# RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED ON THE REPORTS OF THE SPECIAL POLITICAL COMMITTEE

### CONTENTS

Resolution <b>No.</b>	Title	Item	Date of adoption		Page
3410 (XXX)	Effects of atomic radiation (A/10379)	50	28 November	r 1975	35
3411 (XXX)	Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa (A/10342)				
	Resolution A	53	28 November	r 1975	36
	Resolution B	53	28 November	r 1975	36
	Resolution C	53	28 November	r 1975	36
	Resolution D	53	28 November	er 1975	37
	Resolution E	53	28 November	r 1975	37
	Resolution F	53	28 November	r 1975	37
	Resolution G	53	28 November	r 1975	38
3419 (XXX)	United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (A/10411)				
	Resolution A	54	8 December	r 1975	39
	Resolution B	54	8 Decembe	r 1975	39
	Resolution C	54	8 December	r 1975	40
	Resolution D	54	8 Decembe	r 1975	40
3457 (XXX)	Comprehensive review of the whole question of peace-keeping operations in all their aspects (A/10460)	51	10 Decembe	er 1975	41
3525 (XXX)	Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories (A/10461, A/L.788)				
	Resolution A	52	15 December	r 1975	41
	Resolution B	52	15 Decembe	r 1975	42
	Resolution C	52	15 December	r 1975	42
	Resolution D	52	15 December	r 1975	43

# 3410 (XXX). Effects of atomic radiation

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 913 (X) of 3 December 1955, by which it established the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation, and its subsequent resolutions on the subject, in particular resolution 3226 (XXIX) of 12 November 1974,

Reaffirming the desirability of the Scientific Committee continuing its work,

Concerned about the potentially harmful effects on present and future generations resulting from the levels of radiation to which man is exposed,

Conscious of the continued need for compiling information about atomic radiation and for analysing its effects on man and his environment,

Noting the intention of the Scientific Committee to include in a comprehensive report to the General Assembly at its thirty-second session reviews of population exposures from environmental sources of ionizing radiation, of occupational exposure, of medical irradi-

ation and of genetic and somatic effects of ionizing radiation,

- 1. Notes with appreciation the report of the United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation:<sup>1</sup>
- 2. Requests the Scientific Committee to continue its work, including its important co-ordination activities, to increase knowledge of the levels and effects of atomic radiation from all sources;
- 3. Expresses its appreciation for the assistance rendered to the Scientific Committee by the International Atomic Energy Agency, the specialized agencies and the non-governmental organizations concerned;
- 4. Notes the intention of the Scientific Committee to hold its twenty-fifth session in September 1976 at Vienna;
- 5. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to provide the Scientific Committee with the assistance

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirtieth Session, Annexes, agenda item 50, document A/10267.

necessary for the conduct of its work and the dissemination of its findings to the public.

> 2421st plenary meeting 28 November 1975

# 3411 (XXX). Policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa

#### A

UNITED NATIONS TRUST FUND FOR SOUTH AFRICA The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa,<sup>2</sup> to which is annexed the report of the Committee of Trustees of the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa,

Recalling its resolutions on the Trust Fund,

Gravely concerned over the numerous arrests and trials of persons in the past year under the repressive and discriminatory legislation enforced by the Government of South Africa and by the illegal administrations in Namibia and Southern Rhodesia,

Reaffirming that humanitarian assistance by the international community to persons persecuted under repressive and discriminatory legislation in these Territories is appropriate and essential,

- 1. Expresses its appreciation to the Governments, organizations and individuals that have contributed to the United Nations Trust Fund for South Africa;
- 2. Appeals to all States, organizations and individuals to make more generous annual contributions to the Trust Fund in order to enable it to meet the growing needs;
- 3. Again appeals for generous direct contributions to the voluntary agencies engaged in assistance to the victims of apartheid and racial discrimination in South Africa, Namibia and Southern Rhodesia;
- 4. Requests the Secretary-General, through the Unit on Apartheid and the Office of Public Information of the Secretariat, to arrange for widespread publicity of the need for humanitarian assistance for the victims of the repression in South Africa, Namibia and Southern Rhodesia.

2421st plenary meeting 28 November 1975

## В

# SOLIDARITY WITH THE SOUTH AFRICAN POLITICAL PRISONERS

### The General Assembly,

Deeply concerned over the ruthless repression of the opponents of apartheid and racism in South Africa, including the recent persecution of numerous student, cultural and other leaders.

Reaffirming its resolutions calling for an end to repression and unconditional amnesty for all persons imprisoned or restricted for their opposition to apartheid or acts arising from such opposition,

Taking note of the refusal of the racist régime of South Africa to heed these resolutions,

Reaffirming the legitimacy of the struggle of the South African people for the total eradication of apartheid and the exercise of the right of self-determination by all the inhabitants of South Africa,

Reaffirming its conviction that the release of the leaders of the oppressed people of South Africa and other opponents of apartheid from imprisonment and other restrictions is an essential factor for the eradication of apartheid.

Recognizing the contribution of the liberation movements and other opponents of apartheid in South Africa to the purposes of the United Nations,

- 1. Condemns the ruthless repression by the racist régime of South Africa against the leaders of the oppressed people of South Africa and other opponents of apartheid;
- 2. Strongly condemns the Terrorism Act and other repressive legislation designed to suppress the legitimate struggle of the South African people for freedom and self-determination;
- 3. Expresses its solidarity with all South Africans struggling against apartheid and for the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations;
- 4. Again calls upon the racist régime of South Africa to grant an unconditional amnesty to all persons imprisoned or restricted for their opposition to apartheid or acts arising from such opposition, as well as to political refugees from South Africa, and to repeal all repressive laws and regulations restricting the right of the people to strive for an end to the apartheid system;
- 5. Requests the Special Committee against Apartheid and the Unit on Apartheid of the Secretariat to redouble their efforts to publicize the cause of all those persecuted for their opposition to apartheid in South Africa.

2421st plenary meeting 28 November 1975

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITY OF THE UNITED NATIONS AND THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY TOWARDS THE OPPRESSED PEOPLE OF SOUTH AFRICA

The General Assembly,

Recalling its numerous resolutions condemning the policies of apartheid of the racist régime of South Africa,

Aware of its responsibility of upholding the principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights,

Commending the courageous struggle of the oppressed people of South Africa under the leadership of their liberation movements supported by the United Nations and the international community,

Taking note of the heavy sacrifices made by the people of South Africa in their legitimate struggle for self-determination,

Meeting on the occasion of the thirtieth anniversary of the United Nations,

- 1. Proclaims that the United Nations and the international community have a special responsibility towards the oppressed people of South Africa and their liberation movements, and towards those imprisoned, restricted or exiled for their struggle against apartheid;
- 2. Reiterates its determination to devote increasing attention and all necessary resources to concert international efforts, in close co-operation with the Organi-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A/10281.