



**United Nations**

# **Report of the Committee on Information**

**Forty-first session  
(29 April–10 May 2019)**

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Supplement No. 21**





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*Note*

Symbols of United Nations documents are composed of letters combined with figures. Mention of such a symbol indicates a reference to a United Nations document.

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## Chapter I

### Introduction

1. In its resolution [34/182](#), the General Assembly decided to maintain the Committee to Review United Nations Public Information Policies and Activities, established by its resolution [33/115 C](#), which would be known as the Committee on Information, and to increase its membership from 41 to 66. In section I, paragraph 2, of resolution [34/182](#), the Assembly requested the Committee:

(a) To continue to examine United Nations public information policies and activities, in the light of the evolution of international relations, particularly during the past two decades, and of the imperatives of the establishment of the new international economic order and of a new world information and communication order;

(b) To evaluate and follow up the efforts made and the progress achieved by the United Nations system in the field of information and communications;

(c) To promote the establishment of a new, more just and more effective world information and communication order intended to strengthen peace and international understanding and based on the free circulation and wider and more balanced dissemination of information and to make recommendations thereon to the General Assembly.

The Assembly also requested the Committee and the Secretary-General to report to it at its thirty-fifth session.

2. The General Assembly, from its thirty-sixth to seventy-third sessions, took note of the reports of the Committee and adopted resolutions by consensus. At its seventy-third session, the Assembly took note of the report of the Committee and adopted by consensus resolutions [73/102 A](#) and [B](#).

3. Currently, the Committee is composed of the following Member States:

Algeria	Burkina Faso
Angola	Burundi
Antigua and Barbuda	Cabo Verde
Argentina	Chile
Armenia	China
Austria	Colombia
Azerbaijan	Congo
Bangladesh	Costa Rica
Belarus	Côte d'Ivoire
Belgium	Croatia
Belize	Cuba
Benin	Cyprus
Brazil	Czechia
Bulgaria	Democratic People's Republic of Korea

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Democratic Republic of the Congo	Malta
Denmark	Mexico
Dominican Republic	Monaco
Ecuador	Mongolia
Egypt	Morocco
El Salvador	Mozambique
Ethiopia	Nepal
Finland	Netherlands
France	Niger
Gabon	Nigeria
Georgia	Oman
Germany	Pakistan
Ghana	Paraguay
Greece	Peru
Guatemala	Philippines
Guinea	Poland
Guyana	Portugal
Hungary	Qatar
Iceland	Republic of Korea
India	Republic of Moldova
Indonesia	Romania
Iran (Islamic Republic of)	Russian Federation
Iraq	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines
Ireland	Saudi Arabia
Israel	Senegal
Italy	Sierra Leone
Jamaica	Singapore
Japan	Slovakia
Jordan	Solomon Islands
Kazakhstan	Somalia
Kenya	South Africa
Lebanon	Spain
Liberia	Sri Lanka
Libya	Sudan
Luxembourg	Suriname
Madagascar	Switzerland

Syrian Arab Republic	United Republic of Tanzania
Thailand	United States of America
Togo	Uruguay
Trinidad and Tobago	Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)
Tunisia	Viet Nam
Turkey	Yemen
Ukraine	Zambia
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	Zimbabwe



## Chapter II

### Organizational questions

#### A. Opening of the session

4. The organizational meeting of the forty-first session of the Committee was held on 29 April 2019 at Headquarters. The session was opened by the Chair of the Committee, Jan Kickert (Austria).

#### B. Elections

5. The Committee held elections for a new Bureau for a two-year term. Upon his nomination by the representative of African States, Omar Hilale (Morocco) was elected Chair, by acclamation. Upon their nomination by the representatives of Eastern European States and Asia-Pacific States, Oleg Nikolenko (Ukraine) and Amal Mudallali (Lebanon) were elected Vice-Chairs, by acclamation. Mr. Nikolenko was also elected Rapporteur, by acclamation. The Committee deferred the election of two other Vice-Chairs pending consultations within, and nominations by, Latin American and Caribbean States and the Western European and Other States. The officers for the Committee for the period 2019–2021 are as follows:

*Chair:*

Omar Hilale (Morocco)

*Vice-Chairs:*

Amal Mudallali (Lebanon)

Oleg Nikolenko (Ukraine)

*Rapporteur:*

Oleg Nikolenko (Ukraine)

#### C. Adoption of the agenda and programme of work

6. At its organizational meeting, on 29 April 2019, the Committee adopted the following agenda and programme of work ([A/AC.198/2019/1](#)):

1. Opening of the session.
2. Election of officers.
3. Adoption of the agenda and programme of work.
4. Admission of new members.
5. Statement by the Chair.
6. Statement by the Under-Secretary-General for Global Communications.
7. General debate.
8. Consideration of reports submitted by the Secretary-General.
9. Open-ended working group of the Committee on Information.
10. Consideration and adoption of the report of the Committee to the General Assembly at its seventy-fourth session.

7. The Committee held its general debate on 29 and 30 April 2019. On 30 April, in the afternoon, the Department of Global Communications, led by the Under-

Secretary-General for Global Communications, Alison Smale, held an informal interactive dialogue with representatives of Member States.

8. For its consideration of agenda item 8, the Committee had before it the following documents:

- (a) Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Department of Global Communications: strategic communications services ([A/AC.198/2019/2](#));
- (b) Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Department of Global Communications: news services ([A/AC.198/2019/3](#));
- (c) Report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Department of Global Communications: outreach and knowledge services ([A/AC.198/2019/4](#)).

#### **D. Observers**

9. The Plurinational State of Bolivia, the European Union, Honduras, the League of Arab States, the State of Palestine and the International Organization of la Francophonie participated in the session as observers.

## Chapter III

### General debate

10. Statements in the general debate were made by the representatives of the State of Palestine (on behalf of the Group of 77 and China), Japan, Bangladesh, Algeria, the Philippines, Lebanon, China, Portugal, Nepal, Egypt, Argentina, Cuba, Jamaica, India, Uruguay, Pakistan, Brazil, the Republic of Korea, Spain, the United States of America, Israel, the Russian Federation, Trinidad and Tobago, the Islamic Republic of Iran and Saudi Arabia, as well as by the observers for the European Union, the Plurinational State of Bolivia on behalf of the Group of Friends of Spanish, Cabo Verde on behalf of the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries, the League of Arab States and the International Organization of la Francophonie.

11. The general debate was preceded by a statement by the Chair of the Committee, Omar Hilale (Morocco). The Chair said that today, more than ever, it was imperative that the Organization disseminated reliable, credible and objective information. The Chair welcomed the reform efforts undertaken by the Department of Global Communications and noted that the close cooperation with the resident coordinators would provide a new dimension to the work of the United Nations information centres and the Department. The Chair also made note of the Department's efforts at youth outreach, to engage young people as important stakeholders and galvanize them to action on the many issues that affect their lives. The Under-Secretary-General for Global Communications also made a statement and responded to questions and comments from Member States.

12. In addressing the substantive issues before the Committee, multiple speakers expressed support for the reforms the Department had undertaken, including the new name, the Department of Global Communications. Representatives noted that the United Nations was being asked to respond to global challenges, and the Department of Global Communications must bear the responsibility of communicating that story to the world; the name change reflected the scope and importance of that work. Many delegations remarked that the reforms, which stressed leadership and vision, strategic thinking and planning, and agility and operational efficiencies, would put the Department in a stronger position to better tell the United Nations story and engage with audiences. One representative, speaking on behalf of a large group, also stressed the importance of strengthening organizational branding to create a more harmonious and coherent visual identity across the system and better utilize the "United Nations blue" brand. The speaker also called on Member States, in their national capacities, to help to amplify the work of the Department of Global Communications through their own communications channels. Several speakers urged the Department to continue its close collaboration with Member States and to maintain regular briefings and exchanges as it continued its reform work. One representative also asked the Department to measure the impact of its work, when possible, to assess the effectiveness of its activities.

