEDIA IN LESS DEVELOPED COUNTRIES

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling that General Assembly resolution 1313 A (XIII) of 12 December 1958 requested the Economic and Social Council to formulate a "programme of concrete action and measures on the international plane which could be undertaken for the development of information enterprises in under-developed countries, with an evalua-

tion of the material, financial and professional requirements and resources for the implementation of this programme",

Recalling that Council resolution 718 I (XXVII) of 24 April 1959 requested the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization to undertake a survey designed to provide the elements for the programme of concrete action desired by the General Assembly,

Noting with satisfaction the survey which has been carried out by means of a series of regional meetings in Asia, Africa and Latin America,

Expressing its concern that the survey discloses 70 per cent of the population of the world to be lacking in adequate information facilities and to be thus denied effective enjoyment of the right to information,

Considering that the information media have an important part to play in education and in economic and social progress generally and that new techniques of communication offer special opportunities for acceleration of the education process,

1. *Invites* the Governments concerned to include adequate provision in their economic plans for the development of national information media;

2. *Reiterates* the invitation contained in Council resolution 819 A (XXXI) of 28 April 1961 to the Technical Assistance Board, the Special Fund, the specialized agencies concerned, the regional economic commissions and other public and private agencies and institutions to assist, as appropriate, the less developed countries in developing and strengthening their national information media;

3. *Requests* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to continue to further the programme for development of information media including the application of new techniques of communication for achievement of rapid progress in education, to keep up to date as far as possible its survey on this subject and to report as appropriate to the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council;

4. *Transmits* to the General Assembly, in accordance with its request, the reports⁶⁷ on the survey carried out by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization as the basis of a programme of concrete action for development of the information media in less developed countries:

5. *Recommends* that the General Assembly:

(a) Take this programme into account in connexion with the United Nations Development Decade; and

(b) Invite the Governments of the more developed countries to co-operate with less developed countries with a view to meeting the urgent needs of the latter in connexion with this programme for the development of independent national information media, with due regard for the culture of each country.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

⁶⁶E/CN.4/Sub.2/213.

⁶⁷Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-first Session, Annexes, agenda item 10, document E/3437/Add.1; E/CN.4/820 and Add.1 and 2.

F

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEES ON HUMAN RIGHTS

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling resolutions 9 (II) and 772 B (XXX), of 21 June 1946 and 25 July 1960 respectively, concerning national and local advisory committees on human rights,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General,⁶⁸

1. *Expresses its satisfaction* at the fact that a number of Governments have submitted reports on the activities of national advisory committees on human rights and of similar bodies;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit his report, as also any information which may reach him at a later date, to the Governments of all States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies;

3. *Invites again* the said Governments to favour, in the light of conditions in their countries, the formation of the bodies referred to in Council resolution 772 B (XXX) and to encourage the activities of those already in existence: such bodies could, for example, study questions relating to human rights, consider the situation as it exists nationally, offer advice to the Government and assist in the formation of a public opinion in favour of respect for human rights.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

G

GUIDE TO NATIONAL LEGAL INSTITUTIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR THE PROTECTION OR PROMOTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The Economic and Social Council,

Recognizing that the experience of nations in the protection or promotion of human rights may be profitably shared,

Recognizing that the preparation of a guide to national legal institutions and procedures for the protection or promotion of human rights would be useful,

Requests the Secretary-General to prepare and publish, in instalments if necessary, a guide to national legal institutions and procedures for the protection or promotion of human rights.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

889 (XXXIV). Advisory services in the field of human rights

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling that the General Assembly by resolution 926 (X) of 14 December 1955 authorized the Secretary-General to provide advisory services in human rights in the form of experts, fellowships and seminars,

Considering it essential that the practice of regional

seminars should be continued, since the value of these seminars is now widely acknowledged,

Noting with satisfaction that at its sixteenth session the General Assembly increased the resources for the programme to permit the provision of a number of fellowships each year in addition to the seminars,

Noting the report of the Secretary-General to the Council at its thirty-fourth session on advisory services in the field of human rights,⁶⁹

Noting further the successful beginning of the human rights fellowship programme and the interest which Governments have shown in fellowships since the General Assembly increased the resources for the programme,

Believing that the programme of advisory services is an important means towards achieving progress in the field of human rights, and that such progress will make a significant contribution to the United Nations Development Decade,

Expresses the hope that the General Assembly, at its seventeenth session, will give favourable consideration to the question of expanding the programme of advisory services in the field of human rights and will consider in particular the question of awarding an additional number of fellowships.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

890 (XXXIV). Implementation of the Supplementary Convention of 1956 on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices resembling Slavery

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 772 D (XXX) of 25 July 1960 and 826 E (XXXII) of 27 July 1961 on slavery,

Having reviewed the situation with regard to the participation of States in the International Slavery Convention of 1926 and the Supplementary Slavery Convention of 1956,

Noting that despite the appeal made in the above-mentioned resolutions, forty-eight States Members of the United Nations or of a specialized agency have not yet become parties to the International Slavery Convention of 1926, and seventy-one have not yet become parties to the Supplementary Convention of 1956,

1. *Recommends* that the General Assembly adopt, at its seventeenth session, the following draft resolution:

“ *The General Assembly,*

“ *Recalling* article 4 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which states: ‘ No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade shall be prohibited in all their forms ’,

“ *Believing* that slavery, the slave trade and all institutions and practices similar to slavery should be abolished,

⁶⁸ E/CN.4/828 and Add.1.

⁶⁹ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 20, document E/3634 and Add.1.*

"*Believing further* that the participation of all States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies in, and the full implementation by them of, the International Slavery Convention of 1926 and the Supplementary Convention of 1956 on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices similar to Slavery would constitute an important advance towards the achievement of this end,

"*Noting* that as yet forty-eight States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies are not parties to the Convention of 1926, and seventy-one are not parties to the Supplementary Convention of 1956,

"1. *Calls* on those States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies which have not yet become parties to these conventions to do so;

"2. *Urges* all States parties to the conventions to co-operate fully in carrying out their terms, in particular by furnishing to the Secretary-General, if they have not already done so, the information called for under article 8 (2) of the Supplementary Convention of 1956."

