8. Asserts the fundamental importance of ensuring that the reformed system should both create conditions and contain arrangements for promoting an increasing flow of real resources from the developed countries to the developing countries;

9. Recommends that, within the framework of the reform of the international monetary system, the earliest possible decision should be reached, in accordance with the time-table established by the Committee on Reform of the International Monetary System and Related Issues, on the outstanding issues, including the question of establishing a link between special drawing rights and additional development finance;

10. Emphasizes that the additional creation of special drawing rights in an adequate and orderly manner by the International Monetary Fund should be determined on the basis of global liquidity needs;

11. Agrees that wherever possible the developing countries will be exempted from import and capital outflow controls for balance-of-payments purposes and that special circumstances of developing countries will be taken into account in assessing controls which these countries feel it necessary to apply;

12. Welcomes the decision of the Committee on Reform of the International Monetary System and Related Issues to set up a Technical Group on the Transfer of Real Resources in order to examine in detail specific suggestions for action which could be taken by the Committee in accordance with its mandate so as to promote the flow of real resources from developed to developing countries.

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3085 (XXVIII). Multilateral trade negotiations

The General Assembly,

Recalling resolution 82 (III) of 20 May 1972 of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development¹⁷ and General Assembly resolution 3041 (XXVII) of 19 December 1972,

Recalling the important declaration of 14 September 1973, which was approved by the Ministerial Meeting of the Contracting Parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade held in Tokyo, as well as the concluding statement of the Chairman of the Meeting

Reaffirming that the multilateral trade negotiations shall aim, inter alia, at securing additional benefits for the international trade of developing countries, so as to achieve a substantial increase in their foreign exchange earnings, the diversification of their exports, the acceleration of the rate of growth of their trade, taking into account their development needs, an improvement in the possibilities for these countries to participate in the expansion of world trade, and a better balance as between developed and developing countries in the sharing of the advantages resulting from this expansion, through, in the largest possible measure, a substantial improvement in the conditions of access for the products of interest to the developing countries and, wherever appropriate, measures designed to attain stable, equitable and remunerative prices for primary products,

Taking note of the Economic Declaration adopted by the Fourth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries, held at Algiers from 5 to 9 September 1973,¹⁸ in which they expressed the belief that the multilateral trade negotiations will pave the way for a new and just international division of labour and help in the establishment of a new system of world economic relations based on equality and the common interests of all countries,

1. Takes note of the report of the Trade and Development Board for the period from 26 October 1972 to 11 September 1973;¹⁹

2. Emphasizes that the Tokyo Declaration is expressed in broad terms and opens the way for advancing further work along lines expressed by delegations at the Ministerial Meeting and, in particular, enables Governments, in the course of the work of the Trade Negotiations Committee, to take due account of the concerns, perspectives and principles voiced at Tokyo by different delegations, particularly those of developing countries;

3. Notes with satisfaction that a number of Governments have decided to enter into comprehensive multilateral trade negotiations within the framework of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in which all countries, developed and developing, will be enabled to participate;

4. Expects that among the basic objectives guiding these negotiations will be the concepts, as agreed upon in Tokyo, of non-reciprocity and of special and more favourable treatment through differential measures in favour of developing countries, throughout the negotiations, where this is feasible and appropriate;

5. Invites the participants in the multilateral trade negotiations to ensure that:

(a) The Trade Negotiations Committee will enable the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to attend its meetings as appropriate;

(b) The Director-General of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade will keep the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development informed, on a continuing basis, of developments in the multilateral trade negotiations in such a manner as to facilitate the work of the Secretary-General of the Conference in assisting the developing countries:

6. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to report to the Trade and Development Board at its fourteenth session on all aspects of the negotiations pertinent to the trade and development of developing countries.

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3086 (XXVIII). Activities of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Industrial Development Board on the work of its seventh session,20

¹⁸ A/9330 and Corr.1, p. 57.
¹⁹ Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 15 (A/9015/Rev.1).
²⁰ Ibid., Supplement No. 16 (A/9016).