# 550 (VI). Question of the full participation of Italy in the work of the Trusteeship Council

The General Assembly,

Bearing in mind resolution 310 (VIII) of the Trusteeship Council concerning the position of Italy,

Noting that Italy has been charged by the United Nations<sup>1</sup> with the administration of the Trust Territory of Somaliland, and that it is at present exercising its responsibilities towards the United Nations as an Administering Authority as they are defined in Chapters XII and XIII of the Charter,

Considering that Italy should be enabled to exercise those responsibilities with complete effectiveness,

Being of the opinion, therefore, that it is necessary for Italy to become a member of the Trusteeship Council and for that purpose to be admitted to the United Nations, and having regard to the fact that Italy satisfies the conditions prescribed in Article 4, paragraph 1, of the Charter for membership in the United Nations,

Recommends the Security Council to give urgent consideration to the present resolution with a view to recommending the immediate admission of Italy to membership in the United Nations.

352nd plenary meeting, 7 December 1951.

# 551 (VI). Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories: revision of the Standard Form

The General Assembly,

Considering the importance of the advancement of the peoples of Non-Self-Governing Territories as set forth in the Declaration contained in Chapter XI of the Charter of the United Nations,

Considering that the information transmitted by the Members responsible for the administration of Non-Self-Governing Territories is of increasing interest to the General Assembly,

Noting that this information, which has been compiled in accordance with the Standard Form for the guidance of Members annexed to resolution 142 (II) adopted by the General Assembly on 3 November 1947, together with the supplemental information placed at the disposal of the Secretary-General, is becoming of increased value,

Considering, nevertheless, that this Standard Form requires adaptation in the light of experience,

- 1. Decides that the Standard Form annexed to resolution 142 (II) shall be replaced by the annexed text;
- 2. Invites the Members responsible for the transmission of information under Article 73 e of the Charter to undertake all necessary steps to render information as complete and up to date as possible and for this purpose to take into account the sections of the revised Standard Form.

352nd pienary meeting, 7 December 1951.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See General Assembly resolution 442(V).

#### **ANNEX**

#### STANDARD FORM

for the guidance of Members in the preparation of information to be transmitted under Article 73 e of the Charter

#### EXPLANATORY PREFACE

#### Section A

- 1. Chapter XI of the Charter of the United Nations is a Declaration regarding Non-Self-Governing Territories. Under Article 73 e, which forms part of the Chapter, Members of the United Nations which have or assume responsibilities for the administration of Territories whose peoples have not yet attained a full measure of self-government appears the obligation:
  - "to transmit regularly to the Secretary-General for information purposes, subject to such limitation as security and constitutional considerations may require, statistical and other information of a technical nature relating to economic, social and educational conditions in the territories for which they are respectively responsible other than those territories to which Chapters XII and XIII apply."
- 2. The General Assembly of the United Nations, by resolution 142 (II) adopted on 3 November 1947, approved a "Standard Form" for the guidance of Members in the preparation of information to be transmitted under Article 73 e. In 1948, by resolution 218 (III) adopted on 3 November, it amplified its previous resolution and, in particular, while asking for the transmission of the most recent information available, recommended that Members should notify such changes in statistics and such other appreciable changes, including the progress of development programmes, as have occurred in the previous year and as affect the matters covered by Article 73 e of the Charter, bearing in mind that information already furnished need not be repeated if reference is made to the appropriate sources. By the same resolution, the Secretary General was invited to prepare full summaries and analyses of the information transmitted during 1949 and thereafter at three-year intervals and, in the intervening years, annual supplements showing such changes in statistics and such other appreciable changes as have occurred in the previous year.
- 3. In 1951, the General Assembly approved\*a revision of the Standard Form on the recommendation of the Special Committee on Information transmitted under Article 73 e of the Charter.
- 4. The present edition is the Standard Form so revised.
- \*The General Assembly, by resolution 551 (VI) above, approved the revised Standard Form incorporating the amendment (A/1998) submitted by the Dominican Republic at the 352nd plenary meeting.

