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# Recommendations for achieving the objective of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation of nuclear weapons

### Working paper submitted by the Non-Aligned Movement

#### I. Introduction

- The processes and mechanisms underpinning nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation continue to have an important bearing on international peace and security. Over the years, the international community has laid down a normative and legal foundation for nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation.
- Although the end of the cold war was heralded as a propitious development for the nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation regime, the international community has been unable to further promote international peace and security owing to the lack of progress in such a priority area as nuclear disarmament. The implementation of legal obligations and the further establishment of norms and legal frameworks in the field of nuclear disarmament have been marked by regression and setbacks.
- 3. The high level of participation at the first-ever high-level meeting of the General Assembly on nuclear disarmament in 2013 and strong expression of support for the complete elimination of nuclear weapons as a priority are clear manifestations of the critical importance of nuclear disarmament to international peace and security. They indicate once again that the international community remains deeply concerned about the threat to humanity posed by the continued existence of nuclear weapons and of their possible use or threat of use, and that it continues to believe that the only absolute guarantee against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons is their total elimination.
- The Non-Aligned Movement attaches great importance to the agenda item on achieving the objective of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation of nuclear weapons to be discussed by the United Nations Disarmament Commission. It is of the view that, in formulating concrete recommendations on this subject, the Commission should take into account the security interests of all States and the long-standing international obligation for the total elimination of nuclear weapons.





- 5. The Movement reiterates its long-standing principled positions on nuclear disarmament as also contained in the Final Document of the eighteenth Summit of Heads of State and Government of the Non-Aligned Movement, held on 25 and 26 October 2019 in Baku.
- 6. The Movement reiterates its willingness to continue working with Member States to revitalize the disarmament machinery in order for it to fulfil its mandate.
- 7. The Movement wishes to put forward the following recommendations for inclusion in the outcome document of the current cycle of the Disarmament Commission and reserves its right to propose further recommendations during the Commission's meetings.

## II. Principles

- 8. The Non-Aligned Movement reiterates the continued validity of the call by the General Assembly in its first resolution for the elimination of nuclear weapons, as well as the continued significance and relevance of the Final Document of the Tenth Special Session of the General Assembly, on disarmament.
- 9. Nuclear disarmament continues to be the highest priority, and the ultimate goal of nuclear disarmament is the complete elimination of nuclear weapons.
- 10. The total elimination of nuclear weapons is the only absolute guarantee against the danger of a nuclear war, threat of use or use of nuclear weapons, as well as their unauthorized, unintentional or accidental use.
- 11. Nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation of nuclear weapons in all its aspects are essential for the prevention of the danger of nuclear war and the strengthening of international peace and security.
- 12. Nuclear disarmament and nuclear non-proliferation are mutually reinforcing processes. The efforts aimed at non-proliferation of nuclear weapons should be parallel to simultaneous efforts aiming at nuclear disarmament.
- 13. Progress on nuclear non-proliferation should not be used as a pretext to procrastinate on progress on nuclear disarmament.
- 14. In the task of achieving the goals of nuclear disarmament, all the nuclear-weapon States, in particular those which possess the largest nuclear arsenals, bear a special responsibility.
- 15. Reductions in deployments and in operational status cannot substitute irreversible cuts in, and the total elimination of, nuclear weapons.
- 16. Transferring, sharing and receiving any nuclear weapon or nuclear explosive devices is contrary to the objectives of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation of nuclear weapons.
- 17. It is necessary for all States to fulfil their obligations on nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation in good faith.
- 18. It is necessary for nuclear-weapon States to immediately fulfil their legal obligations and implement their unequivocal undertaking to accomplish the total elimination of their nuclear arsenals.
- 19. The Movement stresses the importance of multilateralism and the United Nations in nuclear disarmament and, in this context, the central role and continued relevance of the disarmament machinery.

