

RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION FOR 1984

New York, 7-10 and 21 February and 16 March 1984

FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

New York, 1-25 May 1984

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

OFFICIAL RECORDS, 1984

SUPPLEMENT No. 1



UNITED NATIONS

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SUPPLEMENT No. 1



UNITED NATIONS

New York, 1985

NOTE

The resolutions and decisions of the Economic and Social Council are identified as follows:

Resolutions

Until 1977 (up to and including the resumed sixty-third session), the resolutions of the Economic and Social Council were numbered consecutively and were identified by an arabic numeral followed by an indication of the session in parentheses (for example: resolution 1733 (LIV), resolution 1915 (ORG-75), resolution 2046 (S-III), adopted at the fifty-fourth session, the organizational session for 1975 and the third special session, respectively). When several resolutions were adopted under the same number, each of them was identified by a capital letter (for example: resolution 1926 B (LVIII), resolutions 1954 A to D (LIX)). The last resolution so numbered is resolution 2130 (LXIII), of 14 December 1977.

Since 1978, as part of the new system adopted for symbols of Council documents, the resolutions have been numbered on a yearly basis and identified by two arabic numerals separated by an oblique stroke, the first numeral indicating the year, the second the number of the resolution in the annual series (for example: resolution 1978/36).

Decisions

Until 1973 (up to and including the resumed fifty-fifth session), the decisions of the Council were not numbered. From 1974 to 1977 (up to and including the resumed sixty-third session), the decisions were numbered consecutively and were identified by an

arabic numeral followed by an indication of the session in parentheses (for example: decision 64 (ORG-75), decision 78 (LVIII), adopted at the organizational session for 1975 and the fifty-eighth session, respectively). The last decision so numbered is decision 293 (LXIII), of 2 December 1977.

Since 1978, as part of the new system adopted for symbols of Council documents, the decisions have been numbered on a yearly basis and identified by two arabic numerals separated by an oblique stroke, the first numeral indicating the year, the second the number of the decision in the annual series (for example: decision 1978/41).

In 1984, the resolutions and decisions adopted by the Council are being published in two supplements to the *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984*, as follows:

Supplement No. 1 (organizational session for 1984 and first regular session of 1984);

Supplement No. 1A (second regular session of 1984).

On 10 November 1982 (57th plenary meeting), the Council decided to discontinue the practice of holding resumed second regular sessions as from 1983 (decision 1982/189).

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Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of capital letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

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AGENDA OF THE ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION FOR 1984

**Adopted by the Council at its 1st plenary meeting,
on 7 February 1984**

1. Election of the Bureau
2. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters
3. Basic programme of work of the Council for 1984 and 1985
4. Elections to subsidiary bodies of the Council and confirmation of representatives on the functional commissions and on the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
5. Provisional agenda for the first regular session of 1984 and organizational matters

AGENDA OF THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

**Adopted by the Council at its 5th plenary meeting,
on 1 May 1984**

1. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters
2. Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination
3. Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
4. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
5. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
6. Population questions
7. Non-governmental organizations
8. Cartography
9. International co-operation in tax matters
10. Human rights
11. Social development
12. Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace
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15. Consideration of the provisional agenda for the second regular session of 1984

RESOLUTIONS AND DECISIONS OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

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RESOLUTIONS

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<i>Resolution number</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Agenda item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
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DECISIONS

<i>Decision number</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Agenda item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
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<i>Decision number</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Agenda item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
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1984/114	International co-operation in tax matters (E/1984/SR.14)	9	16 May 1984	42
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1984/117	Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas (E/1984/SR.16)	1	21 May 1984	43
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<i>Decision number</i>	<i>Title</i>	<i>Agenda item</i>	<i>Date of adoption</i>	<i>Page</i>
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1984/144	Organization of the work of the Commission on Human Rights (E/1984/91) ..	10	24 May 1984	47
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RESOLUTIONS

ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION FOR 1984

1984/1. Review of the functioning of the Joint Meetings of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its decision 1983/173 of 28 July 1983, by which it decided to review, at its organizational session for 1984, the functioning of the Joint Meetings of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination,

Having considered the comments made in this regard by the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination,¹

Having considered also, in accordance with the request made by the General Assembly in its resolution 38/227 B of 20 December 1983, the question of and application of paragraph 12 of General Assembly resolution 31/93 of 14 December 1976,

1. *Decides* that the Joint Meetings of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the

Administrative Committee on Co-ordination shall be held at Geneva on 2 and 3 July 1984;

2. *Decides also* to review at its organizational session for 1985 the functioning of the Joint Meetings;

3. *Recommends* the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination to discuss at their next Joint Meetings the topic of the implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade with system-wide implications, and with special emphasis on Africa, by the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system;

4. *Endorses* the conclusions and recommendations of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination,² as approved by the General Assembly in its resolution 38/227 B;

5. *Decides* to recommend to the General Assembly the continuation of the current application of paragraph 12 of Assembly resolution 31/93.

*2nd plenary meeting
10 February 1984*

¹ See E/1984/L.12.

² A/38/38, Part I, paras. 92 to 94, and Part II, paras. 424 and 425.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

1984/2. Scheduling of the sessions of the Human Rights Committee established under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling paragraph 5 (g) of its decision 1984/101 of 10 February 1984,

Having heard the statement made by the President of the Economic and Social Council on 4 May 1984 regarding the outcome of his consultations with the Chairman of the Human Rights Committee on the question of the scheduling of the sessions of that Committee,³ and the views expressed by delegations on the matter,⁴

Decides to request the President of the Economic and Social Council to continue further his consultations with the Chairman of the Human Rights Committee and to report thereon to the Council at its organizational session for 1985.

*9th plenary meeting
8 May 1984*

³ See E/1984/SR.7.

⁴ See E/1984/SR.7 and 9.

1984/3. Measures to be taken following the cyclones and floods in Madagascar

The Economic and Social Council,

Having heard the statements made by the observer for Madagascar⁵ and the representative of the Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator⁵ concerning the four tropical cyclones and the floods which severely affected all parts of Madagascar in December 1983 and January and April 1984,

Recognizing that these climatic phenomena have resulted in loss of life and the destruction of several towns and have inflicted serious damage on the economic and social infrastructures and on the agricultural, stock-farming and agro-industrial sectors,

Taking into account the fact that those sectors are of fundamental importance to the economy of the country,

Recalling the resolutions of the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council on assistance

⁵ See E/1984/SR.11.

in cases of natural disaster, in which appeals have been made to the international community to give special attention to these phenomena,

Taking into account the fact that the provision of assistance to countries stricken by natural disasters is an expression of the international solidarity proclaimed in the Charter of the United Nations,

Noting the efforts made by the Government of Madagascar to relieve the suffering of the victims of the cyclones and floods,

Noting with satisfaction the emergency assistance provided by a number of States, international and regional organizations, specialized agencies and voluntary agencies,

1. *Expresses its profound sympathy* with the people and Government of Madagascar for the loss of life and the serious damage which the recent cyclones and floods have inflicted on the economy of the country;

2. *Urges* all States to participate or to continue to participate in relief operations and in the implementation of programmes for the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the areas affected by the cyclones and floods;

3. *Requests* international and regional organizations, specialized agencies and voluntary agencies, particularly those most directly concerned, to lend their support, within the framework of their respective programmes, to the efforts of the Secretary-General and the United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator to mobilize relief and assistance, and also to consider urgently the requests for assistance made by the Government of Madagascar during the phase of rehabilitation and reconstruction;

4. *Expresses the hope* that the United Nations Development Programme, the World Bank and all other international and regional financial institutions concerned will give sympathetic and urgent consideration to requests for assistance which the Government of Madagascar may submit under its rehabilitation, reconstruction and development programmes and with a view to improving the existing disaster warning and protection systems;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To send an inter-agency mission to Madagascar with a view to evaluating the damage, the priority needs of the country following the cyclones and floods and the medium-term and long-term impact of those disasters on the national economy, and to compiling the data relevant to the promotion of concerted international assistance;

(b) To transmit the report of the mission to the international community;

(c) To take the necessary action to help the Government prepare a reconstruction and recovery programme for the regions and sectors affected;

6. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to apprise the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1984 and to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session on the implementation of the present resolution.

*11th plenary meeting
11 May 1984*

1984/4. Work programme in the field of population

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 3344 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, in which the Assembly affirmed that the World Population Plan of Action⁶ was an instrument of the international community for the promotion of economic development, quality of life, human rights and fundamental freedoms within the broader context of the internationally adopted strategies for national and international progress,

Recalling also Council resolution 1981/28 of 6 May 1981 on the strengthening of actions concerned with the fulfilment of the World Population Plan of Action,

Reaffirming the role of the Population Commission in advising the Council on population questions, and noting with satisfaction the holding of the twenty-third session of the Population Commission in February and March 1985,

Taking note of the report of the Population Commission on its twenty-second session⁷ and the discussion contained therein on the progress of work and the work programme in the field of population,

Bearing in mind recommendations that may emanate from the International Conference on Population, 1984, for the further implementation of the World Population Plan of Action,

1. *Takes note with satisfaction* of the progress of work towards the implementation of the work programme for the biennium 1984-1985 and the medium-term plan for the period 1984-1989;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General:

(a) To continue vigorously the work on the monitoring of world population trends and policies and the work necessary for the review and appraisal of the World Population Plan of Action;

(b) To continue the work on world population trends and structure, paying attention to studies of fertility, mortality, internal and international migration, and particularly:

(i) To pursue vigorously the expansion of the data base for the measurement of the levels, trends, characteristics and demographic consequences of international migration;

(ii) To continue the work on patterns and factors of urbanization in relation to development, with special attention to internal migration;

(iii) To continue the work on the measurement and analysis of trends in mortality levels and differentials, the factors which affect them and their consequences; although special emphasis should be given to situations in developing countries, research related to developed countries should receive due recognition;

(iv) To complete a global assessment of nuptiality patterns and trends, making full use of the 1980 round of censuses;

⁶ *Report of the United Nations World Population Conference, Bucharest, 19-30 August 1974* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.75.XIII.3), chap. I.

⁷ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 2 (E/1984/12).*

- (v) To undertake in the medium term a major global assessment of age patterns of fertility, including a special study of adolescent fertility;
- (c) To continue the work on world demographic estimates and projections;
- (d) To continue work on the interrelations of population and development, paying due attention both to the implications of population trends for development and to the impact of social and economic change on demographic trends, with a view to promoting the integration of demographic factors in national and international development strategies and plans, and to expedite the preparation of manuals for the use of national planners on methods of incorporating demographic factors in development planning;
- (e) To continue the work undertaken by the United Nations Working Group on Comparative Analysis of World Fertility Survey Data, using all available data from the World Fertility Survey;
- (f) To continue the work on the population policy data bank in order to broaden the scope and analytic capacity of research on population policy formulation, implementation and evaluation;
- (g) To pursue research on the formulation, implementation and evaluation of all aspects of population policies, including mortality, fertility and the family, population distribution and international migration;
- (h) To continue work on the interrelationships between population, resources, environment and development;
- (i) To pursue and intensify the efforts of the international Population Information Network (POPIN) towards identifying and establishing better ways to improve the flow of population information;
- (j) To continue the United Nations programme of technical co-operation in the field of population for countries requesting such assistance, in close co-ordination with funding agencies, in particular the United Nations Fund for Population Activities, taking full account of experience gained through technical co-operation projects on population, and making necessary programme modifications in the light of the recommendations of the International Conference on Population, 1984;
- (k) To pursue the United Nations programme of training in population, giving appropriate support to the United Nations-sponsored regional and inter-regional demographic training and research centres, and assisting the further development of national training institutions, in order to provide interdisciplinary training in population, emphasizing specific policy-oriented training in and studies of population and development, and also to consider restoring the block grants for allocation for training fellowships;
- (l) To assist Governments, at their request, to exploit the full potential of population censuses and survey data by developing national capacities for demographic analysis and studies, including the further development and utilization of emerging computer software for demographic evaluation and analysis and preparation of total and sectoral popu-

lation projections as inputs to national development planning;

(m) To further assist Governments, at their request, in establishing or strengthening national institutions, such as population units and population committees, whose purpose is to co-ordinate all population activities, particularly those relating to development planning, to integrate population factors in national development and to assist Governments in the formulation, implementation, follow-up and evaluation of population policies and programmes;

(n) To effect the more timely publication of all population studies and projections and to promote a wide dissemination of those publications in order to provide Governments with information relevant for the formulation of policies;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in carrying out the programme set out in paragraph 2 above, to seek any further needed resources only from extra-budgetary contributions;

4. *Emphasizes* the importance of maintaining the effectiveness and efficiency of the global and regional population programmes and of continuing to strengthen co-ordination and collaboration among the Department of International Economic and Social Affairs, the Department of Technical Co-operation for Development, the regional commissions, the United Nations Fund for Population Activities and organizations of the United Nations system in the planning and execution of their population programmes, as well as the need for organizations of the United Nations system to strengthen collaboration and co-ordination with national research organizations.

*14th plenary meeting
16 May 1984*

1984/5. Emergency assistance to the drought victims in Ethiopia

The Economic and Social Council,

Having heard the statement made by the Commissioner for Relief and Rehabilitation of Ethiopia concerning the critical food situation in the drought-affected regions of Ethiopia,⁸

Deeply disturbed at the gravity of the food situation and the prospect of mass starvation as a result of the drought that has affected the entire country recently,

Aware that a lasting solution to the problem of drought and environmental degradation can best be reached through regional and subregional co-operation as envisaged for the East African subregion in General Assembly resolution 35/90 of 5 December 1980 and Economic and Social Council resolution 1983/46 of 28 July 1983,

Recognizing, however, that, as a result of the unprecedented drought affecting the entire country, an emergency situation has arisen which requires prompt attention,

Noting with appreciation the continued efforts made by the Office of the United Nations Disaster

⁸ See E/1984/SR.11.

Relief Co-ordinator, the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Food Programme and other organs and organizations of the United Nations system, as well as the invaluable support of non-governmental organizations,

Noting further that, despite the generous assistance offered to the Government of Ethiopia by Member States, organs and organizations of the United Nations system and voluntary agencies, enormous difficulties of relief and rehabilitation still persist,

1. *Takes note* of the statement made by the Commissioner for Relief and Rehabilitation of Ethiopia on the extremely critical food situation in the drought-affected regions of Ethiopia;

2. *Expresses its concern* at the difficulties that confront the Government of Ethiopia as a result of the unprecedented drought;

3. *Notes with appreciation* the response made thus far by the international community, organs and organizations of the United Nations system and voluntary agencies to assist the victims of the drought in Ethiopia;

4. *Appeals* to Governments of Member States, organs and organizations of the United Nations system, governmental and non-governmental organizations and all voluntary agencies to intensify and increase urgently their assistance to the Government of Ethiopia for emergency relief and rehabilitation for the victims of the drought, as well as for the recovery of the drought-affected areas of Ethiopia;

5. *Decides* to keep the matter under review.

*15th plenary meeting
17 May 1984*

1984/6. Emergency assistance to the drought victims in Djibouti

The Economic and Social Council,

Having heard the statement made by the representative of Djibouti on the distressing situation of the victims of the prolonged drought in that country,⁹

Deeply concerned at the distressing emergency situation of the victims of the drought in Djibouti,

Aware of the adverse effects of the prolonged drought on the economic and social development of Djibouti,

Aware also of the regional character of the drought currently prevailing in the countries of East Africa,

Appreciating the unremitting efforts being made by the Government of Djibouti to meet the growing needs of the victims of the drought, in spite of the slenderness of its economic resources,

Recalling the resolutions adopted by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council on assistance in cases of natural disaster, in particular

Assembly resolutions 2816 (XXVI) of 14 December 1971 and 2959 (XXVII) of 12 December 1972,

1. *Takes note* of the statement made by the representative of Djibouti on the critical situation of the victims of the drought in that country;

2. *Appreciates* the assistance provided to date by Member States, United Nations organizations and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to the relief programme for the victims of drought in Djibouti;

3. *Appeals* to Member States, international, governmental and non-governmental organizations and the specialized agencies to contribute generously to help the populations affected by drought in Djibouti by providing, as a matter of urgency, financial, material and technical assistance;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to send to Djibouti, as a matter of urgency, after consultation with the Government of Djibouti, an inter-agency mission with the task, in particular, of making a study of the situation in the drought-stricken areas of the country and evaluating the short-term, medium-term and long-term needs of the Government in the face of that situation, and to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session, through the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1984, on the results of that mission and on the progress achieved in the implementation of the present resolution.

*15th plenary meeting
17 May 1984*

1984/7. Emergency assistance to the drought victims in Somalia

The Economic and Social Council,

Having heard the statement made by the representative of Somalia on the critical need for emergency assistance to the drought victims in Somalia,¹⁰

Recognizing the alarming situation which is developing in Somalia as a result of successive failures of seasonal rains in several regions of the country,

Cognizant of the emergency situation which, as a consequence, has overtaken the entire country, posing the severe threat of mass starvation to both people and livestock,

Appreciating the ongoing response of the Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator, the United Nations Development Programme, the United Nations Children's Fund, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the World Food Programme and international voluntary agencies, and the vital bilateral contributions of friendly States,

Concerned, nevertheless, that despite those responses the serious food crisis in Somalia continues to escalate,

1. *Takes note* of the statement made by the representative of Somalia;

⁹ See E/1984/SR.15.

¹⁰ *Ibid.*

2. *Notes with appreciation* the response of the Government and people of Somalia and the favourable reaction to date of the international community, the United Nations and voluntary agencies to the crisis caused by the drought;

3. *Appeals* to the Governments of Member States, United Nations organizations and voluntary agencies urgently to increase their assistance to the Government of Somalia so that all victims of the drought currently afflicting Somalia may receive the necessary aid, with a minimum of delay;

4. *Decides* to keep the situation in Somalia under review.

*15th plenary meeting
17 May 1984*

1984/8. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 34/180 of 18 December 1979, by which the Assembly adopted the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women annexed thereto,

Recalling also General Assembly resolutions 35/140 of 11 December 1980, 36/131 of 14 December 1981, 37/64 of 3 December 1982 and 38/109 of 16 December 1983,

Taking into account Council resolutions 1983/1 of 17 May 1983 and 1984/10 of 24 May 1984,

Noting that the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women, in its rules of procedure,¹¹ provided that it would have summary records and would include Arabic among its official languages,

Recognizing the importance of the summary records of bodies established to monitor the implementation of international human rights instruments,

Having considered the reports of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on its second and third sessions,¹²

Welcoming the decision of the Committee to contribute to the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, to be held in 1985,

1. *Takes note* of the reports of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on its second and third sessions;

2. *Emphasizes* the importance of the strictest compliance by States parties with their obligations under the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women;

3. *Requests* States parties to make all possible efforts to submit their initial implementation reports in accordance with article 18 of the Convention and requests the Committee in organizing its work to

ensure that the reports of States parties are adequately reviewed within the quadrennial cycle envisaged;

4. *Notes* the decision of the Committee, as contained in paragraphs 366 and 367 of the report on its third session,¹³ to consider at its fourth session the achievements and obstacles experienced by States parties in the implementation of the Convention as a contribution to the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare a compendium of information based upon the national reports on the achievements of and obstacles experienced by States parties in the implementation of the Convention, in conformity with article 17, paragraph 9, of the Convention, to assist the Committee in the preparation of a report on those issues as a contribution to the Conference;

6. *Takes note* of the discussion in the Committee concerning the inclusion in the agenda of a future session of an item on ways and means of implementing article 21 of the Convention, which provides that the Committee may make suggestions and general recommendations based on the examination of reports;

7. *Recommends* the General Assembly to take the necessary steps to ensure the provision and distribution in all official languages of summary records of meetings of the Committee;

8. *Invites* the Committee, once it is provided with summary records on a regular basis, to review the format and content of its report, bearing in mind the provisions of paragraphs 13, 14 and 15 of General Assembly resolution 37/14 C of 16 November 1982;

9. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit the reports of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session, as well as to the Commission on the Status of Women, for information.

*17th plenary meeting
22 May 1984*

1984/9. Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind its important responsibilities under articles 16 and 17 of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,¹⁴

Recalling its resolutions 1988 (LX) of 11 May 1976, 1979/43 of 11 May 1979, 1983/41 of 27 May 1983 and its decision 1981/158 of 8 May 1981,

Recalling also General Assembly resolutions 37/191 of 18 December 1982 and 38/116 of 16 December 1983,

Having considered the report of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights,¹⁵

¹¹ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 45 (A/38/45), annex III.*

¹² *Ibid.*, *Thirty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 45 (A/39/45), vols. I and II.*

¹³ *Ibid.*, vol. II.

¹⁴ General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

¹⁵ E/1984/83.