13. A majority of representatives stressed the importance of multilingualism and language parity, not only to meet the mandates of the Department but also to advance the values of the Organization, including inclusiveness, transparency and accountability. Several speakers noted that it was important to disseminate information about the Organization's work and the challenges facing humanity in as many languages as possible, to reach as many people as possible and engage them in the work of the Organization. In addition to promoting inclusion and transparency, speakers noted that multilingualism helped to promote, preserve and protect linguistic and cultural diversity. Several delegations noted the recent observance of the International Day of Multilateralism and Diplomacy for Peace and, in that context,

highlighted the role played by multilingualism in promoting an international, multilateral system based on international cooperation, partnership and inclusion.

14. Recognition and praise for the United Nations information centres was a consistent theme in many interventions. Speakers noted that the centres were an integral part of the Department, intended to reach people around the world in as many languages as possible, advance inclusion and empower people on the local level to address global issues. The centres helped to reach people in nearly 100 languages, including Braille, and representatives called on the Department to continue efforts to strengthen their technical capacity. A number of delegations expressed optimism that the United Nations development system reform and closer cooperation between the centres and resident coordinators would strengthen coherent and strategic communications at the local level.

15. Several speakers expressed appreciation for the work of the Department in highlighting the important role of journalists and press freedom, including the observance of World Press Freedom Day and the International Day to End Impunity for Crimes against Journalists. Speakers noted that attacks on the media were attacks on the cornerstones of societies and targeted human rights and the fundamental freedoms that were at the heart of the Organization: solidarity, freedom, including freedom of expression, opinion and belief, pluralism, democracy, tolerance and human dignity. Freedom of the press safeguarded democracies and promoted tolerance, dialogue, peace and coexistence.

16. Several interventions touched on the growing issue of the misuse of communications technologies to spread misinformation, disinformation and fake news, and the need for the United Nations to serve as a source of factual, unbiased, dependable information for the world. One speaker noted that anyone with a mobile telephone and internet connection could make a positive impact by sharing factual information and empowering people or wreak havoc by spreading misinformation. In that media landscape, the role of the Department of Global Communications was critical, not only to counterbalance the misinformation and show how the United Nations responded to challenges faced by the international community, but also to act as a direct link between the Organization and people around the world. It was also noted that to tackle the challenges emanating from misinformation and fake news a global and systematic approach was required.

17. Many representatives noted with appreciation the continued work that the Department has done to widely disseminate information on, and raise awareness about, the Sustainable Development Goals and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in dozens of languages and using multimedia content.

18. Numerous representatives noted with appreciation the multilingual and multimedia strategic communications campaigns undertaken by the Department, including the Service and Sacrifice Campaign and the climate change campaign, “A Race We Can Win, A Race We Must Win”, and the commemoration of the seventieth anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Speakers noted that those campaigns, and others, helped to highlight in tangible ways for a global audience the work of the Organization, the commitment of Member States and the sacrifices made by peacekeepers in service to humanity. They also helped to underscore the urgency of major global agenda items such as climate change and humanitarian issues. Many speakers commended the Department on its special information programme on the question of Palestine, while some delegations expressed the view that it offered a biased and misleading narrative of the situation in the region. Several speakers noted with appreciation the Department’s training programme for Palestinian journalists. A number of speakers highlighted the Department’s Remember Slavery Programme, its Holocaust and the United Nations

Outreach Programme, and activities for the International Day of Reflection on the Genocide in Rwanda as important initiatives that helped to teach tolerance, understanding and compassion. Several representatives thanked the Department for its continued support of other United Nations offices in strengthening their outreach and communications capacity, including the Office of Counter-Terrorism, the Counter-Terrorism Committee Executive Directorate and the Department of Peace Operations.

19. While delegations voiced strong support for the Department's strengthening of its new and social media capacity, many representatives urged the Department to continue to devote resources to traditional media such as print, television and radio. Legacy media remained the predominant means of communication in many countries and were also relevant for communicating with people of different generations. In addition, the digital divide between countries persisted, and technical capacity limitations and high costs remained barriers to accessing new media platforms for many people; thus, speakers urged the Department to continue to be inclusive in its approach and to use a mix of new and traditional media in disseminating the principles and activities of the United Nations to the global public.

20. Several representatives commended the Department on its activities around youth engagement and youth empowerment, pointing to the growing number of members in United Nations Academic Impact, particularly in the Asia-Pacific region, as well as that initiative's launch of university Sustainable Development Goal hubs to advance awareness of the Sustainable Development Goals in academia and increase student involvement at the local level to achieve the Goals in their communities. Speakers also voiced support for the work of the Office of the Special Envoy on Youth, which launched Youth 2030: The United Nations Youth Strategy to empower young people as agents of change and to amplify their voices in global issues. Representatives expressed appreciation for the Department's organization of the first Model United Nations Youth Summit, in which more than 400 students from 30 countries participated.

21. Remarking on the ongoing financial constraints faced by the Organization as a whole, many representatives noted the serious limitations that placed on the Department's ability to accomplish its mandated tasks, especially in the area of non-official languages. Speakers encouraged the Department to seek out innovative methods of resource mobilization to meet the growing communications demands faced by the Department and recommended that the Department scale up its partnerships with academia, private sector stakeholders and foundations as possible sources of funding to bridge budget shortfalls and continue to deliver on its mandates. Representatives pointed to partnerships such as those with Sanrio on the Hello Kitty campaign to raise awareness of the Sustainable Development Goals, airlines that aired United Nations News programmes as part of their in-flight offerings, and universities that provided translations and undertook research to help to advance the 2030 Agenda as examples of stakeholder engagement that could yield financial and in-kind support for the work of the Department.

22. Speakers recognized the Department's ongoing efforts to foster innovation in the Department, including with digital outreach using social media zones at high-level events, the use of artificial intelligence for its ActNow chat bot to spur action on the Sustainable Development Goals, innovative partnerships such as the global Media Compact and the use of technology for technical capacity-building in information centres and offices away from Headquarters.

23. Responding to comments and queries made by Member States, the Under-Secretary-General reiterated the Department's commitment to multilingualism, but noted that the Secretary-General's request in the 2018–2019 budget for 18 additional

posts and associated non-post resources to enable the Department to expand output in meetings coverage press releases, United Nations webcasts, social media, and television documentary production in all six official languages was not approved by the General Assembly. That reduction in resources significantly constrained the Department's capacity to enhance its multilingual products. Nonetheless, the Department continued to identify creative ways to promote and expand multilingual products and services, including consolidating United Nations News outputs to one website per language; managing apps that enabled mobile access to United Nations news and social media content in eight languages; establishing media accreditation websites and associated application systems in multiple languages; and exploring new partnership models to extend the multilingual range of television products. The Under-Secretary-General thanked delegations for their support of the Department's reform efforts, which were designed to create a more modern, agile, nimble global communications service that took advantage of new technologies and new ways of connecting with people. She acknowledged the gains the Department had made in social and new media by growing audiences and connecting with young people, but stressed that the Department's continued evolution in how it engaged the global public was not at the expense of traditional media forms such as print, radio and television, but rather an approach that looked for complementary ways of reaching audiences. The Under-Secretary-General thanked Member States for their continued support and guidance during the period of rapid change and reform and asked for their assistance in resource mobilization, whether through funding, providing junior professional officers, offering in-kind support or introducing the Department to potential partners in their countries; the Department was counting on Member States to help it accelerate its modernization. In summary, at a time when multilateralism, the very foundation of the United Nations, was being questioned, the Organization wanted and needed to be understood. For the United Nations communications to succeed, they must be clear and they must engage audiences in ways they understood, on platforms they used and in languages they comprehended. The Department would relentlessly pursue those goals and was relying on Member States for their support.

## Chapter IV

### Consideration and adoption of the report of the Committee to the General Assembly at its seventy-fourth session

24. At its 5th plenary meeting, the Committee on Information proceeded to adopt its draft report, including two draft resolutions, by consensus. A text submitted by the Group of 77 and China formed the basis for negotiation of the draft resolutions, which involved two negotiating groups, the Group of 77 and China and the European Union, as well as other Member States.

25. After the adoption of the draft resolutions, the representative of the United States made a statement in explanation of position.