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- 20. Multilateralism is the core principle of negotiations in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation.
- 21. The Conference on Disarmament remains the sole multilateral disarmament negotiating body. The Disarmament Commission remains the specialized deliberative body within the disarmament machinery on specific disarmament issues to submit concrete recommendations to the General Assembly.
- 22. There is an obligation to pursue in good faith and to bring to a conclusion negotiations leading to nuclear disarmament in all its aspects under strict and effective international control, as also reflected in the unanimous conclusion of the International Court of Justice.
- 23. It is necessary to start negotiations in the Conference on Disarmament, without further delay, on a comprehensive nuclear weapons convention that also sets a phased programme for the complete elimination of nuclear weapons with a specified time frame.
- 24. Demonstration of political will, in particular by the nuclear-weapon States, is a prerequisite to advancing the work of the disarmament machinery and achieving the objective of nuclear disarmament.
- 25. The establishment of nuclear-weapon-free zones contributes to attaining the objective of global nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation and to enhancing international peace and security.
- 26. The establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East would greatly enhance international peace and security and contribute to the achievement of a nuclear-weapon-free world.
- 27. Peaceful nuclear activities and facilities, whether operational or under construction, are inviolable.
- 28. Nothing shall affect the inalienable right of all States to develop research, production and use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes, without discrimination, including the development of a full national nuclear fuel cycle.
- 29. The growing importance of humanitarian considerations is recognized as being among the fundamental and global concerns in the context of deliberations on nuclear weapons.
- 30. The Movement expresses its deepest concern over the immediate, indiscriminate and massive death and destruction caused by any nuclear weapon detonation and its long-term catastrophic consequences on human health, the environment and other vital economic resources, thus endangering the life of present and future generations. In this regard, the Movement believes that the full realization of the catastrophic consequences of nuclear weapons must underpin all approaches, efforts and international commitments towards nuclear disarmament, through an inclusive process involving all States.
- 31. The Movement recalls the advisory opinion of 8 July 1996 of the International Court of Justice on the Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons that there exists an obligation for all States to pursue in good faith and bring to a conclusion negotiations leading to nuclear disarmament in all its aspects under strict and effective international control.

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#### III. Recommendations

The Disarmament Commission:

- 32. Calls upon all States to continue to accord the highest priority to nuclear disarmament leading to the total elimination of nuclear weapons with a specified time frame and under strict and effective international control.
- 33. Calls upon the five nuclear-weapon States to fulfil their legal obligations and their unequivocal undertakings on nuclear disarmament and to take the following steps with the objective of complete elimination of nuclear weapons:
- (a) To fully comply with their overdue obligations under the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons;
- (b) To fully comply with their legal obligations under the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons not to transfer to any recipient whatsoever nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices or control over such weapons or explosive devices directly, or indirectly; and not to assist, encourage, or induce in any way any non-nuclear-weapon State to manufacture or otherwise acquire nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices, or control over such weapons or explosive devices;
- (c) To cease any effort to upgrade existing nuclear weapons or to research on and develop new types of nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices and their means of delivery;
- (d) To exclude the role of any type of nuclear weapons in their own security strategies, concepts, policies or doctrines and those of their allies;
- (e) Strongly calls upon the nuclear-weapon States to exclude completely the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons from their military and security doctrines;
- (f) To reduce immediately the operational status of nuclear weapons, including through complete de-targeting and de-alerting, in order to avoid the risks of unintentional and accidental use of such weapons;
- (g) To reduce substantively all types of nuclear weapons, pending their total elimination;
- (h) To apply the principles of irreversibility, transparency and verifiability to all measures undertaken in the fulfilment of their nuclear disarmament obligations and commitments:
- (i) To provide effective, unconditional, non-discriminatory, irrevocable and legally binding security assurances to all non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons under any circumstances;
- (j) To conclude safeguards agreements with the International Atomic Energy Agency for enabling the Agency to verify the fulfilment of their nuclear disarmament obligations, including to prevent further diversion of nuclear material from peaceful uses to nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices and to place under the Agency safeguards fissile materials transferred from military programmes;
- (k) Not to conduct nuclear-weapon test explosions or any other nuclear explosions, and nuclear-weapon tests in alternative ways, including subcritical nuclear tests and computer-simulated nuclear explosions, and to close and dismantle any sites for nuclear-test explosions and their associated infrastructure;

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- (l) To ratify the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty as soon as possible to facilitate its early entry into force, which should contribute to the process of nuclear disarmament:
- (m) To bring into effect, immediately and unconditionally, the security assurances provided by relevant protocols of the nuclear-weapon-free zone treaties and, in this regard, withdraw any reservations or unilateral interpretative declarations that are incompatible with the object and purpose of such treaties.
- 34. Calls upon the non-nuclear-weapon States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to fulfil their obligations under the Treaty not to receive the transfer from any transferor whatsoever of nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices or of control over such weapons or explosive devices directly or indirectly; not to manufacture or otherwise acquire nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices; and not to seek or receive any assistance in the manufacture of nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices.
- 35. Underlines the importance for all States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to fully implement the resolution and decisions on nuclear disarmament adopted at the Review Conferences of the Parties to the Treaty.
- 36. Reaffirms the long-standing strong global support for the speedy establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East, as also called for by the General Assembly in its overwhelmingly supported resolutions entitled "Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East", and in relevant resolutions of the Security Council, as a matter of priority, and, pending its establishment, demands that Israel renounce possession of nuclear weapons and accede, without any precondition and further delay, as a non-nuclear-weapon State to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, as also called for in the relevant decisions of the Review Conferences, and place all its nuclear facilities and activities under the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) full-scope safeguards.
- 37. Underlines the importance for all States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to intensify their individual and collective efforts aimed at the full implementation of all decisions and resolutions on the establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Middle East adopted at the 1995, 2000 and 2010 Review Conferences.
- 38. The Non-Aligned Movement stresses the importance of the adoption of decision 73/546 of the General Assembly, entitled "Convening a conference on the establishment of a Middle East zone free of nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction". In this regard, the Movement welcomes the convening of the first session of the Conference on the Establishment of a Middle East Zone Free of Nuclear Weapons and Other Weapons of Mass Destruction, under the presidency of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and the adoption of a political declaration, and also welcomes the convening of the second session of the Conference, under the presidency of Kuwait, and its outcomes, including inter alia the adoption of the rules of procedure and the establishment of an informal working committee, and the third session, under the presidency of the Republic of Lebanon, and the adoption of its report. The Movement continues to call upon all States of the region, without exception, to actively participate in this Conference and negotiate in good faith and bring to a conclusion a legally binding Treaty on the establishment of the Zone. Non-Aligned Movement States Parties to the Non-Proliferation Treaty also stress that the resolution on the Middle East adopted by the 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Non-Proliferation Treaty, as well as other relevant decisions on the subject, adopted within the context of the Review Conferences,