Mindful of the relevant resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council on the control and limitation of documentation,

Recalling its resolution 1982/33 of 6 May 1983, by which it decided to review the composition, organization and administrative arrangements of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights at its first regular session of 1985, taking into account the principle of equitable geographical distribution and the increase in the number of States parties to the Covenant,

Recalling also that the meetings of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights are public, that States parties to the Covenant, States Members of the United Nations and representatives of the specialized agencies concerned may participate in its proceedings in accordance with Council decision 1978/10 of 3 May 1978, and that interested non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Council and the public at large may attend those meetings,

Noting the concern expressed by the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights about the lack of publicity given to its work at the present session of the Council,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights;

2. *Invites* again all States that have not yet done so to become parties to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights;

3. *Calls upon* States parties to the Covenant to submit reports required under article 16 thereof, in accordance with the programme established by Council resolution 1988 (LX), and urges States parties to complete the entire cycle of initial reports before submitting second periodic reports;

4. *Invites* States parties to the Covenant to comply with the guidelines established by the Secretary-General concerning the form and content of reports and to take note of the relevant recommendations of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights in preparing and submitting their reports;

5. *Requests* the specialized agencies, on the basis of experience gained in other bodies and of reports so far submitted and considered by the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to report on the progress made in achieving the observance of the provisions of the Covenant falling within the scope of their activities, in accordance with article 18 of the Covenant and paragraph 6 of Council resolution 1988 (LX);

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to take all appropriate measures to ensure that the United Nations press service issues press releases on the proceedings of the next session of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights;

7. *Requests* the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights to continue to consider including in its report to the Council brief summaries of the consideration of each country report;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to bring the relevant suggestions and recommendations listed in section IV of the report of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights¹⁵ to the attention of States parties to the Covenant so that States parties may take them into account in preparing and submitting their reports under the Covenant;

9. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1985 a report on the composition, organization and administrative arrangements of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and other bodies established in accordance with existing international instruments in the field of human rights in order to facilitate the review which the Council will undertake in accordance with its resolution 1982/33;

10. *Decides* that the review shall be conducted at an early date during its first regular session of 1985 to allow enough time for a full discussion of this important matter, taking into account any recommendations which the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights may agree upon at its next session.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/10. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind that one of the purposes of the United Nations, set forth in Articles 1 and 55 of the Charter, is to promote universal respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms without distinction of any kind, including any distinction as to sex,

Affirming that women and men should participate equally in social, economic and political development, should contribute equally to such development and should share equally in improved conditions of life,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 34/180 of 18 December 1979, by which the Assembly adopted the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women annexed thereto,

Recalling also General Assembly resolutions 35/140 of 11 December 1980, 36/131 of 14 December 1981, 37/64 of 3 December 1982, 38/18 of 22 November 1983 and 38/109 of 16 December 1983, and Council resolution 1983/1 of 17 May 1983,

Having taken note of the report of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women on its first session,¹⁶

1. *Notes with appreciation* the increasing number of Member States that have ratified or acceded to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women;

2. *Expresses its grave concern* about continuing discrimination against women and infringement of their rights in a number of States;

3. *Urges* all States that have not yet ratified or acceded to the Convention to do so as soon as possible, taking into account the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, to be held in 1985;

4. *Welcomes* the fact that the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women began its work successfully and, in particular, adopted at its second session general guidelines regarding the form and content of reports received from States parties under article 18 of the Convention;¹⁷

5. *Decides* to include in the agenda of the thirty-first session of the Commission on the Status of Women the question of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/11. Equal opportunity for women employed in the United Nations system

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind the long-standing commitment of the United Nations to the equal rights of women and men as expressed in the Preamble to the Charter of the United Nations and in the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women¹⁸ and, in particular, Article 8 of the Charter of the United Nations on the eligibility of men and women to participate in any capacity and under conditions of equality in the work of the Organization,

Concerned by the lack of progress towards increasing the proportion of women in the Secretariat, in particular the failure to reach by 1982 the target of 25 per cent of the total number of women in posts subject to geographical distribution which was set by the General Assembly in section III of resolution 33/143 of 20 December 1978,

Keeping in mind that the 25 per cent target should not be viewed as a limit on the number of women employed, and paying particular attention to those

areas of the United Nations system where compliance with General Assembly resolution 33/143 has lagged,

Reaffirming section III of General Assembly resolution 33/143, section V of Assembly resolution 35/210 of 17 December 1980 and Assembly resolutions 37/235 B of 21 December 1982 and 38/231 of 20 December 1983, as well as resolution 24 of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,¹⁹ in which the Conference, *inter alia*, called upon the Secretary-General and the heads of the specialized agencies and other United Nations bodies to end all forms of discrimination based upon sex in the recruitment, promotion and training of women and to increase the proportion of women employed, particularly at the senior levels,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to implement the relevant recommendations of the General Assembly and the Joint Inspection Unit and, in particular, to promote the recruitment and hiring of women in Secretariat Professional posts at middle and high levels, whether as permanent, temporary or fixed-term appointees, or as experts and consultants;

2. *Calls upon* Member States to include the names of qualified women in lists of candidates nominated for appointment to advertised United Nations posts;

3. *Requests* the Commission on the Status of Women to consider at its thirty-first session strategies for the achievement of equal employment opportunities for women in the United Nations system on the basis of the reports prepared by the Joint Inspection Unit on the status of women in the Professional category and above and of any other relevant reports;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to invite, through the Administrative Committee on Coordination, organizations within the United Nations system to provide information to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session on measures taken and results achieved in pursuit of equal opportunity for women within their organizations.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/12. Concerns of women within the United Nations system

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling the terms of reference of the Commission on the Status of Women set forth in Economic and Social Council resolution 48 (IV) of 29 March 1947,

Noting that, in the programme budget for the biennium 1984-1985, women are listed as only one of several specific population groups that are disadvantaged,²⁰

¹⁶ Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 45 (A/38/45).

¹⁷ CEDAW/C.7.

¹⁸ General Assembly resolution 34/180, annex.

¹⁹ See Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July 1980 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. B.

²⁰ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 6 (A/38/6), vol. I, sect. 6.B.4.

Reaffirming the central but not exclusive role of the Commission on the Status of Women within the United Nations in considering matters relating to the achievement of the objectives of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,

Reaffirming that within the United Nations system the Branch for the Advancement of Women of the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the Department of International Economic and Social Affairs of the Secretariat remains the focal point for co-ordination, consultation, promotion and advice on matters relevant to women,

Recognizing that planning for, as well as monitoring of, efforts is essential to advancing the status of women within the United Nations system,

Recognizing also the efforts made by the specialized agencies to integrate women into their ongoing programmes, especially into the establishment of cross-sectoral mechanisms,

Concerned about the need to strengthen and go beyond the present integrated reporting system,

Deeply concerned that international efforts on behalf of women should keep pace with the heightened national efforts to concentrate on more effective national machineries and resources to ensure the integration of women into all stages of planning, monitoring and development activities,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to examine the ways in which the needs and concerns of women can be integrated into all planning and programme activities of the United Nations system and the implications of so doing, and to report the findings of such an examination to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session;

2. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to provide in the programme budget for the biennium 1986-1987 and the revised medium-term plan for the period 1984-1989 for a special financial component, within existing overall budgetary resources, that will reflect the need for ongoing analysis of the impact of programmes on the advancement of women.

3. *Recommends* the General Assembly to request the specialized agencies to ensure continued co-operation and co-ordination with the Commission on the Status of Women beyond the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, to be held in 1985, in order to achieve the goals of the Decade;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Commission on the Status of Women at each session on all significant developments pertaining to the advancement of women within the United Nations system that have occurred since the previous session.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/13. Question of elderly women

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling the important conclusions and recommendations of the International Plan of Action on

Aging adopted by the World Assembly on Aging,²¹ in particular paragraphs 11, 20 (b) and (c), 25 (m), 31 (g), 45, 66 (recommendations 25 and 26), 67 (recommendations 27, 28 and 29), 72 (recommendation 36 (c)) and 89, concerning elderly women,

Reaffirming General Assembly resolution 38/27 of 22 November 1983, in which the Assembly recognized that women had a longer life expectancy than men and that they would increasingly constitute a majority of the elderly population of the world,

Reaffirming resolution 4 of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,²² in which the Conference emphasized that the increase in the life expectancy of women had not been dealt with comprehensively,

Appreciating that at the World Assembly on Aging special attention was given to the problems faced by some elderly women, namely, income security, education, employment, housing, health and community support services and absence of social contacts,

Believing that more data on the situation of the aging should be collected, specifically to determine the needs of elderly women and to formulate appropriate solutions,

Recalling the request made by the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace in its resolution 4 that such data should be submitted to Member States participating in the Conference and to the Commission on the Status of Women,²²

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare, within existing budgetary resources and in accordance with the established priorities of the work of the Commission on the Status of Women, an information report on the status and situation of elderly women in their societies, their social, health and economic needs, and their entitlements as compared to those of men, comparing single, divorced and married women and widows on the basis of reports, discussions and recommendations, in particular those of the World Assembly on Aging;

2. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit that report to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session with a view to recommending necessary action relating to the plight of elderly women throughout the world;

3. *Decides* to include the question of elderly women under the appropriate item of the agenda of the thirty-first session of the Commission on the Status of Women.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

²¹ See *Report of the World Assembly on Aging, Vienna, 26 July-6 August 1982* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.82.I.16), chap. VI, sect. A.

²² See *Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July 1980* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. B.

1984/14. Violence in the family

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind the goals of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, and the subtheme "Employment, Health and Education",

Recalling resolution 5 of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace on battered women and violence in the family,²³

Recalling also Council resolution 1982/22 of 4 May 1982 on abuses against women and children,

Recognizing that violence within the family has serious negative consequences for all the individuals concerned and follows patterns of abuse that are frequently cyclical, presenting serious problems for society as a whole,

Further recognizing that violence within the family is found among various population groups,

Concerned that information on the nature of this problem and its causes is often concealed and thus is not widely available and that efforts to prevent violence in the family, to provide assistance to the victims and to prevent recurrences need greater public awareness and publicity,

Aware that many Governments and non-governmental organizations have conducted research into this issue and initiated programmes both to support victims and to treat abusers,

Recognizing that the problem of family violence is a long-standing and complex issue and needs serious and thoughtful attention,

Convinced that a more thorough exchange of information and experiences on this subject between States Members of the United Nations, organizations of the United Nations and non-governmental organizations could draw increasing attention to the problem and contribute to the development of international solutions,

1. *Calls upon* the Secretary-General to invite Member States, organizations of the United Nations and non-governmental organizations to provide the United Nations Secretariat with information on family violence and descriptions of successful programmes on the subject, or to supplement information already provided;

2. *Urges* Member States to take appropriate steps to effect a systematic exchange of information on this subject, to draw attention to the negative consequences of family violence for the men, women and children involved and for society as a whole, and to formulate solutions at the national level;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to convene a seminar of experts on family violence, with emphasis on its effects on women, within the resources for the biennium 1986-1987, taking into account what may emanate on this subject from the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, to be held in 1985, with

a view to making recommendations to combat this abuse;

4. *Decides* to include the subject of family violence under the appropriate item of the agenda of the thirty-first session of the Commission on the Status of Women on the basis of information to be supplied in response to paragraph 1 of the present resolution.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/15. Promotion of opportunities for young women

The Economic and Social Council,

Recognizing that 1985 is the culminating year of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,

Recognizing also that 1985 has been designated International Youth Year: Participation, Development, Peace,²⁴

Recognizing further that 1985 presents an opportunity to focus on the roles of young women and their participation in all activities, such as festivals, meetings, and other international youth forums to mark the International Youth Year: Participation, Development, Peace,

Bearing in mind that young women were singled out for priority attention by the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, particularly in its resolution 27,²⁵

Affirming that youth is the period of growth, development and apprenticeship for the adult roles of work, citizenship and parenthood, from which all of society will benefit,

Affirming also that youth should be a period of discovery and joy in living,

Considering that young women who become mothers too early are not only deprived of their youth but are not prepared for the responsibilities of parenthood and are subject to a higher health risk,

Recognizing that, while girls and young women are found in societies at all levels of development, the world is in a period of technological revolution affecting all and women must therefore be equal partners with men in shaping and benefiting from that revolution,

Stressing that those young women who lack sufficient nutrition, education, appropriate training and health are ill prepared for their adult roles in this changing world and are thus vulnerable to economic, social and sexual exploitation,

1. *Recommends* that Member States should take appropriate steps to ensure that girls and young women are motivated to choose, and sufficiently trained to be chosen for, work at all levels and all the functions of a developing economy and society;

²⁴ See General Assembly resolution 34/151.

²⁵ See *Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July 1980* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. B.

²³ *Ibid.*

2. *Recommends also* that Member States should assist families to give equal support, guidance and encouragement to young women and men;

3. *Recommends further* that Member States should direct special assistance to girls and young women who are socially and economically disadvantaged;

4. *Recommends* that specialized agencies should undertake projects to promote global, regional and local action to accelerate the improvement in the education and training, employment and health status of girls and young women in accordance with their needs and with global, regional and local conditions;

5. *Recommends also* that specialized agencies, Member States and non-governmental organizations should undertake projects to develop cultural and sports activities aimed at promoting better international understanding and the equal right of young women and young men to fitness;

6. *Recommends* that special attention should be paid, in multilateral and bilateral co-operation programmes and projects, to the training and development of young women as managers of projects and as participants in articulating the development needs of youth;

7. *Recommends* that the Advisory Committee for the International Youth Year and the Secretary-General should, in all their reports, take special account of the needs of young women in rural and urban areas and of the problems they face.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/16. Implementation of the objectives of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering General Assembly resolutions 3520 (XXX) of 15 December 1975 and 35/136 of 11 December 1980,

Reaffirming the objectives of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,

Emphasizing the importance of undertaking, at the conclusion of the Decade, a critical review and appraisal of progress at the international, regional and national levels in the achievement of the goals of the Decade—equality, development and peace—and of the obstacles encountered in the implementation of the World Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Objectives of the International Women's Year²⁶ and the Programme of Action for the Second Half of the United Nations Decade for Women,²⁷ and also in developing a forward-looking perspective on the status of women,

²⁶ *Report of the World Conference of the International Women's Year, Mexico City, 19 June-2 July 1975* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.76.IV.1), chap. II, sect. A.

²⁷ *See Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July 1980* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. A.

Looking ahead to the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, to be held in 1985, at which the achievements of the Decade and the need to continue such achievements beyond the end of the Decade will be reviewed and appraised,

Conscious that further efforts are necessary to eliminate all forms of discrimination against women in every area of human activity,

Stressing that the objectives, strategies and measures to improve the socio-economic conditions of women should be an integral part of national development plans, as well as of international and development strategies, including the efforts for the establishment of the new international economic order,

Reaffirming the existence of the undeniable link between peace and development and the imperative need to halt the arms race, thereby releasing valuable additional resources that could be used for the development of the developing countries and could contribute to the well-being and prosperity of all,

Noting that, until genuine disarmament is achieved, women and men throughout the world must maintain their vigilance and do their utmost to achieve peace,

Taking into account the fact that millions of women are still experiencing untold sufferings and violations of human dignity resulting from different forms and manifestations of colonialism, foreign domination, *apartheid* and racial discrimination,

1. *Reaffirms* the urgent need to fulfil the goals of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace and the socio-economic development objectives established by the international community, *inter alia*, the elimination of hunger and malnutrition, the achievement of full employment by the year 2000, health for all by the year 2000, appropriate population policies, the reduction of the infant mortality rate, the availability of safe water and adequate sanitary facilities by 1990, the attainment of a life expectancy of 60 years as a minimum by the year 2000, universal primary school enrolment by the year 2000, and the full participation of women as both agents and beneficiaries in all sectors and at all levels of the development process;

2. *Emphasizes* that foreign occupation, colonialism, *apartheid*, racism and racial discrimination, and the denial of the right of peoples to self-determination and of all universally recognized human rights, are serious impediments to peace and development;

3. *Recommends* that States, especially militarily significant States, in preparing their national programmes for social and economic development, should consider taking measures to convert some resources spent for military purposes to the promotion of social progress;

4. *Considers* that the objectives of the Decade—equality, development and peace—as reflected in the World Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Objectives of the International Women's Year and in the Programme of Action for the Second Half of

the United Nations Decade for Women have not yet been achieved;

5. *Considers* that the activities of the world community and of the United Nations should continue beyond the end of the United Nations Decade for Women and should be directed towards equal treatment for women and their full integration in development under conditions of peace.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/17. Women under apartheid

The Economic and Social Council,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the situation of women and children living under racist minority régimes and in the occupied Arab territories and other occupied territories,²⁸

Bearing in mind the conclusions of the International Conference on Women and *Apartheid*, held at Brussels from 17 to 19 May 1982, and of the Declaration adopted by the Conference,²⁹

Noting the wide observance of 9 August annually as the International Day of Solidarity with the Struggle of Women in South Africa and Namibia, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 36/172 K of 17 December 1981,

1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the Special Committee against *Apartheid* and its Task Force on Women and Children for giving special attention to the plight of women and children under *apartheid*, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 36/172 K;

2. *Expresses its appreciation* to the International Committee of Solidarity with the Struggle of Women in South Africa and Namibia for undertaking activities in support of women and children living under *apartheid*, and urges the Committee to exert greater efforts in support of women and children living under *apartheid*;

3. *Urges* all Governments, United Nations bodies, international, regional, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, women's and anti-*apartheid* groups and other concerned groups to give the highest priority to measures of assistance to women in South Africa and Namibia until the end of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace and beyond;

4. *Invites* the Special Committee against *Apartheid* and its Task Force on Women and Children to continue their activities in promoting the widest possible dissemination of information concerning women and children living under *apartheid*;

5. *Appeals* to all Governments, United Nations bodies, international, regional, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations, women's and anti-*apartheid* groups and other concerned groups to support the various projects of the national liberation movements and front-line States designed to assist

refugee women and children from South Africa and Namibia;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session a preliminary report on measures of assistance provided to women inside South Africa and Namibia and to women from South Africa and Namibia who have become refugees as the result of the practice of *apartheid*;

7. *Calls upon* all women's organizations to support the women of Namibia in their efforts to attain independence, in accordance with Security Council resolution 435 (1978) of 29 September 1978.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/18. Situation of Palestinian women within and outside the occupied Arab territories

The Economic and Social Council,

Deeply concerned about the prevailing living conditions of Palestinian women within and outside the occupied Arab territories,

Recognizing that the mass uprooting of Palestinian women from their homeland seriously affects their participation and integration in the development process,

Noting that no comprehensive study relating to the status of Palestinian women within and outside the occupied Arab territories has been conducted in the United Nations system since the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, held at Copenhagen from 14 to 30 July 1980,

Recalling the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and other appropriate United Nations organizations,

Taking note of chapter II of the report of the Secretary-General on the situation of Palestinian women and children in the occupied Arab territories,³⁰ submitted to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirtieth session,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit an updated version of that report to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session;

2. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to prepare a comprehensive report on the situation of Palestinian women living within and outside the occupied Arab territories and to submit it to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-second session;

3. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to submit an interim report on the preparation of that study to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session;

4. *Invites* all Governments, intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations and United Nations bodies to extend all necessary assistance to the Secretary-General in this regard.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

²⁸ E/CN.6/1984/10.

²⁹ See A/37/261-S/15150.

³⁰ E/CN.6/1984/10.

1984/19. Physical violence against detained women that is specific to their sex

The Economic and Social Council,

Noting with grave concern that the Commission on the Status of Women, in the report on its thirtieth session under the question of communications concerning the status of women,³¹ drew attention to a pattern of physical violence against women while detained—cases of rape and other sexual abuse, including violence against pregnant women,

Considering that women are especially vulnerable to sexual violence,

Considering also that pregnant women require special protection and care by society,

Recalling its resolutions 76 (V) of 5 August 1947 and 304 I (XI) of 14 and 17 July 1950,

Recalling also its resolutions 1980/39 of 2 May 1980 and 1983/27 of 26 May 1983, by which it reaffirmed the mandate of the Commission on the Status of Women to consider communications relating to the status of women, including the replies of Governments thereon, if any, and to draw to the attention of the Council emerging trends and patterns so that it may decide what action to take,

1. Calls upon the Member States concerned to take appropriate measures urgently to eradicate such violations;

2. Invites all Member States to submit their views on physical violence against detained women that is specific to their sex to the Secretary-General to enable him to report to the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session under the appropriate item of the agenda;

3. Decides to authorize the Secretary-General to provide, from within existing budgetary resources, the services and facilities necessary for the implementation of the present resolution.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/20. Future work of the Commission on the Status of Women

The Economic and Social Council,

Reaffirming the mandate of the Commission on the Status of Women established by the Economic and Social Council in resolution 11 (II) of 21 June 1946,

Considering that the objectives of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace continue to be valid, are closely interrelated and constitute a significant basis for the work of the Commission on the Status of Women,

Considering that, as the end of the Decade approaches, it is urgently necessary to reinforce the future work of the Commission on the Status of Women so that it may discharge its important role in promoting the implementation of the strategies for the

³¹ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 5 (E/1984/15), chap. IV.*

year 2000 that will emanate from the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, to be held in 1985,

Emphasizing the importance of the role of women in development as both agents and beneficiaries,

Taking into account resolution 40 of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace,³² General Assembly resolutions 2263 (XXII) of 7 November 1967, 2626 (XXV) of 24 October 1970 and 35/56 of 5 December 1980, Economic and Social Council resolution 1980/38 of 2 May 1980 and any other relevant resolutions,

Welcoming the decision of the General Assembly to declare 1986 the International Year of Peace³³ as a contribution to the improvement of the international climate, which will alleviate existing tensions and the grave threats to the maintenance of peace which jeopardize the possibility of improving the status of women,

1. Recommends that the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session, as a contribution to the International Year of Peace, should consider recommendations for concrete proposals to ensure the full participation of women in the establishment of conditions conducive to the maintenance of peace and to the elimination of inequality and poverty;

2. Also recommends that the Commission on the Status of Women at its thirty-first session should propose concrete measures to overcome the general and specific trends that impede the advancement of women, in particular by proposing the establishment, by other organs of the United Nations, of training programmes and socially and economically profitable projects that give women a part in the development process on a footing of equality.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/21. Demand and supply of opiates for medical and scientific needs

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 1979/8 of 9 May 1979, 1980/20 of 30 April 1980, 1981/8 of 6 May 1981, 1982/12 of 30 April 1982 and 1983/3 of 24 May 1983, as well as Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 1 (XXIX) of 11 February 1981 entitled "Strategy and policies for drug control",³⁴

Having considered the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1983,³⁵ on the demand and supply of opiates for medical and scientific needs,

³² *See Report of the World Conference of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace, Copenhagen, 14-30 July 1980 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.80.IV.3 and corrigendum), chap. I, sect. B.*

³³ *See General Assembly resolution 37/16.*

³⁴ *See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1981, Supplement No. 4 (E/1981/24), chap. XI, sect. A.*

³⁵ *E/INCB/1983/1 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.83.XI.6).*

Noting with concern the apprehension of the International Narcotics Control Board that a return to over-production is likely and that the possibility of an increase in the already excessive stocks cannot be excluded,