26. In an explanation of position, the United States disassociated itself from the consensus on paragraph 8 of draft resolution B, stating that the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration and the New York Declaration for Refugees contained goals and objectives that were inconsistent and incompatible with United States law and policy. The United States also disassociated itself from the consensus on paragraph 46 of draft resolution B because it believed that United Nations campaigns should be inclusive and focus on the rights of all and because, as written, paragraph 46 placed emphasis on select categories based on gender, age, disability or working status. The United States also disassociated itself from the consensus on paragraph 65 because of long-standing concerns related to the premise of the “right to development”, which was not recognized in any of the core United Nations human rights conventions and did not have an agreed international meaning.

### Questions relating to information

#### Draft resolution A Information in the service of humanity

*The General Assembly,*

*Taking note* of the comprehensive and important report of the Committee on Information,<sup>1</sup>

*Taking note also* of the report of the Secretary-General,<sup>2</sup>

*Urges* all countries, organizations of the United Nations system as a whole and all others concerned, reaffirming their commitment to the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and to the principles of freedom of the press and freedom of information, as well as to those of the independence, pluralism and diversity of the media, deeply concerned by the disparities existing between developed and developing countries and the consequences of every kind arising from those disparities that affect the capability of the public, private or other media and individuals in developing countries to disseminate information and communicate their views and their cultural and ethical values through endogenous cultural production, as well as to ensure the diversity of sources and their free access to information, and recognizing the call in this context for what in the United Nations and at various international forums has been termed “a new world information and communication order, seen as an evolving and continuous process”:

<sup>1</sup> *Official Records of the General Assembly, Seventy-third Session, Supplement No. 21 (A/73/21).*

<sup>2</sup> [A/73/288](#).

(a) To cooperate and interact with a view to reducing existing disparities in information flows at all levels by increasing assistance for the development of communications infrastructures and capabilities in developing countries, with due regard for their needs and the priorities attached to such areas by those countries, and in order to enable them and the public, private or other media in developing countries to develop their own information and communications policies freely and independently and increase the participation of media and individuals in the communication process, and to ensure a free flow of information at all levels;

(b) To ensure for journalists the free and effective performance of their professional tasks and condemn resolutely all attacks against them;

(c) To provide support for the continuation and strengthening of practical training programmes for broadcasters and journalists from public, private and other media in developing countries;

(d) To enhance regional efforts and cooperation among developing countries, as well as cooperation between developed and developing countries, to strengthen communications capacities and to improve the media infrastructure and communications technology in developing countries, especially in the areas of training and dissemination of information;

(e) To aim at, in addition to bilateral cooperation, providing all possible support and assistance to developing countries and their media, public, private or other, with due regard to their interests and needs in the field of information and to action already adopted within the United Nations system, including:

(i) The development of the human and technical resources that are indispensable for the improvement of information and communications systems in developing countries and support for the continuation and strengthening of practical training programmes, such as those already operating under both public and private auspices throughout the developing world;

(ii) The creation of conditions that will enable developing countries and their media, public, private or other, to have, by using their national and regional resources, the communications technology suited to their national needs, as well as the necessary programme material, especially for radio and television broadcasting;

(iii) Assistance in establishing and promoting telecommunication links at the subregional, regional and interregional levels, especially among developing countries;

(iv) Facilitation, as appropriate, of access by developing countries to advanced communications technology available on the open market;

(f) To provide full support for the International Programme for the Development of Communication of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, which should support both public and private media.

## **Draft resolution B**

### **United Nations global communications policies and activities**

*The General Assembly,*

*Emphasizing* that the Committee on Information is its main subsidiary body mandated to make recommendations to it relating to the work of the Department of Global Communications of the Secretariat,



*Reaffirming* its resolution 13 (I) of 13 February 1946, by which the General Assembly established the Department of Public Information (now the Department of Global Communications), with a view to promoting to the greatest possible extent an informed understanding of the work and purposes of the United Nations among the peoples of the world, and all other relevant resolutions of the Assembly related to the activities of the Department,

*Emphasizing* that the contents of public information and communications should be placed at the heart of the strategic management of the United Nations and that a culture of communications and transparency should permeate all levels of the Organization as a means of fully informing the peoples of the world of the aims and activities of the United Nations, in accordance with the purposes and principles enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations, in order to create broad-based global support for the United Nations,

*Stressing* that the primary mission of the Department of Global Communications is to provide, through its outreach activities, accurate, impartial, comprehensive, balanced, timely, relevant and multilingual information to the public on the tasks and responsibilities of the United Nations in order to strengthen international support for the activities of the Organization with the greatest transparency,

*Recalling* its resolutions [73/102 A](#) and [B](#) of 7 December 2018, which provided an opportunity to take due steps to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of the Department of Public Information and to maximize the use of its resources,

*Expressing its concern* that the gap in information and communications technology between the developed and the developing countries has continued to widen and that vast segments of the population in developing countries are not benefiting from the information and communications technologies that are currently available, and in this regard underlining the necessity of rectifying the imbalances in the present development of and access to information and communications technologies in order to create a more just, equitable, accessible and effective environment in this regard,

*Recognizing* that developments in information and communications technologies open vast new opportunities for economic growth and social development and can play an important role in the eradication of poverty in developing countries, and at the same time emphasizing that the development of these technologies poses challenges and risks and could lead to further rising inequalities within and among countries,

*Recalling* its resolution [71/328](#) of 11 September 2017 on multilingualism, and emphasizing the importance of making appropriate use of all the official languages of the United Nations in all the activities of the Department of Global Communications, including in coordination with other departments of the Secretariat, with the aim of eliminating the disparity between the use of English and the use of the five other official languages, as well as the importance of ensuring the full and equitable treatment of all the official languages of the United Nations in all the activities of the Department,

## **I Introduction**

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in respect of the public information policies and activities of the United Nations, to continue to implement fully the recommendations contained in relevant resolutions;

2. *Reaffirms* that the United Nations remains the indispensable foundation of a peaceful and just world and that its voice must be heard in a clear and effective

manner, and emphasizes the essential role of the Department of Global Communications of the Secretariat in this context;

3. *Underlines* that the reform of the Department of Global Communications with a view to adapting its capacity and work to the current trends of global communication should take into account the priorities set out by the Committee on Information as the main subsidiary body mandated to make recommendations relating to the work of the Department, and also underlines in that regard the importance of continuing the process of consultation with Member States;

4. *Stresses* the importance of the provision of clear, timely, accurate and comprehensive information by the Secretariat to Member States, upon their request, within the framework of existing mandates and procedures;

5. *Also stresses* that Member States should abstain from using information and communications technologies in contravention of international law, including the Charter of the United Nations, and encourages Member States to consider better ways to cooperate, consistent with international law, in addressing threats posed by the use of information and communications technologies for terrorist purposes;

6. *Reaffirms* the central role of the Committee on Information in United Nations public information policies and activities, including the prioritization of those activities, and decides that recommendations relating to the programme of the Department of Global Communications shall originate, to the extent possible, in the Committee and shall be considered by the Committee;

7. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications, following the priorities for the period 2018–2019 set out by the General Assembly in its resolutions [71/6](#) of 27 October 2016 and [73/269](#) of 22 December 2018, to pay particular attention to the promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the Assembly and recent United Nations conferences, the maintenance of international peace and security, the development of Africa, the promotion of human rights, the effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts, the promotion of justice and international law, disarmament, and drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations;

8. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to pay particular attention to the outcomes of the Third United Nations World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction, the third International Conference on Financing for Development and the annual Economic and Social Council forum on financing for development follow-up, the United Nations summit for the adoption of the post-2015 development agenda and its follow-up by the annual high-level political forum on sustainable development, the twenty-fourth session of the Conference of the Parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the fourteenth session of the Conference of the Parties serving as the Meeting of the Parties to the Kyoto Protocol, the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III), the United Nations Conference to Support the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development and the second High-Level Conference on South-South Cooperation, as well as the Declaration and Programme of Action on a Culture of Peace, and the progress in implementing the outcomes;

9. *Notes* the contribution of the Department of Global Communications to the preparatory process for the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration, in line with the New York Declaration for Refugees and Migrants;

