CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT

CD/1755 1 September 2005

ENGLISH

Original: RUSSIAN

LETTER DATED 19 AUGUST 2005 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION TO THE CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE CONFERENCE TRANSMITTING A DECLARATION ISSUED BY THE STATES MEMBERS OF THE COLLECTIVE SECURITY TREATY ORGANIZATION (CSTO) ON 22 JUNE 2005, AS WELL AS A STATEMENT ISSUED BY THE HEADS OF CSTO MEMBER STATES DATED 23 JUNE 2005

I have the honour to transmit herewith a declaration issued by the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization (CSTO) on 22 June 2005 regarding the ratification of the Agreement on Adaptation of the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe, as well as a statement issued by the heads of CSTO member States on 23 June 2005.

I should be grateful if these documents could be issued in an official document of the Conference on Disarmament and distributed to the delegations of all member States of the Conference and non-member States participating in its work.

(Signed): L. SKOTNIKOV

Ambassador Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the Conference on Disarmament

DECLARATION

by the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization regarding ratification of the Agreement on Adaptation of the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe

Moscow, 22 June 2005

The States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization consider the adapted Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe to be fundamental to ensuring security and stability in Europe. They will consequently do their utmost to accelerate the implementation of the political commitment entered into in Istanbul in 1999 and will take practical action to encourage completion of the national procedures for the ratification of the Agreement on Adaptation of the CFE Treaty.

The States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization hope that all the States parties to the CFE Treaty will take similar action, enabling the Treaty to remain an important instrument of security, stability and confidence in Europe and enabling new States to join it, thus substantially strengthening the architecture of European security.

Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Armenia

Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Belarus

Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Kazakhstan

Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs

of the Kyrgyz Republic

Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Russian Federation

Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Tajikistan

STATEMENT

by the heads of State of the Republic of Armenia, the Republic of Belarus, the Republic of Kazakhstan, the Kyrgyz Republic, the Russian Federation and the Republic of Tajikistan¹

We, the heads of the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization (CSTO), at our meeting during the year of the sixtieth anniversary of the victory over fascism, state our intention to increase our efforts to reinforce the cohesion and unity of our countries in order to ensure international peace and security and strengthen stability in the area of CSTO responsibility.

We consider inadmissible any attempts to revise the results of the Second World War or reconsider the moral and ethical assessments of this military catastrophe of the twentieth century. In this regard, we welcome the adoption by consensus, at the initiative of the CSTO States members and some other countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) at the fifty-ninth session of the United Nations General Assembly in 2004, of the resolution declaring 8-9 May as a time of remembrance and reconciliation.

Recalling the enormous sacrifices undergone during the years of the Great Patriotic War, the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization are fully determined to take active measures on a broad collective basis in order to counteract the challenges and threats which have confronted the world community, particularly international terrorism. We note with satisfaction the completion of work in the United Nations on the International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism, which will be open for signature at the forthcoming session of the General Assembly. We are prepared to make our weighty contribution to strengthening the anti-terrorist coalition and actively participate in tackling other pressing international problems, including halting the spread of weapons of mass destruction, drug trafficking, arms smuggling, illegal migration, human trafficking and so forth.

Declaring that the CSTO States members will not be the first to place weapons of any type in outer space, we express the hope that other States as well will follow our example.

We attach particular attention to the development of cooperation with the United Nations. We are sure that the obtaining of observer status in the General Assembly by CSTO is opening up further prospects in this area.

In order to make fuller use of the unique potential of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE), we favour its real reformation and adaptation to the tasks of counteracting the threats and challenges of the twenty-first century.

Comprehensive cooperation within the Commonwealth of Independent States, the Shanghai Cooperation Organization and the European Asian Economic Council is important for the CSTO States members.

¹ Originally issued as the annex to a document of the General Assembly and the Security Council under the symbol A/59/863-S/2005/427 dated 1 July 2005.

CD/1755 page 4

We are in favour of arranging cooperation with the European Union, inter alia, in matters relating to ensuring security and stability. We confirm our readiness to develop contacts and cooperation with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), particularly with regard to counteracting new challenges and threats.

We call upon interested countries and international and regional organizations to closely coordinate action relating to the post-conflict settlement in Afghanistan, with a central role played by the United Nations, so that that country solves the political and economic problems facing it and becomes a democratic State. We are in favour of taking decisive steps to counteract the threat emanating from Afghanistan of the spread of narcotic drugs, both within CSTO and through participation in international efforts aimed at establishing anti-drug security zones along that country's perimeter.

We are in favour of establishing a new, democratic Iraq and the speedy stabilization of the situation in that country by developing a dialogue aimed at achieving a general national consensus.

We consider that the disagreement arising with regard to the assessments of and views on the development of the nuclear programme of the Islamic Republic of Iran can and must be resolved exclusively through peaceful, political means with account taken of its sovereign rights to utilize atomic energy for peaceful purposes.

We are in favour of settling and unblocking the situation regarding the nuclear problem on the Korean peninsula.

Our strategic objective is to establish a just, democratic world order, which must be founded on the principle of the supremacy of international law, mutual respect for interests and ensuring equal security for all States. We wish to see the European continent prosperous and secure.

For the Republic of Armenia R. Kocharian President of the Republic of Armenia

For the Republic of Belarus A. Lukashenko President of the Republic of Belarus

For the Republic of Kazakhstan N. Nazarbayev President of the Republic of Kazakhstan For the Kyrgyz Republic K. Bakiev Acting President of the Kyrgyz Republic

For the Russian Federation V. Putin President of the Russian Federation

For the Republic of Tajikistan
E. Rahmonov
President of the Republic of Tajikistan

Moscow, 23 June 2005