Further noting with concern that the traditional supplier countries continue to hold large accumulated stocks of opiate raw materials which constitute heavy financial and other burdens for them,

Bearing in mind the urgent need to liquidate the accumulated stocks held by the traditional supplier countries with a view to achieving a lasting world-wide balance between demand and supply of opiates for medical and scientific purposes,

Taking into account paragraph 55 of the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1983,

1. *Urges* the Governments of those countries that have not already done so to take urgent and effective steps to implement the above-mentioned resolutions;

2. *Requests* the International Narcotics Control Board to devise and take, in accordance with the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961,³⁶ appropriate measures with a view to promoting and monitoring the urgent implementation of the above-mentioned resolutions;

3. *Further requests* the International Narcotics Control Board, in consultation with the producing and the consuming countries and the concerned United Nations bodies, to assist in the further development of effective ways of ensuring a balance in supply and demand and of reducing excessive stocks of licit opiate raw materials, included as activity A.1 to be undertaken by the Secretary-General, during the biennium 1984-1985,³⁷ under the basic five-year programme of action of the International Drug Abuse Control Strategy, adopted by the General Assembly in its resolution 36/168 of 16 December 1981;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit the present resolution to all Governments for their consideration and implementation.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/22. The cannabis problem

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 1933 (LVIII) of 6 May 1975,

Bearing in mind that the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961,³⁸ requires, *inter alia*, that the use and possession of all the substances listed in Schedule I should be confined exclusively to medical and scientific purposes,

Bearing in mind also that the Convention recommends, for the substances listed in Schedule IV, including cannabis and cannabis resin, application of all the special control measures which the contracting

parties have deemed necessary in the light of the particularly dangerous properties of those substances,

Recognizing that knowledge concerning the harm that the use of cannabis and cannabis resin can cause to the human organism, especially to the brain, the lungs and cell structures, is considerably greater today than it was a few years ago,

Noting with great concern that the International Narcotics Control Board, in its two most recent annual reports, has emphasized that the abuse, illicit cultivation and trafficking of cannabis and cannabis resin are increasing in a majority of regions of the world,

Aware that in many regions of the world cannabis and cannabis resin obviously play an important role in the spread of drug abuse and in the illicit drug traffic, particularly among young persons,

1. *Recommends* that all Governments should combat systematically the abuse of cannabis and cannabis resin and intensify national and international efforts to fight the illicit cultivation of, and traffic in, those narcotic drugs;

2. *Recommends also* that all Governments that have not yet done so should consider all appropriate measures needed to confine the cultivation and the licit use of cannabis products to medical and scientific research, in accordance with article 2, paragraph 5 (b), of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961;

3. *Recommends further* that scientific research, especially long-term investigations into the effects of cannabis abuse on the human organism, should be continued and accelerated;

4. *Recommends*, in addition, that all Governments should maintain or adopt appropriate preventive measures concerning the hazardous consequences of cannabis abuse;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General to inform all Governments of the present resolution, and to invite them to take action with a view to its effective implementation, in accordance with the pertinent provisions of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/23. Review for scheduling of the amphetamine-like drugs

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 4 (XXX) of 16 February 1983,³⁹

Noting with concern the serious health and social problems posed by amphetamine-like drugs in some countries,

Noting also with concern the growing traffic in and abuse of amphetamine-like drugs in some countries not currently subject to international control,

Aware that many of those substances have limited or no recognized therapeutic use,

³⁶ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 520, No. 7515, p. 151.

³⁷ See E/CN.7/1984/6.

³⁸ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 520, No. 7515, p. 151.

³⁹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1983, Supplement No. 5 (E/1983/15), chap. X, sect. A.*

Recognizing that the Secretary-General has recently obtained information from many States with respect to those substances, in response to his request,⁴⁰

1. *Urges* the World Health Organization to select any of those amphetamine-like drugs for which data have been collected and which represent the most serious social and health consequences, to review those substances immediately, in accordance with Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 2 (S-VII) of 8 February 1982⁴¹ and consistent with the principles governing the new review procedures of the World Health Organization,⁴² and to make its findings available to the Commission at its thirty-first session;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to analyse the information recently obtained by him, in accordance with all relevant provisions of Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolution 2 (S-VII), to prepare a report on the basis of that analysis, and to transmit that report, together with the report of the World Health Organization, to parties to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961,⁴³ and the 1971 Convention on Psychotropic Substances⁴⁴ and to members of the Commission not later than two months prior to the beginning of the thirty-first session of the Commission.

*19th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/24. Measures to combat racism and racial discrimination

The Economic and Social Council.

Mindful of resolution 1983/10 of 5 September 1983 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities⁴⁵ and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/9 of 28 February 1984⁴⁶ on measures to combat racism and racial discrimination,

1. *Authorizes* the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to entrust Mr. Asbjørn Eide with carrying out a study on the achievements made and obstacles encountered during the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination, with special emphasis on the progress made in this field, if any, between the first and second world conferences to combat racism and racial discrimination, taking into account also any resolutions the General Assembly might adopt on the report of the Second World Conference to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination⁴⁷ and the first stage of the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Second Decade;⁴⁸

⁴⁰ See E/CN.7/1984/3 and Add.1.

⁴¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1982, Supplement No. 3* (E/1982/13), chap. VIII, sect. A.

⁴² See World Health Organization document EB73.R11.

⁴³ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 520, No. 7515, p. 151.

⁴⁴ *Ibid.*, vol. 1019, No. 14956, p. 175.

⁴⁵ See E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁴⁶ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4* (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.

⁴⁷ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.83.XIV.4 and corrigendum.

⁴⁸ General Assembly resolution 38/14, annex.

2. *Recommends* that the study should propose new or additional measures in this field which can be taken up for examination by the Sub-Commission;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to Mr. Asbjørn Eide in his work;

4. *Requests* that the study be presented to the Sub-Commission at its thirty-eighth session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/25. Question of a convention on the rights of the child

The Economic and Social Council.

Recalling General Assembly resolution 38/114 of 16 December 1983, by which the General Assembly requested the Commission on Human Rights to give the highest priority at its fortieth session to the question of completing the draft convention on the rights of the child, and Economic and Social Council resolution 1983/39 of 27 May 1983, by which the Council authorized a meeting of an open-ended working group for a period of one week prior to the fortieth session of the Commission to facilitate and speed up the completion of the work on a draft convention on the rights of the child,

Considering that it was not found possible to complete the work on the draft convention during the fortieth session of the Commission,

Taking note of Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/24 of 8 March 1984,⁴⁹

1. *Authorizes* a meeting of an open-ended working group for a period of one week prior to the forty-first session of the Commission on Human Rights to facilitate and speed up the completion of the work on a draft convention on the rights of the child;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit documents relating to the draft convention on the rights of the child to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-first session and to extend all facilities to the open-ended working group during the meeting to be held prior to the forty-first session of the Commission.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/26. Human rights violations and disabled persons

The Economic and Social Council.

Recalling its resolution 1983/19 of 26 May 1983,

Having regard to the Declaration on the Rights of Mentally Retarded Persons,⁵⁰ the Declaration on the Rights of Disabled Persons⁵¹ and the Declaration on the Rights of Deaf-Blind Persons,⁵²

⁴⁹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4* (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.

⁵⁰ General Assembly resolution 2856 (XXVI).

⁵¹ General Assembly resolution 3447 (XXX).

⁵² Economic and Social Council decision 1979/24, annex.

Welcoming the decision of the General Assembly, in its resolution 37/53 of 3 December 1982, to proclaim the period 1983-1992 United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons,

Deeply concerned that serious violations of human rights remain a significant cause of temporary and permanent disability,

1. *Encourages* the efforts of the Secretary-General to obtain the views of United Nations bodies, specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations, the International Committee of the Red Cross and other concerned non-governmental organizations on ways and means of preventing serious violations of human rights which may cause disabilities;

2. *Requests* Governments to pay particular attention to ways and means of strengthening procedures whereby disabled persons may seek redress for human rights violations in accordance with resolution 1982/1 of 7 September 1982 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities;⁵³

3. *Invites* Governments, in consultation with organizations of and for disabled persons, to inform the Secretary-General of their views and policies on these issues so that he can transmit them to the Sub-Commission, in accordance with its resolution 1982/1, for consideration at its thirty-seventh session;

4. *Requests* the Sub-Commission to appoint a special rapporteur to undertake a thorough study, in consultation with the Centre for Social Development and Humanitarian Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, of the causal connection between serious violations of human rights and fundamental freedoms and disability and of the progress made to alleviate problems, and to submit its views and recommendations, through the Commission on Human Rights and the Commission on Social Development, to the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1986;

5. *Decides* exceptionally to include in the agenda of its first regular session of 1986 a special item on disabled persons to coincide with the approach, in 1987, of the mid-point of the United Nations Decade of Disabled Persons, in order to allow for a full debate of the Special Rapporteur's report and the views and recommendations of the Sub-Commission, the Commission on Human Rights and the Commission on Social Development on these and related issues.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/27. Conscientious objection to military service

The Economic and Social Council

1. *Decides:*

(a) That the report prepared by Mr. Eide and Mr. Mubanga-Chipoya on conscientious objection to military service⁵⁴ should be printed and given the widest possible distribution;

⁵³ See E/CN.4/1983/4 and Corr.1, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁵⁴ E/CN.4/Sub.2/1983/30.

(b) To transmit the report for comments and observations to Governments and relevant United Nations bodies and specialized agencies, other inter-governmental organizations and non-governmental organizations;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-first session on those comments and observations and on other significant developments regarding the human rights of conscientious objectors;

3. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to study the report on conscientious objection to military service, including the recommendations contained therein, as well as the report of the Secretary-General containing the comments and observations, under the item entitled "The role of youth in the promotion and protection of human rights, including the question of conscientious objection to military service".

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/28. Exploitation of child labour

The Economic and Social Council

Requests the Secretary-General to organize, in close co-operation with the International Labour Office, a seminar on ways and means of achieving the elimination of the exploitation of child labour in all parts of the world, within the framework of the programme of advisory services in the field of human rights.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/29. Study of discrimination in respect of the right of everyone to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country

The Economic and Social Council,

*Recalling the Study of Discrimination in Respect of the Right of Everyone to Leave Any Country, Including His Own, and to Return to His Country,*⁵⁵ submitted to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its fifteenth session, in 1963, by the Special Rapporteur, Mr. José D. Inglés, and the draft principles respecting this right adopted by the Sub-Commission at the same session,⁵⁶

Also recalling Sub-Commission resolution 7 (XXXIV) of 9 September 1981,⁵⁷ by which the Sub-Commission requested the Secretary-General to submit to it at its thirty-fifth session a concise note informing it of the consideration given by the Commission on Human Rights and the Economic and Social Council to the report on the aforementioned study,

⁵⁵ United Nations publication, Sales No. 64.XIV.2.

⁵⁶ See E/CN.4/846 and Corr.1, chap. VI.

⁵⁷ See E/CN.4/1512, chap. XX, sect. A.

Noting the report of the Secretary-General⁵⁸ submitted pursuant to that resolution,

Noting also Sub-Commission resolutions 1982/23 of 8 September 1982⁵⁹ and 1983/5 of 31 August 1983⁶⁰ and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/37 of 12 March 1984,⁶¹

1. *Endorses* the appointment by the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities of Mr. Mubanga-Chipoya to prepare an analysis of current trends and developments in respect of the right of everyone to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country, and to have the possibility of entering other countries, without discrimination or hindrance, especially of the right to employment, taking into account the need to avoid the phenomenon of the brain drain from developing countries and the question of recompensing those countries for the loss incurred, and to study in particular the extent of restrictions permissible under article 12, paragraph 3, of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights;⁶²

2. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur to submit to the Sub-Commission at its thirty-seventh session for its consideration recommendations for promoting and encouraging respect for and observance of that right;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to give Mr. Mubanga-Chipoya all the assistance he may require in his work.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/30. Report on the exploitation of labour through illicit and clandestine trafficking

The Economic and Social Council

1. Decides:

(a) That the report prepared by the Special Rapporteur, Mrs. H. E. Warzazi, on the exploitation of labour through illicit and clandestine trafficking⁶³ should be printed and given the widest possible distribution;

(b) To transmit the report for comments and observations to Governments and relevant United Nations bodies and specialized agencies, other inter-governmental organizations and non-governmental organizations;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its thirty-seventh session on those comments and observations, as well as on other significant developments regarding the human rights of migrant workers.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

⁵⁸ E/CN.4/Sub.2/1982/27.

⁵⁹ See E/CN.4/1983/4 and Corr.1, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁶⁰ See E/CN.4/1984/3, Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁶¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.*

⁶² General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

⁶³ E/CN.4/Sub.2/L. 640.

1984/31. The status of the individual and contemporary international law

The Economic and Social Council,

Mindful of resolution 1983/17 of 5 September 1983 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities⁶⁴ and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/41 of 12 March 1984,⁶⁵

Recognizing the importance and usefulness of the study on the status of the individual and contemporary international law, in particular in the field of the protection of the human rights of the individual at regional and international levels,

Expressing its deep appreciation to the Special Rapporteur, Mrs. Erica-Irene A. Daes, for her preliminary report and the excellent work she has so far accomplished in connection with the important study in progress on the status of the individual and contemporary international law,

1. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur to continue her work on the above-mentioned study with a view to submitting her final report to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its thirty-seventh session;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit, as soon as possible, a reminder, with the relevant questionnaire, to Governments, specialized agencies, regional and other intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations which have not yet replied to that questionnaire to submit, if they so wish, their comments, views and information to the Special Rapporteur;

3. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to give the Special Rapporteur all the assistance she may require in her work.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/32. Advisory services in the field of human rights: assistance to the Government of Bolivia

The Economic and Social Council,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/43 of 13 March 1984,⁶⁶

Conscious of the role that the United Nations can play in promoting, protecting and strengthening human rights and fundamental freedoms throughout the world,

Bearing in mind the request by the Government of Bolivia for assistance in strengthening human rights and fundamental freedoms in that country,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, under the programme of advisory services in the field of human rights and in consultation with the Government of Bolivia, to examine ways and means and possible resources for rapid implementation of the projects

⁶⁴ See E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁶⁵ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.*

⁶⁶ *Ibid.*

suggested by the Special Envoy of the Commission on Human Rights in his report on assistance to Bolivia, considered by the Commission on Human Rights at its fortieth session;⁶⁷

2. *Invites* all Member States, United Nations organizations and humanitarian and non-governmental organizations to provide support and assistance to the Government of Bolivia in its efforts to strengthen the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in that country;

3. *Specially invites* the International Labour Organisation, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the World Health Organization to provide the Government of Bolivia with the assistance required, in keeping with the means available to them and their spheres of competence;

4. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to consider this question at its forty-first session, in the light of the Secretary-General's report on the implementation of the present resolution.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/33. Principles, guidelines and guarantees for the protection of persons detained on grounds of mental ill-health or suffering from mental disorder

The Economic and Social Council,

Mindful of resolution 1983/39 of 7 September 1983 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities⁶⁸ and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/47 of 13 March 1984,⁶⁹

1. *Expresses its deep appreciation* to the Special Rapporteur, Mrs. Erica-Irene A. Daes, for her work in preparing her report on principles, guidelines and guarantees for the protection of persons detained on grounds of mental ill-health or suffering from mental disorder;⁷⁰

2. *Requests* the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to establish a sessional working group and to allocate to it appropriate time and facilities for a further examination, as a matter of high priority, of the draft body of principles, guidelines and guarantees annexed to the report of the Special Rapporteur⁷¹ and to submit the draft body of principles, guidelines and guarantees to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-second session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

⁶⁷ See E/CN.4/1984/46.

⁶⁸ E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁶⁹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4* (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.

⁷⁰ E/CN.4/Sub.2/1983/17 and Add.1.

⁷¹ E/CN.4/Sub.2/1983/17, annex II.

1984/34. Question of slavery and the slave trade in all their practices and manifestations

The Economic and Social Council

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General to entrust a working group composed of experts designated by the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, the United Nations Children's Fund, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and the World Health Organization with the task of conducting a comprehensive study on the phenomenon of traditional practices affecting the health of women and children;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to provide the working group with all the assistance it may need to carry out the study;

3. *Requests* all interested non-governmental organizations to co-operate in the study;

4. *Requests* the working group to submit its report to the Commission on Human Rights at its forty-second session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/35. Summary or arbitrary executions

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,⁷² which guarantees the right to life, liberty and security of person.

Having regard to the provisions of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,⁷³ which states that every human being has the inherent right to life, that this right shall be protected by law and that no one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his life,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 34/175 of 17 December 1979, in which the Assembly reaffirmed that mass and flagrant violations of human rights were of special concern to the United Nations and urged the Commission on Human Rights to take timely and effective action in existing and future cases of mass and flagrant violations of human rights,

Mindful of General Assembly resolutions 36/22 of 9 November 1981, 37/182 of 17 December 1982 and 38/96 of 16 December 1983,

Taking note of resolution 1982/13 of 7 September 1982 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities,⁷⁴ in which the Sub-Commission recommended that effective measures should be adopted to prevent the occurrence of summary and arbitrary executions,

Taking note also of the work done by the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control in the area of summary and arbitrary executions, including the

⁷² General Assembly resolution 217 A (III).

⁷³ General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

⁷⁴ See E/CN.4/1983/4 and Corr.1, chap. XXI, sect. A.

elaboration of minimum legal guarantees and safeguards to prevent recourse to such extra-legal executions, to be considered by the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders in 1985.⁷⁵

Deeply alarmed about the occurrence on a large scale of summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions,

1. *Strongly deplores*, once again, the large number of summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions, which continue to take place in various parts of the world;

2. *Appeals urgently* to Governments, United Nations bodies, the specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations to take effective action to combat and eliminate summary or arbitrary executions, including extra-legal executions;

3. *Takes note with appreciation* of the report of the Special Rapporteur, Mr. S. Amos Wako;⁷⁶

4. *Decides* to continue the mandate of the Special Rapporteur for another year, in order to enable him to submit further conclusions and recommendations to the Commission on Human Rights;

5. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur in carrying out his mandate to continue to examine situations of summary or arbitrary executions and to pay special attention to cases in which a summary or arbitrary execution is imminent or threatened;

6. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur in carrying out his mandate to respond effectively to information that comes before him;

7. *Considers* that the Special Rapporteur in carrying out his mandate should continue to seek and receive information from Governments, United Nations bodies, specialized agencies, regional intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council;

8. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to provide all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur so that he may carry out his mandate effectively;

9. *Urges* all Governments and all others concerned to co-operate with and assist the Special Rapporteur;

10. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to consider the question of summary or arbitrary executions as a matter of high priority at its forty-first session, under the item entitled "Question of the violation of human rights and fundamental freedoms in any part of the world, with particular reference to colonial and other dependent countries and territories".

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

⁷⁵ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 6 (E/1984/16)*, chap. VII.

⁷⁶ E/CN.4/1984/29.

1984/36. Situation of human rights in Equatorial Guinea

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 1982/36 of 7 May 1982 and 1983/35 of 27 May 1983,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/51 of 14 March 1984,⁷⁷

Considering that there has been no major change in the situation of human rights in Equatorial Guinea since the events of 3 August 1979,

Noting that it has not been possible to implement all the recommendations contained in its resolution 1983/35,

1. *Urges* the Government of Equatorial Guinea to co-operate with the Secretary-General in order to ensure the full enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms in that country;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to appoint an expert to visit Equatorial Guinea in order to study, in conjunction with the Government of that country, the best way of implementing the plan of action proposed by the United Nations;

3. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to keep this matter under consideration at its forty-first session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/37. Situation of human rights in Afghanistan

The Economic and Social Council,

Mindful of resolution 1983/20 of 5 September 1983 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities⁷⁸ and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/55 of 15 March 1984,⁷⁹

1. *Requests* the Chairman of the Commission on Human Rights to appoint an individual of recognized international standing as Special Rapporteur with the mandate to examine the human rights situation in Afghanistan, with a view to formulating proposals which could contribute to ensuring full protection of the human rights of all residents of the country, before, during and after the withdrawal of all foreign forces;

2. *Authorizes* the Special Rapporteur to seek relevant information from specialized agencies, intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations;

3. *Requests* the Special Rapporteur to submit a comprehensive report to the Commission at its forty-first session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

⁷⁷ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1)*, chap. II.

⁷⁸ See E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁷⁹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1)*, chap. II.

1984/38. Draft body of principles and guidelines on the right and responsibility of individuals, groups and organs of society to promote and protect human rights and fundamental freedoms

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 1983/31 of 8 March 1983⁸⁰ and resolution 1982/24 of 8 September 1982 of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities,⁸¹ by which the Sub-Commission, *inter alia*, requested Mrs. Erica-Irene A. Daes to prepare draft principles on the right and responsibility of individuals, groups and organs of society to promote and protect universally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms,

Mindful of Sub-Commission resolution 1983/40 of 7 September 1983⁸² and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/56 of 15 March 1984,⁸³

Expressing its deep appreciation to the Special Rapporteur, Mrs. Erica-Irene A. Daes, for the work she has thus far accomplished in connection with the important elaboration of a study on draft principles on the right and responsibility of individuals, groups and organs of society to promote and protect universally recognized human rights and fundamental freedoms,

1. Requests the Special Rapporteur to continue her work on the above-mentioned study with a view to submitting, if possible, her final report to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its thirty-seventh session;

2. Requests the Secretary-General to transmit the relevant questionnaire, which will be prepared by the Special Rapporteur on the basis of the above-mentioned resolutions, and the comments made by the members of the Sub-Commission to Governments, specialized agencies, regional organizations, inter-governmental organizations and non-governmental organizations for their comments and replies;

3. Further requests the Secretary-General to give the Special Rapporteur all the assistance she may require in her work.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/39. Implementation of the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief

The Economic and Social Council,

Conscious of the need to promote universal respect for, and observance of, human rights and fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

⁸⁰ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1983, Supplement No. 3 (E/1983/13 and Corr.1), chap. XXVII, sect. A.*

⁸¹ See E/CN.4/1983/4, chap. XXI and Corr.1, sect. A.