#### Section B

- 1. The points covered by the Standard Form in some cases relate to invariable conditions in the Territory, such as its area and geography. In these cases, there would be no purpose in repeating information already provided. The same comment is applicable to such features as the natural resources and principal features of the economy of a territory, although here it would be of value if changes ascertained through, for example, geological surveys or the introduction of new crops were specifically mentioned.
- 2. A second type of information which is requested relates to long-term government policies and administrative organization. It is suggested that, in these cases, the information need normally be provided once every three years (e.g., in respect of the information transmitted in 1952 on conditions during the previous calendar or administrative year). On the other hand, it is desirable that, when information has been given on basic government policies, reference to such information should be specific each year, even if no change has occurred.
- 3. A third type of information will be found for the most part to consist of the supply of relevant statistics for the year under consideration, and should be supplied in all detail each year.
- 4. In respect of the statistics requested on some of the subjects, recommended patterns are given in the Appendices. This presentation is followed in order that those Territories which deem it practicable may follow the patterns suggested, while other Territories may consider themselves free to provide the information as dictated by their existing resources or practices.
- 5. Wherever relevant to the conditions in the Territories, statistics should be classified so as to show the conditions and participation of the indigenous and non-indigenous populations (e.g., staff, land distribution, school facilities). Information in particular is requested where, by law or administrative practice, there are any distinctions resulting from race or religion.
- 6. In cases where, under the provisions of any general convention on any economic, social or educational subject, information is transmitted to a central international agency by Member States parties to such convention, and information which coincides with that requested in the Standard Form is transmitted periodically to international organizations operating

under the ægis of the United Nations in accordance with standing arrangements, the transmission of a copy of such information to the Secretary-General of the United Nations would be acceptable in discharge of the obligation under Article 73 e in respect of that subject. Wherever relevant information exists in published form, there would be no need for the government to reproduce that information; a chapter and page reference to the publication in question (with communication of the publication itself, where necessary) would suffice.

#### Section C

- 1. In order to permit the Special Committee to review the progress achieved in the Non-Self-Governing Territories, in the fields covered by Article 73 e of the Charter, Members are invited to provide a survey of the principles and practical measures showing general trends in the Territories concerned, such as:
  - (a) Advancement in the economic, social and educational fields, including the participation of the inhabitants in the common examination of problems in those fields;
  - (b) Participation of the Territories in regional and functional commissions of the Economic and Social Council, in organs of the specialized agencies, and in regional commissions or conferences, including research organizations;
  - (c) Use of technical assistance of the United Nations and the specialized agencies or from other international sources, including the manner in which such technical assistance has been integrated into long-range development programmes in the Territories;
  - (d) Action for the adoption, ratification or implementation of international agreements of particular concern to the Territories.

#### Territorial Information

# Part I. — GENERAL INFORMATION

# A. Geography

- 1. Location.
- 2. Area.
- 3. Topography.
- 4. Climate.
- 5. Statement of principal natural resources.

# B. History

#### C. People

- Ethnic composition of population and general population trends.
- 2. Population statistics with break-down where possible by age groups, race, religion and sex.
  - 3. Immigration statistics.

#### D. Government (optional category)

- 1. Statement indicating the status of the Territory, the constitution, legislative act or executive order providing for its government, and the nationality status of the inhabitants.
- 2. Description of the structure and powers of the territorial government, including:
  - (a) Manner of appointing principal executive officers;
  - (b) Composition and powers of legislative or consultative bodies;
  - (c) Extent of elective system, including qualifications of voters;
  - (d) Structure of judiciary;
  - (e) Extent of participation of indigenous and non-indigenous inhabitants in the administrative and judicial services of government and in legislative and advisory bodies.
- 3. Description of local government, including extent of participation of indigenous and non-indigenous inhabitants.
- 4. Any significant events or projected developments in respect to the above matters, particularly such as would increase the participation of the local inhabitants in the government of the Territory.

#### Part II. — ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

#### A. General

- 1. Description of general progress of economic development.
- 2. Description of any special machinery for general economic development, including information on the participation therein of representatives of the local inhabitants.
- 3. Estimate of investment during the period under review, both public and private, including information, if available, on the source of investments.

# B. Agriculture and Livestock

- 1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to agriculture and animal husbandry, with particulars of the budgets, functions and size of staff.
- 2. Description of land utilization and tenure in respect of:
  - (a) Utilization of agricultural land: areas of arable land, pastures, meadows, etc.;
  - (b) Land and water conservation and utilization, laws, regulations, organizations and practices;
  - (c) Land ownership:
    - (i) Description of policies, laws and regulations on the subject;

¹ Information on detailed changes is invited under the succeeding items, and on the budgetary aspects of development programmes under Public Finance.

