

activities, together with its conclusions and recommendations;

2. *Requests* the Commission on Human Rights to continue to study this question as a matter of priority and to take any step it may deem necessary to the pursuit of its work on the question of involuntary or enforced disappearances when it considers the report to be submitted to it by the working group at its thirty-seventh session;

3. *Appeals* to all Governments to co-operate with the working group and the Commission on Human Rights and to enable them to perform their task effectively and in a humanitarian spirit;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to draw the concerns expressed in the present resolution to the attention of all Governments, regional and interregional organizations and specialized agencies.

*96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980*

35/194. Report of the Economic and Social Council: services of the Secretariat concerned with human rights

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 34/47 of 23 November 1979,

Recalling Commission on Human Rights resolution 22 (XXXVI) of 28 February 1980,¹²⁴

Recalling also Economic and Social Council decision 1980/132 of 2 May 1980,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General,¹²⁵

Noting that in his annual report on the work of the Organization, submitted to the General Assembly at its thirty-fourth session, the Secretary-General stated that he was prepared to consider all useful suggestions for strengthening the contribution of the Secretariat in a field which is of fundamental importance to the future development of our society,¹²⁶

Also noting that the Secretary-General states in his report¹²⁵ that while the Division of Human Rights meets the technical criteria for a Centre, as set forth in his report on organizational nomenclature in the Secretariat,¹²⁷ he believes that further consideration of the matter is required,

Requests the Secretary-General to keep this question under consideration with a view to redesignating the Division of Human Rights as a Centre for Human Rights when he deems it appropriate, taking into account the views expressed by Member States at the thirty-fifth session of the General Assembly.

*96th plenary meeting
15 December 1980*

35/195. International co-operation in drug abuse control

The General Assembly,

Recalling once more the resolutions on the problem of drug abuse control adopted in recent years by the

General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council, the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, the World Health Organization and other relevant organizations,

Recalling, in particular, its resolution 34/177 of 17 December 1979, in which it pointed out the importance of international co-operation in drug abuse control,

Recognizing the growing threat caused by the spread of drug abuse, its serious impact on human health, its adverse effects on social development (social disintegration, increasing criminality), economic advancement and national security in a number of countries,

Aware that illicit traffic in drugs and the profits accruing therefrom to traffickers and criminal organizations pose a threat to the socio-economic well-being of many countries,

Referring to the relevant provisions of the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961,¹²⁸ of that Convention as amended by the 1972 Protocol Amending the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs of 1961,¹²⁹ and of the Convention on Psychotropic Substances of 1971,¹³⁰ which form the basis of all international drug abuse control efforts,

Noting with satisfaction the positive results that have been attained in a number of countries in the fight against drug abuse and in the control of drug trafficking,

Concerned that none the less many of the objectives of drug abuse control set out in international conventions on narcotic drugs and in the resolutions and documents of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs and other international bodies concerned with this question have not yet been achieved,

Realizing the necessity of further concerted efforts by the international community, particularly by the United Nations, in addition to national measures, to resolve the problem of drug abuse, in particular by the reduction of the illicit supply, demand and traffic,

Conscious of the need for a five-year, continuously updated international programme of action in drug abuse control, as called for in General Assembly resolution 32/124 of 16 December 1977 and Commission on Narcotic Drugs resolutions 8 (XXVIII) of 23 February 1979¹³¹ and 5 (S-VI) of 20 February 1980,¹³² which should be supplemented by a long-term strategy or programme,

Noting the report of the Economic and Social Council on narcotic drugs,¹³³

1. *Takes note* of the resolutions and decisions adopted by the Economic and Social Council at its first regular session of 1980 on the subject of narcotic drugs, elaborated on the basis of the report of the Commission on Narcotic Drugs on its sixth special session, and urges all agencies and organizations concerned with the implementation of the resolutions referred to in the preamble, as well as all States and organizations whose assistance has been requested, to take the necessary measures so that the contemplated programme for practical and dynamic drug abuse control can be completed and implemented at the earliest possible date;

¹²⁸ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 520, No. 7515, p. 151.

¹²⁹ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.77.XI.3, p. 13.

¹³⁰ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.78.XI.3, p. 7.

¹³¹ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1979, Supplement No. 5 (E/1979/35)*, chap. XIV, sect. A.

¹³² *Ibid.*, 1980, *Supplement No. 4 (E/1980/14)*, chap. XI, sect. A.

¹³³ *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fifth Session, Supplement No. 3 (A/35/3/Rev.1)*, chap. XXIII.

¹²⁵ A/35/607.

¹²⁶ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 1 (A/34/1)*, sect. VII.

¹²⁷ A/C.5/32/17.