3238 (XXIX). Restoration of the lawful rights of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia in the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations,

Recognizing that the situation in Cambodia is of concern to all Member States and especially to the countries situated close to the area,

Taking into account that, while the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia, presided over by Prince Norodom Sihanouk, exercises authority over a segment of Cambodia, the Government of the Khmer Republic still has control over a preponderant number of the Cambodian people,

Believing that the Cambodian people themselves should be allowed to solve their own political problems peacefully, free from outside interference,

Believing also that such political settlement should be reached by the indigenous parties concerned, without external influence,

1. Calls upon all the Powers which have been influencing the two parties to the conflict to use their good offices for conciliation between these two parties with a view to restoring peace in Cambodia;

2. Requests the Secretary-General, after due consultation, to lend appropriate assistance to the two contending parties claiming lawful rights in Cambodia and to report on the results to the General Assembly at its thirtieth session;

3. Decides not to press for any further action until Member States have an opportunity to examine the report of the Secretary-General.

> 2302nd plenary meeting 29 November 1974

3280 (XXIX). Co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 2011 (XX) of 11 October 1965, 2193 (XXI) of 15 December 1966, 2505 (XXIV) of 20 November 1969, 2863 (XXVI) of 20 December 1971, 2962 (XXVII) of 13 December 1972 and 3066 (XXVIII) of 15 November 1973 on co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity,

Taking note of the resolutions adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its eleventh ordinary session, held at Mogadiscio from 12 to 15 June 1974, concerning the question with which the General Assembly is seized,

Taking into account the important statement made by the current Chairman of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at the 2262nd plenary meeting of the General Assembly on 9 October 1974,

Taking also into account the statement made by the Administrative Secretary-General of the Organization of African Unity at the 2080th meeting of the Fourth Committee on 1 October 1974 and at the 908th meeting of the Special Political Committee on 7 October 1974,

Noting with satisfaction the continued efforts of the Organization of African Unity and the United Nations, the specialized agencies and other organizations within the United Nations system to help to solve the serious problems which principally affect southern Africa,

Bearing in mind the positive results achieved in the work of the United Nations bodies concerned as a direct consequence of the participation of representatives of the national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity in the relevant proceedings of these bodies in an observer capacity,

Aware of the urgent need to give increased assistance to the victims of colonialism, racial discrimination and *apartheid* resulting from political and criminal acts of repression by the Government of South Africa and the illegal racist minority régime in Southern Rhodesia (Zimbabwe),

1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Secretary-General on co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity¹⁵ and commends his efforts in promoting such co-operation;

2. *Reiterates* the firm intention of the United Nations, in co-operation with the Organization of African Unity, to intensify its efforts to find a solution to the present grave situation in southern Africa;

3. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to take the necessary measures to strengthen co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly, particularly with regard to the provision of assistance to the victims of colonialism and *apartheid* in southern Africa, and, in this connexion, draws attention to the Assistance Fund for the Struggle against Colonialism and Apartheid established by the Organization of African Unity;

4. Draws once again the attention of United Nations bodies, in particular the Security Council, to the need to take effective measures to associate more closely the Organization of African Unity regularly with all their work concerning Africa, including especially the activities of the committee on sanctions of the Council;¹⁶

5. Invites the specialized agencies and other organizations concerned within the United Nations system to continue and intensify their co-operation with the Organization of African Unity;

6. Decides to invite as observers, on a regular basis and in accordance with earlier practice, representatives of the national liberation movements recognized by the Organization of African Unity to participate in the relevant work of the Main Committees of the General Assembly and its subsidiary organs concerned, as well as in conferences, seminars and other meetings held under the auspices of the United Nations which relate to their countries, and requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Organization of African Unity, to ensure that the necessary arrangements are made for their effective participation, including the requisite financial provisions;

¹⁵ A/9734.

¹⁶ Security Council Committee established in pursuance of resolution 253 (1968) concerning the question of Southern Rhodesia.