- (ii) Area and types of land held by indigenous and non-indigenous inhabitants and the governments;
- (iii) Types of land tenure;
- (iv) Types of renting systems;
- (v) Development programmes related to the use and ownership of land and water resources:
- (d) Settlement, and laws affecting settlement.
- 3. Principal crops:
  - (a) Area and production; 1
  - (b) Description of any substantial changes in comparison with the period covered by the previous information and causes of such changes.

#### 4. Livestock:

- (a) Livestock statistics: 1
  - (i) Numbers:
  - (ii) Production of livestock products.
- (b) Programmes for the improvement of livestock, organization and progress during the period under review, and development plans for:
  - (i) Control of pests and diseases;
  - (ii) Improvement of stock;
  - (iii) Improvement of pastures and water supply.
- 5. Review of the existence and extent of agricultural indebtedness.
- 6. Assistance for agricultural production whether provided by governmental, co-operative or private institutions, including assistance contemplated under development plans:
  - (a) Facilities and capital available for credit purposes;
  - (b) Facilities for agricultural marketing, storage, grading, primary processing;
  - (c) Other forms of agricultural assistance, supply of machinery, equipment, seeds and fertilizers:
  - (d) Control of pests and diseases; organization and progress during the period under review.
  - 7. Agricultural research and education:
    - (a) Organization;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review;
    - (c) Contributions to any development programmes described above.
  - 8. Agricultural extension:
    - (a) Organization;
    - (b) Improvements initiated during the period under review;
    - (c) Major activities carried on, including contributions of extension to any development programmes described above.

- 9. Agricultural development other than projects included above :
  - (a) Basic programmes;
  - (b) Progress during the period under review.

### C. Forestry

- 1. Description of the objectives of forest policy and of progress in its application during the period under review.
- 2. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to forestry and timber production, with general particulars of the budgets, functions and size of staffs.
- 3. Description of progress during the period under review in respect of:
  - (a) Inventories of forest resources;
  - (b) Conservation and management;
  - (c) Areas exploited and volume of output;
  - (d) Production and marketing of forest products.
  - 4. Forestry training and research:
    - (a) Organization:
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.
  - 5. Forest development, including re-afforestation:
    - (a) Basic programmes;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.

# D. Fisheries

- 1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to fisheries, including the budgets, functions and size of staff.
- 2. Description of fisheries, including statistical data of fisheries in respect of:
  - (a) Resources;
  - (b) Catch or landings, fishermen, craft, gear; 1
  - (c) Processing: preserving, freezing, curing;
  - (d) Marketing.
  - 3. Fisheries surveys and research:
    - (a) Organization;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.
  - 4. Fisheries development:
    - (a) Basic programmes, institutions:
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.

#### E. Mining and Mineral Oils

1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to geological surveys and the supervision of mining operations, including the budgets, functions and size of staff.

<sup>1</sup> Sec Appendix 1.

- 2. Description of mining operations in respect of:
  - (a) Mineral rights and ownership;
  - (b) Regulations concerning prospecting and concessions and royalties;
  - (c) Processing;
  - (d) Statistics of production.1
- 3. Indication of ownership (indigenous and non-indigenous) of operating mines.
  - 4. Geological surveys:
    - (a) Organization;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.
  - 5. Mining development:
    - (a) Basic programmes;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.

### F. Power

- 1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to the development and distribution of power, including summary of extent of public and private ownership of plants.
- 2. Statistics of hydro-electric and other sources of power, including capacity of installed power (in kilowatts or horse-power) as well as the annual output for industrial and domestic consumption.
  - 3. Power development:
    - (a) Basic programmes;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.

# G. Industry

- 1. Description of administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities for the promotion of industrial developments and handicrafts.
  - 2. Statistics of industrial production in respect of:
    - (a) Food processing;
    - (b) Metals;
    - (c) Textiles;
    - (d) Chemicals;
    - (e) Other manufacturing industries;
    - (f) Other industries.
- 3. Distribution of ownership of industrial plants (indigenous and non-indigenous).
- 4. Description of handicrafts, rural or village industries, in respect of:
  - (a) Chief types;
  - (b) Forms of assistance provided by the government;
  - (c) Forms of labour (women, children, parttime, etc.).
  - <sup>1</sup> See Appendix II.
  - <sup>8</sup> See Appendix III.

- 5. Industrial development:
  - (a) Basic programmes;
  - (b) Progress during the period under review.