⁸² See E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁸³ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.*

Recalling General Assembly resolution 36/55 of 25 November 1981, in which the Assembly proclaimed the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief,

Bearing in mind Commission on Human Rights resolution 1983/40 of 9 March 1983,⁸⁴

Welcoming the appointment by the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities of a Special Rapporteur to undertake the comprehensive and thorough study requested in that resolution,

Noting Sub-Commission resolution 1983/31 of 6 September 1983,⁸⁵

Aware that intolerance and discrimination on the grounds of religion or belief continue to occur in many parts of the world,

1. Authorizes the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to entrust the Special Rapporteur, Mrs. Odio Benito, with the preparation of a study, in accordance with the terms of Sub-Commission resolution 1983/31, on the current dimensions of the problems of intolerance and of discrimination on grounds of religion or belief;

2. Requests the Secretary-General to give the Special Rapporteur all the assistance she may require in her work;

3. Requests the Special Rapporteur to submit her study to the Sub-Commission at its thirty-seventh session;

4. Requests the Commission on Human Rights to consider this matter further at its forty-first session under the item entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Intolerance and of Discrimination Based on Religion or Belief".

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/40. Regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolutions 34/171 of 17 December 1979, 35/197 of 15 December 1980 and 36/154 of 16 December 1981 on regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 37/171 of 17 December 1982, by which the Assembly requested the Secretary-General to transmit the report of the Seminar on National, Local and Regional Arrangements for the Protection of Human Rights in the Asian Region, held at Colombo from 21 June to 2 July 1982,⁸⁶ to States members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific and to invite their comments thereon,

⁸⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1983, Supplement No. 3 (E/1983/13 and Corr.1), chap. XXVII, sect. A.*

⁸⁵ See E/CN.4/1984/3 and Corr.1 and 2, chap. XXI, sect. A.

⁸⁶ A/37/422, annex.

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on regional arrangements for the promotion and protection of human rights⁸⁷ and the comments of States members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific annexed thereto;

2. *Requests* States members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific region that have not yet done so to communicate their comments on the report of the Seminar on National, Local and Regional Arrangements for the Protection of Human Rights in the Asian Region to the Secretary-General in time for submission to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to transmit his report, together with further comments on the Seminar received from States members of the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific, to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/41. Measures to improve the situation and ensure the human rights and dignity of all migrant workers and their families

The Economic and Social Council,

Mindful of the need for international co-operation in solving international problems of an economic, social, intellectual or humanitarian nature and in developing and encouraging respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Recalling in that regard the provisions of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,⁸⁸ of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination⁸⁹ and of the International Covenants on Human Rights,⁹⁰

Mindful of the contribution made by migrant workers to the economic growth and the social and cultural development of the host countries,

Noting, in particular, that the problems of migrant workers, which are becoming more serious in some regions for political and economic reasons and for social and cultural reasons, constitute a matter of grave concern and continue to be of the greatest importance to certain countries,

Mindful of the important contribution made by the International Labour Organisation in the protection of the rights of all migrant workers,

Appreciating also the efforts of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in matters relating to migrant workers,

Deeply concerned at the fact that, despite the general effort made by Member States, regional intergovernmental organizations and various United Nations bodies, migrant workers are still unable fully to

exercise their rights in the social field and in the labour field, as defined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Emphasizing, therefore, the efforts that must still be made effectively to protect the rights of all migrant workers and their living conditions,

Recalling its resolutions 1981/21 of 6 May 1981 and 1983/40 of 27 May 1983, and Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/61 of 15 March 1984,⁹¹

Recalling also its resolutions 1980/16 of 30 April 1980 and 1981/35 of 8 May 1981,

1. *Welcomes* the progress made by the Working Group on the Drafting of an International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Their Families, established in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 34/172 of 17 December 1979;

2. *Expresses again its conviction* that the drafting of that convention will further facilitate the exchanges of views needed for protecting the human rights and improving the situation of migrant workers and their families;

3. *Expresses the hope* that substantial progress will be made by the Working Group during the two meetings to be held in 1984 in accordance with General Assembly resolution 38/86 of 16 December 1983, with a view to completing the drafting of the convention during the thirty-ninth session of the Assembly;

4. *Decides* to consider at its first regular session of 1985 the question of measures to improve the situation and ensure the human rights and dignity of all migrant workers and to monitor the status of work done with a view to protecting the rights of all migrant workers and their families.

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/42. Report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts of the Commission on Human Rights on allegations of infringements of trade union rights in the Republic of South Africa

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolution 1982/40 of 7 May 1982,

Having examined the extract from the progress report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on southern Africa,⁹²

Noting with grave concern that police and State interference in industrial disputes and repression against independent black trade union movements have persisted,

1. *Takes note* of the extract from the progress report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts on southern Africa;

2. *Demands* the cessation of persecution of trade unionists by the Government of South Africa;

⁸⁷ A/39/174-E/1984/38.

⁸⁸ General Assembly resolution 217 A (III).

⁸⁹ General Assembly resolution 2106 A (XX), annex.

⁹⁰ General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

⁹¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1)*, chap. II.

⁹² E/1984/85, annex.

3. *Calls once again* for the immediate recognition of the unimpeded exercise of freedom of association and trade union rights by the entire population of South Africa, without discrimination of any kind;

4. *Demands* the immediate release of all imprisoned trade unionists and the lifting of the orders banning trade unionists and trade union organizations;

5. *Requests* the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts to continue to study the situation and to report thereon to the Commission on Human Rights and the Council;

6. *Also requests* the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts, in the discharge of its mandate, to consult with the International Labour Organisation and the Special Committee against *Apartheid*, as well as with international and African trade union confederations;

7. *Decides* to consider at its first regular session of 1985 the question of allegations of infringements of trade union rights in South Africa as a sub-item under the item entitled "Human rights questions".

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/43. Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination

The Economic and Social Council,

Welcoming the proclamation by the General Assembly in its resolution 38/14 of 22 November 1983 of the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination,

Bearing in mind the Programme of Action for the Second Decade approved by the General Assembly in its resolution 38/14,

Mindful of the responsibilities conferred upon it by the General Assembly of co-ordinating the implementation of the Programme of Action and of evaluating the activities to be undertaken during the Second Decade,

Recalling the guidance provided to the Secretary-General by the General Assembly in its resolution 38/14 for the preparation of the plan of activities for the period 1985-1989 for implementing the Programme of Action and achieving the objectives of the Second Decade,

Having considered the plan of activities for the period 1985-1989 proposed by the Secretary-General,⁹³

1. *Welcomes* the adoption by the General Assembly of the Programme of Action for the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination;

2. *Takes note* of the plan of activities for the period 1985-1989 proposed by the Secretary-General;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session a revised plan of activities for the period 1985-1989, taking into account the priorities reflected in the Programme of Action for the Second Decade and the relevant resolutions and recommendations, including the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat

Racism and Racial Discrimination and the programme of activities to be undertaken during the second half of that Decade, as contained in General Assembly resolutions 3057 (XXVIII) of 2 November 1973, particularly paragraphs 18 (b) and (e) thereof, and 34/24 of 15 November 1979;

4. *Invites* all Governments, United Nations bodies, the specialized agencies and other intergovernmental organizations, as well as interested non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council, to participate in the implementation of the plan of activities for the Second Decade by intensifying and expanding their efforts to ensure the rapid elimination of *apartheid* and all forms of racism and racial discrimination;

5. *Decides* to consider on an annual basis an item entitled "Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination".

*20th plenary meeting
24 May 1984*

1984/44. Co-ordination and information in the field of youth

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling its resolutions 1979/27 of 9 May 1979, 1980/25 of 2 May 1980, 1981/25 of 6 May 1981, 1982/28 of 4 May 1982 and 1983/26 of 26 May 1983 on co-ordination and information in the field of youth,

Recalling also General Assembly resolutions 34/151 of 17 December 1979, 36/28 of 13 November 1981, 37/48 of 3 December 1982 and 38/22 of 22 November 1983 on the International Youth Year: Participation, Development, Peace,

Considering that the implementation of the Specific Programme of Measures and Activities to be undertaken prior to and during the International Youth Year,⁹⁴ of the recommendations made by the Advisory Committee for the International Youth Year and endorsed by the General Assembly in its resolution 37/48, and of the relevant recommendations of the five regional meetings devoted to the International Youth Year held in 1983 could contribute to intensifying and improving the co-ordination of the activities of the United Nations and specialized agencies relating to youth,

Convinced of the importance of giving widespread publicity to the activities of the United Nations in the field of youth, especially in the context of the preparations for the International Youth Year,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on co-ordination and information in the field of youth,⁹⁵

1. *Endorses* the conclusions contained in the report of the Secretary-General on co-ordination and information in the field of youth;

2. *Invites* again all United Nations bodies, specialized agencies, regional commissions and other international intergovernmental organizations, as well

⁹³ A/39/167-E/1984/33 and Add.1.

⁹⁴ A/36/215, annex, sect. IV, decision 1 (I).

⁹⁵ E/1984/40 and Corr.1.

as non-governmental organizations concerned, to consider at their regular meetings appropriate ways and means for the improvement of co-ordination and information in the field of youth in the context of the preparation for and observance of the International Youth Year;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to take all necessary organizational measures to ensure the success of the observance of the International Youth Year in 1985 within the United Nations system in accordance with the recommendations made by the Advisory Committee for the International Youth Year;

4. *Decides* to consider at its first regular session of 1985, on the basis of a report of the Secretary-General, the progress achieved in co-ordination and information in the field of youth.

*21st plenary meeting
25 May 1984*

1984/45. Continuation of preparations for the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolutions 415 (V) of 1 December 1950, 32/60 of 8 December 1977 and 36/21 of 9 November 1981,

Recalling also Council resolutions 1982/29 and 1982/30 of 4 May 1982,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General⁹⁶ and the note by the Secretariat⁹⁷ relating to preparations for the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,

Conscious of the need to increase the publicity relating to the Seventh Congress, and the impact of its results,

Aware of the important work to be accomplished by the interregional preparatory meetings,

1. *Takes note* of the reports of the regional preparatory meetings⁹⁸ with their respective recommendations on the substantive items of the provisional agenda for the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders;⁹⁹

2. *Takes note also* of the discussion guide for the regional and interregional preparatory meetings for the Seventh Congress;¹⁰⁰

3. *Recommends* the Seventh Congress to consider in depth the resolutions adopted at the regional preparatory meetings;

4. *Recommends also* the Seventh Congress to finalize, under item 3 of its provisional agenda, the guiding principles for crime prevention and criminal

justice in the context of development and a new international economic order as reviewed by the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on the basis of the observations made at the regional preparatory meetings,¹⁰¹ and to make every effort to secure their adoption for the strengthening of international co-operation in this field;

5. *Decides* that the Seventh Congress should be held from 26 August to 6 September 1985, with two days of pre-Congress consultations;

6. *Decides also* that items 1, 2, 3 and 8 of the provisional agenda should be considered in plenary meeting, and that items 4 and 7 should be allocated to Committee I and items 5 and 6 to Committee II;

7. *Decides further* that the general theme for the Seventh Congress should be "Crime prevention for freedom, justice, peace and development";

8. *Approves* the documentation for the Seventh Congress as outlined by the Secretary-General;¹⁰²

9. *Invites* Governments to finalize national preparations related to the Seventh Congress, including the submission of national papers, and to consider the inclusion of national correspondents in their delegations to the Congress;

10. *Invites* representatives of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control attending the inter-regional preparatory meetings for the Seventh Congress to ensure that reports of the meetings, with related recommendations, are in conformity with the policy guidelines given by the Committee;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to appoint a Secretary-General for the Seventh Congress, in accordance with the standard practice for major United Nations conferences;

12. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to invite 25 expert consultants to participate in the Seventh Congress, at the expense of the United Nations, as was done on the occasion of the Sixth Congress, so as to ensure that adequate expertise is provided to the Congress by each region for each substantive item of the provisional agenda;

13. *Further requests* the Secretary-General, in the organization of the Seventh Congress, to include the following activities:

(a) Lectures to be given by outstanding experts and scholars selected on the basis of equitable geographical distribution;

(b) Research workshop on youth crime and juvenile justice, to be organized with the joint co-operation of the United Nations Social Defence Research Institute, the United Nations regional institutes for the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders and competent national and international research institutes;

(c) Ancillary meetings of non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council concerning items of the provisional agenda, in accordance with existing legislative regulations;

⁹⁶ E/AC.57/1984/7 and Add.1 and Corr.1 and 2.

⁹⁷ E/AC.57/1984/8.

⁹⁸ A/CONF.121/RPM/1 and Corr.1; A/CONF.121/RPM/2 and Corr.1; A/CONF.121/RPM/3-5.

⁹⁹ See Council resolution 1982/29, para. 1.

¹⁰⁰ A/CONF.121/PM/1.

¹⁰¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 6 (E/1984/16)*, chap. I, sect. C, decision 8/1.

¹⁰² E/AC.57/1984/7/Add.1 and Corr.1 and 2, annex II.

(d) Meetings for professional and geographical interest groups;

(e) General meeting of national correspondents;

14. Urges the Secretary-General to strengthen the information programme related to the Seventh Congress.

*21st plenary meeting
25 May 1984*

1984/46. Alternatives to imprisonment

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling resolutions 8 and 10 of the Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,¹⁰³

Acknowledging the importance of further developing alternatives to the sanction of imprisonment,

Considering the noticeable progress made in various countries in intensifying contacts between sentenced persons and the community at large,

Aware that further progress is needed in order to reduce the social and psychological costs related to imprisonment,

1. Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Secretary-General on alternatives to imprisonment and measures for the social resettlement of offenders;¹⁰⁴

2. Encourages Member States to increase their efforts in order to further expand the use of such measures;

3. Calls the attention of Member States to the recommendation of the Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders that the principles on linking the rehabilitation of offenders to related social services should be taken into account when formulating strategies for deinstitutionalization within the overall framework of crime prevention;¹⁰⁵

4. Welcomes the recommendation of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control that these matters should be considered by the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, under the item of the provisional agenda¹⁰⁶ entitled "Formulation and application of United Nations standards and norms in criminal justice";

5. Requests the Secretary-General to update the report on alternatives to imprisonment, on the basis of information to be provided by Member States and other sources, including relevant non-governmental

organizations and professional organizations, for submission to the Seventh Congress.

*21st plenary meeting
25 May 1984*

1984/47. Procedures for the effective implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners

The Economic and Social Council,

Considering the importance of the recommendations contained in the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners adopted by the First United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, and approved by the Council in its resolution 663 C (XXIV) of 31 July 1957,

Noting with satisfaction the impact of the Rules on national laws and practices,

Concerned, however, that there still exist obstacles of various kinds to the full implementation of the Rules, as evidenced in the periodic United Nations reports on their implementation,

Recalling the recommendations of the Fifth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,¹⁰⁷ and Council resolution 1993 (LX) of 12 May 1976, in which the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control was requested at its fourth session to study the range of application of the Rules and to formulate a set of implementing procedures for the Rules,

Taking note with appreciation of the work accomplished in pursuance of that mandate by the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control at its fourth session in 1976¹⁰⁸ and at its eighth session¹⁰⁹ in pursuance of the recommendations of the Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, which invited the Committee to finalize the procedures in the light of its report,¹¹⁰

1. Approves the procedures for the effective implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners, as set out in the annex to the present resolution;

2. Invites Member States to take the procedures annexed hereto into consideration in the process of implementing the Rules and in their periodic reports to the United Nations;

3. Requests the Secretary-General to bring the present resolution to the attention of the Governments of the Member States, and to assist them at their

¹⁰³ See Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Caracas, 25 August-5 Sept. 1980: report prepared by the Secretariat (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.IV.4), chap. I, sect. B.

¹⁰⁴ E/AC.57/1984/9.

¹⁰⁵ See Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Caracas, 25 August-5 September 1980: report prepared by the Secretariat (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.IV.4), chap. I, sect. C.6, para. 8.

¹⁰⁶ See Council resolution 1982/29, para. 1.

¹⁰⁷ See Fifth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Geneva, 1-12 September 1975: report prepared by the Secretariat (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.76.IV.2 and corrigendum), para. 23.

¹⁰⁸ See E/CN.5/536.

¹⁰⁹ See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 6 (E/1984/16), chap. IV.

¹¹⁰ See Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Caracas, 25 August-5 September 1980: report prepared by the Secretariat (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.IV.4), chap. I, sect. C.6, para. 4.

request in implementing the Rules in accordance with the procedures annexed hereto.

*21st plenary meeting
25 May 1984*

ANNEX

Procedures for the effective implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners

Procedure 1

All States whose standards for the protection of all persons subjected to any form of detention or imprisonment fall short of the Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners shall adopt the Rules.

Commentary

The General Assembly, in its resolution 2858 (XXVI) of 20 December 1971, invited the attention of Member States to the Standard Minimum Rules and recommended that they should be effectively implemented in the administration of penal and correctional institutions and that favourable consideration should be given to their incorporation in national legislation. Some States may have standards that are more advanced than the Rules, and the adoption of the Rules is therefore not requested on the part of such States. Where States feel that the Rules need to be harmonized with their legal system and adapted to their culture, the emphasis is placed on the substance rather than the letter of the Rules.

Procedure 2

Subject, as necessary, to their adaptation to the existing laws and culture but without deviation from the spirit and purpose of the Rules, the Standard Minimum Rules shall be embodied in national legislation and other regulations.

Commentary

This procedure emphasizes that it is necessary to embody the Rules within national legislation and regulations, thus covering also some aspects of procedure 1.

Procedure 3

The Standard Minimum Rules shall be made available to all persons concerned, particularly to law enforcement officials and correctional personnel, for purposes of enabling their application and execution in the criminal justice system.

Commentary

This procedure stresses that the Rules, as well as national statutes and regulations implementing the Rules, should be made available to all persons concerned with their implementation, in particular law enforcement officials and correctional personnel. The effective implementation of the Rules might also involve the organization of training courses by the central administration in charge of correctional matters. The dissemination of procedures is discussed in procedures 7 to 9.

Procedure 4

The Standard Minimum Rules, as embodied in national legislation and other regulations, shall also be made available and understandable to all prisoners and all persons under detention, on their admission and during their confinement.

Commentary

To achieve the goal of the Standard Minimum Rules, it is necessary to make the Rules, as well as the implementing national statutes and regulations, available to prisoners and all persons under detention (rule 95), in order to further the awareness that the Rules represent the minimum conditions that are accepted as suitable by the United Nations. Thus, this procedure supplements the provisions contained in procedure 3.

A similar requirement, that the Rules be made available to the persons for whose protection they have been elaborated, has been already established in the four Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949,¹¹¹ of which articles 47 of the first Convention, 48 of the second, 127 of the third and 144 of the fourth state in common:

"The High Contracting Parties undertake, in time of peace as in time of war, to disseminate the text of the present Convention as widely as possible in their respective countries, and, in particular, to include the study thereof in their programmes of military and, if possible, civil instruction, so that the principles thereof may become known to the entire population, in particular to the armed fighting forces, the medical personnel and the chaplains."

Procedure 5

States shall inform the Secretary-General of the United Nations every five years of the extent of the implementation and the progress made with regard to the application of the Standard Minimum Rules, and of the factors and difficulties, if any, affecting their implementation, by responding to the Secretary-General's questionnaire. This questionnaire should, following a specified schedule, be selective and limited to specific questions in order to secure an in-depth review and study of the problems selected. Taking into account the reports of Governments as well as other relevant information available within the United Nations system, the Secretary-General shall prepare independent periodic reports on progress made with respect to the implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules. In the preparation of those reports the Secretary-General may also enlist the co-operation of specialized agencies and of the relevant intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations in consultative status with the Economic and Social Council. The Secretary-General shall submit the above-mentioned reports to the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control for consideration and further action, as appropriate.

Commentary

It will be recalled that the Economic and Social Council, in its resolution 663 C (XXIV) of 31 July 1957, recommended that the Secretary-General be informed every five years of the progress made with regard to the application of the Standard Minimum Rules and authorized the Secretary-General to make arrangements for the publication, as appropriate, of such information and to ask for supplementary information if necessary. Seeking the co-operation of specialized agencies and relevant intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations is a well-established United Nations practice. In the preparation of his independent reports on progress made with respect to the implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules, the Secretary-General will take into account, *inter alia*, information available in the human rights organs of the United Nations, including the Commission on Human Rights, the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, the Human Rights Committee functioning under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, and the Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination. The implementation work under the future convention against torture could also be taken into account, as well as any information which might be gathered under the body of principles for the protection of prisoners and detainees currently under preparation in the General Assembly.

Procedure 6

As part of the information mentioned in procedure 5 above, States should provide the Secretary-General with:

(a) Copies or abstracts of all laws, regulations and administrative measures concerning the application of the Standard Minimum Rules to persons under detention and to places and programmes of detention;

(b) Any data and descriptive material on treatment programmes, personnel and the number of persons under any form of detention, and statistics, if available;

¹¹¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, Nos. 970-973.

(c) Any other relevant information on the implementation of the Rules, as well as information on the possible difficulties in their application.

Commentary

This requirement derives from both resolution 663 C (XXIV) of the Economic and Social Council and the recommendations of the United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders. Although the items of information suggested here are not specifically provided for, it seems feasible to collect such information in order to assist Member States in overcoming difficulties through an exchange of experience. Furthermore, the request for such information is analogous to the existing periodic reporting system on human rights originally established by the Economic and Social Council in its resolution 624 B (XXII) of 1 August 1956.

Procedure 7

The Secretary-General shall disseminate the Standard Minimum Rules and the present implementing procedures, in as many languages as possible, and make them available to all States and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations concerned, in order to ensure the widest circulation of the Rules and the present implementing procedures.

Commentary

The need for the widest possible dissemination of the Standard Minimum Rules is self-evident. Close co-operation with all appropriate intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations is important to secure more effective dissemination and implementation of the Rules. Therefore, the Secretariat should maintain close contacts with such organizations and should make relevant information and data available to them. It should also encourage those organizations to disseminate information about the Standard Minimum Rules and the implementing procedures.

