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REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC
ENERGY AGENCY
COMPLIANCE WITH ARMS LIMITATION AND
DISARMAMENT AGREEMENTS
CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL
(BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS
ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY
AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE DECLARATION ON THE
STRENGTHENING OF INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-sixth year

Letter dated 8 November 1991 from the Permanent Representative
of the Republic of Korea to the United Nations addressed to
the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I have the honour to transmit to you the text of the Declaration of Non-nuclear Korean Peninsula Peace Initiative, made on 8 November 1991 by His Excellency Roh Tae Woo, President of the Republic of Korea.

I should be grateful if you would have the text of the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly under agenda items 14, 48, 59, 60, 62 and 68, and of the Security Council.

(~~Signed~~)g Hee ROE
Ambassador

ANNEX

Declaration of Non-nuclear Korean Peninsula Peace Initiatives
made on 8 November 1991 by the President of Korea

This morning, I am going to announce an important decision to help build a durable structure of peace on the Korean Peninsula and in North-East Asia.

In the process of removing the legacies of the Cold War and in efforts to build a world of **peace**, many courageous and previously unimagined initiatives are being taken around the world today.

Not only have the former adversaries joined hands but they vow friendship and cooperation for a better future for all mankind. What is more, epoch-making measures are being taken to reduce all weapons of mass destruction, which threaten to destroy human civilisation in an instant.

Both the United States and the Soviet Union are in the process of reducing and dismantling nuclear weapons on a large scale, and international negotiations are currently under way at Geneva to completely eliminate chemical weapons, which could inflict indiscriminate killing on a massive scale.

Looking at these global waves of **reconciliation** and cooperation, there are those who mistakenly believe that threats of confrontation have disappeared from our own land also. Unfortunately, however, a situation that is unique in the world and is quite inconsistent with the tides of history persists on the Korean Peninsula.

At a time when reduction and destruction of nuclear weapons are being carried out worldwide, North Korea shows no sign of giving up its efforts to build nuclear weapons, while reneging on its professed duties as a signatory to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons. It has been well documented that North Korea also manufactures, and has a stockpile of, chemical-biological **weapons**.

As is well known, there has been a tragic fratricidal war in Korea and, subsequently, intense military confrontation and arms race ensued on the Korean Peninsula for almost four decades. Under these circumstances, North Korea's development of nuclear weapons has to be a matter of grave **concern**, and it will escalate the Korean question into an entirely new dimension. Indeed, nuclear weapons in North Korean hands would be so dangerous and **destabilizing** that they would not only threaten the very survival of our nation, but could in an instant shatter the peace in North-East Asia and the world.

It is for these reasons that the gravely worried international community joins us in our concerted efforts to deter North Korea from developing nuclear weapons.

In my address to the United Nations General Assembly last September, I made it clear that I was prepared to discuss with North Korea the nuclear issues on the Korean Peninsula as soon as North Korea would sign the nuclear safeguards agreement, renounce the development of nuclear weapons and agree on inter-Korean military confidence-building measures.

And **yet**, rather than positively respond to my proposals, North Korea continues to evade its **international** duties on account of groundless charges and excuses.

In an effort to initiate the resolution of nuclear issues on the **Korean** Peninsula and in my earnest desire to bring about a durable structure of peace on our land, I have come to an important decision and have determined to take steps to carry it out.

Reaffirming our commitment to the cause of peace and in **order** to eliminate from our land all chemical-biological weapons and to **secure** a non-nuclear Korean Peninsula, I declare the following to be our **policy**:

First, the Republic of Korea will use nuclear energy solely for peaceful purposes, and will not manufacture, **possess**, store, deploy or use nuclear weapons.

Second, the Republic of Korea will continue to submit to comprehensive international inspection all nuclear-related facilities and materials on its territory in compliance with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and with the nuclear safeguards agreement it has concluded with the International Atomic Energy Agency under the Treaty, and will not possess nuclear fuel reprocessing and enrichment facilities.

Third, the Republic of Korea aspires for a world of peace free of nuclear weapons as well as all weapons of indiscriminate **killing**; and we will actively participate in international efforts towards a total elimination of chemical-biological weapons and observe all international agreements thereon.

We will faithfully carry out this non-nuclear, no chemical-biological weapons policy.

Now, there can be no reason or justification for North Korea to develop nuclear weapons or evade international inspection of its nuclear facilities.

I strongly call upon North Korean authorities to immediately take steps corresponding to my declaration today.

Just as the Republic of Korea has done, North Korea also should renounce unequivocally the possession of nuclear reprocessing and enrichment **facilities**.

As soon as North Korea takes these steps, beginning with the signing of the nuclear **safeguards** agreement, ~~we~~ will initiate bilateral discussions on other military-security issues, including the nuclear issue, and seek to resolve them through high-level South-North talks.

Any and all issues pertaining to the Korean Peninsula should be resolved through direct inter-Korean negotiation; in a spirit of self-reliance.

Consequently, I call upon North Korea in the name of 70 million fellow Koreans to abandon immediately the attempt to develop **nuclear** weapons so that together we may open a new era of peace on the Korean Peninsula, having secured a land free of nuclear weapons.

Prior to the enunciation of our policy today, the Government has very carefully **examined** its possible impact on national security. **My** decision is based on a firm assessment that our national security will continue to remain solid.

It is sincerely hoped that North Korea will accurately evaluate current international realities and decide to join us in our common efforts to eliminate the sources of national tragedy and to achieve national harmony and peaceful unification.