## II

### General activities of the Department of Global Communications

10. *Takes note* of the reports of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Department of Global Communications;<sup>3</sup>

11. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications to maintain its commitment to a culture of evaluation and to continue to evaluate its products and activities with the objective of enhancing their effectiveness, and to continue to cooperate and coordinate with Member States and the Office of Internal Oversight Services of the Secretariat;

12. *Reaffirms* the importance of more effective coordination between the Department of Global Communications and the Office of the Spokesperson for the Secretary-General, and requests the Secretary-General to ensure consistency in the messages of the Organization;

13. *Notes* the efforts of the Department of Global Communications to continue to publicize the work and decisions of the General Assembly and its subsidiary bodies, and requests the Department to continue to enhance its working relationship with the Office of the President of the General Assembly;

14. *Encourages* continued collaboration between the Department of Global Communications and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in the promotion of culture and in the fields of education, the advancement of communication and multilingualism, in accordance with General Assembly resolution [71/328](#), including through multilingual education, as vehicles for sustainable development using existing resources and bridging the existing gap between the developed and the developing countries;

15. *Notes with appreciation* the efforts of the Department of Global Communications to work at the local level with other organizations and bodies of the United Nations system to enhance the coordination of their communications activities, urges the Department to encourage the United Nations Communications Group to promote linguistic diversity in its work, and reiterates its request to the Secretary-General to report to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session on progress achieved in this regard;

16. *Reaffirms* that the Department of Global Communications must prioritize its work programme, while respecting existing mandates and in line with regulation 5.6 of the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation,<sup>4</sup> to focus its message and better concentrate its efforts and to match its programmes with the needs of its target audiences, including the linguistic dimension, on the basis of improved feedback and evaluation mechanisms;

17. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue to exert all efforts to ensure that publications and other information services of the Secretariat, including the United Nations website, the United Nations News Service and United Nations social media accounts, contain comprehensive, balanced, objective and equitable information in all official languages about the issues before the Organization and that they maintain editorial independence, impartiality, accuracy and full consistency with resolutions and decisions of the General Assembly;

<sup>3</sup> [A/AC.198/2019/2](#), [A/AC.198/2019/3](#) and [A/AC.198/2019/4](#).

<sup>4</sup> [ST/SGB/2016/6](#).

18. *Underlines* the critical need to address violations of the relevant international rules and regulations that govern the area of broadcasting, including television, radio and satellite broadcasting, in the most appropriate manner;

19. *Reiterates its request* to the Department of Global Communications and content-providing offices of the Secretariat to ensure that United Nations publications are produced in all six official languages, as well as in an environmentally friendly and cost-neutral manner, and to continue to coordinate closely with all other entities, including all other departments of the Secretariat and funds and programmes of the United Nations system, within their respective mandates, in order to avoid duplication in the issuance of United Nations publications;

20. *Encourages*, in this regard, the Department of Global Communications and the Department for General Assembly and Conference Management of the Secretariat to develop new collaborative arrangements to enhance multilingualism in other outputs in a cost-neutral manner, bearing in mind the importance of ensuring the full and equitable treatment of all the official languages of the United Nations, and to report thereon to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session;

21. *Emphasizes* that the Department of Global Communications should maintain and improve its activities in the areas of special interest to developing countries and, where appropriate, other countries with special needs, and that the activities of the Department should contribute to bridging the existing gap between the developing and the developed countries in the crucial field of public information and communications;

22. *Reiterates* its growing concern that the issuance of daily press releases has not been expanded to all official languages, as requested in previous resolutions and in full respect of the principle of parity of all six official languages, recalls the relevant report of the Secretary-General on the activities of the Department of Global Communications,<sup>5</sup> and reiterates its request that the Department, as a matter of priority, design a strategy to deliver daily press releases in all six official languages through creative schemes, in a cost-neutral manner and in accordance with the relevant General Assembly resolutions, at the latest by the forty-second session of the Committee on Information, and report thereon to the Committee at that session;

23. *Notes* recent trends that contribute to undermining credible, transparent and fact-based information, and encourages the Department of Global Communications to continue to promote unbiased and impartial information about the work of the United Nations, to identify specific proposals in this regard and to report thereon to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session;

### **Multilingualism and public information**

24. *Emphasizes* that multilingualism, as a core value of the Organization, entails the active involvement and commitment of all stakeholders, including all United Nations duty stations and offices away from Headquarters;

25. *Underlines* the responsibility of the Secretariat in the mainstreaming of multilingualism into all of its communication and information activities, within existing resources on an equitable basis, calls upon the Department of Global Communications to consider it as an integral part of its strategic approach and to continue to work with the Coordinator for Multilingualism on best practices throughout the Secretariat to fulfil this responsibility, and requests the Secretary-General to report on such best practices and their implementation in his upcoming

<sup>5</sup> A/AC.198/2018/3.

report to the Committee on Information, bearing in mind the provisions of resolution [71/328](#);

26. *Emphasizes* the importance of making use of all the official languages of the United Nations, ensuring their full and equitable treatment in all the activities of all divisions and offices of the Department of Global Communications with the aim of eliminating the disparity between the use of English and the use of the five other official languages, in this regard reaffirms its request that the Secretary-General ensure that the Department has the necessary capacity in all the official languages to undertake all of its activities, and requests that this aspect be included in future programme budget proposals for the Department, bearing in mind the principle of parity of all six official languages, while respecting the workload in each official language;

27. *Welcomes* the ongoing efforts of the Department of Global Communications to enhance multilingualism in all of its activities, stresses the importance of ensuring that the texts of all new public United Nations documents in all six official languages, information materials, global promotional campaigns and all older United Nations documents are made available through the United Nations websites and are accessible to Member States without delay, and further stresses the importance of fully implementing its resolution [71/328](#);

28. *Encourages* the Department of Global Communications to continue its ongoing efforts to incorporate the working method of having thematic focal points, currently applied by the language units of the United Nations websites, as a best practice of multilingualism to improve the quality of the content of the websites;

29. *Acknowledges and supports* the continued use by the Department of Global Communications of Portuguese, Kiswahili, Urdu, Bangla, Hindi and Persian in addition to the official languages, when appropriate, according to the target audience, with a view to reaching the widest possible spectrum of audiences and extending the United Nations message to all corners of the world in order to strengthen international support for the activities of the Organization;

30. *Encourages* the Department of Global Communications to continue its longstanding and ongoing efforts to promote multilingualism through global outreach in languages other than official languages, and to mobilize adequate resources, including by exploring innovative financing options as well as voluntary contributions;

### **Bridging the digital divide**

31. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications to contribute to raising the awareness of the international community of the importance of the implementation of the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the overall review of the implementation of the outcomes of the World Summit on the Information Society<sup>6</sup> and of the possibilities that the use of the Internet and other information and communications technologies, emerging particularly from the fourth industrial revolution, can bring to societies and economies, as well as of ways to bridge the digital divide, within and among countries, including by commemorating World Telecommunication and Information Society Day on 17 May;

32. *Reiterates* its call upon all stakeholders, particularly the relevant United Nations entities, within their mandates and existing resources, to continue to work together to regularly analyse the nature of digital divides, study strategies to bridge

<sup>6</sup> Resolution [70/125](#); see also [A/C.2/59/3](#) and [A/60/687](#).

them and make their findings available to the international community, as well as to promote public and private initiatives that aim to bridge the digital divide;

#### **Network of United Nations information centres**

33. *Emphasizes* the importance of the network of United Nations information centres in enhancing the public image of the United Nations, in disseminating messages on the United Nations to local populations, especially in developing countries, bearing in mind that information in local languages has the strongest impact on local populations, and in mobilizing support for the work of the United Nations at the local level;

34. *Welcomes* the work done by the network of United Nations information centres, including the United Nations Regional Information Centre, in favour of the publication of United Nations information materials and the translation of important documents into languages other than the official languages of the United Nations, encourages information centres to continue their important multilingual activities in the interactive and proactive aspects of their work and to develop web pages and content in social media in local languages, encourages the Department of Global Communications to provide the necessary resources and technical facilities, with a view to reaching the widest possible spectrum of audiences and extending the United Nations message to all corners of the world in order to strengthen international support for the activities of the Organization, and encourages the continuation of efforts in this regard;