#### H. Transport and Communications

- 1. Summary statistics relating to transport, including in appropriate cases tonnage and passengers transported, if possible in metric tons and passenger-kilometres, in respect of:
  - (a) Road transport;
  - (b) Railways;
  - (c) Air transport;
  - (d) Inland waterways;
  - (e) Sea-borne shipping.
  - 2. Summary statistics relating to communications:
    - (a) Postal service:
    - (b) Telephone;
    - (c) Telegraph;
    - (d) Radio;
    - (e) Communications not elsewhere classified.
  - 3. Developments:
    - (a) Basic programmes;
    - (b) Progress during the period under review.
- I. Public Finance
  - 1. Description of budgetary system:
    - (a) Territorial:
    - (b) Provincial, municipal or other local authorities.
- 2. Statement of revenue and expenditure under principal categories, in respect of the Territory as a whole, with, when appropriate, indications of the revenue and expenditure of principal local authorities. Indicate separately, wherever available, budget estimates related to economic development programmes.
  - 3. Statement of assets and liabilities.
- 4. Description of the system of taxation, including rates for individuals and corporations, and, if relevant, for indigenous and non-indigenous taxpayers.
- J. Banking and Credit
  - 1. Description of:
    - (a) Type of currency;
    - (b) Banking and credit facilities;
    - (c) Bank rates;
    - (d) Balance of payments and control of foreign exchange.

## K. International Trade

- 1. Statistics of imports and exports by quantity and value, showing chief groups of articles and direction of trade (if possible, by main groups according to the agreed international standard classification).
  - 2. Description of:
    - (a) Customs regulations and tariff structure:
    - (b) Import and export restrictions.
- 3. List of commercial agreements entered into during the period under review.

#### Part III. - SOCIAL CONDITIONS

#### A. General

Description of the social problems of race and cultural relations.

#### B. Human Rights

- 1. Description of the manner in which human rights, in accordance with the principles set forth in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, are protected by law, particularly in respect of:
  - (a) Legal principles and procedures;
  - (b) Basic legislation and its application;
  - (c) Anti-discrimination legislation.

#### C. Status of Women

General information on the status of women.

## D. Labour and Employment Conditions

- 1. Description of labour policy and general problems.
- 2. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities relating to the inspection of labour conditions, the settlement of disputes, relations with trade unions and the operation of employment exchanges, with particulars of the budgets, functions and size of staff.
- 3. Statistics of the principal categories of wage-earners, including employments and occupations, average rates of wages, hours of work, rest-days and holidays.
  - 4. Description, with statistics, of:
    - (a) Unemployment;
    - (b) Under-employment;
    - (c) Seasonal employment;
    - (d) Migrant labour.1
- 5. Description of occupational organizations in respect of:
  - (a) Legal status of employers' and workers' organizations;
  - (b) System of organization;
  - (c) Relations with metropolitan and international organizations;
  - (d) Numbers and membership, including list of the principal organizations.
- 6. Description of methods of settling disputes, with statistics of disputes, man-days lost, methods of settlement.
  - 7. Welfare activities in industry and agriculture
- 8. Description of vocational training and apprenticeship.
- 9. List of the principal laws and regulations for the protection of labour and of International Labour

Conventions applied to the Territory. Where information is furnished annually to the International Labour Organisation on these subjects, it need not be repeated if a copy is transmitted to the Secretary-General in discharge of obligations under Article 73 e of the Charter.

#### E. Co-operative Societies

- 1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for the assistance of co-operative societies, with particulars of the budgets, functions and size of staff.
- 2. Description of existing co-operative societies in respect of:
  - (a) Number and types;
  - (b) Membership;
  - (c) Scale of operations.

#### F. Standard of Living

- 1. Statistics of retail prices of principal items of consumption.
  - 2. Sample surveys of family budgets:
    - (a) Sampling procedure;
    - (b) Structure of expenditure and consumption.
  - 3. Cost of living:
    - (a) Index figures;
    - (b) Methods of computation.
  - 4. National income statistics:
    - (a) Structure of national income;
    - (b) Distribution of income among income groups and among ethnic groups;
    - (c) Methods of computation.