2. *Decides* to consider the question of slavery further at its thirty-sixth session.

*1231st plenary meeting,
24 July 1962.*

QUESTIONS RELATING TO SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

910 (XXXIV). Main trends of inquiry in the field of the natural sciences, the dissemination of scientific knowledge and the application of such knowledge for peaceful ends

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the sections of the reports of the specialized agencies dealing, pursuant to the provisions of its resolution 829 (XXXII) of 1 August 1961, with the implementation of the recommendations of the survey, *Current Trends in Scientific Research*,⁷⁰

Considering the importance of the progress of science and technology for the economic development and the welfare of mankind, in particular in the less developed areas, and the growing interest taken in these matters by the various organs of the United Nations and of its related agencies,

Considering the importance and complexity of the problem of the centralization and exchange of information on research work in progress or contemplated,

1. *Expresses its satisfaction* to the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency which, at the Council's request, have examined what has already been achieved and the possibilities for action under the survey's recommendations;

2. *Requests* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to submit to the Council, at its thirty-eighth session, detailed observations on the nature and extent of the problem presented by the centralization and exchange of information on research work in progress or contemplated in accordance with the recommendation of the survey;

3. *Expresses the wish* that the means made available to the International Brain Research Organization should be concentrated in order to promote a co-ordinated international research effort in this field;

4. *Notes with satisfaction* the establishment of an international non-governmental organ for cell research and expresses the hope that this will contribute to the implementation of the special recommendation on molecular biology;

5. *Considers* that, following the work resulting from the United Nations Conference on New Sources of Energy, research on the conversion and storage of energy should be intensified;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit, in co-operation with the organizations concerned and not later than at the fortieth session, a study on the measures proposed for the implementation of the survey's recommendation concerning the conservation and amelioration of natural environments and on national and international research into pollution of every kind and measures for its control;

7. *Requests* the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to keep it informed, within the framework of its annual report to the Council, of the activities of the Research Organization Unit set up in 1961 to advise Governments, at their request, on scientific policy;

8. *Requests* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to submit to the Council, if possible at its thirty-sixth session, its comments on the effect which the problems arising out of the evolution of science and technology as related to economic and social progress are having on the administrative structures of the various agencies of the United Nations system;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to study in collaboration with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the other specialized agencies concerned and the International Atomic Energy Agency, what steps should be taken with a view to bringing the survey periodically up to date and facilitating the issuing of a new edition within a reasonable time, and to present, if possible, to the thirty-sixth session of the Council his observations on this matter.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

⁷⁰ Published by the United Nations, New York, and by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Paris, 1961.

911 (XXXIV). Co-ordination of the results of scientific research

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 804 (XXX) of 3 August 1960, concerning the need for fuller knowledge of the organization and functioning of scientific abstracting services,

Convinced that the improvements of scientific and technical documentation at the national and regional levels and the further development of international exchanges in these fields are important to the international community,

Having received with appreciation the report prepared by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in pursuance of the above-mentioned resolution,⁷¹

1. *Decides* to defer consideration of this report until the thirty-sixth session of the Council, in order to allow sufficient time for a full study of its contents;

2. *Requests* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination, if it so desires, to submit to the Council comments on the report;

3. *Recommends* that in the meantime the report be brought to the attention of all Governments participating in the United Nations Conference on the Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of the Less Developed Areas.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

912 (XXXIV). International co-operation in the field of seismological research

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 767 (XXX) of 8 July 1960,

Having received the report⁷² on seismology and earthquake engineering prepared by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, in collaboration with the United Nations and the World Meteorological Organization,

1. *Takes note with appreciation* of the above-mentioned report;

2. *Draws the attention* of Member States to the recommendations contained in the above report concerning the improvement of seismological observations, the analysis of seismological data, seismic and seismo-tectonic mapping, codes and regulations for the design of earthquake-resistant structures, tsunami warning systems, and relief measures;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General and invites the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the World Meteorological Organization and other agencies concerned to continue to promote actively international co-operation in the study of the origin and mechanism of earthquakes and to improve the protective measures

which can be taken against earthquakes as well as the remedial measures designed to repair damage caused by them.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

913 (XXXIV). International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the First Report on the Advancement of Atmospheric Sciences and their Application in the Light of Developments in Outer Space⁷³ prepared by the World Meteorological Organization in response to General Assembly resolution 1721 C (XVI) of 20 December 1961,

Noting that the report discloses the advances in the science of meteorology and its applications which would follow the development of a co-ordinated international meteorological satellite programme,

Having considered also the First Report on Telecommunication and the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space⁷⁴ prepared by the International Telecommunication Union in response to General Assembly resolution 1721 D (XVI),

Noting that recent developments have shown the substantial possibilities in this field through the use of orbiting space vehicles,

Noting that the Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space is scheduled to meet in the near future, to consider and make recommendations on the reports of the World Meteorological Organization and the International Telecommunication Union,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the responsible organs of both organizations for their forward-looking approaches to the advancement of atmospheric sciences and to the possibilities of the utilization of space for communications purposes;

2. *Considers* that the various suggestions for further action contained in these reports merit careful and sympathetic study;

3. *Notes with approval* that both organizations will continue to consider and keep under close review future activities in their respective fields pertaining to outer space;

4. *Requests* the World Meteorological Organization and the International Telecommunication Union, in co-operation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the International Council of Scientific Unions, to take steps to develop and plan such educational and training programmes on space meteorological and telecommunication techniques as may be necessary, in response to General Assembly resolutions 1721 C (XVI) and 1721 D (XVI);

⁷¹ E/3618.

⁷² *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 14 (c), document E/3617 and Add.1.*

⁷³ Secretariat of the World Meteorological Organization, Geneva, transmitted to the Economic and Social Council by document E/3662.

