

联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护 和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可 持续发展会议的报告

联合国总部
2017 年 6 月 5 日至 9 日



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[2017 年 6 月 15 日]

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第一章

会议通过的决议

第 1 号决议^{*}

我们的海洋、我们的未来：行动呼吁

联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议，

于 2017 年 6 月 5 至 9 日在联合国总部举行，

回顾大会 2016 年 9 月 9 日第 [70/303](#) 号决议，大会在该决议中决定，会议应协商一致通过一份以支持落实目标 14 的“行动呼吁”形式编写的简明扼要、重点突出的政府间商定宣言，

1. 通过题为《我们的海洋、我们的未来：行动呼吁》的宣言¹ 作为联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议的成果文件；
2. 建议大会第七十一届会议核可会议通过的《行动呼吁》。

附件

我们的海洋、我们的未来：行动呼吁

1. 我们，各国元首和政府首脑以及高级代表，于 2017 年 6 月 5 日至 9 日在纽约举行联合国支持落实《2030 年可持续发展议程》可持续发展目标 14 的会议，期间民间社会和其他相关利益攸关方充分参与，我们申明坚定承诺保护和可持续利用我们的海洋和海洋资源，以促进可持续发展。

2. 此举是因为我们坚信，我们千姿百态的海洋无一不对我们共同的未来和人类共同的命运至关重要。作为政府领导人和政府代表，我们决心果断而紧迫地采取行动，坚信我们的集体行动将对我们的人民、我们的地球和我们的繁荣产生有意义的影响。

3. 我们认识到，海洋覆盖着地球表面的四分之三，连通各国人民和市场，是我们自然和文化遗产的重要组成部分。海洋提供我们所呼吸的近一半氧气，吸收我们产生的四分之一以上的二氧化碳，在水循环和气候系统中发挥着至关重要的作用，是地球生物多样性和生态系统服务的重要来源。海洋有助于可持续发展和持续的海洋经济，有助于消贫、粮食安全和营养、海运贸易和运输、体面工作和生计。

^{*} 2017 年 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议通过；讨论情况见第七章。

¹ [A/CONF.230/11](#)，附件。

4. 我们对气候变化危害海洋的不利影响特别感到震惊，包括海洋温度升高、海洋和沿海酸化、脱氧、海平面上升、极地冰层覆盖面缩小、海岸侵蚀和极端天气事件。我们认识到，需要消除损害海洋下述关键能力的不利影响：调节气候，孕育海洋生物的多样性，提供粮食和营养、旅游和生态系统服务的重要来源，促进可持续经济发展和增长。在这方面，我们认识到在《联合国气候变化框架公约》下通过的《巴黎协定》尤其重要。

5. 我们承诺制止和扭转海洋及其生态系统健康和生产力下降的趋势，保护和恢复海洋的复原力和生态完整。我们认识到，今世后代的福祉与海洋的健康和生产力密不可分。

6. 我们强调，所有的可持续发展目标都相互联系，不可分割，相辅相成，重申我们的工作必须以《2030 年议程》为指导，包括其中重申的各项原则。我们承认，每个国家在力求可持续发展的过程中都面临具体的挑战，特别是最不发达国家、内陆发展中国家、小岛屿发展中国家，非洲国家，包括沿海国家，以及《2030 议程》中确认的其他国家。许多中等收入国家也面临严峻的挑战。

7. 我们再次承诺按时实现目标 14 的具体目标，并重申需要长期不懈地努力，同时考虑到不同的国情、能力和发展水平，尊重各国的政策和优先事项。我们特别认识到，目标 14 中的一些具体目标对小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家尤其重要。

8. 我们强调，需要在各个层面上采取综合、跨学科和跨部门的做法，加强合作、协调和政策的一致性。我们强调，能促成集体行动的有效伙伴关系至关重要，再次承诺在所有相关利益攸关方充分参与的情况下落实目标 14。

9. 我们强调，需要将目标 14 及其相互关联的具体目标纳入国家发展计划和战略，促进国家自主权，让包括国家和地方当局、议会成员、地方社区、土著人民、妇女、青年、学术界和科学界、工商业界等在内的所有相关的利益攸关方参与进来，从而确保成功落实目标 14。我们认识到，性别平等十分重要，妇女和青年在保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展方面具有关键作用。