35. *Stresses* the importance of rationalizing the network of United Nations information centres, and in this regard requests the Secretary-General to continue to make proposals in this direction, including through the redeployment of resources where necessary, and to report to the Committee on Information at its successive sessions;

36. *Reaffirms* that the rationalization of United Nations information centres must be carried out on a case-by-case basis in consultation with all concerned Member States in which existing information centres are located, the countries served by those information centres and other interested countries in the region, taking into consideration the distinctive characteristics of each region;

37. *Recognizes* that the network of United Nations information centres, especially in developing countries, should continue to enhance its impact and activities, including through strategic communications support, and calls upon the Secretary-General to report on the implementation of this approach to the Committee on Information at its successive sessions;

38. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications, through the United Nations information centres, to strengthen its cooperation with all other United Nations entities at the country level and in the context of the United Nations Development Assistance Framework, in order to enhance coherence in communications and to avoid duplication of work, and in that regard notes the ongoing United Nations reform, which, inter alia, calls for the integration of the information centres into the resident coordinator system, to ensure coordinated, coherent, and strategic communications on local and global issues across the United Nations system and through the information centres, including the United Nations Regional Information Centre, taking into account the needs and inputs emerging at the country level, and requests the Secretary-General to include comprehensive information on this process in his next report;

39. *Stresses* the importance of taking into account the special needs and requirements of developing countries in the field of information and communications technology for the effective flow of information in those countries;

40. *Also stresses* the importance of efforts to strengthen the outreach activities of the United Nations to those Member States remaining outside the network of United Nations information centres, and encourages the Secretary-General, within the context of rationalization, to extend the services of the network of information centres to those Member States;

41. *Further stresses* that the Department of Global Communications should continue to review the allocation of both staff and financial resources to the United Nations information centres in developing countries, taking into account the specific needs of the least developed countries in this regard, and requests the Secretary-General to include in the next report comprehensive information on the functioning of the United Nations information centres, including the outcome of the review of the effective and efficient allocation of staff and financial resources to United Nations information centres and the possible measures to improve the operation of the centres in developing countries;

42. *Welcomes* the support of some Member States, including developing countries, in offering, inter alia, rent-free premises for the United Nations information centres because of lack of funding, bearing in mind that such support should not be a substitute for the full allocation of financial resources for the information centres in the context of the programme budget of the United Nations;

43. *Notes* the concern of many Member States regarding the measures taken by the Secretariat in relation to the information centres in Mexico City, Pretoria and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, expresses the hope that these measures will not have an adverse impact on the ability of the centres to act as bridges between the United Nations and local audiences, and therefore requests the Secretary-General to report on the impact of these measures and to explore ways to strengthen the United Nations information centres in Cairo, Mexico City, Pretoria and Rio de Janeiro, keeping in mind the need to do so within existing resources, and encourages the Secretary-General to explore the strengthening of other centres, especially in Africa, in cooperation with the Member States concerned and in a cost-neutral manner;

44. *Recalls* its resolution [64/243](#) of 24 December 2009, in which the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to establish a United Nations information centre in Luanda as a contribution towards addressing the needs of Portuguese-speaking African countries, and requests the Secretary-General, in coordination with the Government of Angola, to accelerate the establishment of the information centre and report on the operationalization of the centre to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session;

### **III**

#### **Strategic communications services**

45. *Reaffirms* the role of the strategic communications services in devising and disseminating United Nations messages by developing communications strategies, with the overall emphasis on multilingualism from the planning stage, in close collaboration with the substantive departments, United Nations funds and programmes and the specialized agencies, in full compliance with their legislative mandates;

#### **Promotional campaigns**

46. *Notes with appreciation* the work of the Department of Global Communications in promoting, through its campaigns, issues of importance to the



international community, and requests the Department, in cooperation with the countries concerned and with the relevant organizations and bodies of the United Nations system, to continue to take appropriate measures to enhance world public awareness about, inter alia, reinforcing multilateralism, unprecedented humanitarian crises and needs in the world, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development,<sup>7</sup> United Nations reform, the eradication of poverty, sustainable urban development, conservation and sustainable use of the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development, climate change, sustainable management of forests, combating desertification, conservation of biodiversity and other environmental issues, conflict prevention, peacekeeping, peacebuilding and sustaining peace, refugees and migrants, people forcibly displaced by conflict and other means that violate human rights and international law, culture and development, disarmament, decolonization, human rights, including gender equality, the rights of children, persons with disabilities and migrant workers, strategic coordination in humanitarian relief, especially in natural disasters and other crises, communicable and non-communicable diseases, the needs of the African continent, the strategic partnership between the African Union and the United Nations, the nature of the critical economic and social situation in Africa and the priorities of the New Partnership for Africa's Development,<sup>8</sup> the special needs of the least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing States and the countries that have met the criteria for graduation from the least developed country category, the importance of international cooperation to combat illicit financial flows and the activities that underlie them, such as corruption, embezzlement, fraud, tax evasion, safe havens that create incentives for the transfer abroad of stolen assets, money-laundering and illegal exploitation of natural resources, the identification, freezing and recovery of stolen assets and their return to their countries of origin in a manner consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption,<sup>9</sup> combating human trafficking and modern slavery, combating transnational illicit trafficking, including in cultural heritage, the permanent memorial to and remembrance of the victims of slavery and the transatlantic slave trade, combating terrorism in all its forms and manifestations, the initiative on a world against violence and violent extremism, dialogue among civilizations, the culture of peace and tolerance and the consequences of the Chernobyl disaster, as well as prevention of genocide;

47. *Requests* the Secretariat, especially the Department of Global Communications, to contribute to the observance of international days established by the General Assembly, including the International Day of Commemoration in Memory of the Victims of the Holocaust, on 27 January, International Mother Language Day, on 21 February, as proclaimed by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, the International Day of Happiness, on 20 March, the International Day of Nowruz, on 21 March, the International Day of Forests, on 21 March, World Water Day, on 22 March, the International Day of Remembrance of the Victims of Slavery and the Transatlantic Slave Trade, on 25 March, the International Day of Multilateralism and Diplomacy for Peace, on 24 April, World Press Freedom Day, on 3 May, the Time of Remembrance and Reconciliation for Those Who Lost Their Lives During the Second World War, on 8 and 9 May, the International Day of United Nations Peacekeepers, on 29 May, World Oceans Day, on 8 June, the International Day of Family Remittances, on 16 June, the International Day for the Elimination of Sexual Violence in Conflict, on 19 June, Nelson Mandela International Day, on 18 July, International

<sup>7</sup> Resolution 70/1.

<sup>8</sup> A/57/304, annex.

<sup>9</sup> United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 2349, No. 42146.



Youth Day, on 12 August, the International Day of Peace, on 21 September, the International Day for the Total Elimination of Nuclear Weapons, on 26 September, the International Day of Non-Violence, on 2 October, the International Day for Tolerance, on 16 November, the International Day of Solidarity with the Palestinian People, on 29 November, the International Day of Commemoration and Dignity of the Victims of the Crime of Genocide and of the Prevention of this Crime, on 9 December, Human Rights Day, on 10 December, International Mountain Day, on 11 December, and International Universal Health Coverage Day, on 12 December, and to play a role in raising awareness and promoting these events, in a cost-neutral manner, where appropriate, in accordance with the respective Assembly resolutions;

48. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to raise broad awareness and to engage in a comprehensive and multilingual promotional campaign and coverage, on an equal basis, of all summits, international conferences and high-level meetings mandated by the General Assembly, including those to be held in 2019;

49. *Notes* that 2020 marks the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the United Nations and the end of the Second World War, recognizes the work already undertaken by the Secretariat on planning activities in that regard, and requests the Department of Global Communications to raise awareness of and disseminate information on the anniversary, including at Expo 2020, and to ensure that multilingualism is mainstreamed into those activities, in a cost-neutral manner;