⁷⁴ International Telecommunication Union, Geneva, 1962, transmitted to the Council by document E/3645.

5. Urges all Member States to give all possible assistance to these organizations in these fields;

6. Transmits the reports of the World Meteorological Organization and the International Telecommunication Union to the General Assembly at its seventeenth session

in accordance with the terms of resolution 1721 C (XVI) and 1721 D (XVI).

1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.

QUESTIONS RELATING TO THE DEVELOPMENT, CO-ORDINATION AND CONCENTRATION OF THE ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND HUMAN RIGHTS PROGRAMMES AND ACTIVITIES OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AS A WHOLE

904 (XXXIV). Reports of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the annual reports of the specialized agencies⁷⁵ and the International Atomic Energy Agency,⁷⁶

Takes note with appreciation of the annual reports of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.

905 (XXXIV). African educational development

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 837 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961 on African educational development, urging co-ordinated action of the United Nations organs in aiding African countries in their educational development plans and programmes,

⁷⁵ International Labour Office: *Activities of the ILO in 1961 — Report of the Director-General (Part II) to the International Labour Conference, forty-sixth session, 1962 — Sixteenth Report of the International Labour Organisation to the United Nations* (Geneva, 1962); and annex to the sixteenth report of the International Labour Organization to the United Nations. "Report by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to the Economic and Social Council at its thirty-fourth session (1962)"; provisional report of the eleventh session of the Conference of FAO; *Resolutions approved by the eleventh session of the FAO Conference*; The Work of FAO 1960-1961. "Report of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization"; supplement to the report of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization: *Final Report of the Meeting of the Ministers of Education of African Countries participating in the Implementation of the Addis Ababa Plan* (UNESCO/ED/191); World Health Organization: *The Work of WHO in 1961 — Annual Report of the Director-General to the World Health Assembly and to the United Nations*; *Official Records of the World Health Organization* No. 114, Geneva, March 1962; Report of the World Health Organization: Supplementary Report (E/3611/Add.1); Supplementary Report (E/3611/Add.2); International Civil Aviation Organization: *Annual Report of the Council to the Assembly for 1961* (doc. 8219 A14-P/4); Supplementary Report of the Council to the Assembly on the activities of the Organization, 1 January—31 May 1962 (doc. 8219 A14-P/4-supplement); Universal Postal Union: "Report on the Work of the Union, 1961" (Berne); General Secretariat of the International Telecommunication Union: *Report on the Activities of the International Telecommunication Union in 1961* (Geneva, 1962); *Annual Report of the World Meteorological Organization, 1961* (WMO No. 115.RP.47) (Geneva 1962); "Annual Report of the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization, 1962".

⁷⁶ *Annual Report by the International Atomic Energy Agency to the Economic and Social Council for 1961-1962 and Corrigendum.*

Noting resolution 1717 (XVI) of 19 December 1961 of the General Assembly which, having considered the plan for African educational development,⁷⁷ invited States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies to contribute financial and technical assistance to African countries to meet the deficits calculated in the Addis Ababa plan for the years 1961 to 1965,

Having received the report of the meeting of ministers of education of African countries participating in the execution of the Addis Ababa plan⁷⁸ organized by the United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization in co-operation with the Economic Commission for Africa from 26 to 30 March 1962,

Noting with satisfaction the commendable efforts of the ministers of education of the African countries to ensure the implementation of the co-ordinated programme of educational development established for 1962-1963,

Noting with appreciation the comments and decisions of the Executive Board of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization on the above-mentioned report,⁷⁸

1. Expresses the hope that African countries will take appropriate action to continue to render possible the implementation of the co-ordinated programme;

2. Invites the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, in co-operation with the Economic Commission for Africa and the other organs of the United Nations; including the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Special Fund, the United Nations Children's Fund, and the International Development Association, to continue and expand their aid to the African countries, on the basis of their requests and in accordance with the co-ordinated priority programme for the years 1962-1963, established by the meeting;

3. Calls the attention of the General Assembly:

(a) To the additional financial needs of the thirty-three countries to meet their deficits under the Addis Ababa plan for the years 1962-1963;

(b) To the decision to establish the permanent conference of ministers of education, with the assistance of the secretariats of the United Nations Educational,

⁷⁷ UNESCO/ED/180.

⁷⁸ UNESCO/ED/191. Transmitted to the Council in document E/3621/Add.1.

Scientific and Cultural Organization and the Economic Commission for Africa, as a means of continuing review and implementation of the Addis Ababa Plan, and of harmonizing all sources of external assistance available to African countries for their harmonious, effective and accelerated educational development.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

906 (XXXIV). Education and training

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 797 (XXX) of 3 August 1960 and 838 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961,

Having considered the twenty-sixth report of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination⁷⁹ and the report of the ad hoc Working Group on Co-ordination,⁸⁰

Being convinced of the paramount importance of human resources in the process of economic and social development and of the urgent and special need to assist in mobilizing those resources for the benefit of the developing countries,

Believing that in this process education and training, both general and specialized and at various levels, are of vital importance,

Believing also that the widening of man's horizons through education and training is not only a prerequisite for development, but among its major objectives,

Recognizing that the United Nations and its related agencies are making an increasingly important contribution in this field,

Believing that a thoroughly co-ordinated and co-operative approach is essential if available resources are to have the maximum impact,

Having noted the comments of the ad hoc Working Group on Co-ordination regarding problems of co-ordination in the sphere of agricultural education and training,⁸¹

1. Welcomes the continuing recognition by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination in its twenty-sixth report of the need for the fullest possible co-ordination, integration and harmonization of the activities and policies of the various organizations of the United Nations system in the field of education and training;

2. Requests the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to continue to promote these objectives and also to continue to work towards programmes of concerted action in the field of education and training in the various regions;

3. Emphasizes the special importance of education and training in attaining the objectives of the United Nations Development Decade;

