RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO A MAIN COMMITTEE

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2376 (XXIII). Admission of Swaziland to membership in the United Nations

The General Assembly.

Having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 11 September 1968 that Swaziland should be admitted to membership in the United Nations,¹

Having considered the application for membership of Swaziland,²

Decides to admit Swaziland to membership in the United Nations.

1674th plenary meeting, 24 September 1968.

2384 (XXIII). Admission of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea to membership in the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Having received the recommendation of the Security Council of 6 November 1968 that the Republic of Equatorial Guinea should be admitted to membership in the United Nations,³

Having considered the application for membership of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea,4

¹ Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-third Session, Annexes, agenda item 20, document A/7231.

2 A/7199. For the printed text of this document, see Official Records of the Security Council, Twenty-third Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1968, document S/8808.

³ Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-third Session, Annexes, agenda item 20, document A/7310.

⁴ A/7306. For the printed text of this document, see Official Records of the Security Council, Twenty-third Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1968, document S/8883.

Decides to admit the Republic of Equatorial Guinea to membership in the United Nations.

1714th plenary meeting, 12 November 1968.

2389 (XXIII). Representation of China in the United Nations

The General Assembly,

Recalling the recommendation contained in its resolution 396 (V) of 14 December 1950 that, whenever more than one authority claims to be the Government entitled to represent a Member State in the United Nations and this question becomes the subject of controversy in the United Nations, the question should be considered in the light of the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the circumstances of each case,

Recalling further its decision in resolution 1668 (XVI) of 15 December 1961, in accordance with Article 18 of the Charter, that any proposal to change the representation of China is an important question, which, in General Assembly resolutions 2025 (XX) of 17 November 1965, 2159 (XXI) of 29 November 1966 and 2271 (XXII) of 28 November 1967, was affirmed as remaining valid,

Affirms again that this decision remains valid.

1724th plenary meeting, 19 November 1968.

2398 (XXIII). Problems of the human environment

The General Assembly,

Noting that the relationship between man and his environment is undergoing profound changes in the wake of modern scientific and technological developments.

Aware that these developments, while offering unprecedented opportunities to change and shape the environment of man to meet his needs and aspirations, also involve grave dangers if not properly controlled,

Noting, in particular, the continuing and accelerating impairment of the quality of the human environment caused by such factors as air and water pollution, erosion and other forms of soil deterioration, waste, noise and the secondary effects of biocides, which are accentuated by rapidly increasing population and accelerating urbanization,

Concerned about the consequent effects on the condition of man, his physical, mental and social well-being, his dignity and his enjoyment of basic human rights, in developing as well as developed countries,

Convinced that increased attention to the problems of the human environment is essential for sound economic and social development,

Expressing the strong hope that the developing countries will, through appropriate international co-operation, derive particular benefit from the mobilization of knowledge and experience about the problems of the human environment, enabling them, inter alia, to forestall the occurrence of many such problems,

Having considered Economic and Social Council resolution 1346 (XLV) of 30 July 1968 on the question of convening an international conference on the problems of the human environment,

Bearing in mind the important work on some problems of the human environment at present being undertaken by organizations in the United Nations system, in particular the United Nations (including the Economic Commission for Europe), the International Labour Organisation, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the World Health Organization, the World Meteorological Organization, the Inter-Governmental Maritime Consultative Organization and the International Atomic Energy Agency, as referred to in the report of the Secretary-General on activities of United Nations organizations and programmes relevant to the human environment,⁵

Aware of the important work being done on the problems of the human environment by Governments as well as by intergovernmental organizations such as the Organization of African Unity and non-governmental organizations such as the International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources, the International Council of Scientific Unions and the International Biological Programme,

Bearing in mind the recommendations of the Intergovernmental Conference of Experts on the Scientific Basis for Rational Use and Conservation of the Resources of the Biosphere, convened by the United Nations Educational. Scientific and Cultural Organization with the participation of the United Nations, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations and the World Health Organization,

Convinced of the need for intensified action at the national, regional and international level in order to limit and, where possible, eliminate the impairment of the human environment and in order to protect and improve the natural surroundings in the interest of man.

Desiring to encourage further work in this field and to give it a common outlook and direction,

Believing it desirable to provide a framework for comprehensive consideration within the United Nations of the problems of the human environment in order to focus the attention of Governments and public opinion on the importance and urgency of this question and also to identify those aspects of it that can only or best be solved through international co-operation and agreement,

- 1. Decides, in furtherance of the objectives set out above, to convene in 1972 a United Nations Conference on the Human Environment;
- 2. Requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with the Advisory Committee on the Application of Science and Technology to Development, to submit to the General Assembly at its twenty-fourth session, through the Economic and Social Council at its forty-seventh session, a report concerning:
- (a) The nature, scope and progress of work at present being done in the field of the human environment;
- (b) The main problems facing developed and developing countries in this area, which might with particular advantage be considered at such a conference,

⁵ Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Forty-fifth Session, Annexes, agenda item 12, document E/4553.

⁶ For the text of the recommendations, see the mimeographed version of document A/7291 (annex).