Procedure 8

The Secretary-General shall disseminate his reports on the implementation of the Rules, including analytical summaries of the periodic surveys, reports of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control, reports prepared for the United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders as well as the reports of the congresses, scientific publications and other relevant documentation as from time to time may be deemed necessary to further the implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules.

Commentary

This procedure reflects the present practice of disseminating such reports as part of the documentation for the United Nations bodies concerned, as United Nations publications or as articles in the *Yearbook on Human Rights* and the *International Review of Criminal Policy*, the *Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice Newsletter* and any other relevant publications.

Procedure 9

The Secretary-General shall ensure the widest possible reference to and use of the text of the Standard Minimum Rules by the United Nations in all its relevant programmes, including technical co-operation activities.

Commentary

It should be ensured that all relevant United Nations bodies include or make reference to the Rules and the implementing procedures, thus contributing to wider dissemination and increasing the awareness of specialized agencies, governmental, intergovernmental and non-governmental bodies and the general public of the Rules and of the commitment of the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly to their implementation.

The extent to which the Rules have any practical effect on correctional administrations depends to a great extent on the measures through which they permeate local legislative and administrative practices. They should be known and understood by a wide range of professionals and non-professionals throughout the world. Therefore there is a great need for more publicity in

any form, which could also be attained by frequent references to the Rules, accompanied by public information campaigns.

Procedure 10

As part of its technical co-operation and development programmes the United Nations shall:

(a) Aid Governments, at their request, in setting up and strengthening comprehensive and humane correctional systems;

(b) Make available to Governments requesting them the services of experts and regional and interregional advisers on crime prevention and criminal justice;

(c) Promote national and regional seminars and other meetings at the professional and non-professional levels to further the dissemination of the Standard Minimum Rules and the present implementing procedures;

(d) Strengthen substantive support to regional research and training institutes in crime prevention and criminal justice that are associated with the United Nations.

The United Nations regional research and training institutes in crime prevention and criminal justice, in co-operation with national institutions, shall develop curricula and training materials, based on the Standard Minimum Rules and the present implementing procedures, suitable for use in criminal justice educational programmes at all levels, as well as in specialized courses on human rights and other related subjects.

Commentary

The purpose of this procedure is to ensure that the United Nations technical assistance programmes and the training activities of the United Nations regional institutes are used as indirect instruments for the application of the Standard Minimum Rules and the present implementing procedures. Apart from regular training courses for correctional personnel, training manuals and the like, particularly at the policy and decision-making level, provision should be made for expert advice on the questions submitted by Member States, including an expert referral system to interested States. This expert referral system seems particularly necessary in order to implement the Rules according to their spirit and with a view to the socio-economic structure of the countries requesting such assistance.

Procedure 11

The United Nations Committee on Crime Prevention and Control shall:

(a) Keep under review, from time to time, the Standard Minimum Rules, with a view to the elaboration of new rules, standards and procedures applicable to the treatment of persons deprived of liberty;

(b) Follow up the present implementing procedures, including periodic reporting under procedure 5 above.

Commentary

As most of the information collected in the course of periodic inquiries as well as during technical assistance missions would be brought to the attention of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control, ensuring the effectiveness of the Rules in improving correctional practices rests with the Committee, whose recommendations would determine the future course in the application of the Rules, together with the implementing procedures. The Committee should therefore clearly define existing shortcomings in or the reasons for the lack of implementation of the Rules, *inter alia*, through contacts with the judiciary and ministries of justice of the countries concerned, with the view to suggesting appropriate remedies.

Procedure 12

The Committee on Crime Prevention and Control shall assist the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and any other United Nations human rights bodies, as appropriate, with recommendations relating to reports of *ad hoc* inquiry commissions, with respect to matters pertaining to the application and implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules.

Commentary

As the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control is the relevant body to review the implementation of the Standard Minimum Rules, it should also assist the above-mentioned bodies.

Procedure 13

Nothing in the present implementing procedures should be construed as precluding resort to any other means or remedies available under international law or set forth by other United Nations bodies and agencies for the redress of violations of human rights, including the procedure on consistent patterns of gross violations of human rights under Economic and Social Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) of 27 May 1970, the communication procedure under the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights¹¹² and the communication procedure under the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination.¹¹³

Commentary

Since the Standard Minimum Rules are only partly concerned with specific human rights issues, the present procedures should not exclude any avenue for redress of any violation of such rights, in accordance with existing international or regional standards and norms.

1984/48. Crime prevention and criminal justice in the context of development

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control in respect of crime trends, operations of criminal justice systems and crime prevention strategies in the context of social and economic change, and with respect to the different facets of development,¹¹⁴

Emphasizing the progress made towards the provision of assistance to Member States in improving national crime-related statistics, the establishment of a United Nations crime-related data base, and the long-term nature of such programmes of work,

1. *Takes note, with appreciation,* of the reports of the Secretary-General on the relationship between crime and specific socio-economic issues¹¹⁵ and on crime trends and crime prevention strategies;¹¹⁶

2. *Recommends* the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders to give detailed consideration both to the further development of such studies, including specific questions such as the relationship between criminality and particular socio-economic factors, for example, the transmission of social values and changes in family functions, and to concrete problems of crime and criminal justice data, in the light of the Second United Nations Survey of Crime Trends, Operations of Criminal Justice Systems and Crime Prevention Strategies, and the proposed manual on the collection and analysis of crime statistics;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit a report on crime prevention and criminal justice in

relation to socio-economic change and development to the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control at its ninth session;

4. *Also requests* the Secretary-General to maintain and develop the United Nations crime-related data base by continuing to conduct quinquennial surveys of crime trends, operations of criminal justice systems and crime prevention strategies, and to report periodically to the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on the progress made;

5. *Further requests* the Secretary-General to develop concrete projects of technical co-operation for assistance in the collection and analysis of criminal justice data to Member States requesting such assistance.

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1984/49. Fair treatment of women by the criminal justice system

The Economic and Social Council,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the fair treatment of women by the criminal justice system,¹¹⁷

Taking into account resolution 9 of the Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,¹¹⁸ on the specific needs of women prisoners,

1. *Takes note* of the report of the Secretary-General on the fair treatment of women by the criminal justice system;

2. *Reaffirms* resolution 9 of the Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, in particular paragraph 4 thereof, in which the Congress requested that, at future Congresses and their preparatory meetings, as well as in the work of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control, time should be allotted for the study of women as offenders and victims;

3. *Decides* that the question of the fair treatment of women by the criminal justice system and the question of the situation of women as victims of crime should be included in the provisional agenda for the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders¹¹⁹ under the items entitled "Criminal justice processes and perspectives in a changing world" and "Victims of crime", respectively;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit reports on the two above-mentioned questions to the Seventh Congress.

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¹¹² General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

¹¹³ General Assembly resolution 2106 A (XX), annex.

¹¹⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 6 (E/1984/16)*, chap. V.

¹¹⁵ E/AC.57/1984/5.

¹¹⁶ E/AC.57/1984/11 and Corr.1.

¹¹⁷ E/AC.57/1984/15.

¹¹⁸ See *Sixth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, Caracas, 25 August-5 September 1980: report prepared by the Secretariat* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.IV.4), chap. I, sect. B.

¹¹⁹ See Council resolution 1982/29, para. 1.

1984/50. Safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty

The Economic and Social Council,

Having regard to the provisions bearing on capital punishment in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,¹²⁰ in particular article 2, paragraph 1, and articles 6, 14 and 15 thereof,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 38/96 of 16 December 1983, in which, inter alia, the Assembly expressed its deep alarm at the occurrence on a large scale of summary or arbitrary executions,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 36/22 of 9 November 1981, in which the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control was requested to examine the problem with a view to making recommendations,

Recalling further Council resolution 1983/24 of 26 May 1983, in which it decided that the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control should further study the question of death penalties that did not meet the acknowledged minimum legal guarantees and safeguards, as contained in the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and other international instruments, and welcomed the intention of the Committee that the issue should be discussed at the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders,

Acknowledging the work done by the Commission on Human Rights and the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities in the areas of summary or arbitrary executions, including the reports of the Special Rapporteur,¹²¹

Considering the relevant views and comments of the Human Rights Committee established under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,

Expressing its concern at the tragic incidence of arbitrary or summary executions in the world,

Having considered the note by the Secretary-General on arbitrary and summary executions,¹²²

Guided by the desire to continue to contribute to the strengthening of the international instruments relating to the prevention of arbitrary or summary executions,

1. Takes note of the note by the Secretary-General on arbitrary and summary executions;

2. Again strongly condemns and deplores the brutal practice of arbitrary or summary executions in various parts of the world;

3. Approves the safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty, recommended by the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control and annexed to the present resolution, on the understanding that they shall not be invoked to delay or to prevent the abolition of capital punishment;

4. Invites the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders to consider the safeguards with a view to establishing an implementation mechanism, within

the framework of the item of its provisional agenda¹²³ entitled "Formulation and application of United Nations standards and norms in criminal justice".

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ANNEX

Safeguards guaranteeing protection of the rights of those facing the death penalty

1. In countries which have not abolished the death penalty, capital punishment may be imposed only for the most serious crimes, it being understood that their scope should not go beyond intentional crimes with lethal or other extremely grave consequences.

2. Capital punishment may be imposed only for a crime for which the death penalty is prescribed by law at the time of its commission, it being understood that if, subsequent to the commission of the crime, provision is made by law for the imposition of a lighter penalty, the offender shall benefit thereby.

3. Persons below 18 years of age at the time of the commission of the crime shall not be sentenced to death, nor shall the death sentence be carried out on pregnant women, or on new mothers, or on persons who have become insane.

4. Capital punishment may be imposed only when the guilt of the person charged is based upon clear and convincing evidence leaving no room for an alternative explanation of the facts.

5. Capital punishment may only be carried out pursuant to a final judgement rendered by a competent court after legal process which gives all possible safeguards to ensure a fair trial, at least equal to those contained in article 14 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights,¹²⁴ including the right of anyone suspected of or charged with a crime for which capital punishment may be imposed to adequate legal assistance at all stages of the proceedings.

6. Anyone sentenced to death shall have the right to appeal to a court of higher jurisdiction, and steps should be taken to ensure that such appeals shall become mandatory.

7. Anyone sentenced to death shall have the right to seek pardon, or commutation of sentence; pardon or commutation of sentence may be granted in all cases of capital punishment.

8. Capital punishment shall not be carried out pending any appeal or other recourse procedure or other proceeding relating to pardon or commutation of the sentence.

9. Where capital punishment occurs, it shall be carried out so as to inflict the minimum possible suffering.

1984/51. Technical co-operation in crime prevention and criminal justice

The Economic and Social Council,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 36/21 of 9 November 1981, in which the Assembly urged the Department of Technical Co-operation for Development of the United Nations Secretariat and the United Nations Development Programme to increase their level of support to programmes of technical assistance in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice, and to encourage technical co-operation among developing countries,

Recalling also General Assembly resolution 35/171 of 15 December 1980, in which the Assembly endorsed

¹²⁰ General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

¹²¹ E/CN.4/1983/16 and Add.1 and Corr.1; E/CN.4/1984/29.

¹²² E/AC.57/1984/16.

¹²³ See Council resolution 1982/29, para. 1.

¹²⁴ General Assembly resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

the Caracas Declaration annexed thereto, wherein it was stressed that appropriate measures should be taken to strengthen, as necessary, the activities of the competent United Nations organs concerned with crime prevention and the treatment of offenders, especially activities at the regional and subregional levels,

Recalling further Economic and Social Council resolution 1979/20 of 9 May 1979, in which the Council took note, *inter alia*, of the growing number of countries that expressed a need for interregional and technical advisory services capable of assisting Governments in planning and implementing their crime prevention policies, and Council resolution 1979/21 of 9 May 1979,

Convinced of the crucial importance of international co-operation in crime prevention and criminal justice, both among developing countries and between developed and developing countries,

Conscious of the financial and other difficulties encountered by many countries in their efforts to introduce efficient and humane crime prevention policies,

Recognizing the vital role performed by the United Nations regional training and research institutes in effectively supporting various forms and modalities of technical co-operation despite serious financial and budgetary constraints,

Recognizing also the important role of the United Nations Social Defence Research Institute in United Nations efforts to strengthen research in an inter-regional context,

Aware that the existing interregional and regional institutes are heavily dependent for financial support on the host countries,

Noting that the post of Interregional Adviser in the area of crime prevention and criminal justice was re-established in 1981,

Aware that, since the appointment of an Interregional Adviser in July 1982, Governments of developing countries have requested his advisory services on fifty-six occasions,

1. *Takes note* of the recommendations concerning regional and international co-operation in crime prevention and criminal justice contained in the resolutions adopted by the Asia and Pacific,¹²⁵ Latin American,¹²⁶ African¹²⁷ and Western Asia¹²⁸ Regional Preparatory Meetings for the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders;

2. *Notes also* that the African Regional Preparatory Meeting, in its resolution on subregional, regional and interregional co-operation in crime prevention and criminal justice,¹²⁷ viewed with great concern the delay in the establishment of an African regional

institute on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders;

3. *Emphasizes* the usefulness of regional co-operation as fostered by the United Nations Latin American Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, the United Nations Asia and Far East Institute for the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders and the Helsinki Institute for Crime Prevention and Control, affiliated with the United Nations;

4. *Urges* the Secretary-General and all the organizations and agencies involved in the establishment of the institute for the African region to take steps to ensure its prompt creation, if possible before the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders, and also appeals to Governments in that region to co-operate fully and act expeditiously in this respect;

5. *Recommends* the regional commissions and the regional institutes to increase their co-operation in undertaking joint activities;

6. *Requests* the organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations to strengthen appropriate arrangements for the support of technical co-operation in crime prevention and criminal justice between developed and developing countries and also among developing countries, in the spirit of the Buenos Aires Plan of Action for Promoting and Implementing Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries¹²⁹ and General Assembly resolutions 35/171 and 36/21 and Economic and Social Council resolutions 1979/20 and 1979/21;

7. *Urges* the Secretary-General to ensure increased support for the critically needed interregional advisory services in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice, and to provide additional interregional and regional advisers as quickly as budgetary resources will permit, especially to serve the needs of those regions without regional institutes;

8. *Also urges* the Secretary-General to find appropriate means to strengthen the financial capacity of the existing interregional and regional institutes;

9. *Calls upon* Member States in each region, in considering crime prevention and criminal justice in the context of development, to encourage the exchange of data, information and experiences, to engage in joint activities for training and research, to assist in demonstration projects of a bilateral and multilateral nature, to enter into agreements on the provision of human, financial and material resources in support of regional and subregional seminars involving the various modalities of technical co-operation, and to encourage the involvement in such efforts of scientific and professional non-governmental organizations active in the field of crime prevention and criminal justice.

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¹²⁵ A/CONF.121/RPM/2 and Corr.1, sect. II.

¹²⁶ A/CONF.121/RPM/3, annex III.

¹²⁷ A/CONF.121/RPM/4, annex III.

¹²⁸ A/CONF.121/RPM/5, sect. II.

¹²⁹ Report of the United Nations Conference on Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries, Buenos Aires, 30 August-12 September 1978 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.II.A.11 and Corrigendum), chap. I.

DECISIONS

ORGANIZATIONAL SESSION FOR 1984

1984/101. Basic programme of work of the Economic and Social Council for 1984 and 1985

I

BASIC PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE COUNCIL FOR 1984

1. At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council, having considered the draft basic programme of work for 1984 and 1985 submitted by the Secretary-General,¹³⁰ approved the following provisional agenda for its first regular session of 1984:

PROVISIONAL AGENDA FOR THE FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

(1-25 May 1984)

1. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters
2. Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination
3. Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
4. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women
5. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights
6. Population questions
7. Non-governmental organizations
8. Cartography
9. International co-operation in tax matters
10. Human rights
11. Social development
12. Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace
13. Narcotic drugs
14. Elections and nominations
15. Consideration of the provisional agenda for the second regular session of 1984

2. The Council decided that provisional agenda items 1 and 2, 4 to 9 and 14 would be considered in plenary meeting, item 3 by the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, and items 10 to 13 by the Second (Social) Committee.

3. The Council also approved, subject to rule 9, paragraph 4, of the rules of procedure of the Economic and Social Council, the following provisional agenda for its second regular session of 1984:

PROVISIONAL AGENDA FOR THE SECOND REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

(Geneva, 4-27 July 1984)

1. Opening of the session
2. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters
3. General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments
4. Critical economic situation in Africa
5. Review and appraisal of the implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Third United Nations Development Decade
6. Restructuring of the economic and social sectors of the United Nations system, including revitalization of the Economic and Social Council
7. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees¹³¹
8. Permanent sovereignty over national resources in the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories
9. Regional co-operation
10. Transnational corporations
11. Food problems
12. Review and analysis of agrarian reform and rural development
13. Industrial development co-operation
14. International co-operation on the environment
15. International co-operation in the field of human settlements
16. Science and technology for development
17. Development and utilization of new and renewable sources of energy
18. Special economic, humanitarian and disaster relief assistance
19. Operational activities for development
20. International co-operation and co-ordination within the United Nations system
21. Proposed revisions to the medium-term plan for the period 1984-1989
22. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations
23. Trade and development
24. United Nations University

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Reports brought to the attention of the Council

Reports of the Joint Inspection Unit

¹³⁰ E/1984/1 and Add.1.

¹³¹ In accordance with Council resolution 1623 (LI) of 30 July 1971, the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees should be transmitted to the General Assembly without debate, unless the Council decides otherwise at the specific request of one or more of its members or of the High Commissioner, at the time of the adoption of its agenda.

4. The Council decided that agenda items 1 to 8, 23 and 24 would be considered in plenary meeting, items 9 to 17 by the First (Economic) Committee and items 18 to 22 by the Third (Programme and Co-ordination) Committee.

5. The Council also decided:

(a) To give priority consideration, at its second regular session of 1984, to the critical economic situation in Africa;

(b) To consider, at its first regular session of 1984, the question of the second priority issue for consideration at the second regular session of 1984, bearing in mind the text of the proposal made by the Chairman of the informal working group on priority items during the organizational session for 1984;

(c) That an informal sessional working group of the whole, under the chairmanship of one of the Vice-Presidents of the Council, should review, during the first regular session of 1984, the draft guidelines on consumer protection,¹³² and that the Vice-President should submit a report thereon to the Council at its second regular session of 1984 under the item entitled "International co-operation and co-ordination within the United Nations system", with a view to the adoption of the draft guidelines by the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session;

(d) To consider in detail, under the item entitled "Regional co-operation", in pursuance of paragraph 1 (h) of Council resolution 1982/50 of 28 July 1982 and taking into account the joint recommendations made by the executive secretaries of the regional commissions pursuant to Council decision 1982/174 of 30 July 1982, progress in the implementation of its resolution 1983/66 of 29 July 1983 on the promotion of interregional economic and technical co-operation among developing countries;

(e) Not to consider draft proposals under the items entitled "Industrial development co-operation", "Development and utilization of new and renewable sources of energy" and "Operational activities for development", except for specific proposals requiring action by the Council contained in the reports of the intergovernmental bodies concerned; reports submitted to the General Assembly through the Economic and Social Council under these items shall be transmitted directly to the Assembly;

(f) To welcome the positive response of the Council of the United Nations University, pursuant to Council decisions 1983/101 of 4 February 1983 and 1983/184 of 29 July 1983, in changing its annual reporting period in order to submit its report to the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session beginning in 1985;

(g) To request the Secretary-General to transmit directly to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session, for consideration, the annual reports of the Trade and Development Board, the Human Rights Committee and the Council of the United Nations University; the Council will again consider in 1984, under the relevant agenda items, the rescheduling of the meetings of the Trade and Development Board and

the Human Rights Committee requested in paragraph 2 (i) of its decision 1983/101;

(h) To review, within the context of its consideration of the items of the agenda of its regular sessions, in accordance with paragraph 1 (i) of Council resolution 1982/50 of 28 July 1982 and General Assembly resolution 38/32 E of 25 November 1983, all its recurrent and other documentation requested under an existing legislative authority, including publications, in order to determine whether any document has become redundant, has lost its usefulness or could be issued at less frequent intervals;

(i) To request its subsidiary organs responsible for recurrent publications to review them with the objective of identifying and discontinuing those which no longer serve a useful purpose, bearing in mind the criteria set out in paragraph 17 of General Assembly resolution 38/32 E, and to report thereon to the Council;

(j) To direct all its subsidiary bodies to take into consideration and, as required, act on the relevant resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its thirty-eighth session.

II

QUESTIONS FOR INCLUSION IN THE PROGRAMME OF WORK OF THE COUNCIL FOR 1985

6. The Council took note of the following list of questions for inclusion in its programme of work for 1985:

A. FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1985

(7-31 May 1985)

Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination
(General Assembly resolution 38/14 of 22 November 1983)

Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Council resolutions 1988 (LX) of 11 May 1976 and 1982/33 of 6 May 1982 and decision 1981/158 of 8 May 1981)

Review of the composition, organization and administrative arrangements of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Council resolution 1982/33 of 6 May 1982)

Report of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

Relevant reports submitted by States parties to the Covenant and by the specialized agencies

Cartography

Report of the Secretary-General on the Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas (Council resolution 1980/14 of 28 April 1980)

Human rights

Report of the Commission on Human Rights on its forty-first session (Council resolutions 5 (I) of 16 February 1946 and 9 (II) of 21 June 1946)

Implications of scientific and technological developments for human rights (General Assembly resolution 38/111 of 16 December 1983)

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights

Report of the Human Rights Committee (article 45 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights)

¹³² See E/1983/71.