4. Concurs with and draws to the attention of States Members of the United Nations, members of the specialized agencies and of the International Atomic Energy

Agency the suggestions made by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination and the ad hoc Working Group on Co-ordination, inter alia, that:

(a) Projects in the field of education and training are most rewarding when set in the context of a country's development plan;

(b) In this connexion manpower surveys, where necessary, are an important safeguard against the waste of scarce resources; and

(c) There is a need in certain regions to give greater priority than in the past to secondary education;

5. Requests the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to include in its report to the Council at its thirty-sixth session a section on the progress made in pursuing the above-mentioned objectives and to refer therein to problems of co-ordination in the field of agricultural education and training.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

907 (XXXIV). Public administration and the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel

The Economic and Social Council,

Having examined the report of the Secretary-General on programmes in the field of public administration in the United Nations and specialized agencies,⁸²

Convinced that solid administrative structures and sound public administration are essential prerequisites for the progress of the developing countries,

Considering the serious shortages of trained public administrators in most of the newly emerging states,

Recognizing that the United Nations and its related agencies have specific responsibilities for assistance in the promotion of effective public administration in their respective fields,

Recognizing further the interrelationships between the various sectors of public administration and the consequent need for closely co-ordinated and, as appropriate, joint action on the part of all the United Nations organizations involved,

1. Notes with appreciation the report of the Secretary-General⁸² as a valuable contribution to the elaboration of comprehensive programmes of assistance in the field of public administration;

2. Emphasizes the need for assistance in the development of national civil service systems which will attract and retain competent personnel for public service and permit them to function to the best advantage;

3. Urges that every effort be made to provide enlarged facilities for the training of key administrative personnel required in the developing countries, including:

(a) Establishment in national and regional development plans of targets for the provision of qualified administrators;

(b) Provision of fellowships for training abroad and of opportunities for in-service training in the developing

⁷⁹ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 3, document E/3625 and Add.1.

⁸⁰ Ibid. E/3647.

⁸¹ Ibid., para. 13.

⁸² Ibid., document E/3630.

countries, in the developed countries and in international organizations;

(c) Organization of training courses and seminars on public administration in the developing countries and assistance in the organization and establishment of courses and schools of public administration in existing or contemplated institutions of higher learning in the developing regions; and

(d) Special emphasis on training in public administration in the regional development institutes established or planned by the regional economic commissions;

4. *Notes with appreciation* the progress made in providing, on an interim basis, trained administrators for the developing countries through the programme for the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel, while recognizing that further steps will be required to make the programme more fully responsive to existing needs;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to seek agreement among the related agencies that in furnishing operational personnel they will adhere to the following basic conditions:

(a) That the terms and conditions of employment, in so far as possible, be made identical with the rules applied in the programme for the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel;

(b) That an essential element should be the training of counterpart personnel with the aim that they replace as soon as possible personnel sponsored by the United Nations or related agencies;

(c) That the related agencies, in consultation with the United Nations, define the professional specialist and technical types of post which they intend to fill directly;

6. *Draws the attention* of the Secretary-General and the executive heads of the related agencies:

(a) To the importance of closely co-ordinating the planning and implementation of their assistance in this field to the developing countries;

(b) To the desirability of considering in the development of their programmes such problems as:

- (i) Legal and administrative relations between State and autonomous institutions,
- (ii) Structures and technical procedures of the central agencies designed to perform economic and social planning, and
- (iii) Decentralization, operating functions of ministries and departments including field offices, and areas of efficient district administration in selected functions;

7. *Invites* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to report to the Council at its thirty-sixth session on the progress achieved in co-ordinating the activities and plans of the United Nations and related agencies in this field and, in particular, to explore difficulties encountered in the development of more fully effective programmes for the provision of operational and executive personnel and to formulate, as it deems necessary, recommendations to the Council for further action on this subject.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

908 (XXXIV). Evaluation of programmes

The Economic and Social Council,

Desiring to ensure that optimum use is made of the limited resources of the United Nations and its related agencies,

Reaffirming the importance it attaches to systematic and objective evaluation of the impact and effectiveness of programmes undertaken by the United Nations as well as the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency directed towards the advancement of economic and social progress of the developing countries,

Being determined that all the programmes of the United Nations system of organizations be organized in such a way as to achieve the maximum impact particularly as they relate to development assistance in the developing countries,

1. *Notes* that the Technical Assistance Committee has requested "the Executive Chairman of the Technical Assistance Board to consider possible improved methods for helping the Committee evaluate the work of the programmes in recipient countries and to present a report on this subject";⁸³

2. *Recognizes* that the present arrangements for the evaluation of the impact and effectiveness of the programmes are inadequate;

3. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General and the executive heads of all specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency to give particular attention to the matter of continuous effective evaluation of the programmes;

4. *Requests* the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to consider, and to present to the Council at its thirty-sixth session, proposals for carrying out on a continuing basis, in close co-operation with Member States in which the programmes operate, comprehensive evaluations of the programmes of the United Nations system of organizations in terms of performance and results achieved.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

909 (XXXIV). Concentration of activities, rationalization of conference schedules, and co-ordination of survey missions

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the *ad hoc* Working Group on Co-ordination,⁸⁴ the report of the Secretary-General entitled "Observations on the United Nations work programme in the economic, social and human rights fields"⁸⁵ and the reports of the specialized agen-

⁸³ *Ibid.*, agenda item 13, document E/3680, annex III.

⁸⁴ *Ibid.*, agenda item 3, document E/3647.