50. *Recognizes* the communication efforts led by the Department of Global Communications in promoting the review conferences of the parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and their preparatory processes, in particular the production of various multimedia materials, including videos, images and graphics, to promote the conferences and the issues before them in the six official languages of the Organization, and in this regard encourages the Department to continue this practice in promoting high-level meetings, including through the use of traditional and new media such as social media, as appropriate;

51. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to continue raising awareness of and to disseminate information, in a cost-neutral manner, on the Third International Decade for the Eradication of Colonialism, declared by the General Assembly in its resolution [65/119](#) of 10 December 2010;

52. *Recalls* its resolutions [68/237](#) of 23 December 2013 and [69/16](#) of 18 November 2014 on the International Decade for People of African Descent, and requests the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to continue raising awareness of and to disseminate information on the International Decade, in accordance with the programme of activities for the implementation of the International Decade adopted by the General Assembly,<sup>10</sup> in a cost-neutral manner;

53. *Also recalls* its resolution [72/239](#) of 20 December 2017 on the United Nations Decade of Family Farming (2019–2028), and requests the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to raise awareness of and to disseminate information on the International Decade;

54. *Welcomes* the political declaration adopted at the Nelson Mandela Peace Summit, held on 24 September 2018<sup>11</sup> to commemorate the centenary of the birth of Nelson Mandela, in which the period from 2019 to 2028 was recognized as the Nelson

<sup>10</sup> Resolution [69/16](#), annex.

<sup>11</sup> Resolution [73/1](#).

Mandela Decade of Peace, and in this regard requests the Department of Global Communications to raise awareness of, and disseminate information on, the Decade;

55. *Recalls* its resolution [71/178](#) of 19 December 2016 on the proclamation of 2019 as the International Year of Indigenous Languages to draw attention to the critical loss of indigenous languages, and requests the Department of Global Communications and its network of United Nations information centres to raise awareness of and disseminate information on the International Year in accordance with its action plan;<sup>12</sup>

56. *Underlines* the importance of the Department of Global Communications integrating multilingualism in the planning and implementation of promotional campaigns, including the design of logotypes and isologotypes in different languages, where appropriate, as well as the use of hashtags for social media campaigns in more than one language, taking into account the needs of the target audiences;

57. *Encourages* the Department of Global Communications to develop partnerships with the private sector and relevant organizations that promote the official languages of the United Nations and other languages, as appropriate, in order to promote the activities of the United Nations in a cost-neutral manner, and to report thereon to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session, and in this regard welcomes the partnership with airlines that provide to their customers in-flight programmes featuring United Nations activities;

#### **Role of the Department of Global Communications in United Nations peacekeeping operations, special political missions and peacebuilding**

58. *Requests* the Secretariat to continue to ensure the active involvement of the Department of Global Communications from the planning stage and in all stages of future peacekeeping operations and special political missions through interdepartmental consultations and coordination with other departments and offices of the Secretariat, in particular with the Department of Peace Operations, the Department of Operational Support, the Department of Political and Peacebuilding Affairs and the Peacebuilding Support Office;

59. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications, the Department of Peace Operations, the Department of Operational Support, the Department of Political and Peacebuilding Affairs and the Peacebuilding Support Office to continue their cooperation in raising awareness of the new realities, successes and challenges faced by peacekeeping operations, especially multidimensional and complex ones, in peacebuilding efforts and by special political missions, and continues to call upon them to develop and implement a comprehensive communications strategy on current challenges facing United Nations peacekeeping, countries on the agenda of the Peacebuilding Commission and special political missions;

60. *Stresses* the importance of enhancing the public information capacity of the Department of Global Communications in the field of peacekeeping operations and special political missions as well as its role, in close cooperation with the Department of Peace Operations, the Department of Operational Support and the Department of Political and Peacebuilding Affairs, in the process of selecting public information staff for United Nations peacekeeping operations or missions, and in this regard invites the Department of Global Communications to second public information staff who have the skills necessary to fulfil the tasks of the operations and special political missions, taking into account the principle of equitable geographical distribution in accordance with Chapter XV, Article 101, paragraph 3,

<sup>12</sup> [E/C.19/2018/8](#).

of the Charter, and to consider views expressed, especially by host countries, when appropriate, in this regard;

61. *Emphasizes* the importance of the peacekeeping gateway on the United Nations website, and requests the Department of Global Communications to continue its efforts to support the peacekeeping missions in further developing and maintaining their websites;

62. *Welcomes* promotional campaigns showcasing individual troop-contributing countries, and requests the Secretariat to ensure that all troop- and police-contributing countries are represented;

63. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications, in the context of its promotion of the United Nations peacekeeping activities, to highlight the work and mandate of the Special Committee on Peacekeeping Operations;

64. *Recalls* its resolutions [62/214](#) of 21 December 2007 on the United Nations Comprehensive Strategy on Assistance and Support to Victims of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse by United Nations Staff and Related Personnel, [70/268](#) of 14 June 2016 on the comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects, [70/286](#) of 17 June 2016 on cross-cutting issues, [71/134](#) of 13 December 2016 on criminal accountability of United Nations officials and experts on mission and [71/278](#) of 10 March 2017 on United Nations action on sexual exploitation and abuse, takes note of the report of the Secretary-General<sup>13</sup> and Security Council resolutions [2242 \(2015\)](#) of 13 October 2015 and [2272 \(2016\)](#) of 11 March 2016, requests the Department of Global Communications, the Department of Peace Operations, the Department of Operational Support, the Department of Political and Peacebuilding Affairs and the Peacebuilding Support Office to continue to cooperate in implementing an effective outreach programme to explain the zero-tolerance policy of the Organization regarding sexual exploitation and abuse in accordance with the objectives set out in the aforementioned resolutions and to inform the public of the outcome of all such cases involving United Nations staff and related personnel, including cases where allegations are ultimately found to be legally unproven, requests the Departments and the Office to inform the public of steps taken to protect the rights of the victims and ensure adequate support for the witnesses, in accordance with the United Nations Comprehensive Strategy on Assistance and Support to Victims of Sexual Exploitation and Abuse by United Nations Staff and Related Personnel, and stresses the importance of the Department of Global Communications in showcasing the compact proposed between the Secretariat and troop-contributing countries in that regard, as well as all the activities related to the circle of leadership;

65. *Notes* the importance of communication activities and the dissemination of information relating to sustaining peace and peacebuilding efforts, in particular, meetings and activities of the Peacebuilding Commission, country-specific configurations, the Peacebuilding Support Office and the Peacebuilding Fund, and requests the Department of Global Communications to enhance its cooperation with these entities in that regard, in particular through increased usage of social media, with a view to widening outreach of their important work and encouraging national ownership;

**Role of the Department of Global Communications in strengthening dialogue among civilizations and the culture of peace as means of enhancing understanding among nations**

66. *Recalls* its resolutions on dialogue among civilizations and the culture of peace, and requests the Department of Global Communications, while ensuring the

<sup>13</sup> [A/72/751](#) and [A/72/751/Corr.1](#).

pertinence and relevance of subjects for promotional campaigns on this issue, to continue to provide the support necessary for the dissemination of information pertaining to dialogue among civilizations and the culture of peace, as well as the initiative on the Alliance of Civilizations, and to take due steps in fostering the culture of dialogue among civilizations, promoting the initiative on a world against violence and violent extremism in accordance with General Assembly resolution 72/241 of 20 December 2017, and promoting cultural understanding, tolerance, respect for and freedom of religion or belief and effective enjoyment by all of all human rights and civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development, and requests a briefing by the Secretariat on the measures taken to disseminate information pertaining to dialogue among civilizations and the culture of peace, before the next session of the Committee on Information;

67. *Invites* the United Nations system, especially the Department of Global Communications, to continue to encourage and facilitate dialogue among civilizations and to formulate ways and means to promote dialogue among civilizations in the activities of the United Nations in various fields, taking into account the Programme of Action of the Global Agenda for Dialogue among Civilizations;<sup>14</sup>

68. *Recalls* its resolution 69/312 of 6 July 2015, in which it acknowledged the achievements of the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations and the efforts of the High Representative of the Secretary-General for the Alliance of Civilizations, as well as the declarations adopted by the Global Forums of the United Nations Alliance of Civilizations,<sup>15</sup> and welcomes the continuing support of the Department of Global Communications for the work of the Alliance, including its ongoing projects;

