

## **General Assembly**

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## RESOLUTION ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

[on the report of the Third Committee (A/49/610/Add.2)]

49/186. <u>Alternative approaches and ways and means within the United Nations system for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms</u>

## The General Assembly,

<u>Recalling</u> that in the Charter of the United Nations the peoples of the United Nations declared their determination to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person and in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small and to employ international machinery for the promotion of the economic and social advancement of all peoples,

Recalling also that one of the purposes of the United Nations, as set forth in the Charter, is to achieve international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character and in promoting and encouraging respect for human rights and for fundamental freedoms for all without distinction as to race, sex, language or religion,

Emphasizing the significance and validity of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights  $\underline{1}$ / and of the International Covenants on Human Rights  $\underline{2}$ / in promoting respect for and observance of human rights and fundamental freedoms,

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<sup>1/</sup> Resolution 217 A (III).

<sup>2/</sup> Resolution 2200 A (XXI), annex.

<u>Recalling</u> its resolution 32/130 of 16 December 1977, in which it decided that the approach to future work within the United Nations system with respect to human rights questions should take into account the concepts set forth in that resolution,

Emphasizing the special importance of the purposes and principles proclaimed in the Declaration on the Right to Development, contained in the annex to its resolution 41/128 of 4 December 1986,

<u>Reaffirming</u> that the implementation of the right to development is an indispensable element in the process of creating the appropriate conditions for the full enjoyment and preservation of all human rights and fundamental liberties,

<u>Taking into account</u> the final documents of the Tenth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Jakarta from 1 to 6 September 1992, <u>3</u>/

<u>Reiterating</u> that the right to development is an inalienable human right and that equality of development opportunities is a prerogative both of nations and of individuals within nations,

Expressing its particular concern about the progressive worsening of living conditions in the developing world and the negative impact thereof on the full enjoyment of human rights, and especially about the very serious economic situation of the African continent and the disastrous effects of the heavy burden of the external debt for the peoples of Africa, Asia and Latin America and the Caribbean,

Reiterating its profound conviction that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible, interdependent and interrelated and that equal attention and urgent consideration should be given to the implementation, promotion and protection of civil and political rights and of economic, social and cultural rights,

<u>Deeply convinced</u> that, today more than ever, economic and social development and human rights are complementary elements leading to the same goal, that is, the maintenance of peace and justice among nations as the foundation for the ideals of freedom and well-being to which mankind aspires,

<u>Reiterating</u> that cooperation among all nations on the basis of respect for the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of each State, including the right of every people to choose freely its own socio-economic and political system, is essential for the promotion of peace and development,

Reiterating also the importance of unconditional international cooperation for the attainment of the right to development,

<u>Considering</u> that the efforts of the developing countries to promote their own development should be supported by an increased flow of resources and by the adoption of appropriate and substantive measures for creating an external environment conducive to such development,

1. Reiterates its request that the Commission on Human Rights continue its current work on overall analysis with a view to further promoting and strengthening human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the question of the programme and working methods of the Commission, and on the overall analysis of the alternative approaches and ways and means for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and

fundamental freedoms in accordance with the provisions and ideas set forth in General Assembly resolution 32/130;

- 2. <u>Affirms</u> that a primary aim of international cooperation in the field of human rights is a life of freedom, dignity and peace for all peoples and for every human being, that all human rights and fundamental freedoms are indivisible and interrelated and that the promotion and protection of one category of rights should never exempt or excuse States from promoting and protecting the others;
- 3. <u>Notes</u> that the World Conference on Human Rights, held at Vienna from 14 to 25 June 1993, identified the situations and obstacles which affect the full enjoyment of human rights;
  - 4. <u>Reaffirms</u> that the right to development is an inalienable human right;
- 5. <u>Reaffirms also</u> that international peace and security are essential elements for achieving the full realization of the right to development;
- 6. <u>Considers it necessary</u> for all Member States to promote international cooperation on the basis of respect for the independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of each State, including the right of every people to choose freely its own socio-economic and political system, with a view to solving international economic, social and humanitarian problems;
- 7. <u>Urges</u> all States to cooperate with the Commission on Human Rights in the promotion and protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms;
- 8. <u>Decides</u> that the approaches to future work within the United Nations system on human rights matters should take into account the content of the Declaration on the Right to Development and the need for the implementation thereof;
  - 9. <u>Decides</u> to consider this question at its fifty-first session.

94th plenary meeting 23 December 1994