Population questions

Report of the Population Commission on its twenty-third session (Council resolutions 3 (III) of 3 October 1946 and 150 (VII) of 10 August 1948)

Public administration and finance

Report of the Secretary-General on the Seventh Meeting of Experts on the United Nations Programme in Public Administration and Finance (Council resolution 1199 (XLII) of 24 May 1967)

Non-governmental organizations

Report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (Council resolutions 3 (II) of 21 June 1946 and 1296 (XLIV) of 23 May 1968)

Statistical questions

Report of the Statistical Commission on its twenty-third session (Council resolutions 8 (I) of 16 February 1946, 8 (II) of 21 June 1946 and 1566 (L) of 3 May 1971)

Transport of dangerous goods

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods (Council resolutions 724 C (XXVIII) of 17 July 1959 and 1983/7 of 26 May 1983)

Narcotic drugs

Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its thirty-first session (Council resolution 9 (I) of 16 February 1946)

Summary of the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1984 (article 15 of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961 and article 18 of the Convention on Psychotropic Substances, 1971)

Report of the Secretary-General on the drug control activities carried out by the specialized agencies and programmes concerned (General Assembly resolution 38/93 of 16 December 1983)

Social development

1985 Report on the World Social Situation (General Assembly resolution 34/152 of 17 December 1979)

Report of the Commission for Social Development on its twenty-ninth session (Council resolution 10 (II) of 21 June 1946)

Review of the implementation of the International Plan of Action on Aging (General Assembly resolution 37/51 of 3 December 1982)

Report of the Secretary-General on the social aspects of rural development (Council resolution 1983/10 of 26 May 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on the situation of youth in the 1980s in connection with the International Youth Year: Participation, Development and Peace (Council resolution 1983/14 of 26 May 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on national experience in promoting the co-operative movement (Council resolution 1983/15 of 26 May 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on the impact of development on the family as a fundamental unit of society (Council resolution 1983/23 of 26 May 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on capital punishment (Council resolution 1745 (LIV) of 16 May 1973)

Report of the Secretary-General on national experience in achieving far-reaching social and economic changes for the purpose of social progress (General Assembly resolution 38/25 of 22 November 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the World Programme of Action concerning Disabled Persons (Council resolution 1983/19 of 26 May 1983)

Activities for the advancement of women; United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace

Report of the Commission on the Status of Women acting as the Preparatory Body for the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace (Council resolution 1982/26 of 4 May 1982)

Report of the Board of Trustees of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women (Council resolution 1998 (LX) of 12 May 1976)

Report of the Secretary-General on the suppression of the traffic in persons and of the exploitation of the prostitution of others (Council resolution 1983/30 of 26 May 1983 and General Assembly resolution 38/107 of 16 December 1983)

Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

Report of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (article 21 of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women)

Cross-organizational review of selected major issues in the medium-term plans of the organizations of the United Nations system

Report of the Secretary-General on women and development (Council decision 1984/101, para. 7)

B. SECOND REGULAR SESSION OF 1985

(3-26 July 1985)

General discussion of international economic and social policy, including regional and sectoral developments (General Assembly resolution 118 (II) of 31 October 1947 and Council resolution 1724 (LIII) of 28 July 1972)

World Economic Survey

Summaries of the surveys of the economic conditions of the five regions prepared by the regional commissions (Council resolution 1724 (LIII) of 28 July 1972)

Report of the Committee for Development Planning on its twenty-first session (Council resolutions 1079 (XXXIX) of 28 July 1965 and 1625 (LI) of 30 July 1971)

Comprehensive report of the Secretary-General on the overall socio-economic perspective of the world economy to the year 2000 (General Assembly resolution 37/249 of 21 December 1982)

Report of the Secretary-General on a unified approach to development analysis and planning (General Assembly resolution 38/179 of 19 December 1983)

Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (General Assembly resolution 428 (V) of 14 December 1950)¹³³

Regional co-operation

Report of the Secretary-General on regional co-operation (Council decision 1979/1 of 9 February 1979)

Report of the Secretary-General on a subject relating to inter-regional co-operation of common interest to all regions (Council resolution 1982/50 of 28 July 1982 and decision 1982/174 of 30 July 1982)

Annual report of the Secretary-General on the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa (General Assembly resolution 32/160 of 19 December 1977)

Progress report of the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa on the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa (General Assembly resolution 38/150 of 19 December 1983)

Transnational corporations

Report of the Commission on Transnational Corporations on its eleventh session (Council resolution 1913 (LVII) of 5 December 1974)

Natural resources

Report of the Committee on Natural Resources on its ninth session (Council resolution 1535 (XLIX) of 27 July 1970)

¹³³ In accordance with Council resolution 1623 (LI) of 30 July 1971, the report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees should be transmitted to the General Assembly without debate, unless the Council decides otherwise at the specific request of one or more of its members or of the High Commissioner, at the time of the adoption of its agenda.

Report of the Secretary-General on the progress made in attaining the goals of the International Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Decade, 1981-1990 (General Assembly resolution 35/18 of 10 November 1980)

Science and technology for development

Report of the Intergovernmental Committee on Science and Technology for Development on its seventh session (General Assembly resolution 34/218 of 19 December 1979)

Industrial development co-operation

Report of the Industrial Development Board on its nineteenth session (General Assembly resolution 2152 (XXI) of 17 November 1966)

International co-operation on the environment

Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its thirteenth session (General Assembly resolution 2997 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972)

Implementation in the Sudano-Sahelian region of the Plan of Action to Combat Desertification (General Assembly resolution 34/187 of 18 December 1979)

International co-operation in the field of human settlements

Report of the Commission on Human Settlements on its eighth session (General Assembly resolution 32/162 of 19 December 1977 and Council resolution 1978/1 of 12 January 1978)

Food problems

Report of the World Food Council on its eleventh session (General Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974)

Report of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes (General Assembly resolution 3404 (XXX) of 28 November 1975)

Report of the Secretary-General on the state of technology for food and agriculture in Africa (General Assembly resolution 38/159 of 19 December 1983)

Special economic, humanitarian and disaster relief assistance

Oral reports of the Secretary-General on the current status of the special economic assistance programmes for Ghana and Guinea-Bissau (General Assembly resolutions 38/203 and 38/221 of 20 December 1983)

Oral report of the Secretary-General on the status of assistance to the drought-stricken areas of Djibouti, Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, the Sudan and Uganda (Council resolution 1983/46 of 28 July 1983)

Implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region (General Assembly resolution 38/225 of 20 December 1983 and Council resolution 1982/49 of 28 July 1982)

Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Office of the United Nations Disaster Relief Co-ordinator (General Assembly resolution 2816 (XXVI) of 14 December 1971)

Operational activities for development

Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme on its thirty-second session (General Assembly resolution 2029 (XX) of 22 November 1965)

Technical co-operation activities of the United Nations (General Assembly resolution 2029 (XX) of 22 December 1965) (the report of the Secretary-General on technical co-operation activities of the United Nations will be made available to the Council (General Assembly resolution 37/232 of 20 December 1982))

United Nations Fund for Population Activities (General Assembly resolution 3019 (XXVII) of 18 December 1972)

United Nations Capital Development Fund (General Assembly resolutions 2186 (XXI) of 13 December 1966 and 2321 (XXII) of 15 December 1967)

United Nations Special Fund for Land-locked Developing Countries (General Assembly resolution 33/85 of 15 December 1978 and Council decision 1981/173 of 22 July 1981)

Report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on the United Nations Revolving Fund for Natural Resources Exploration (Council resolution 1762 (LIV) of 18 May 1973)

Report of the Administrator of the United Nations Development Programme on the United Nations Volunteers programme (General Assembly resolution 33/84 of 15 December 1978)

Report of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund (General Assembly resolution 802 (VIII) of 6 October 1953)

Report of the High-level Committee on the Review of Technical Co-operation among Developing Countries (General Assembly resolution 33/134 of 19 December 1978)

International co-operation and co-ordination within the United Nations system

Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on its twenty-fifth session (Council resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976)

Report of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination for 1984/85 (Council resolution 13 (III) of 21 September 1946)

Report of the Chairman of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the Chairman of the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination on the Joint Meetings of the two Committees (Council resolutions 1171 (XLI) of 5 August 1966, 1472 (XLVIII) of 13 January 1970 and 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976)

Report of the Secretary-General on economic and technical trends and developments in marine affairs (Council resolution 1983/48 of 28 July 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General of the World Tourism Organization on the progress made in the implementation of the Manila Declaration on World Tourism and the Acapulco Document on World Tourism (General Assembly resolution 38/146 of 19 December 1983)

Report of the Secretary-General on an international year for the mobilization of financial and technological resources to increase food and agricultural production in Africa (General Assembly resolution 38/198 of 20 December 1983)

Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations

Assistance to the Palestinian people (Council resolution 2100 (LXIII) of 3 August 1977)

Assistance to the oppressed people of South Africa and their national liberation movement provided by the agencies and institutions within the United Nations system (General Assembly resolution 33/183 K of 24 January 1979)

Proposed programme budget for the biennium 1986-1987

Relevant sections of the proposed programme budget for 1986-1987 (Council resolution 1177 (XLI) of 5 August 1966)

Report of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination on its twenty-fifth session (Council resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976)

Calendar of conferences

Draft calendar of conferences and meetings for 1986-1987 (Council decision 52 (LVII) of 1 August 1974)

Trade and development

Report of the Trade and Development Board (General Assembly resolution 1995 (XIX) of 30 December 1974)

United Nations University

Report of the Council of the United Nations University (General Assembly resolution 3081 (XXVIII) of 6 December 1973)

Cross-organizational review of selected major issues in the medium-term plans of the organizations of the United Nations system

Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the United Nations system in economic and technical co-operation among developing countries (Council decision 1984/101, para. 7)

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Reports brought to the attention of the Council

Reports of the Joint Inspection Unit

7. The Council also decided, in accordance with paragraph 1 (f) of its resolution 1982/50 of 28 July 1982 and its resolution 1983/78 of 29 July 1983, to review, on a cross-organizational basis, during its first regular session of 1985, the question of women and development, and, during its second regular session, the activities of the United Nations system in economic and technical co-operation among developing countries.

1984/102. Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population, 1984

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council, having considered the letter from the Chairman of the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population, 1984 to the President of the Council,¹³⁴ decided to authorize the Preparatory Committee to hold a resumed session at United Nations Headquarters from 12 to 16 March 1984, and to report to the Council at its first regular session of 1984.

1984/103. Seventh Meeting of Experts on the United Nations Programme in Public Administration and Finance

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council, having considered the note by the Secretary-General,¹³⁵ decided that the Seventh Meeting of Experts on the United Nations Programme in Public Administration and Finance would be held at Geneva from 17 to 26 October 1984 instead of at United Nations Headquarters from 16 to 25 May 1984.

1984/104. Review of the cycle of meetings of subsidiary bodies of the Economic and Social Council

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council decided, pursuant to General Assembly decision 38/429 of 19 December 1983, and Council resolution 1768 (LIV) of 18 May 1973, to request its subsidiary bodies that currently meet on an annual basis to consider adopting, on an experimental basis, a biennial cycle of meetings, and to report thereon to the Council in 1984.

1984/105. Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council, having considered the letter dated 8 February 1984 from the Permanent Representative of

Argentina to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Council,¹³⁶ decided that the Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas should be held at Buenos Aires during the first quarter of 1985 instead of from 3 to 14 September 1984.

1984/106. Special economic assistance programme for Swaziland

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council, having considered the letter dated 9 February 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Swaziland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Council,¹³⁷ decided to request the Secretary-General to send, as soon as possible and within existing resources, an inter-agency mission to Swaziland to assess that country's priority needs in the light of the cyclone of January 1984 and its medium-term and long-term implications for the economy, and to consider the matter at its first regular session of 1984, under the item entitled "Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters", should the report of the mission be available at that time.

1984/107. Election of members of the Committee on Candidatures for election to the International Narcotics Control Board

At its 1st plenary meeting, on 7 February 1984, the Council, as provided in its resolution 1106 (XL) of 4 March 1966, established a Committee on Candidatures to review candidatures for vacancies that would occur on the International Narcotics Control Board.¹³⁸

At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council elected the following States to the Committee: ARGENTINA, BELGIUM, CANADA, COLOMBIA, GREECE, INDIA, MOROCCO, PAKISTAN, PERU, THAILAND, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

1984/108. Membership of subsidiary bodies of the Council: elections, appointments and confirmations

1. At its 2nd plenary meeting, on 10 February 1984, the Council decided to postpone until a later session the elections to fill vacancies in the following bodies:

SESSIONAL WORKING GROUP OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

The Council postponed the election of one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1985; and one member from Latin American States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

¹³⁴ E/1984/26.

¹³⁵ E/1984/L.13.

¹³⁶ E/1984/27.

¹³⁷ E/1984/31.

¹³⁸ See E/1984/4 and Add.1.

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

The Council postponed the election of two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1984; three members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986; and one member from Eastern European States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

The Council postponed the election of one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1985; and three members from Eastern European States, one member, whose term would be determined by lot, to serve for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1984, and the other two members to serve for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1985.

2. At the same meeting, the Council confirmed the nominations, by their Governments, of the following representatives on the functional commissions of the Council and on the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights:¹³⁹

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

Vesselin Nikiforov (Bulgaria);
Li Chengrui (China);
Vladimir Micka (Czechoslovakia);
Emmanuel Oti Boateng (Ghana);
Jaime Alatorre (Mexico);
B. I. Guryev (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);

POPULATION COMMISSION

Carlos Caraffa (Bolivia);
Vladimir Kalaidjiev (Bulgaria);
Victor Hugo Morgan (Costa Rica);
Aziz Elbendary (Egypt);
Jean Bourgeois-Pichat (France);
R. P. Kapoor (India);
Yoichi Okazaki (Japan);
Noor Laily Dato Abu Bakar (Malaysia);
Gerónimo Martínez García (Mexico);
Alhaji Abdurrahman Okene (Nigeria);
Awad M. Elhassan (Sudan);
Per Jödahl (Sweden);
Nouridine Bouraima (Togo);

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Pierre-Henri Pascal (France);
J. B. Amoako (Ghana);
R. P. Khosla (India);
Luvsandanzangyn Ider (Mongolia);
Rashida Abdel Muttalib Mohamed (Sudan);

Alexandra Pavlovna Biryukova (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);
Ellen Frankel Paul (United States of America);

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Carlos Calero Rodrigues (Brazil);
Todor Dichev (Bulgaria);
Björn Ekblom (Finland);
Claude Albert Colliard (France);
Richard Jaeger (Germany, Federal Republic of);
Ghaleb Z. Barakat (Jordan);
Sid'Ahmed Ould Taya (Mauritania);
Jorge Montaña (Mexico);
Alejandro Bendaña Rodríguez (Nicaragua);
Armando Manalo (Philippines);
Alphonse Sebazungu (Rwanda);
Jesús Esquerro Calvo (Spain);
Simone Mairie (Cameroon);
Richard Schifter (United States of America);
Aleksandar Božović (Yugoslavia);

COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

Huang Ganying (China);
Esther Véliz Díaz de Villalvilla (Cuba);
Hanne Severinsen (Denmark);
Luzmila Rodríguez de Troya (Ecuador);
Ellen Wolf (Germany, Federal Republic of);
Ivonne Siu (Nicaragua);
Salima Raisuddin Ahmed (Pakistan);
Rosario G. Manalo (Philippines);
Justice Lombe Chibesakunda (Zambia);

SESSIONAL WORKING GROUP OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

Kalin Mitrev (Bulgaria);
Michael Urban Bendix (Denmark);
Ulrich Kords (German Democratic Republic);
Hisami Kurokuchi (Japan);
Norma Shalhoub (Jordan);
Rose Adhiambo Arungu-Olende (Kenya);
Sharif G. Alkalbash (Libyan Arab Jamahiriya);
Néjib Bouziri (Tunisia).

COMMITTEE FOR DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

3. At its 4th plenary meeting, on 16 March 1984, the Council, on the nomination of the Secretary-General,¹⁴⁰ appointed the following twenty-three¹⁴¹ members of the Committee for Development Planning to serve until 31 December 1986:

Ismail-Sabri Abdalla (Egypt);
Abdelatif Y. Al-Hamad (Kuwait);
Gerassimos D. Arsenis (Greece);
Bernard Chidzero (Zimbabwe);
Jean-Pierre Cot (France);
Hernando de Soto (Peru);

¹⁴⁰ E/1984/10.

¹⁴¹ The Committee consists of twenty-four members; the Secretary-General intends to nominate an expert from Western Europe at a later date, when the consultations under way have been completed.

¹³⁹ See E/1984/8 and Corr.1 and 2 and Add.1 and 2.

Celso Furtado (Brazil);
 Armin Gutowski (Federal Republic of Germany);
 Gerald K. Helleiner (Canada);
 Huan Xiang (China);
 Shinichi Ichimura (Japan);
 V. N. Kirichenko (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics);
 Robert S. McNamara (United States of America);
 Joseph Elenga Ngamporo (Congo);
 G. O. Nwankwo (Nigeria);
 Goran Ohlin (Sweden);
 Jozef Pajestka (Poland);
 I. G. Patel (India);
 Shridath S. Ramphal (Guyana);
 Luis A. Rojo (Spain);
 Mohammad Sadli (Indonesia);
 Rehman Sobhan (Bangladesh);
 Janez Stanovnic (Yugoslavia).

1984/109. Reconvened special session of the Commission on Transnational Corporations

At its 3rd plenary meeting, on 21 February 1984, the Council, having assessed the work undertaken by the Commission on Transnational Corporations at its

reconvened special session on the draft code of conduct on transnational corporations and of the divergencies still to be overcome in that regard,¹⁴² decided:

(a) To reconvene further the special session of the Commission on Transnational Corporations from 11 to 29 June 1984, with a view to completing the work on the formulation of the draft code of conduct on transnational corporations for submission to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session through the Economic and Social Council at its second regular session of 1984;

(b) That the question of the participation of expert advisers in the reconvened special session should be considered by the Commission on Transnational Corporations at its tenth session, taking into account the proposal made by the delegation of Mexico, on behalf of the States Members which are members of the Group of 77, during the organizational session for 1984 of the Council; and that the recommendations of the Commission would be considered, for appropriate action, by the Council at its first regular session of 1984.

¹⁴² See E/1984/9 and Add.1.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION OF 1984

1984/110. Change of date of the twentieth session of the Committee for Development Planning

At its 6th plenary meeting, on 2 May 1984, the Council, having considered a note by the Secretariat,¹⁴³ decided that the twentieth session of the Committee for Development Planning would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 17 to 21 May 1984 instead of from 4 to 13 April 1984.

1984/111. Report of the Secretary-General on United Nations interregional cartographic conferences

At its 7th plenary meeting, on 4 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Secretary-General on United Nations interregional cartographic conferences,¹⁴⁴ prepared in pursuance of its resolution 1981/6 of 4 May 1981.

1984/112. Eleventh United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for Asia and the Pacific

At its 7th plenary meeting, on 4 May 1984, the Council took note of the offer made by the Government of Turkey to act as host to the Eleventh United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for Asia and the Pacific to be held in 1987,¹⁴⁵ and decided to revert to the matter at its first regular session of 1985.

¹⁴³ E/1984/L.18.

¹⁴⁴ E/1984/36.

¹⁴⁵ See E/1984/63.

1984/113. Non-governmental organizations

I

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS ON ITS SPECIAL SESSION

At its 10th plenary meeting, on 9 May 1984, the Council decided:

(a) To take note of the report of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations on its 1984 special session,¹⁴⁶ with the exception of the recommendation for the reclassification from the Roster to category II of the International Police Association;

(b) Taking into account the concern expressed by members of the Council on the link between the International Police Association and *apartheid* South Africa and having in mind its resolution 1982/16 of 4 May 1982, not to approve the reclassification to category II of the International Police Association;

(c) In accordance with the relevant provisions of resolution 1296 (XLIV) of 23 May 1968, to invite the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations to reconsider the current status of the International Police Association, bearing in mind Council resolution 1982/16;

(d) To consider further the current status of the International Police Association with a view to taking a final decision at its first regular session of 1985.

¹⁴⁶ E/1984/29.

II

APPLICATIONS FOR CONSULTATIVE STATUS AND REQUESTS FOR RECLASSIFICATION RECEIVED FROM NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS

At the same meeting, the Council further decided:

(a) To grant the following non-governmental organizations consultative status:

Category II

Asociación Interamericana Presupuesto Público;¹⁴⁷

Roster

Asian Pacific Youth Forum, The (APYF);
Association of Geoscientists for International Development;
Continental Africa Chamber of Commerce (CACC);
International Advertising Association (IAA);
International Centre of Sociological, Penal and Penitentiary Research and Studies;
International Committee on Public Relations in Rehabilitation (ICPRR);
International Confederation of Ex-Prisoners of War;
International Narcotic Enforcement Officers Association, Inc. (INEOA);
International Public Policy Institute;
National Indian Youth Council, The;
Regional Studies Association (RSA);
Union of Technical Assistance for Motor Vehicle and Road Traffic (UNATAC);
Water Supply Improvement Association;

(b) To reclassify Soroptimist International from category II to category I consultative status and the International Abolitionist Federation and OISCA—International (Organization for Industrial, Spiritual and Cultural Advancement—International) from the Roster to category II.

III

SUSPENSION OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS IN CONSULTATIVE STATUS WITH THE COUNCIL

Also at the same meeting, the Council, regretting that four non-governmental organizations in category II consultative status, namely, the Federation of Arab Economists, the Inter-American Federation of Public Relations Associations, the International Federation of Landscape Architects and the World Council of Management, had failed to submit quadrennial reports pursuant to the provisions of Council resolution 1296 (XLIV), decided to suspend those organizations, and also decided that, if the quadrennial reports were not received from them in 1984, it would withdraw their consultative status.

1984/114. International co-operation in tax matters

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 16 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Secretary-

¹⁴⁷ Formerly known as Asociación Interamericana e Ibérica de Presupuesto Público.

General on the work of the *Ad Hoc* Group of Experts on International Co-operation in Tax Matters¹⁴⁸ and approved the recommendations contained therein.