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- remain valid until the objective of the establishment of a zone free of nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction in the Middle East is achieved and that the implementation of decision 73/546 is without prejudice to the validity of the aforesaid resolution and decisions and shall not also be construed as their replacement.
- 39. Recognizes the contribution by the nuclear-weapon-free zones established by the Treaties of Tlatelolco, Rarotonga, Bangkok, Pelindaba and Semipalatinsk to advancing the objective of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation and, in this context, supports the institutionalization of the nuclear-weapon-free status of Mongolia.
- 40. Calls for the total and complete prohibition of the transfer of all nuclear-related equipment, information, material and facilities, resources or devices, and of the extension of assistance in the nuclear-related scientific or technological fields to Israel.
- 41. Stresses the significance of achieving universal adherence to the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty, including by all nuclear-weapon States, which, inter alia, should contribute to the process of nuclear disarmament.
- 42. Notes also the entry into force of the Treaty on the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons on 22 January 2021 and the convening of the first meeting of States Parties to the Treaty from 21 to 23 June 2022, at which a declaration and an action plan were adopted. It is hoped that the Treaty will contribute to furthering the global objective of the total elimination of nuclear weapons. Non-Aligned Movement States Parties to the Treaty are fully committed to its implementation and are engaging constructively in preparation for the second Meeting of States Parties to the Treaty towards achieving a world free of nuclear weapons.
- 43. Recognizes the past achievements of the disarmament machinery established at the first special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament, expresses full support for the integrity of this machinery, and urges all States, in particular nuclear-weapon States, to demonstrate strong political will in order to advance the work of the disarmament machinery.
- 44. Welcomes the successful outcome of the Open-Ended Working Group, convened by the General Assembly in its resolution 65/66 and its decision 70/551, of recommendations for objectives and agenda for the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament, and stresses the importance of continuing consultations on the next steps for the convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament.
- 45. Urges the Conference on Disarmament to agree as soon as possible on a balanced and comprehensive programme of work in order for it to overcome its long-standing deadlock and to start substantive work.
- 46. Urges the Conference on Disarmament to establish an ad hoc committee on nuclear disarmament as soon as possible and as the highest priority.
- 47. Urges all States to refrain, under all circumstances, from any attack or threat of attack against peaceful nuclear facilities, whether operational or under construction.
- 48. Calls for strengthening the role of the International Atomic Energy Agency, in particular in support of the full realization of the inalienable right of States to develop research, production and use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes.
- 49. Nuclear non-proliferation and nuclear security must not be misused to violate, deny or restrict the inalienable right of States to develop research, production and use of nuclear energy for peaceful purposes without discrimination.

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- 50. Calls for early commencement of negotiations on universal and legally binding security assurances by the nuclear-weapon States to all non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons under all circumstances.
- 51. Calls for the full implementation of General Assembly resolution 68/32 and its subsequent resolutions entitled "Follow-up to the 2013 high-level meeting of the General Assembly on nuclear disarmament", and in this regard:
- (a) Calls for the urgent commencement of negotiations, in the Conference on Disarmament, for the early conclusion of a comprehensive convention on nuclear weapons to prohibit their possession, development, production, acquisition, testing, stockpiling, transfer, use or threat of use, and to provide for their destruction;
- (b) Calls upon all States to enhance public awareness of the threat posed to humanity by nuclear weapons and of the need for their total elimination through the observance of 26 September as the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons;
- (c) Reiterates the importance of the United Nations high-level international conference on nuclear disarmament to review the progress made in this regard, as stated in General Assembly resolution 73/40 and calls upon all States to contribute to its success in reaching substantive outcomes.
- 52. Recommends the proclamation by the General Assembly of a "Decade for nuclear disarmament and total elimination of nuclear weapons".

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