10. 我们强调，必须更好地了解海洋的健康和作用以及海洋生态系统承受的压力，包括借助科学和传统知识体系评估海洋状况。我们还强调，需要进一步加强海洋科学研究，以提供决策依据，促进知识交流中心和网络，从而加强科学数据、最佳做法和专门知识的交流共享。

11. 我们强调，我们落实目标 14 的行动应遵守、增进而不是重复或破坏现有的法律文书、安排、程序、机制或实体。我们申明，必须实施《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法，加强对海洋及其资源的保护和可持续利用。如“我们希望的未来”第 158 段所述，《海洋法公约》为保护和可持续利用海洋及其资源确立了法律框架。

12. 我们认识到，保护和可持续利用海洋及其资源需要符合《2030 年议程》、《第三次发展筹资问题国际会议亚的斯亚贝巴行动议程》和包括《小岛屿发展中国家

快速行动方式》(萨摩亚途径)在内的其他有关成果的必要执行手段。我们强调，充分及时地执行《亚的斯亚贝巴行动议程》十分重要，在这方面，强调需要加强科学知识和研究，加强各级能力建设，调动各方财政资源，协助根据相互商定的条件转让技术，同时考虑到政府间海洋学委员会的《海洋技术转让标准和准则》，支持发展中国家落实目标 14。

13. 我们呼吁所有利益攸关方保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展，为此紧急采取以下等行动，包括借助现有机构和伙伴关系：

- (a) 综合协调地落实目标 14，推动各项政策和行动，其中考虑到目标 14 各具体目标之间的关键联系，目标 14 与其他目标的潜在协同作用，特别是与海洋有关的具体目标之间的潜在协同作用，以及支持落实目标 14 的其他进程；
- (b) 加强各级机构之间的合作、政策一致和协调，包括国际组织、区域和次区域组织和机构、安排和方案之间的合作、政策一致和协调；
- (c) 加强和促进有效和透明的多方利益攸关方伙伴关系，包括公私伙伴关系，为此加强政府与全球、区域和次区域机构和方案、科学界、私营部门、捐助界、非政府组织、社区团体、学术机构和其他相关行为者的接触；
- (d) 制定综合战略，提高对海洋的自然和文化意义及其状况和作用的认识，并提高对需要进一步了解海洋的认识，包括了解海洋对可持续发展的重要性以及人类活动如何影响海洋；
- (e) 支持制定计划，促进海洋相关教育，例如作为教育课程的一部分，促进了解海洋以及保护、恢复和可持续利用海洋的文化；
- (f) 为海洋科学研究提供更多的资源，如跨学科研究和持续的海洋和沿海观察，收集和共享包括传统知识在内的数据和知识，以丰富我们的海洋知识，更好地了解气候与海洋健康和生产力之间的关系，加强开发极端天气事件和现象的协调预警系统，促进基于最佳科学的决策，鼓励科学技术创新，加强海洋生物多样性对发展中国家的发展特别是小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家发展的贡献；
- (g) 加快行动，预防和显著减少各种海洋污染，特别是陆基活动污染，包括海洋废物、塑料和微塑料、营养污染、未经处理的废水、固体废物排放、有害物质、船舶污染和废弃、丢失或以其他方式丢弃的渔具，并酌情处理与人类有关的其他活动对海洋和海洋生物的不利影响，如船只碰撞、水下噪声和外来入侵物种；
- (h) 推动预防废物产生并尽量减少废物，发展可持续的消费和生产模式，采用三管齐下的方法即减少、再用和回收，包括为此鼓励基于市场的解决方案减少废物及其产生，改善无害环境的废物管理、处置和回收机制，开发替代品，如可再利用或可回收的产品，或在自然条件下可生物降解的产品；
- (i) 执行长期而有力的战略，减少塑料和微塑料的使用，特别是塑料袋和一次性塑料，包括为此与相关层面的利益攸关方合作，解决塑料袋的生产、销售和使用问题；