1984/115. Provisional agenda and documentation for the twenty-third session of the Population Commission

At its 14th plenary meeting, on 16 May 1984, the Council approved the provisional agenda and documentation for the twenty-third session of the Population Commission set out below.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA AND DOCUMENTATION FOR THE TWENTY-THIRD SESSION OF THE POPULATION COMMISSION

1. Election of officers.
2. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters.
3. International Conference on Population, 1984: follow-up action to be taken by the United Nations:
 - (a) Consideration of the recommendations of the Conference;
 - (b) Implications of the recommendations of the Conference on the work programme on population.

Documentation

Review of the implications of the recommendations of the Conference on the work programme on population: report of the Secretary-General

4. Action by the United Nations to implement the recommendations of the International Population Conference, 1984: monitoring of population trends and policies.

Documentation

Addendum to the concise report on monitoring of population trends and policies: report of the Secretary-General (E/CN.9/1984/2 and Corr.1)

5. Programme of work in the field of population for the biennium 1986-1987, and implementation of the programme budget for 1984-1985.

Documentation

Note by the Secretary-General on the proposed programme in the field of population for the biennium 1986-1987

Report of the Secretary-General on progress of work in the field of population for 1984-1985

6. Provisional agenda for the twenty-fourth session of the Commission.
7. Adoption of the report of the Commission on its twenty-third session.

1984/116. Special meeting of the Committee of the Whole of the Economic Commission for Latin America

At its 16th plenary meeting, on 21 May 1984, the Council, in pursuance of the request made by the Economic Commission for Latin America at its twentieth session, decided to approve the convening of a one-day special meeting of the Committee of the Whole of the Commission at United Nations Headquarters on 28 June 1984, in order to approve the conclusions and recommendations submitted to it by the Caribbean Development and Co-operation Committee.

¹⁴⁸ E/1984/37.

1984/117. Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas

At its 16th plenary meeting, on 21 May 1984, the Council decided that the Third United Nations Regional Cartographic Conference for the Americas would be held at United Nations Headquarters from 19 February to 1 March 1985 instead of at Buenos Aires during the first quarter of 1985 as decided by the Council in its decision 1984/105 of 10 February 1984.

1984/118. Report of the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population, 1984

At its 17th plenary meeting, on 22 May 1984, the Council:

(a) Decided to revise paragraph (e) of recommendation 5 of the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population, 1984,¹⁴⁹ to read as follows:

“(e) In view of the constraints of time, it is desirable that statements in the general debate on item 4 be limited to seven minutes for the representatives of each State and three minutes for other participants”;

(b) Recommended the following text as rule 6 of the provisional rules of procedure for the International Conference on Population, 1984:

“The Conference shall elect the following officers: a President, two Vice-Presidents for co-ordination, twenty-six other Vice-Presidents, a Rapporteur-General and a Presiding Officer for the Main Committee established in accordance with rule 45”;¹⁵⁰

(c) Took note of the report of the Preparatory Committee for the International Conference on Population, 1984¹⁵¹ and of the recommendations contained therein, as revised, and decided to transmit them to the Conference.

1984/119. Report of the Secretary-General on the world population situation in 1984

At its 17th plenary meeting, on 22 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Secretary-

¹⁴⁹ See E/1984/28, chap. I, sect. A.

¹⁵⁰ Under rule 9 of the provisional rules of procedure, these thirty-one officers shall constitute the General Committee of the Conference. The distribution of posts in the General Committee shall be as follows:

President:	Latin American States
Two Vice-Presidents for co-ordination:	
Rapporteur-General: Presiding Officer for the Main Committee:	
Eight Vice-Presidents:	one from each of the four other regional groups
Seven Vice-Presidents:	
Two Vice-Presidents:	
Four Vice-Presidents:	
Five Vice-Presidents:	
	African States
	Asian States
	Eastern European States
	Latin American States
	Western European and other States

It is the understanding of the Council that the composition and distribution of posts among the regional groups set out above shall not constitute a precedent for other conferences or international meetings.

¹⁵¹ E/1984/28 and Add.1.

General on the world population situation in 1984,¹⁵² and decided to transmit it to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session.

1984/120. Question of the participation of expert advisers in the reconvened special session of the Commission on Transnational Corporations

At its 11th plenary meeting, on 11 May 1984, the Council, having considered the note by the Secretary-General,¹⁵³ decided to invite expert advisers to participate in the work of the reconvened special session of the Commission on Transnational Corporations, to be held from 11 to 29 June 1984, during the last three days of the second week of the session, within existing resources.

1984/121. Provisional agenda for 1985 of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council approved the provisional agenda for 1985 of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights set out below.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA FOR 1985 OF THE SESSIONAL WORKING GROUP OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

1. Consideration of reports submitted in accordance with Council resolution 1988 (LX) by States parties to the Covenant concerning rights covered by articles 10 to 12.

Documentation

Portugal (E/1980/6/Add.35 and Corr.1)

Any other reports received by the Secretary-General

2. Consideration of reports submitted in accordance with Council resolution 1988 (LX) by States parties to the Covenant concerning rights covered by articles 13 to 15.

Documentation

Iraq (E/1982/3/Add.26)

Portugal (E/1982/3/Add.27)

3. Consideration of reports submitted in accordance with Council resolution 1983 (LX) by States parties to the Covenant concerning rights covered by articles 6 to 9.

Documentation

Initial reports

Mexico (E/1984/6/Add.2)

Iraq (E/1984/6/Add.3)

Second periodic reports

German Democratic Republic (E/1984/7/Add.3)

Romania (E/1984/7/Add.17)

Bulgaria (E/1984/7/Add.18)

4. Formulation of suggestions and recommendations of a general nature based on the consideration of reports submitted by States parties to the Covenant and by the specialized agencies, in order to assist the Council to fulfil, in particular, its responsibilities under articles 21 and 22 of the Covenant.
5. Consideration of the report of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

¹⁵² A/39/128-E/1984/35.

¹⁵³ E/1984/L.19.

1984/122. Bureau for 1985 of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council decided that the Bureau for 1985 of the Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights should be constituted as follows:

Chairman: Eastern European States;
Vice-Chairmen: Asian States; Latin American States; Western European and other States;
Rapporteur: African States.

1984/123. Provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-first session of the Commission on the Status of Women

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council approved the provisional agenda and documentation for the thirty-first session of the Commission on the Status of Women set out below.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA AND DOCUMENTATION FOR THE THIRTY-FIRST SESSION OF THE COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

1. Election of officers.
2. Adoption of the agenda and other organizational matters.
3. Results of the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace.

Documentation

Report of the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace

Note by the Secretary-General on the reporting system for periodic review and appraisal of progress in the advancement of women at national, regional and international levels

Report of the Secretary-General on measures for the integration of the needs and concerns of women in planning and programme activities of the United Nations system

4. Elimination of discrimination against women in accordance with the aims of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women.

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on the status of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

Reports of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (for information)

Reports of the Joint Inspection Unit on the status of women in the Professional category and above and other relevant reports (for information)

Report of the Secretary-General on information on family violence provided by Member States, organizations of the United Nations system and non-governmental organizations

5. Participation of women in promoting international peace and co-operation.

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on measures of assistance for women inside South Africa and Namibia and for women

from South Africa and Namibia who have become refugees as a result of the practice of *apartheid*

Progress report of the Secretary-General on the preparation of a comprehensive report on the situation of women living within and outside the occupied Arab territories

6. Role of women in development.

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on the status and situation of elderly women

7. Communications concerning the status of women.

Documentation

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting a non-confidential list of communications concerning the status of women

Note by the Secretary-General transmitting a confidential list of communications concerning the status of women

Report of the Secretary-General on information provided by Member States on physical violence against detained women that is specific to their sex

8. Programme of future work, including the provisional agenda for the thirty-second session.
9. Adoption of the report of the Commission on its thirty-first session.

1984/124. Statute of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, having considered the report of the Board of Trustees of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women on its fourth session¹⁵⁴ approved the Statute of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women contained therein and decided to transmit it to the General Assembly for its endorsement.

1984/125. Report of the Commission on the Status of Women acting as the Preparatory Body for the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women: Equality, Development and Peace on its second session

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council:

(a) Took note of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women acting as the Preparatory Body for the World Conference to Review and Appraise the Achievements of the United Nations Decade for Women on its second session;¹⁵⁵

(b) Approved the recommendations contained in that report and decided to transmit it to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session.

1984/126. Report of the Commission on the Status of Women

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on the Status of Women on its thirtieth session.¹⁵⁶

¹⁵⁴ E/1984/41.

¹⁵⁵ A/CONF.116/PC/19 and Corr.1.

¹⁵⁶ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 5 (E/1984/15).*

1984/127. Report of the International Narcotics Control Board

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the International Narcotics Control Board for 1983.¹⁵⁷

1984/128. Report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs

At its 19th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its eighth special session.¹⁵⁸

1984/129. Violations of human rights in southern Africa: report of the Ad Hoc Working Group of Experts

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/5 of 28 February 1984,¹⁵⁹ took note of the findings on the violation of trade union rights in South Africa contained in the progress report of the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts on southern Africa,¹⁶⁰ and endorsed the Commission's request to the *Ad Hoc* Working Group of Experts to continue its study and to bring to the attention of the Commission at its forty-first session violations of human rights in South Africa and Namibia.

1984/130. Adverse consequences for the enjoyment of human rights of political, military, economic and other forms of assistance given to colonial and racist régimes in southern Africa

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/6 of 28 February 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to welcome the decision of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to mandate the Special Rapporteur, Mr. Ahmed Khalifa, to continue to update the list of banks, transnational corporations and other organizations assisting the colonial and racist régime in South Africa, subject to annual review, and to submit the revised report to the Commission, through the Sub-Commission.

1984/131. Popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/15 of 6 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's request to the Secretary-General, in preparing the final study on the right to popular participation in its various forms as an important factor in development and in the full realization of all human rights, to take into account the views expressed at the

fortieth session of the Commission. The Council further endorsed the Commission's invitation to those Governments, United Nations organs and specialized agencies that have not yet done so to transmit their comments and views to the Secretary-General, as called for in Council resolution 1983/31 of 27 May 1983.

1984/132. Question of the realization in all countries of the economic, social and cultural rights contained in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and in the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, and study of special problems which the developing countries face in their efforts to achieve these human rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/16 of 6 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to reconvene the Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Right to Development with the same mandate as before in order to allow it to elaborate, on the basis of its report,¹⁶¹ and all the documents already submitted or to be submitted, a draft declaration on the right to development. The Council also endorsed the Commission's request to the Working Group to hold two sessions of two weeks each at Geneva.

1984/133. The new international economic order and the promotion of human rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council noted Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/17 of 6 March 1984¹⁵⁹ and decided that the study on the new international economic order and the promotion of human rights¹⁶² should be published and given the widest possible distribution in all the official languages of the United Nations.

1984/134. Draft convention against torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/21 of 6 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ decided to transmit to the General Assembly the report of the working group established by the Commission to draw up a draft convention against torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment,¹⁶³ as well as the summary records of the Commission's debate on the question during its fortieth session. The Council further noted the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to submit the comments received from Governments on the draft convention, in conformity with Commission resolution 1984/21, to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session, and the Commission's recommendation that the Assembly should consider, pursuant to its resolution 38/119 of 16 December 1983, the draft convention contained in the annex to the working group's report as a matter of priority, with a view to the early adoption of a

¹⁵⁷ E/INCB/1983/1 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.83.XI.6).

¹⁵⁸ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 3 (E/1984/13).*

¹⁵⁹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1), chap. II.*

¹⁶⁰ E/CN.4/1984/8.

¹⁶¹ E/CN.4/1984/13 and Corr.1 and 2.

¹⁶² E/CN.4/Sub.2/1983/24 and Add.1/Rev.1 and Add.2.

¹⁶³ E/CN.4/1984/72.

convention against torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment.

1984/135. Question of enforced or involuntary disappearances

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/23 of 6 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ approved the Commission's decision to extend for one year the mandate of the Working Group on Enforced or Involuntary Disappearances, as laid down in Commission resolution 20 (XXXVI) of 29 February 1980.¹⁶⁴ The Council endorsed the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to continue to provide the Working Group with all necessary assistance, in particular the staff and resources it may require to perform its functions in an effective and expeditious manner and, if necessary, to make the appropriate arrangements to ensure the continuity of the Secretariat's work.

1984/136. Situation of human rights in El Salvador

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/52 of 14 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to extend the mandate of the Special Representative on the situation of human rights in El Salvador for another year and to request him to submit his report on further developments in the situation of human rights in that country to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session and to the Commission at its forty-first session. The Council further endorsed the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the Special Representative of the Commission.

1984/137. Situation of human rights in Guatemala

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/53 of 14 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Guatemala for another year and to request him to report on the subsequent development of the situation of human rights in that country, taking into account developments in regard to the recommendations in his reports as well as information from other reliable sources, and to submit an interim report to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session and a final report to the Commission at its forty-first session. The Council further endorsed the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the Special Rapporteur.

1984/138. Situation of human rights in the Islamic Republic of Iran

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/54 of 14 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to request its Chairman to appoint,

after consultation within the Bureau, a special representative of the Commission, whose mandate will be to establish contacts with the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran and to make a thorough study of the human rights situation in that country based on such information as he may deem relevant, including comments and materials provided by the Government, containing conclusions and appropriate suggestions, to be submitted to the Commission at its forty-first session. The Council further endorsed the Commission's request to the Secretary-General to give all necessary assistance to the special representative of the Commission.

1984/139. Review of the work of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/60 of 15 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ noted the decision of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to establish at its thirty-seventh session a working group to study in depth the working methods and the programme of work of the Sub-Commission, including its relationship with the Commission and the Secretariat, and endorsed the Commission's invitation for an exchange of views between a spokesman for that working group and the Commission or a working group of the Commission during the forty-first session of the Commission.

1984/140. Question of human rights in Chile

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/63 of 15 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's decision to extend the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Chile for another year and to request him to report on the situation of human rights in that country to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session and to the Commission at its forty-first session. The Council requested the Secretary-General to make appropriate arrangements to ensure that the necessary financial resources and sufficient staff are provided to implement the resolution of the Commission.

1984/141. Measures to combat racism and racial discrimination

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights decision 1984/107 of 12 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ decided that the report prepared by Mr. Abu Sayeed Chowdhury, Special Rapporteur of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, entitled "Study on discriminatory treatment of members of racial, ethnic, religious or linguistic groups at the various levels in the administration of criminal justice, such as police, military, administrative and judicial investigations, arrest, detention, trial and execution of sentences, including the ideologies or beliefs which contribute or lead to racism in the administration of criminal justice",¹⁶⁵ in accordance with section A of

¹⁶⁴ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1980, Supplement No. 3 (E/1980/13 and Corr.1), chap. XXVI, sect. A.*

¹⁶⁵ E/CN.4/Sub.2/L.766; E/CN.4/Sub.2/1982/7.

Sub-Commission resolution 4 (XXXIII) of 5 September 1980,¹⁶⁶ should be printed and given the widest possible distribution, including distribution in Arabic.

1984/142. Principles, guidelines and guarantees for the protection of persons detained on grounds of mental ill-health or suffering from mental disorder

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights decision 1984/108 of 13 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ decided that the report entitled "Principles, guidelines and guarantees for the protection of persons detained on grounds of mental ill-health or suffering from mental disorder"¹⁶⁷ should be published, without annex III, and given the widest possible distribution in all the official languages of the United Nations.

1984/143. Study of situations which appear to reveal a consistent pattern of gross violations of human rights as provided in Commission on Human Rights resolution 8 (XXIII) and Economic and Social Council resolutions 1235 (XLII) and 1503 (XLVIII)

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights decision 1984/109 of 1 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ decided to request the Secretary-General to continue his consultations with the Government of Haiti, as envisaged in his report to the Commission, with a view to further exploring ways and means of providing the Government of Haiti with assistance to facilitate the realization of full enjoyment of human rights for the people of Haiti, and to report to the Commission at its forty-first session on the implementation of the present decision.

1984/144. Organization of the work of the Commission on Human Rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights decision 1984/113 of 16 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ decided to authorize, if possible within the existing financial resources, twenty fully-serviced additional meetings, including summary records, for the Commission's forty-first session. The Council took note of the Commission's decision to request its Chairman at the forty-first session to make every effort to organize the work of the session within the normal allotted time, the additional meetings authorized by the Council to be utilized only if such meetings prove to be absolutely necessary.

1984/145. General decision concerning the establishment of a working group of the Commission on Human Rights to examine situations referred to the Commission under Economic and Social Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) and those situations of which the Commission is seized

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council approved the decision of the Commission on Human Rights, in its decision 1984/114 of 6 March

1984,¹⁵⁹ to set up a working group composed of five of its members to meet for one week prior to the forty-first session to examine such particular situations as might be referred to the Commission by the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities at its thirty-seventh session under Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII) and those situations of which the Commission is seized.

1984/146. Report of the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities on its thirty-sixth session

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, noting Commission on Human Rights decision 1984/115 of 16 March 1984,¹⁵⁹ endorsed the Commission's invitation to the Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities to be present, through its Chairman or another member it may designate, at the consideration of its report during the forty-first session of the Commission.

1984/147. Report of the Commission on Human Rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Commission on Human Rights on its fortieth session.¹⁶⁸

1984/148. Right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council fully endorsed Commission on Human Rights resolution 1984/12 of 29 February 1984,¹⁵⁹ by which the Commission, *inter alia*, reaffirmed that the continuing occupation of Kampuchea by foreign forces deprived the people of Kampuchea of the exercise of their right to self-determination and constituted the primary violation of human rights in Kampuchea at present. The Council reaffirmed its decisions 1981/154 of 8 May 1981, 1982/143 of 7 May 1982 and 1983/155 of 27 May 1983 and reiterated its call for the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Kampuchea in order to allow the people of Kampuchea to exercise their fundamental freedoms and human rights, including the right to self-determination as contained in the Declaration on Kampuchea adopted by the International Conference on Kampuchea on 17 July 1981¹⁶⁹ and in General Assembly resolutions 34/22 of 14 November 1979, 35/6 of 22 October 1980, 36/5 of 21 October 1981, 37/6 of 28 October 1982 and 38/3 of 27 October 1983.

The Council expressed its grave concern at the activities of the foreign forces in Kampuchea, particularly the continuing attacks on Kampuchean civilian encampments along the Thai-Kampuchean border, resulting in serious loss of life and property of Kampucheans and forcing even larger numbers of Kampuchean civilians to flee into Thailand.

The Council took note with appreciation of the note by the Secretary-General,¹⁷⁰ prepared pursuant to its

¹⁶⁸ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 4 (E/1984/14 and Corr.1).

¹⁶⁹ See Report of the International Conference on Kampuchea, New York, 13-17 July 1981 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.I.20), annex I.

¹⁷⁰ E/1984/88.

¹⁶⁶ See E/CN.4/1413 and Corr.1, chap. XVII, sect. A.

¹⁶⁷ E/CN.4/Sub.2/1983/17.

decision 1983/155, requested him to report to the Council any further violations of humanitarian principles perpetrated against Kampuchean civilian refugees by the foreign occupying troops along the border, and also requested him to continue to monitor closely the developments in Kampuchea and to intensify efforts, including the use of his good offices, to bring about a comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean problem and the restoration of fundamental human rights in Kampuchea.

The Council noted with appreciation the ongoing efforts of the *Ad Hoc* Committee of the International Conference on Kampuchea and requested that the Committee continue its work, pending the reconvening of the Conference.

1984/149. Report of the Secretary-General on measures to be taken against Nazi, Fascist and neo-Fascist activities and all other forms of totalitarian ideologies and practices based on racial intolerance, hatred and terror

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the report of the Secretary-General on measures to be taken against Nazi, Fascist and neo-Fascist activities and all other forms of totalitarian ideologies and practices based on racial intolerance, hatred and terror¹⁷¹ and decided to transmit it to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session.

1984/150. Note by the Secretary-General on allegations regarding infringements of trade union rights

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council, having considered the note by the Secretary-General on allegations regarding infringements of trade union rights,¹⁷² decided that the matter referred to the Fact-Finding and Conciliation Commission on Freedom of Association of the International Labour Organisation through the Governing Body of the International Labour Office by its decision 1983/156 of 27 May 1983 should not be pursued.

1984/151. Reports of the Secretary-General relating to the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination

At its 20th plenary meeting, on 24 May 1984, the Council took note of the reports of the Secretary-General¹⁷³ submitted in accordance with paragraphs 18 (e) and (f) of the Programme for the Decade for Action to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination¹⁷⁴ and paragraph 7 of General Assembly resolution 38/14 of 22 November 1983 on the Second Decade to Combat Racism and Racial Discrimination.

1984/152. Provisional rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders

At its 21st plenary meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council decided to defer until its first regular session

of 1985 the consideration of draft resolution I, entitled "Provisional rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders", contained in the report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its eighth session.¹⁷⁵

1984/153. Report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its eighth session and provisional agenda and documentation for the ninth session of the Committee

At its 21st plenary meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council:

(a) Took note of the report of the Committee on Crime Prevention and Control on its eighth session;¹⁷⁵

(b) Approved the recommendations made by the Committee in its decisions 8/1, 8/2, 8/3, as amended, 8/4 and 8/5;¹⁷⁶

(c) Approved the provisional agenda and documentation for the ninth session of the Committee set out below.

PROVISIONAL AGENDA AND DOCUMENTATION FOR THE NINTH SESSION OF THE COMMITTEE ON CRIME PREVENTION AND CONTROL

1. Election of officers.
2. Adoption of the agenda.
3. Review of the rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders (rule 62 of the provisional rules of procedure for United Nations congresses on the prevention of crime and the treatment of offenders).

Documentation

Note by the Secretary-General

4. Progress report on United Nations activities in crime prevention and control.

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on United Nations activities in crime prevention and control

5. Preparations for the Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders.

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of the conclusions and recommendations of the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

Note by the Secretary-General on the preparations for the Eighth United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

6. Crime prevention and criminal justice in the context of development (Economic and Social Council resolution 1979/19).

Documentation

Report of the Secretary-General on crime prevention and criminal justice in relation to socio-economic change and development

7. Consideration of the provisional agenda for the tenth session of the Committee.
8. Adoption of the report of the Committee.