⁸⁵ *Ibid.*, E/3657.

cies ⁸⁶ and the International Atomic Energy Agency; ⁸⁷

I

Noting that these reports indicate that further efforts are required by the United Nations and its related agencies to achieve greater concentration of activities in the economic, social and human rights fields,

Noting further that, not only should duplication of activities and conflicts of policy be eliminated, but also activities should be coherently related and resources concentrated so far as possible on areas in which the needs and opportunities for international action are greatest,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in preparing his observations on the United Nations work programme for the Council at its thirty-sixth session to review the studies and reports which are included in the work programme of the United Nations, with a view to making recommendations as to which, in the interests of concentration of effort and priority use of the limited resources, might be eliminated, postponed or consolidated;

2. *Requests* the subsidiary bodies of the Council to bear in mind, in considering requests for new studies or reports, the continuing necessity that these be concentrated on areas of the work in which the needs and opportunities for international action are greatest;

3. *Calls* to the attention of Member States the importance of Governments' co-operating with the Secretary-General, the subsidiary bodies of the Council and the Council itself, in promoting concentration of activities and resources;

4. *Invites* the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency and requests the subsidiary

bodies of the Council to continue regularly to review their programmes and activities with a view to concentrating on activities of high priority, and to eliminating "fringe projects" of limited value and effectiveness;

II

Noting the increasing number of international conferences and other meetings, including the growing number of such conferences called by the United Nations, the regional economic commissions, the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency,

Recognizing the heavy burden this places on Member States and on the secretariats,

Noting with satisfaction the tendency for agencies to co-operate in the preparation and servicing of meetings and to convene joint meetings at the expert level,

Noting further that there is scope for a more systematic and sustained attempt to co-ordinate the schedules of conferences and meetings on an inter-agency basis,

Requests the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to study the question and,

(a) To take such steps as may be necessary to facilitate the co-ordination of conferences and meetings of the organizations for 1963-1964, and

(b) To suggest to the Council, at its thirty-sixth session, means whereby the schedules of conferences and meetings of the United Nations and its related agencies may be simplified and systematically co-ordinated on a continuing basis;

III

Recalling the comments contained in the Annex to its resolutions 837 (XXXII) to 844 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961, with respect to the co-ordination of survey missions,

Noting that the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination has agreed that existing arrangements for consultation and co-ordination regarding such missions need strengthening in certain respects and is taking steps to this end,

Noting also that the *ad hoc* Committee of Eight has made a recommendation on this subject,⁸⁸

1. *Urges* participating organizations, including the United Nations Children's Fund, in any survey mission which, at the request of the Government concerned, they may contemplate or organize, to continue as appropriate, to seek the co-operation and participation of other interested agencies, and to utilize to the fullest extent possible the services of the resident representatives;

2. *Calls attention* to the important and positive role which the resident representatives, where established, can play in the planning of and assistance to these missions;

3. *Invites* these organizations, with the consent of the Government or Governments concerned in the case of restricted reports,

(a) To transmit to all interested agencies and to the resident representative copies of the reports of any survey missions undertaken; and

⁸⁶ International Labour Office: *Activities of the ILO in 1961 — Report of the Director-General (Part II) to the International Labour Conference, forty-sixth session, 1962 — Sixteenth Report of the International Labour Organisation to the United Nations* (Geneva, 1962); and Annex to the sixteenth report of the International Labour Organisation to the United Nations. "Report by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to the Economic and Social Council at its thirty-fourth session (1962)"; provisional report of the eleventh session of the Conference of FAO; *Resolutions approved by the eleventh session of the FAO Conference; The Work of FAO 1960-1961*. Report of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization; Supplement to the report of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization: *Final Report of the Meeting of the Ministers of Education of African Countries participating in the implementation of the Addis Ababa Plan* (UNESCO/ED/191). World Health Organization: *The Work of WHO in 1961 — Annual Report of the Director-General to the World Health Assembly and to the United Nations; Official Records of the World Health Organization* No. 114, Geneva, March 1962; Report of the World Health Organization: Supplementary Report (E/3611/Add.1); Supplementary Report (E/3611/Add.2). International Civil Aviation Organization: *Annual Report of the Council to the Assembly for 1961* (doc. 8219 A14-P/4); Supplementary Report of the Council to the Assembly on the activities of the Organization, 1 January - 31 May 1962 (doc. 8219 A14-P/4 — supplement). Universal Postal Union: "Report on the Work of the Union, 1961" (Berne). General Secretariat of the International Telecommunication Union: *Report on the Activities of the International Telecommunication Union in 1961* (Geneva 1962). *Annual Report of the World Meteorological Organization, 1961* (WMO No. 115.RP.47) (Geneva, 1962). "Annual Report of the Intergovernmental Maritime Consultative Organization, 1962".

⁸⁷ *Annual Report by the International Atomic Energy Agency to the Economic and Social Council for 1961-1962 and Corrigendum*.

⁸⁸ *Ibid.*, item 13, E/3639, para. 81.

(b) To transmit to the resident representative copies of reports of any relevant previous surveys which are readily available.

*1235th plenary meeting,
2 August 1962.*

920 (XXXIV). Special Committee on co-ordination with particular emphasis on the United Nations Development Decade

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 1710 (XVI) of 19 December 1961,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General *The United Nations Development Decade — Proposals for Action*,⁸⁹

Recognizing that the United Nations Development Decade requires, for the fulfilment of its goals, concerted action within the United Nations family of organizations in the economic, social and human rights and related fields, in the United Nations Development Decade,

Believing that co-ordination of the activities of the United Nations and its related agencies would be facilitated if efforts were further concentrated upon selected areas of strategic importance where the opportunities and needs for United Nations efforts are most apparent,

Believing further that the work of its *ad hoc* Working Group on Co-ordination established by its resolution 798 (XXX) of 3 August 1960 has greatly facilitated the discussion of co-ordination matters by the Council,

1. *Decides* to establish a special committee consisting of representatives of eleven States members of the Council or the Technical Assistance Committee — to be elected annually at its resumed summer session on the basis of equitable geographical distribution — who should be conversant with the programmes and activities of the United Nations in the economic, social, human rights and

related fields, and of the related agencies, as well as with the practice and procedures of co-ordination among these organizations;

2. *Decides further* that this special committee shall have the following functions:

(a) (i) To keep under review the activities of the United Nations and its related agencies in the economic, social, human rights and related fields in the United Nations Development Decade;

(ii) To consider, wherever appropriate, in consultation with the agencies concerned, priority areas or projects relating to the objectives of the United Nations Development Decade in accordance with its resolution 916 (XXXIV) of 3 August 1962;

(iii) To submit recommendations on these matters to the Council;

(b) To assume the functions of the *ad hoc* Working Group on Co-ordination as follows:

(i) To study the reports of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination, appropriate reports of the United Nations organs, the annual reports of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency and other relevant documents;

(ii) To submit its conclusions to the Council, for consideration, in the form of a concise statement of the issues and problems in the field of co-ordination arising from these documents which call for special attention by the Council;

3. *Requests* the Committee, in fulfilling its task under paragraph 2 (a) above, to take into account any special observations which the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination may deem it appropriate to submit;

4. *Further requests* the Committee to take into account the activities of the *ad hoc* Committee of Ten on co-ordination of technical assistance activities;

5. *Decides* to convene the Special Committee in the first instance in February 1963.

*1236th plenary meeting,
3 August 1962.*

⁸⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No.: 62.II.B.2, and documents E/3613/Add.1, 2 and 3.

Annex

The Council decided to annex to the above resolutions the following extract from the report of the Co-ordination Committee.⁹⁰

(a) Rural development

The Committee endorses the findings of the *ad hoc* Working Group on Co-ordination⁹¹ that greater efforts are required towards integrating existing arrangements for inter-agency co-operation and co-ordination in a concerted attack on the problems of improving living and working conditions in rural areas. It welcomes the assurance of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination that it will devote increased attention to these problems and looks forward to the report on the results achieved. The Committee furthermore points out that there is a clear interrelationship between problems of rural development and of urbanization, which in

turn is fostered by industrialization. The Committee considers that, in the development of more effective programmes for sound rural and urban development, special attention will have to be paid to these interrelationships.

(b) Housing and urbanization

The Committee endorses the view of the *ad hoc* Working Group on Co-ordination that housing and urbanization activities should be fully integrated with programmes of industrial and rural development, as envisaged in Council resolution 841 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961, and that there is a need for close co-operation with the Social Commission, particularly with respect to the measures recommended in its last report⁹² for promoting co-ordination between industrial and social development. It expresses the hope that the pro-

⁹⁰ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes*, agenda item 3, document E/3686.

⁹¹ *Ibid.*, document E/3647.

⁹² *Ibid.*, Supplement No. 12 (E/3636/Rev.1).

posed Committee on Housing, Building and Planning, in co-operation with the agencies concerned, will further a concerted action programme in this important field to the benefit of the developing countries, paying due regard to the technical, financial, health, social and human aspects of housing and urbanization.

(c) *Public information*

The Committee took note with satisfaction of the plan for establishing an Economic and Social Information Unit within the United Nations Office of Public Information, the aim of which will be to provide intensive, continuing and co-ordinated information throughout the world on economic and social activities in which the United Nations family is engaged. It is believed that this will serve to bring more forcibly to the attention of all peoples the

achievements of the United Nations and its related agencies in these fields. The Committee recognizes the need for close co-operation between this unit and the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency,⁹³ as stressed in the report of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination and expresses the hope that the United Nations family as a whole will actively participate in the work of this unit both at the planning and at the executive levels. The Co-ordination Committee hopes the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination will continue to include in its reports from time to time matters of interest to the Council in this important realm of activity.

⁹³ *Ibid.*, *Annexes*, agenda item 3, document E/3625 and Add.1, para. 178.

OTHER QUESTIONS

892 (XXXIV). The Dag Hammarskjöld Foundation

The Economic and Social Council

Recommends that the General Assembly consider at its seventeenth session the adoption of the following draft resolution:

"The General Assembly,

"Recalling its unanimous decision in its resolution 1625 (XVI) of 16 October 1961, in naming the United Nations library, at its dedication, 'The Dag Hammarskjöld Library' in tribute to the memory of the late Secretary-General,

"1. Notes with satisfaction the initiatives taken by Members of the United Nations in establishing and supporting the Dag Hammarskjöld Foundation as a living memorial devoted primarily to furthering his efforts to promote the objectives of the United Nations in the training of citizens of developing countries to hold responsible posts;

"2. Notes further that the Foundation and the national committees organized to support its efforts will, in honour of the late Dag Hammarskjöld, carry out such projects as conform with the general aims and policies of the United Nations."

*1232nd plenary meeting,
26 July 1962.*

OTHER DECISIONS TAKEN BY THE COUNCIL DURING ITS THIRTY-FOURTH SESSION

Election of members of the Permanent Central Opium Board

At its 1236th meeting, on 3 August 1962, the Council elected the following eight persons members of the Permanent Central Opium Board for the five-year period beginning on 3 March 1963:

Sir Harry Greenfield (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland)
Professor George Joachimoglu (Greece)
Mr. E. S. Krishnamoorthy (India)
Mr. Vladimir Kusevic (Yugoslavia)
Professor Décio Parreiras (Brazil)
Professor Paul Reuter (France)
Dr. Amin Ismail Shehab (United Arab Republic)
Dr. Leon Steinig (United States of America)

Postponement of consideration of an agenda item

At its 1236th meeting, on 3 August 1962, the Council decided to postpone, until its resumed thirty-fourth session, discussion on the part of item 10 of its agenda dealing with the draft resolutions I, III and IV contained in the Annual Report ⁹⁴ of the Economic Commission for Africa, as well as the other proposals before it on this subject.⁹⁵

Financial implications of actions of the Council

At its 1236th meeting, on 3 August 1962, the Council took note of the financial implications of the decisions ⁹⁶ taken at its thirty-fourth session.

Arrangements regarding the report of the Council to the General Assembly

At its 1236th meeting, on 3 August 1962, the Council agreed to the arrangements for the preparation of its report to the General Assembly as set out in a note by the Secretary-General.⁹⁷

⁹⁴ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth session, Supplement No. 10, E/3586, part IV.*

⁹⁵ E/L.971, E/L.972.