### G. Town and Rural Planning and Housing

- 1. Description of conditions and problems, including information on overcrowding and on the availability and costs of building materials.
- 2. Basic programmes and administrative machinery for the improvement of housing conditions in urban and rural areas.
- 3. Arrangements for the interchange of research and experience in building techniques, including demonstration projects and training of skills.
- 4. Governmental financial and technical assistance for house construction, home ownership and low-rent housing projects.

# H. Social Security and Welfare

- 1. Description of the administrative organization of social protection and the coverage benefits and financing of social insurance in respect of:
  - (a) Health;
  - (b) Unemployment;
  - (c) Industrial accidents and diseases;
  - (d) Old age and disability;
  - (e) Maternity benefits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Appendix IV.

- 2. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for social welfare, with particulars of the budgets, functions and size of staff and provision for the training of both paid workers and volunteers.
- 3. Description of social welfare and relief problems and policies, including information on:
  - (a) Protection and care of expectant mothers and of children;
  - (b) Juvenile delinquency;
  - (c) Care of the aged;
  - (d) Care and rehabilitation of the handicapped;
  - (e) Prevention of prostitution;
  - (f) Community welfare.

# I. Prevention of Crime and Treatment of Offenders 1

- 1. Crime statistics, with comments on any substantial change in offences of particular relevance to the circumstances of the Territory.
- 2. Description of penal administration, with information on:
  - (a) Prison population;
  - (b) Special correctional institutions;
  - (c) Prison discipline;
  - (d) Systems of remission, payment of prison labour, extra-mural employment, etc.;
  - (e) After-care of offenders.

#### J. Public Health

- 1. Description of administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities in respect of public health and sanitation.
- 2. Statistics of medical and health staff, public and private.<sup>8</sup>
- 3. Statistics of expenditure for public health with particulars of:
  - (a) Recurrent expenditure;
  - (b) Capital expenditure;
  - (c) Expenditure for work carried out by other than Public Health Department, including sanitation;
  - (d) Proportion of public health expenditure to total expenditure of the Territory (stating whether the calculation is based on recurrent expenditure only, recurrent and capital expenditure, or any other figure);
  - (e) Financial assistance from the metropolitan government;
  - (f) Expenditure of missionary and philanthropic organizations, if there is no objection on their part.
- 4. Description of medical services with particulars and statistics of government and non-government

institutions of a general or specialized character, whether for treatment or for research.

## 5. Description of:

- (a) Qualifications and conditions required, for practising, of medical practitioners, pharmacists, dentists, nurses or other medical auxiliary personnel;
- (b) Institutions (and other facilities in and outside the Territory) available for the training of its medical and auxiliary personnel, indicating length of programmes, qualifications for courses, functions performed after training, and number trained per year.
- 6. Description of the demographic situation, including statistical data on birth and death rates.\*
- 7. Description of the state of health and nutrition with information on dietary conditions, epidemic and endemic diseases; diseases of social importance and those due to nutritional deficiency.
- 8. Principal causes of death, including infant and maternal mortality.
- 9. Description of Public Health developments, including programmes and progress made during the period under review in the following fields:
  - (a) Waste disposal systems;
  - (b) Water supply systems to urban and rural communities;
  - (c) Measures for the inspection of foodstuffs;
  - (d) Disease control programmes, indicating specific diseases, including nutritional deficiency, areas covered, number and type of health personnel, methods employed;
  - (e) Measures taken to reduce infant mortality and to preserve maternal health.

#### Part IV. - EDUCATIONAL CONDITIONS

## A. General

Description of educational conditions, including information on the extent of free education and compulsory education.

# B. Educational Administration

- 1. Description of the administrative organization primarily responsible for governmental activities concerning education, including information on:
  - (a) Educational administration directed by the Territorial government;
  - (b) Educational administration directed by local authorities;
  - (c) Relations with missionary and other philanthropic organizations;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Appendix V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Appendix VI.

- (d) Participation of the inhabitants in the formulation of educational policy and the administration of education;
- (e) School inspection.
- 2. Statistics of expenditure for education with particulars of:
  - (a) Recurrent expenditure;
  - (b) Capital expenditure;
  - (c) Proportion of expenditure on education to total expenditure of the territory (stating whether the calculation is based on recurrent expenditure only, recurrent and capital expenditure or any other figure);
  - (d) Financial assistance from the metropolitan government;
  - (e) Expenditure of local authorities on education;
  - (f) Expenditure of missionary and philanthropic organizations if there is no objection on their part.