69. *Welcomes and encourages* the various initiatives at the local, national, regional and international levels to enhance interreligious and intercultural dialogue, understanding and cooperation and to strengthen people-to-people bonds;

#### IV

##### News services

70. *Stresses* that the central objective of the news services implemented by the Department of Global Communications is the timely delivery of accurate, objective and balanced news and information emanating from the United Nations system in different supports and formats, including print, radio, television and the Internet, including social media platforms, to the media and other audiences worldwide, with the overall emphasis on multilingualism from the planning stage, and reiterates its request to the Department to ensure that all breaking news stories and news alerts are accurate, impartial and free of bias;

71. *Recognizes* the efforts of the Department of Global Communications to mainstream and consolidate news and multimedia content through the coordinated and centralized UN News online portal, which provides content in both traditional and digital format in the six official languages, as well as in Hindi, Kiswahili and Portuguese, and in this regard requests the Secretariat to continue to support those efforts;

72. *Also recognizes* the important role of television and video services provided by the Department of Global Communications, and notes the recent efforts in making available online broadcast-quality video that can be streamed or downloaded by smaller broadcast outlets that do not have access to satellite feeds;

<sup>14</sup> Resolution 56/6, sect. B.

<sup>15</sup> Madrid, Spain; Istanbul, Turkey; Rio de Janeiro, Brazil; Doha, Qatar; Vienna, Austria; Bali, Indonesia; and Baku, Azerbaijan.

### **Traditional means of communication**

73. *Welcomes* the sustained efforts of United Nations Radio, which remains one of the most effective and far-reaching traditional media available to the Department of Global Communications and an important instrument in United Nations activities, to enhance the timeliness, presentation and thematic focus of its multilingual programmes on United Nations activities and to ensure the widest possible dissemination of its programming to media outlets using the most suitable platforms and formats, pre-recorded or live, requests the Secretary-General to continue to make every effort to achieve parity in the six official languages in United Nations Radio productions, reiterates the important role of the 15-minute daily programmes created pursuant to General Assembly resolution [54/82 B](#) of 6 December 1999, and requests the Department to continue producing and disseminating the programmes, in accordance with client needs;

74. *Also welcomes* the ongoing efforts being made by the Department of Global Communications to disseminate programmes directly to broadcasting stations all over the world in the six official languages, with the addition of Portuguese, Kiswahili, Urdu, Bangla and Hindi as well as other languages, and in this regard requests the Secretary-General to include in his upcoming report to the Committee on Information detailed information about such partnerships with broadcasting stations as well as statistics about their multiplying impacts on potential audiences;

75. *Requests* the Department of Global Communications to continue to build partnerships with local, national and regional broadcasters to extend the United Nations message to all corners of the world in an accurate and impartial way, and requests the News and Media Division of the Department to continue to take full advantage of modern technologies and equipment;

76. *Welcomes* the completion of an inventory of 73 years of United Nations audiovisual history and, recognizing the importance of the audiovisual archives of the United Nations, stresses the urgency of digitization in order to prevent further deterioration of these unique historical archives, encourages the Department of Global Communications to prioritize the development of collaborative arrangements for the digitization of these archives while preserving their multilingual character, in a cost-neutral manner, and to report thereon to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session, and recalls the contribution of Oman<sup>5</sup> in this regard;

77. *Notes*, in this regard, the proposed strategy for the digitization of the United Nations audiovisual archive materials for long-term preservation, access and sustainable management,<sup>16</sup> and requests the Department of Global Communications to submit for consideration by the relevant bodies both a detailed proposal for the mass digitization of the audiovisual collections, within existing resources, and plans to solicit voluntary contributions to fund the digitization and storage of the audiovisual archives;

### **United Nations website and social media**

78. *Reaffirms* that the United Nations website is an essential tool for Member States and for the general public, the media, non-governmental organizations and educational institutions, and in this regard reiterates the continued need for strengthened efforts by the Department of Global Communications to regularly maintain, update and improve it;

79. *Recognizes* the potential of United Nations websites and social media accounts to offer multilingual and multimedia digital content, integrating written,

<sup>16</sup> [A/AC.198/2014/3](#), annex.

spoken and visual elements in all of the official languages, and encourages the Department of Global Communications to work towards such an objective;

80. *Also recognizes* the efforts made by the Secretariat to implement the basic accessibility requirements for persons with disabilities to gain access to and take part in the work of the United Nations in person or online, including through the work of the Accessibility Centre at United Nations Headquarters, calls upon the Department of Global Communications to continue to work towards compliance with accessibility requirements on all new and updated pages of the website, with the aim of ensuring its accessibility for persons with different kinds of disabilities, and in this regard encourages the Department of Global Communications and the Department for General Assembly and Conference Management to further cooperate and identify potential synergies;

81. *Reaffirms* the need to achieve full parity among the six official languages on all United Nations websites, and urges the Secretary-General to strengthen his efforts to develop, maintain and update multilingual United Nations websites, including United Nations Web TV, its video content and metadata, and the web page of the Secretary-General in all the official languages of the United Nations, from within existing resources and on an equitable basis;

82. *Notes with concern* that the multilingual development and enrichment of the United Nations website in certain official languages has improved at a much slower rate than expected, and in this regard urges the Department of Global Communications, in coordination with content-providing offices, to advance actions taken to achieve full parity among the six official languages on the United Nations website;

83. *Recalls* paragraph 35 of its resolution [71/328](#), notes with concern the disparity between the English and the non-English languages on the websites maintained by the Secretariat, urges the Secretary-General to lead the efforts of all offices and departments of the Secretariat to take concrete action to address such uneven development, and in this regard calls upon all stakeholders, including the Department of Global Communications, content-providing offices and departments, in particular the Office of Information and Communications Technology of the Secretariat, to continue their collaboration, within their respective mandates, so as to achieve full parity among the six official languages on all United Nations websites developed and maintained by all Secretariat entities, in full conformity with the principles of multilingualism and in compliance with the relevant resolutions addressing multilingualism and accessibility for persons with disabilities, by making every effort to translate materials currently available only in English and by providing offices and departments with technological solutions that comply with the principle of parity, from within existing resources;

84. *Reaffirms its request* to the Secretary-General to ensure, while maintaining an up-to-date and accurate website and social media, the equitable distribution among all official languages of financial and human resources within the Department of Global Communications allocated to the United Nations website and social media, with full respect for the needs and the specificities of all six official languages;

85. *Welcomes* the cooperative arrangements undertaken by the Department of Global Communications with academic institutions to increase the number of web pages available in official and non-official languages, and requests the Secretary-General, in coordination with content-providing offices, to extend such cooperative arrangements, in a cost-effective manner, to all the official languages of the United Nations, bearing in mind the necessity of adherence to United Nations standards and guidelines;



86. *Encourages* the continuation of live webcasts of public meetings of the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and their respective subsidiary bodies, as well as of the Security Council, with interpretation services, and requests the Secretariat to make every effort to provide full access to archived videos in all official languages of all past open formal United Nations meetings with interpretation services, in strict observance of the principle of full parity of the six official languages of the United Nations, to promote transparency and accountability within the Organization;

87. *Reaffirms* the need to enhance the technological infrastructure of the Department of Global Communications, including the United Nations information centres, on a continuous basis in order to widen the outreach of the Department and to continue to improve the United Nations website in a cost-neutral manner;

88. *Encourages* the Department of Global Communications, in collaboration with the Office of Information and Communications Technology, to continue its efforts to ensure that technological infrastructures and supportive applications in the United Nations fully support Latin, non-Latin and bidirectional scripts in order to enhance the equality of all official languages on the United Nations website;

89. *Underlines* the importance that, in the implementation of its multilingual social media strategy, the Department of Global Communications ensures full parity among the official languages of the Organization, and in that regard stresses the need for United Nations social media campaigns to use hashtags suitable for each language;