⁹⁶ E/3651, E/3663 and Add.1; *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 26, document E/3663/Add.2.*

⁹⁷ E/L.955.

CALENDAR OF CONFERENCES FOR 1963

At its 1236th meeting, on 3 August 1962, the Council approved the following calendar of conferences for 1963.

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL PROGRAMME (to be held at the Headquarters of the United Nations unless otherwise stated)

CONFERENCES OF SPECIALIZED AGENCIES AND OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY ⁹⁸

14 January - 1 February	<i>Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities</i>
(14 January - 21 January	Governing Council of the Special Fund ⁹⁹)
21 January - 1 February	Committee for Housing, Building and Planning
4 February - 15 February	<i>Ad hoc</i> Working Group established by Council resolution 875 (XXXIII)
4 February - 15 February	<i>Population Commission</i>
(4 February - 20 February	United Nations Conference on the Application of Science and Technology for the Benefit of Less Developed Areas ⁹⁹)
	(Geneva, Switzerland)
18 February - 1 March ¹⁰⁰	<i>Economic Commission for Africa</i>
	(Leopoldville, Congo)
25 February - 1 March	Special Committee on Co-ordination
1 March - 11 April	
4 March - 8 March	Council Committee on Non-governmental Organizations
5 March - 18 March	<i>Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East</i>
	(Manila, Philippines)
11 March - 20 March	<i>Ad hoc</i> committee established under resolution 851 (XXXII)
11 March - 29 March	<i>Commission on the Status of Women</i>
11 March - 5 April	<i>Commission on Human Rights</i>
	(Geneva, Switzerland)
March - April *	
2 April - 19 April	ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL (thirty-fifth session)
18 April - 4 May	<i>Economic Commission for Europe</i>
	(Geneva, Switzerland)
22 April - 26 April	Special working party of the commission on International Commodity Trade

UNIVERSAL POSTAL UNION
(New Delhi, India)

INTERNATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATION
UNION
(Geneva, Switzerland)

⁹⁸ The major annual conferences of the specialized agencies, the dates of which are established by the appropriate organs of the agencies themselves, are also shown. Where the biennial, quadrennial or quinquennial conferences of the agencies do not fall in 1963, the probable dates of the sessions of their governing bodies are indicated with an asterisk.

⁹⁹ Meetings in parentheses are shown for information only.

¹⁰⁰ A final decision on these dates will be taken later.

23 April - 26 April	Committee on Illicit Traffic in Narcotic Drugs (Geneva, Switzerland)	
24 April - 10 May	<i>Social Commission</i>	
29 April - 10 May	<i>Commission on International Commodity Trade</i>	
29 April - 17 May	<i>Commission on Narcotic Drugs</i> (Geneva, Switzerland)	
April or May ¹⁰⁰	<i>Economic Commission for Latin America</i> (Buenos Aires, Argentina)	
April - May		WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION (Geneva, Switzerland)
April - May *		UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (Paris, France)
(May	Governing Council of the Special Fund ⁹⁹)	
7 May - 24 May		WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (Geneva, Switzerland)
13 May - 24 May	Special Committee on Co-ordination	
13 May - 31 May	Committee for Industrial Development	
(May - June	TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL ⁹⁹)	
5 June -		INTERNATIONAL LABOUR ORGANISATION (Geneva, Switzerland)
(June	Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund ⁹⁹)	
17 June - 1 July	Technical Assistance Committee ¹⁰¹	
2 July - 2 August	ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL (thirty-sixth session) (Geneva, Switzerland)	
(August - September	International Conference on Travel and Tourism ⁹⁹) (Rome, Italy)	
September		INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY (Vienna, Austria)
September		INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR RECONSTRUCTION AND DEVELOPMENT (Washington, D.C.)
September		INTERNATIONAL FINANCE CORPORATION (Washington, D.C.)
September		INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION (Washington, D.C.)
(September - December	GENERAL ASSEMBLY) (Eighteenth session) ⁹⁹	
October		INTERGOVERNMENTAL MARITIME CONSULTATIVE ORGANIZATION (London, England)
October - December	ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL (resumed thirty-sixth session)	
November	Technical Assistance Committee	
November		FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION (Rome, Italy)
November/December *		UNITED NATIONS EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION (Paris, France)

¹⁰¹ A decision regarding the place of meeting was postponed until after the November 1962 meeting of the Technical Assistance Committee.

CHECK LIST OF RESOLUTIONS

NOTE. — The resolutions of the Economic and Social Council are numbered in the order of their adoption. This check list includes all the resolutions adopted by the Council during its thirty-fourth session.