# C. Structure of the Educational System

- 1. Description of the following institutions including information on the average age at entrance and leaving, curricula, including teaching about the United Nations, language of instruction, text books, fees, scholarships, equality of opportunity for different communities (racial, urban and rural):
  - (a) Pre-primary schools;
  - (b) Primary schools;
  - (c) Secondary schools;
  - (d) Technical and vocational schools;
  - (e) Universities and other institutions of higher education;
  - (f) Teacher-training institutions;
  - (g) Special schools.
- 2. Statistics of the above institutions, teachers and pupils.<sup>1</sup>

# D. Adult Education

Description of adult and community education movements, including literacy campaigns, with information on the work of literature bureaux and the provision of reading material.

## E. School Buildings and Equipment

Statement of problems and account of progress made in their solution, including a description of school buildings and equipment, their capacity and general condition.

## F. Youth Organizations

Description of youth associations and clubs, the training of youth leaders, social and welfare activities for youth and social service activities by youth organizations (if not treated under III H, 2, "Social welfare").

#### G. Cultural Institutions

Description of the following institutions:

- (a) Libraries; a
- (b) Museums; 3
- (c) Institutions for the encouragement of arts and crafts (if not treated under II G, 4, "Handicrafts");
- (d) Institutions or legal provisions dealing with the preservation of indigenous and other historical monuments and relics; archæological excavations; and activities in these fields;
- (e) Other institutions.
- H. Protection of Nature: Flora and Fauna
- I. Information on Educational Development
  - (a) Basic programmes;
  - (b) Progress during the period under review.

# . Mass Communications

Description of the following, with statistics:

- (a) Newspapers, periodicals and other printed material in indigenous and non-indigenous languages, and the conditions of their publication;
- (b) Theatres, cinemas;
- (c) Radio broadcasting.

Part V. - ANY PICTORIAL MATERIAL

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Appendix VII.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Appendix VIII.

<sup>\*</sup> See Appendix 1X.

# Appendices

Reference is made to section B, paragraph 4, of the Explanatory Preface, which reads as follows:

"In respect of the statistics requested on some of the subjects, recommended patterns are given in the Appendices. This presentation is followed in order that those Territories which deem it practicable may follow the pattern suggested, while other Territories may consider themselves free to provide the information as dictated by their existing resources or practices."

On the other hand, when statistics are being collated in accordance with agreed international standard classifications, their presentation according to these standards would be preferable to the simpler forms suggested in the Appendices.

Appendix I
STATISTICS OF CROPS, FOREST PRODUCTS, LIVESTOCK, FISHERIES

	Area	Annual production by amount	Annual production by value	Price ranges
Principal crops				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Principal timber				
Principal livestock	Numbers	Numbers slaughtered		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			İ	
Animal products		Annual production		
		by amount		
		1		
Fisheries	*****	Annual catch by amount		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				

Note: Indicate whether figures relate to exports only or to production in general, and whether the price ranges relate to field, local market or export prices.

Appendix II
STATISTICS OF MINERAL PRODUCTION

	M	ine	ra	ls				Numer of mines operating	Number of workers employed	Annual production by amount	Annual production by value	Price ranges
 •			•	•			٠					

# Appendix III STATISTICS OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Type of production	Number of establishments	Number of workers employed	Annual production by amount	Annual production by value

# Appendix IV STATISTICS OF MIGRANT LABOUR 1

Emigrants	Countries of destination or of origin	Principal employments	Average length of absence	Approximate sex ratio
			ļ	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · /				
Returning emigrants				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
Immigrants				
			<b>j</b>	
			į į	
Departing immigrants			j	
			1	
			; !	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Indicate separately figures of recorded migrant labour movements and estimates of unrecorded movements.

Appendix V

	:	i	Ÿ	A. CRIME STATISTICS	103					,	
Offences by main categories	Number	Numb persons	Number of persons accused	Numl persons	Number of persons convicted		 		Penalty 1		
regulations, local or provincial	of true	Adult	Non-adult		Adult Non-adult	Total		Depriva-	Financial	Corporal	ł
ordinances, Ivalive IdW, efc.)		M. F.	M. F.	M. F. M. F.	M. F.		Deam	of liberty	penalry	Deam ton penalty penalty ment	

B. TREATMENT OF OFFENDERS

Contraction of Property of the Contraction of the C	Adults		Non-adults	dults	ŀ
Lersons sentences to	M.	F.	M.	9,	rore.
Death					
Deprivation of liberty (imprisonment, labour camp, etc.) with or without other sanctions					
Financial penalty					
Corporal punishment (with or without other sanctions)					
Other (specify)					
Total					
Suspended sentence *					

C. STATISTICS OF INSTITUTIONS

		To	tal dail) popuk	Total daily average population		Daily average of:	e of:			Siaff	
Type of institution	Number	рү	Adult	Non-adult	Convicted persons &	Persons on remand or detained 6	Debiors	Mental	Cus-	Other	Total
		X.	12.	M. F. M. F.	M. F.	M. F.					