¹⁷¹ A/39/168-E/1984/39 and Add.1.

¹⁷² E/1984/32.

¹⁷³ E/1984/34 and Add.1; E/1984/56 and Add.1.

¹⁷⁴ General Assembly resolution 3057 (XXVIII), annex.

¹⁷⁵ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 6 (E/1984/16).*

¹⁷⁶ *Ibid.*, chap. I, sect. C.

1984/154. Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders

At its 21st plenary meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council took note with appreciation of the invitation of the Government of Italy to hold the Seventh United Nations Congress on the Prevention of Crime and the Treatment of Offenders at Milan¹⁷⁷ and decided to accept that invitation.

1984/155. Financial arrangements between the United Nations and the Committee for the Promotion of Aid to Co-operatives

At its 21st plenary meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council:

(a) Took note of the note by the Secretariat on financial arrangements between the United Nations and the Committee for the Promotion of Aid to Co-operatives¹⁷⁸ and of the conclusions on the convergence of the specific objectives of the Committee and the activities of the United Nations contained in the report of the Secretary-General on the question;¹⁷⁹

(b) Took note of the recommendation of the Secretary-General that the United Nations should remain a member of the Committee.¹⁸⁰

1984/156. Elections, appointments and nominations to subsidiary and related bodies of the Council

COMMITTEE FOR DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

1. At its 6th plenary meeting, on 2 May 1984, the Council, upon the nomination of the Secretary-General,¹⁸¹ appointed Sir Kenneth Berrill (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland) member of the Committee for Development Planning for a term beginning on the date of appointment and expiring on 31 December 1986.¹⁸²

2. At its 18th plenary meeting, on 23 May 1984, the Council held elections to fill the seats falling vacant on 31 December 1984 in five of its functional commissions, as follows.

STATISTICAL COMMISSION

The following eight Member States were elected for a four-year term: BRAZIL, FINLAND, INDIA, JAPAN, MEXICO, NEW ZEALAND, UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC and UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

¹⁷⁷ See E/1984/74.

¹⁷⁸ E/1984/65.

¹⁷⁹ A/C.5/39/3, sect. IV.

¹⁸⁰ *Ibid.*, para. 32.

¹⁸¹ E/1984/10/Add.1.

¹⁸² The Committee consists of twenty-four members; see also Council decision 1984/108.

**Membership in 1985
(24 members)**

*Term expires on
31 December*

Argentina	1985
Brazil	1988
Bulgaria	1987
China	1987
Cuba	1987
Czechoslovakia	1987
Finland	1988
France	1985
Ghana	1987
India	1988
Ireland	1985
Japan	1988
Kenya	1987
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1985
Mexico	1988
New Zealand	1988
Nigeria	1985
Pakistan	1987
Spain	1985
Togo	1985
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1988
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1988
United States of America	1987

POPULATION COMMISSION

The following nine Member States were elected for a four-year term: BRAZIL, CAMEROON, COLOMBIA, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, MAURITIUS, NETHERLANDS, THAILAND, TURKEY and UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC.

**Membership in 1985
(27 members)**

*Term expires on
31 December*

Bolivia	1985
Brazil	1988
Bulgaria	1987
Cameroon	1988
China	1985
Colombia	1988
Costa Rica	1987
Egypt	1987
France	1987
Germany, Federal Republic of	1988
India	1987
Japan	1985
Malaysia	1987
Mauritius	1988
Mexico	1985
Netherlands	1988
Nigeria	1987
Sudan	1985
Sweden	1987
Thailand	1988
Togo	1987
Turkey	1988
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1988
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1985
United States of America	1985
Zambia	1985

COMMISSION FOR SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

The following eight Member States were elected for a four-year term: CHILE, DENMARK, ITALY, NETHERLANDS, PANAMA, POLAND, THAILAND and ZIMBABWE.

Membership in 1985¹⁸³

(32 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Argentina	1986
Austria	1986
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	1986
Canada	1987
Central African Republic	1986
Chile	1988
Cyprus	1986
Denmark	1988
Ecuador	1986
El Salvador	1987
Finland	1986
France	1987
Ghana	1986
Haiti	1987
India	1986
Italy	1988
Kenya	1987
Liberia	1986
Malaysia	1987
Mongolia	1987
Morocco	1987
Netherlands	1988
Panama	1988
Poland	1988
Romania	1987
Thailand	1988
Togo	1986
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1987
United States of America	1987
Zimbabwe	1988

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

The following fifteen Member States were elected for a three-year term: ARGENTINA, AUSTRALIA, AUSTRIA, BULGARIA, CHINA, CONGO, GAMBIA, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, JAPAN, LESOTHO, LIBERIA, PERU, SRI LANKA, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and VENEZUELA.

Membership in 1985

(43 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Argentina	1987
Australia	1987
Austria	1987
Bangladesh	1985
Brazil	1986
Bulgaria	1987
Cameroon	1986
China	1987
Colombia	1985
Congo	1987
Costa Rica	1985
Cyprus	1985
Finland	1985
France	1986
Gambia	1987
German Democratic Republic	1986

¹⁸³ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from African States and one member from Asian States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1985.

*Term expires on
31 December*

Germany, Federal Republic of	1987
India	1985
Ireland	1985
Japan	1987
Jordan	1986
Kenya	1986
Lesotho	1987
Liberia	1987
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1985
Mauritania	1986
Mexico	1986
Mozambique	1985
Netherlands	1985
Nicaragua	1985
Peru	1987
Philippines	1986
Senegal	1986
Spain	1986
Sri Lanka	1987
Syrian Arab Republic	1986
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1985
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1987
United Republic of Tanzania	1985
United States of America	1986
Venezuela	1987
Yugoslavia	1986

COMMISSION ON THE STATUS OF WOMEN

The following eleven Member States were elected for a four-year term: BRAZIL, BYELORUSSIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC, CANADA, FRANCE, GREECE, INDIA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, SUDAN, TUNISIA and VENEZUELA.

Membership in 1985

(32 members)

*Term expires on
31 December*

Australia	1986
Brazil	1988
Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic	1988
Canada	1988
China	1987
Cuba	1987
Czechoslovakia	1986
Denmark	1987
Ecuador	1987
France	1988
German Democratic Republic	1987
Germany, Federal Republic of	1987
Greece	1988
India	1988
Indonesia	1986
Japan	1988
Kenya	1986
Liberia	1986
Mauritius	1988
Mexico	1986
Nicaragua	1987
Pakistan	1987
Philippines	1986
Sierra Leone	1986
Sudan	1988
Togo	1987
Tunisia	1988
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1986
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1986
United States of America	1986
Venezuela	1988
Zambia	1987

3. At the same meeting, the Council also held elections to fill vacancies in the following bodies: Commission on Human Settlements, Commission on Transnational Corporations, Committee on Crime Prevention and Control, Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes, Committee on Natural Resources, Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund, Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, International Narcotics Control Board, Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting and Sessional Working Group of Governmental Experts on the Implementation of the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights. The Council nominated Member States for election by the General Assembly to the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination and the World Food Council, and appointed members of the Board of Trustees of the International Research and Training Institute for the Advancement of Women. The details are given below.

COMMISSION ON HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

The following sixteen Member States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: BANGLADESH, BOTSWANA, BURUNDI, CHILE, CYPRUS, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, GREECE, INDIA, JAMAICA, JORDAN, KENYA, LESOTHO, MEXICO, SRI LANKA, TUNISIA and UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC.

Membership in 1985¹⁸⁴

(58 members)

	Term expires on 31 December
Algeria	1985
Bangladesh	1987
Botswana	1987
Bulgaria	1986
Burundi	1987
Canada	1985
Central African Republic	1986
Chile	1987
Colombia	1985
Cuba	1985
Cyprus	1987
Finland	1986
France	1985
Gabon	1986
German Democratic Republic	1985
Germany, Federal Republic of	1987
Ghana	1986
Greece	1987
Guinea	1986
Haiti	1986
Honduras	1986
Hungary	1985
India	1987
Indonesia	1985
Iraq	1986
Jamaica	1987
Japan	1986
Jordan	1987
Kenya	1987
Lebanon	1985
Lesotho	1987

¹⁸⁴ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from Eastern European States and two members from Western European and other States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985.

Term expires on
31 December

Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1985
Malaysia	1985
Mexico	1987
Netherlands	1985
Nicaragua	1986
Nigeria	1985
Norway	1985
Pakistan	1986
Papua New Guinea	1985
Peru	1985
Philippines	1986
Rwanda	1986
Sierra Leone	1985
Spain	1986
Sri Lanka	1987
Sweden	1985
Tunisia	1987
Turkey	1986
Uganda	1985
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1987
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1986
United Republic of Tanzania	1986
United States of America	1986
Venezuela	1986

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS

The following sixteen States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: ALGERIA, ARGENTINA, BULGARIA, CAMEROON, CANADA, GHANA, INDIA, IRAQ, ITALY, JAMAICA, MAURITIUS, PAKISTAN, REPUBLIC OF KOREA, TURKEY, UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC and VENEZUELA.

Membership in 1985

(48 members)

	Term expires on 31 December
Algeria	1987
Argentina	1987
Bahamas	1985
Bangladesh	1986
Brazil	1985
Bulgaria	1987
Cameroon	1987
Canada	1987
Central African Republic	1985
China	1986
Colombia	1986
Costa Rica	1986
Cuba	1985
Cyprus	1985
Czechoslovakia	1986
Egypt	1986
France	1986
German Democratic Republic	1986
Germany, Federal Republic of	1986
Ghana	1987
Guinea	1986
India	1987
Indonesia	1985
Iraq	1987
Italy	1987
Jamaica	1987
Japan	1986
Kenya	1985
Mauritius	1987
Mexico	1985
Morocco	1986
Netherlands	1985
Nigeria	1985
Norway	1985

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Pakistan	1987
Philippines	1986
Republic of Korea	1987
Switzerland	1986
Thailand	1985
Togo	1986
Trinidad and Tobago	1986
Turkey	1987
Uganda	1985
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1987
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1985
United States of America	1985
Venezuela	1987

COMMITTEE ON CRIME PREVENTION AND CONTROL

The Council elected eleven experts for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1985.

The Council also elected Aleksei Y. Kudryavtsev (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Stanislav Vladimirovich Borodin (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics) for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

*Membership in 1985 and 1986*¹⁸⁵ (27 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Mohamed Aboulashi (Morocco)	1988
André Bissonnette (Canada)	1986
Dušan Cotić (Yugoslavia)	1986
David Faulkner (United Kingdom)	1988
Ronald L. Gainer (United States of America)	1988
József Gödöny (Hungary)	1988
Ahmad M. Khalifa (Egypt)	1986
A. R. Khandker (Bangladesh)	1988
Abdul Meguid Ibrahim Kharbit (Kuwait)	1988
Aleksei Y. Kudryavtsev (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)	1986
Robert Linke (Austria)	1986
Manuel López-Rey y Arjojo (Bolivia)	1986
Charles Alfred Lunn (Barbados)	1986
Jorge Arturo Montero Castro (Costa Rica)	1986
Farouk A. Mourad (Saudi Arabia)	1988
Mphanza Patrick Mvunga (Zambia)	1986
Bertin Pandi (Central African Republic)	1988
Aregba Polo (Togo)	1988
Amadou Racine Ba (Mauritania)	1986
Simone Andrée Rozes (France)	1986
Abdel Aziz Abdalla Shiddo (Sudan)	1988
Yoshio Suzuki (Japan)	1986
Bo Svensson (Sweden)	1988
Mervyn Patrick Wijesinha (Sri Lanka)	1986
Wu Han (China)	1986

COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES

The following five States were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: BELGIUM, DENMARK, JAPAN, LESOTHO and PAKISTAN.

¹⁸⁵ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of two experts from Latin American States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1985.

Membership in 1985

(30 members)

Members elected by the Economic and Social Council

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Belgium	1987
Colombia	1985
Denmark	1987
Egypt	1986
Hungary	1986
India	1986
Italy	1986
Japan	1987
Lesotho	1987
Mexico	1985
Norway	1986
Pakistan	1987
Sweden	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1985
Upper Volta	1985

*Members elected by the FAO Council*¹⁸⁶

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Australia	1986
Bangladesh	1986
Canada	1986
Cuba	1985
France	1985
Germany, Federal Republic of	1985
Nigeria	1985
Saudi Arabia	1986
United States of America	1986
Zambia	1985

COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

The Council elected the following twenty-four Member States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: BANGLADESH, BOTSWANA, BRAZIL, BURUNDI, CANADA, CHILE, CHINA, COLOMBIA, ECUADOR, EGYPT, GHANA, GREECE, INDIA, JAPAN, KENYA, LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA, MALAYSIA, MOROCCO, NETHERLANDS, SUDAN, UKRAINIAN SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLIC, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, URUGUAY and VENEZUELA.

The Council also elected HUNGARY for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

*Membership in 1985 and 1986*¹⁸⁷ (54 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Algeria	1986
Australia	1986
Bangladesh	1988
Bolivia	1986
Botswana	1988
Brazil	1988
Burundi	1988
Canada	1988
Central African Republic	1986

¹⁸⁶ The five remaining seats are to be filled by the Council of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations at its session to be held in the fourth quarter of 1984.

¹⁸⁷ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of two members from Latin American States and one member from Western European and other States for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1985, and three members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Chile	1988
China	1988
Colombia	1988
Czechoslovakia	1986
Denmark	1986
Ecuador	1988
Egypt	1988
France	1986
German Democratic Republic	1986
Germany, Federal Republic of	1986
Ghana	1988
Greece	1988
Hungary	1986
India	1988
Italy	1986
Japan	1988
Kenya	1988
Liberia	1986
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1988
Malaysia	1988
Mexico	1986
Morocco	1988
Netherlands	1988
Norway	1986
Pakistan	1986
Philippines	1986
Spain	1986
Sudan	1988
Thailand	1986
Turkey	1986
Uganda	1986
Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic	1988
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1988
United States of America	1986
Upper Volta	1986
Uruguay	1988
Venezuela	1988
Yugoslavia	1986
Zimbabwe	1986

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND

The Council elected the following ten States for a three-year term beginning on 1 August 1984: BELGIUM, BENIN, BHUTAN, DENMARK, INDIA, INDONESIA, NIGER, ROMANIA, SWITZERLAND and VENEZUELA.

Membership from 1 August 1984
(41 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 July</i>
Algeria	1985
Australia	1986
Bahrain	1985
Bangladesh	1985
Belgium	1987
Benin	1987
Bhutan	1987
Canada	1986
Central African Republic	1985
Chad	1985
Chile	1985
China	1986
Colombia	1986
Cuba	1986
Denmark	1987
Finland	1986
France	1985
Germany, Federal Republic of	1986
Hungary	1985
India	1987
Indonesia	1987

	<i>Term expires on 31 July</i>
Italy	1985
Japan	1985
Lesotho	1986
Madagascar	1985
Mexico	1985
Nepal	1985
Netherlands	1985
Niger	1987
Panama	1985
Romania	1987
Somalia	1985
Swaziland	1985
Switzerland	1987
Thailand	1986
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1985
United States of America	1985
Upper Volta	1985
Venezuela	1987
Yugoslavia	1986

GOVERNING COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME

The Council elected the following sixteen States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: AUSTRIA, BENIN, CHILE, CHINA, CUBA, ITALY, JAPAN, MEXICO, PAKISTAN, SAUDI ARABIA, SWAZILAND, SWEDEN, TUNISIA, UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS, UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Membership in 1985
(48 members)

	<i>Term expires on 31 December</i>
Argentina	1986
Australia	1985
Austria	1987
Bahrain	1986
Bangladesh	1986
Belgium	1985
Benin	1987
Brazil	1985
Canada	1985
Central African Republic	1985
Chad	1985
Chile	1987
China	1987
Cuba	1987
Denmark	1985
Ethiopia	1986
Finland	1985
France	1985
Gambia	1986
German Democratic Republic	1985
Germany, Federal Republic of	1986
Hungary	1986
India	1986
Italy	1987
Jamaica	1986
Japan	1987
Lesotho	1985
Mauritania	1985
Mexico	1987
Nepal	1985
Netherlands	1986
Norway	1986
Pakistan	1987
Philippines	1985

	Term expires on 31 December
Poland	1986
Saudi Arabia	1987
Swaziland	1987
Sweden	1987
Switzerland	1986
Togo	1986
Tunisia	1987
Turkey	1986
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1987
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1987
United Republic of Tanzania	1985
United States of America	1987
Venezuela	1986
Yugoslavia	1985

INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL BOARD

The Council elected six members of the International Narcotics Control Board for a five-year term beginning on 2 March 1985.

Membership from 2 March 1985

Members elected by the Economic and Social Council to serve on the Board as constituted under the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961

	Term expires on 1 March
Sahibzada Rauf Ali (Pakistan)	1990
Adolf-Heinrich von Arnim (Federal Republic of Germany)	1987
Cai Zhi-Ji (China)	1990
John C. Ebie (Nigeria)	1990
Ramón de la Fuente (Mexico)	1987
Diego Garcés-Giraldo (Colombia)	1990
Betty C. Gough (United States of America)	1987
Ben Huyghe (Belgium)	1990
Sükrü Haymakçalan (Turkey)	1987
Mohsen Kchouk (Tunisia)	1990
Paul Reuter (France)	1987
Bror Rexed (Sweden)	1987
Edward Williams (Australia)	1987

INTERGOVERNMENTAL WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

The Council elected the following twelve States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: BARBADOS, BRAZIL, CANADA, CHINA, EGYPT, FRANCE, MALAYSIA, NORWAY, PAKISTAN, SPAIN, SWITZERLAND and ZAIRE.

Membership in 1985 and 1986¹⁸⁸

(34 members)

	Term expires on 31 December
Algeria	1985
Barbados	1987
Brazil	1987
Canada	1987
China	1987
Cyprus	1985

¹⁸⁸ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of three members from African States, one member from Eastern European States and one member from Latin American States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985; and one member from Asian States and two members from Eastern European States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1985.

	Term expires on 31 December
Ecuador	1985
Egypt	1987
France	1987
Germany, Federal Republic of	1985
India	1985
Italy	1985
Japan	1987
Malaysia	1985
Morocco	1987
Norway	1987
Pakistan	1985
Panama	1985
Saint Lucia	1987
Spain	1987
Switzerland	1985
Tunisia	1985
Uganda	1985
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1985
United States of America	1985
Zaire	1987

SESSIONAL WORKING GROUP OF GOVERNMENTAL EXPERTS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

The following two States parties to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights were elected for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985: BULGARIA and SPAIN.

Membership in 1985¹⁸⁹

(15 members)

	Term expires on 31 December
Bulgaria	1987
Denmark	1986
France	1985
German Democratic Republic	1986
Japan	1986
Kenya	1985
Peru	1985
Spain	1987
Tunisia	1986
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1985

COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION¹⁹⁰

The Council, in accordance with paragraph 7 of the annex to its resolution 2008 (LX) of 14 May 1976, nominated the following Member States for election by the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985:

(a) *Asian States* (one vacancy): BANGLADESH, IRAQ and SRI LANKA;

(b) *Latin American States* (one vacancy): BOLIVIA and TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO;

¹⁸⁹ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the election of one member from African States, one member from Asian States and one member from Latin American States for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985; one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1985; and one member from Latin American States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1986.

¹⁹⁰ At its 18th plenary meeting, the Council postponed until a future session the nomination of two members from socialist States of Eastern Europe.

(c) *Western European and other States* (three vacancies): GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF, NETHERLANDS and UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND.

WORLD FOOD COUNCIL

The Council, in accordance with paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX) of 17 December 1974, nominated the following States for election by the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1985:

- (a) *African States* (three vacancies): IVORY COAST, KENYA and ZAMBIA;
- (b) *Asian States* (three vacancies): CHINA, SRI LANKA and THAILAND;
- (c) *Latin American States* (two vacancies): BRAZIL, COLOMBIA and MEXICO;
- (d) *Socialist States of Eastern Europe* (one vacancy): BULGARIA;
- (e) *Western European and other States* (three vacancies): CANADA, TURKEY and UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING INSTITUTE FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF WOMEN

The Council appointed the following three members of the Board of Trustees for a three-year term beginning on 1 July 1984: Daniela Colombo (Italy), Zhor Lazrak (Morocco) and Achie Sudiarti Luhulima (Indonesia).

Membership from 1 July 1984¹⁹¹

	<i>Term expires on 30 June¹⁹²</i>
Helen Arnopoulos Stamiris (Greece)	1986
Gulzar Bano (Pakistan)	1985
Ester Boserup (Denmark)	1985
Daniela Colombo (Italy)	1987
Suad I. Eissa (Sudan)	1986
Vilma Espín de Castro (Cuba)	1985
Maria Lavalle Urbina (Mexico)	1986
Zhor Lazrak (Morocco)	1987
Achie Sudiarti Luhulima (Indonesia)	1987
Vida Tomšić (Yugoslavia)	1985

1984/157. Provisional agenda and organization of work for the second regular session of 1984 of the Council

At its 22nd plenary meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council approved the draft provisional agenda for the second regular session of 1984,¹⁹³ and the proposed organization of work for that session,¹⁹⁴ as orally revised.

¹⁹¹ The Board of Trustees is composed of a President, appointed by the Secretary-General, and ten members, serving in their individual capacities, appointed by the Council on the nomination of the Secretary-General. The Secretary-General reappointed Delphine Tsanga (Cameroon) President of the Board for a term of office expiring on 30 June 1985.

¹⁹² The appointment is for a term of three years, with each member serving for a maximum of two terms.

¹⁹³ E/1984/L.31, sect. I; for the agenda as adopted, see *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1984, Supplement No. 14* (E/1984/84/Add.1).

¹⁹⁴ E/1984/L.31, sect. II.