<i>Resolution No.</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
879 (XXXIV)	Decentralization of the United Nations economic and social activities and strengthening of the regional economic commissions	10	6 July 1962	1
880 (XXXIV)	Annual report of the Economic Commission for Europe	10	6 July 1962	1
881 (XXXIV)	Annual report of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East	10	6 July 1962	1
882 (XXXIV)	Annual report of the Economic Commission for Latin America	10	6 July 1962	1
	Resolution A	10	6 July 1962	1
	Resolution B	11	10 July 1962	2
883 (XXXIV)	Report of the Statistical Commission			
884 (XXXIV)	Report of the Commission on the Status of Women	19	16 July 1962	18
	Resolution A — Report of the Commission	19	16 July 1962	18
	Resolution B — Equal pay for equal work	19	16 July 1962	18
	Resolution C — Access of girls and women to elementary education	19	16 July 1962	18
	Resolution D — Status of women in private law	19	16 July 1962	19
	I. Inheritance laws as they affect the status of women	19	16 July 1962	19
	II. Legal status of married women	19	16 July 1962	19
	Resolution E — United Nations assistance for the advancement of women in developing countries	19	16 July 1962	19
	Resolution F — Advisory services programme	19	16 July 1962	20
885 (XXXIV)	Natural resources. New sources of energy: solar energy, wind power, geothermal energy	9	24 July 1962	2
886 (XXXIV)	Petroleum resources	9	24 July 1962	2
887 (XXXIV)	Progress in land reform	17	24 July 1962	3
888 (XXXIV)	Report of the Commission on Human Rights	18	24 July 1962	21
	Resolution A—Report of the Commission	18	24 July 1962	21
	Resolution B—Periodic reports on human rights	18	24 July 1962	22
	Resolution C—Study of discrimination in the matter of political rights	18	24 July 1962	22
	Resolution D—Study of discrimination against persons born out of wedlock	18	24 July 1962	22
	Resolution E—International co-operation to assist in the development of information media in less developed countries	18	24 July 1962	22
	Resolution F—National advisory committees on human rights	18	24 July 1962	23
	Resolution G—Guide to national legal institutions and procedures for the protection or promotion of human rights	18	24 July 1962	23
889 (XXXIV)	Advisory services in the field of human rights	20	24 July 1962	23
890 (XXXIV)	Implementation of the Supplementary Convention of 1956 on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade and Institutions and Practices resembling Slavery	21	24 July 1962	23
891 (XXXIV)	Economic and social consequences of disarmament	5	26 July 1962	3
892 (XXXIV)	The Dag Hammarskjöld Foundation	31	26 July 1962	31
893 (XXXIV)	Strengthening of United Nations Advisory Services in the field of industrial development	7	26 July 1962	4
894 (XXXIV)	Reports of the Governing Council of the Special Fund	12	27 July 1962	4
895 (XXXIV)	Measures designed to promote among youth the ideals of peace, mutual respect and understanding between peoples	15	27 July 1962	13
896 (XXXIV)	Annual report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees	23	30 July 1962	13
897 (XXXIV)	Annual report of the Technical Assistance Board to the Technical Assistance Committee	13	2 August 1962	11
898 (XXXIV)	Trends in Technical Co-operation Programmes	13	2 August 1962	11

<i>Resolution No.</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
899 (XXXIV)	Report by the Secretary-General on the United Nations Programmes of Technical Assistance	13	2 August 1962	11
900 (XXXIV)	Report of the Ad Hoc Committee of Eight Established under Economic and Social Council resolution 851 (XXXII)			
	Resolution A	13	2 August 1962	11
	Resolution B	13	2 August 1962	12
901 (XXXIV)	Amendments to the legislation for the implementation of project programming in 1963-1964	13	2 August 1962	12
902 (XXXIV)	Participation of the Universal Postal Union in the Expanded Programme of Technical Assistance	13	2 August 1962	12
903 (XXXIV)	Report of the Social Commission			
	Resolution A — Report of the Commission	16	2 August 1962	13
	Resolution B — Planning for balanced economic and social development . .	16	2 August 1962	13
	Resolution C — Housing and urban development: Creation of a Committee on Housing, Building and Planning of the Economic and Social Council . .	16	2 August 1962	14
	Resolution D — Social services and development planning, with special reference to family, child and youth welfare	16	2 August 1962	15
	Resolution E — Strengthening of the work of the United Nations in the social field	16	2 August 1962	16
904 (XXXIV)	Reports of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency .	3	2 August 1962	26
905 (XXXIV)	African educational development	3	2 August 1962	26
906 (XXXIV)	Education and training	3	2 August 1962	27
907 (XXXIV)	Public Administration and the provision of operational, executive and administrative personnel	3	2 August 1962	27
908 (XXXIV)	Evaluation of programmes	3	2 August 1962	28
909 (XXXIV)	Concentration of activities, rationalization of conference schedules, and co-ordination of survey missions	3	2 August 1962	28
910 (XXXIV)	Main trends of inquiry in the field of the natural sciences, the dissemination of scientific knowledge and the application of such knowledge for peaceful ends . . .	14	2 August 1962	24
911 (XXXIV)	Co-ordination of the results of scientific research	14	2 August 1962	25
912 (XXXIV)	International co-operation in the field of seismological research	14	2 August 1962	25
913 (XXXIV)	International co-operation in the peaceful uses of outer space	14	2 August 1962	25
914 (XXXIV)	International control of narcotic drugs			
	Resolution A — Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs	22	3 August 1962	16
	Resolution B	22	3 August 1962	16
	Resolution C — The Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961 — Ratification and Accession	22	3 August 1962	17
	Resolution D — The Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961 — Preparations for the coming into force	22	3 August 1962	17
	Resolution E — Technical co-operation in narcotics control — Regional co-ordination in Latin America	22	3 August 1962	17
	Resolution F — Question of inviting the authorities entitled to appoint members of the Drug Supervisory Body to appoint persons who are also members of the Permanent Central Opium Board	22	3 August 1962	17
	Resolution G — Report of the Permanent Central Opium Board	22	3 August 1962	18
915 (XXXIV)	International commodity problems	8	3 August 1962	5
916 (XXXIV)	United Nations Development Decade	4	3 August 1962	6
917 (XXXIV)	United Nations Conference on Trade and Development	4	3 August 1962	7
918 (XXXIV)	Provision for safeguarding and promoting interests of children and youth	4	3 August 1962	8
919 (XXXIV)	Group of Experts on commodity and trade problems of developing countries . . .	4	3 August 1962	8
920 (XXXIV)	Special Committee on co-ordination with particular emphasis on the United Nations Development Decade	3	3 August 1962	30
921 (XXXIV)	United Nations capital development fund	6	3 August 1962	9
922 (XXXIV)	Promotion of the flow of private capital	6	3 August 1962	9
923 (XXXIV)	Financing of economic development	6	3 August 1962	10
924 (XXXIV)	Work programme on long-term projections	2	3 August 1962	10
925 (XXXIV)	Attendance of the Swiss Confederation at the sessions of the Economic Commission for Africa	10	6 July 1962	2