2 Number of offences that have been ascertained to have been committed. \* See table B.
3 This group includes persons already included in one of the other categories (deprivation of liberty, financial penalty, etc.) whose sontence has been suspended.
4 Including labour and detention camps, reformatories and approved schools, etc. \* Including debtors and mental patients if and where appropriate.

# Appendix VI STATISTICS CONCERNING MEDICAL AND HEALTH FACILITIES

and in the metropolitan country) systicians (persons with degrees recognized to having metropolitan recognition) sories (e.g., sub-assistant surgeons) sistants (persons with advanced medical by the university level) more training (persons with nursing training to that provided in the metropolitan country). nurses (persons with certificate recognized to thaving metropolitan recognition) tined nurses  f senior training (persons with midwifery vialent to that provided in the metropolitan recognition) med midwives (persons with certificates recognition) med midwives pectors and X-ray technicians  **Government and Private**  **Mumber of institutions  **Number of beds**  **Number of institutions  **Number of institutions  **Number of beds**  **Number of institutions  **Numb	Medical and Health Staff Government	Mission	Private	1	Notes
f senior training (persons with midwifery valent to that provided in the metropolitan midwives (persons with certificates recognitut not having metropolitan recognition) ined midwives	1. Registered physicians (pers ns with degrees recognized both locally and in the metropolitan country) Licensed physicians (persons with degrees recognized locally but not having metropolitan recognition) Special categories (e.g., sub-assistant surgeons) Medical assistants (persons with advanced medical training below the university level)			sic or se pc wl pt	vernment phisans provide to to to pulation; a privation; a privation privation part-ti-tryice to
ined midwives	Partially trained nurses  3. Midwives of senior training (persons with midwifery training equivalent to that provided in the metropolitan country)  Certificated midwives (persons with certificates recog-				
As separal hospital lin dispensary As separal hospital lin dispensary and child welfare centres losls				İ	
And X-ray technicians  (Government and Private)   Number of institutions   Number of beds    hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all medical and surgical cases)	•			İ	
hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all medical and surgical cases) hospitals or infirmaries (smaller institutions equipped to only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to nospital)  (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients): ely for out-patients beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  units:  ty and child welfare centres losls disease ria nstitutions  Number of institutions   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		l			
hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all medical and surgical cases) hospitals or infirmaries (smaller institutions equipped to only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to nospital)  (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients): ely for out-patients beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  units:  In general In dispensary As separa and third welfare centres losls disease ria nstitutions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i		1	
Mumber of institutions Number of beds  hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all medical and surgical cases)			-	- 1	
hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all medical and surgical cases) hospitals or infirmaries (smaller institutions equipped to only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to nospital)  (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients): ely for out-patients beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  units:  In general hospital  In dispensary As separa hospital  ity and child welfare centres losls disease ria nstitutions	7. Others	1	<u> </u>		
beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  units:  ty and child welfare centres losls disease ria nstitutions	Hospitals:      (a) General hospitals (institutions equipped to deal adequately with all general medical and surgical cases)				
ty and child welfare centres	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)				
losls	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)				
I disease	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)		In disp	ensary	
ria	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)		In dispe	ensary	
nstitutions	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)		In dispo	ensary	
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease		In dispo	ensary	
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria		In dispo	ensary	
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients		In dispo	ensary	
3	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria	hospital			2nit
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients.  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria  (e) Mental institutions  (f) Others  (g) Others	hospital			2nit
3	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)			In disp	In dispensary
tics Estimated * Registered *	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients.  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria  (e) Mental institutions  (f) Others  4. Mobile units	Number o	f units	7	znit Otal staff
tics Estimated 2 Registered 2	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients.  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria  (e) Mental institutions  (f) Others  4. Mobile units	Number o	f units	7	znit "otal staff
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients.  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Venereal disease  (d) Leprosaria  (e) Mental institutions  (f) Others  4. Mobile units	Number o	f units	7	znit "otal staff
	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients	Number o	f units	7	znit "otal staff
year	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres (b) Tuberculosls (c) Venereal disease (d) Leprosaria (e) Mental institutions (f) Others  4. Mobile units  Vital Statistics  Total births  Deaths under 1 year	Number o	f units	7	znit Otal staff
year	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital).  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients.  (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres  (b) Tuberculosls  (c) Veneral disease  (d) Leprosaria  (e) Mental institutions  (f) Others  4. Mobile units  Vital Statistics  Total births  Deaths under I year  Infant mortality per 1,000 live births	Number o	f units	7	znit Otal staff
year	handle only lighter cases, more severe cases being referred to general hospital)  2. Dispensaries (institutions for treatment mainly of out-patients):  (a) Exclusively for out-patients (b) Having beds for lighter cases to be referred to general hospital  3. Specialized units:  (a) Maternity and child welfare centres (b) Tuberculosls (c) Venereal disease (d) Leprosaria (e) Mental institutions (f) Others  4. Mobile units  Vital Statistics  Total births  Deaths under I year	Number o	f units	7	znit Otal staff