90. *Recalls* that, in paragraph 34 of its resolution [71/328](#), the General Assembly welcomed the realization of the comprehensive review of the United Nations websites by the Secretary-General, presenting the status of content in non-official languages, noted with appreciation the innovative ideas, potential synergies and other cost-neutral measures proposed in the report of the Secretary-General on multilingualism<sup>17</sup> to reinforce the broader multilingual development and enrichment of the United Nations websites, as appropriate, and requested the Secretary-General to present an updated version of the review in his next report;

91. *Notes* the uneven development of social media among the official languages of the United Nations, and requests the Secretary-General to report to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session on the strategy of the Department of Global Communications to ensure, by a more balanced use of all six official languages, that social media contribute to raising awareness of and support for the activities of the Organization, and to include in the report available analytics, classified by official language, on audiences of social media accounts managed by the Secretariat;

## V

### Library services

92. *Welcomes* the efforts of the Department of Global Communications to implement the recommendations of the Dag Hammarskjöld Library 2025 Vision working group on improvement of knowledge and electronic library services;

93. *Commends* the steps taken by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library and the other Secretariat libraries, members of the Steering Committee for Libraries of the United Nations, to put forward the New York pledge: United Nations libraries mobilize to support the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, and calls upon United Nations Secretariat libraries to work with the Dag Hammarskjöld Library on practical

<sup>17</sup> [A/71/757](#).

cooperation in devising modern library and knowledge services and electronic platforms, in a cost-neutral manner;

94. *Reiterates* the need to maintain a multilingual collection of books, periodicals and other materials in both hard copy and electronic formats, accessible to Member States and others, ensuring that the Dag Hammarskjöld Library continues to be a broadly accessible resource for information about the United Nations and its activities, including through a multilingual home page, from within existing resources;

95. *Welcomes* the initiatives taken by the Dag Hammarskjöld Library, in its capacity as the focal point, to expand the scope of the regional training and knowledge-sharing workshops organized for the depository libraries in developing countries to include outreach in their activities;

96. *Acknowledges* the role of the Dag Hammarskjöld Library in enhancing knowledge-sharing and networking activities to ensure access to the vast store of United Nations knowledge for delegates, permanent missions of Member States, the Secretariat, researchers and depository libraries worldwide;

## VI

### Outreach services

97. *Notes* the efforts of the United Nations intranet and iSeek team to raise awareness among staff members of new initiatives and developments in different departments of the Secretariat, and requests the Department of Global Communications, as a matter of priority and in the spirit of synergies and efficiency, to study ways of integrating the Member States' e-deleGATE portal into the iSeek platform for more efficient and effective sharing of information with Member States, and to report to the Committee on Information on this issue at its forty-second session;

98. *Stresses* that the central objective of the outreach and knowledge services implemented by the Department of Global Communications is to promote awareness of the role and work of the United Nations by fostering dialogue with global constituencies, such as academia, civil society, educators, students and youth, with the overall emphasis on multilingualism from the planning stage, in close collaboration with the substantive departments, specialized agencies, funds and programmes of the United Nations;

99. *Notes with serious concern* that many outreach and knowledge services are not yet available in all official languages, and in this regard urges the Department of Global Communications, as a matter of priority, to mainstream multilingualism into all outreach and knowledge services, bearing in mind the importance of making use of all the official languages of the United Nations and ensuring their full and equitable treatment in all the activities of the Department, with the aim of eliminating the disparity between the use of English and the use of the five other official languages;

100. *Encourages* the United Nations Academic Impact to take effective steps to facilitate exchanges between the United Nations and institutions of higher education and academic, research and scientific communities in all regions to support the common principles and purposes of the United Nations, contribute to the realization of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, foster global citizenship and fill knowledge gaps, while recognizing the role of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and its constitution;

101. *Notes* the continued growth of the United Nations Academic Impact, calls upon the Department of Global Communications to promote global awareness of the Academic Impact in order to encourage balanced participation among Member States and their continued support for the initiative, within existing resources, and



encourages Member States to promote the initiative among their academic institutions, as appropriate, with a view to their joining it, in accordance with General Assembly resolutions [73/102 A](#) and [B](#);

102. *Welcomes* the educational outreach activities of the Department of Global Communications, and requests the Department to continue to reach educators and young people worldwide through a range of multilingual multimedia platforms including, in particular, in the dissemination of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development through the educational system, including elementary schools;

103. *Commends* the United Nations Academic Impact for its continued engagement with the global community of scholarship in realizing the objectives of the Organization, requests the Secretary-General to continue to promote this initiative by encouraging eligible institutions of higher education in all regions, especially from developing countries, to enrol and contribute actively to the goals of the United Nations, and in this regard notes with appreciation the cost-neutral partnerships it has successfully initiated thus far with a view to multiplying membership;

104. *Emphasizes* the importance of the continued implementation by the Department of Global Communications of the ongoing Reham Al-Farra Memorial Journalists' Fellowship Programme for broadcasters and journalists from developing countries and countries with economies in transition, as mandated by the General Assembly, and requests the Department to consider how best to maximize the benefits derived from the Programme by extending, inter alia, its duration and the number of its participants;

105. *Encourages* the Department of Global Communications to make the *UN Chronicle* available in paperless editions only, with a view to expanding the service to all six official languages within existing resources, and requests the Department to report to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session on progress in this matter;

106. *Welcomes* the movement towards educational outreach and the orientation of the *UN Chronicle*, and to this end encourages the *UN Chronicle* to continue to develop partnerships and collaborative educational activities and events with civil society organizations and institutions of higher learning;

107. *Acknowledges* the importance of the *Yearbook of the United Nations* as an authoritative reference work, and welcomes the work of the Department of Global Communications in expanding the content and the functions of the website of the *Yearbook*;

108. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue his efforts to ensure that, in view of their income-generating nature, guided tours at United Nations Headquarters are consistently available in all six official languages of the United Nations as well as in non-official languages;

109. *Notes* the ongoing efforts of the Department of Global Communications to strengthen its role as a focal point for two-way interaction with civil society relating to the priorities and concerns of the Organization identified by Member States, and also notes in this regard the increasing involvement of civil society in United Nations activities, including the outreach activities directed at youth representatives and young journalists;

110. *Recalls* its resolution [41/68 D](#) of 3 December 1986, commends the World Federation of United Nations Associations and its more than 100 national United Nations associations for the valuable contributions that they have made during the past 73 years through their global activities in the mobilization of popular support for the United Nations, and calls for continued collaboration between the World

Federation and the Department of Global Communications in support of their complementary objectives;

111. *Commends*, in a spirit of cooperation, the United Nations Correspondents Association for its ongoing activities and for its Dag Hammarskjöld Memorial Scholarship Fund, which sponsors journalists from developing countries to come to United Nations Headquarters and report on the activities during the sessions of the General Assembly, and further encourages the international community to continue its financial support for the Fund;

112. *Expresses its appreciation* for the efforts and contribution of United Nations Messengers of Peace, Goodwill Ambassadors and other advocates to promote the work of the United Nations and to enhance international public awareness of its priorities and concerns, and calls upon the Department of Global Communications to continue to involve them in its global communications and media strategies and outreach activities;

## VII

### Final remarks

113. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the Committee on Information at its forty-second session and to the General Assembly at its seventy-fifth session on the activities of the Department of Global Communications and on the implementation of all recommendations and requests contained in the present resolution, and requests the Department of Global Communications to provide a briefing in this regard, before the next session of the Committee on Information;

114. *Notes* the initiative taken by the Department of Global Communications, in cooperation with the Department of Safety and Security and the Protocol and Liaison Service of the Secretariat, during the annual general debate of the General Assembly, to issue special identification stickers to mission-designated personnel of Member States to enable them to escort media covering the visits of high-level officials to restricted areas, and strongly urges the Secretary-General to continue to improve this practice by acceding to the request by Member States to provide the needed number of additional passes to press and other relevant officers of Member States to allow their access to all areas that are deemed restricted, in order to effectively and comprehensively report on high-level meetings that include officials of delegations of Member States;

115. *Requests* the Committee on Information to report to the General Assembly at its seventy-fifth session;

116. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its seventy-fifth session the item entitled "Questions relating to information".