Indicate if institutions serve different racial communities
Indicate if figures apply to the whole territory or only to particular localities.

# Appendix VII EDUCATION STATISTICS

<b>A.</b> 3. C.	Illiteracy in the territory was per cent of the total pop Number attending literacy classes : Male: For (within parentheses) by the figure for average daily attenda Number of children of school age age in the control in the total pop Number of Number of Number of Number of Number of Number of Numbe	emale : noe.	Give the figure	for total e	nrolment followe
		Public	schools		ndent schools and non-assisted)
D.	Number of schools:	Boys G	irls Mixed	Boys	Girls Mixed
	<ol> <li>Primary schools</li> <li>Secondary schools</li> <li>Vocational schools<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Teacher education <sup>1</sup></li> <li>Higher education</li> </ol>				
		Male	Female	Male	Female
E.	Total number of teachers and professors (indicate number of non-indigenous teachers within parentheses):  1. Primary schools 2. Secondary schools 3. Vocational schools 4. Teacher education 5. Higher education				
		Indi	genous	Noi	ı-indigenous
F.	Number of pupils. Give the figure for total enrolment followed (within parentheses) by the figure for average daily attendance:	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls
	(A) Public schools:				
	1. Primary schools 4				
	(B) Independent schools:  1. Primary schools 4  2. Secondary schools  3. Vocational schools  (c) in the territory				
	(a) in the territory				

Whenever necessary, give your definitions of technical terms.
 Give estimated figures for those parts of the territory for which no statistics are available.
 The number of boys and girls of school age may be estimated on the basis of population census or school attendance data.
 If possible, append to the table the distribution of primary school pupils by grades (standards), giving figures for boys and girls separately.
 Give estimated figures when necessary.

# Appendix VIII

# STATISTICS OF CULTURAL INSTITUTIONS

# A. Libraries

These statistics should cover all libraries to which the public has: (a) unrestricted, (b) conditional admittance.

Туре	Number	Holdings: Number of volumes	Annual circulation: Number of volumes	Personnel: Number of persons	Nature of restrictions, if any
School					

# B. Museums

These statistics should cover all museums to which the public has: (a) unrestricted, (b).conditional admittance.

Туре	Number	Number of visitors	Predominant subjects	Nature of restrictions, if any
National				

# Appendix IX

# STATISTICS RELATING TO MASS COMMUNICATIONS

Name	<b>,</b>	Frequency of issue 1	Circulation	La	nguage
B. Cinemas und Pr	ojection Facilities				
gagagering of the section of the sec		Number	Frequency of operation		nnual Indance
1. Permanent cinemas					
2. Mobile units					
3. Number of film pr	ojectors	filmstrip projec	tors: for ed	lucational p	ourposes
Radio Broadcasting			MI		
	Name	Location	Wave-length	Power (kws)	Number of broadcasting hours each week
roadcasting transmitters					
	••••••••••••				
				***************************************	
<i></i>				44************************************	

Licensed ..... or estimated .....

2. Number of radio broadcasting receivers . . . .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> State here any suspension or cessation of publication, and indicate the causes.