- (j) 根据现有的最佳科学成果，在利益攸关方参与下，采取预防性办法和生态系统方式，遵循国际法和国家立法，支持使用有效适当、因地制宜的管理工具，包括海洋保护区以及海洋空间规划和沿海区域综合管理等其他综合跨部门办法，增强海洋的抵御能力，更好地保护和可持续利用海洋生物多样性；
- (k) 制定执行有效的适应和减缓措施，帮助提高和支持海洋的复原能力，应对海洋和沿海酸化、海平面上升和海洋温度升高，并解决气候变化对海洋、沿海和蓝色碳生态系统造成的其他有害影响，如红树林、潮汐沼泽、海草和珊瑚礁，以及影响我们海洋的更广泛的相互关联的生态系统，确保履行相关义务和承诺；
- (l) 加强可持续渔业管理，包括在可行的最短时间内将鱼类种群恢复到至少达到其生物特性决定的最大可持续产量的水平，为此采取基于科学的管理措施，监测、控制和执法，支持消费来自可持续管理渔业的鱼，酌情采用预防性办法和生态系统方式，并酌情通过区域渔业管理组织、机构和安排等渠道，加强合作与协调；
- (m) 结束破坏性的捕鱼活动以及非法、未报告和无管制的捕鱼活动，消除其根源，并采取适当行动，使行为者和受益者承担责任，剥夺这些活动的收益，有效履行船旗国的义务和港口国的相关义务；
- (n) 加快就制定相互适用的捕捞文件计划和鱼产品可追溯性开展进一步的工作，并加强合作与协调；
- (o) 加强向发展中国家小型和手工捕鱼者提供的能力建设和技术援助，以便在可持续渔业管理框架内，使他们能够并更好地利用海洋资源和市场，改善渔民和渔业工人的社会经济状况；
- (p) 果断采取行动，禁止造成产能过剩和过度捕捞的某些渔业补贴形式，取消造成非法、未报告和无管制捕鱼的补贴，不采用新的补贴，包括为此加快努力，完成世界贸易组织关于这个问题的谈判，确认对发展中国家和最不发达国家的适当和有效的特殊待遇和差别待遇应该是这些谈判的组成部分；
- (q) 支持促进和加强可持续的海洋经济，其基础是渔业、旅游业、水产养殖、海运、可再生能源、海洋生物技术和海水淡化等可持续的活动，藉此实现可持续发展的经济、社会和环境层面，对小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家尤其如此；
- (r) 根据《2030 年议程》、《亚的斯亚贝巴行动议程》和其他相关成果文件，加大力度，调动各种必要手段，发展可持续的海洋活动，落实目标 14，特别是在发展中国家这样做；
- (s) 积极参与题为“根据《联合国海洋法公约》的规定就国家管辖范围以外区域海洋生物多样性的养护和可持续利用问题拟订一份具有法律约束力的国际文书”的大会第 69/292 号决议所设筹备委员会的讨论和意见交换，使大会可以在第七十二届会议结束之前，考虑筹备委员会提交大会的报告，决定政府间会议的召开事宜和开幕日期；

- (t) 欢迎就伙伴关系对话采取后续行动，承诺履行我们在会上各自作出的自愿承诺；
- (u) 协助《2030 年议程》的后续落实和审查进程，为可持续发展高级别政治论坛提供关于落实目标 14 的见解，包括，加强未来进展的机遇；
- (v) 考虑更多的方式方法支持及时有效地落实目标 14，同时考虑到高级别政治论坛第一个周期的讨论。

14. 我们强烈呼吁秘书长继续努力，在执行《2030 年议程》的工作中支持落实目标 14，特别是为此加强整个联合国系统在海洋问题上的机构间协调统一，同时考虑到联合国海洋网络所做的工作。

第 2 号决议^{*}

出席联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议代表的全权证书

联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议，

审议了全权证书委员会的报告及其中所载建议，¹

核可全权证书委员会的报告。

^{*} 2017 年 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议通过；讨论情况见第六章。

¹ A/CONF.230/13，第 14 段。

第二章

工作安排及其他组织事项

A. 会议日期和地点

1. 根据大会 2016 年 9 月 9 日第 70/303 号决议，联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议于 2017 年 6 月 5 日至 9 日在纽约联合国总部举行。在此期间，会议举行了八次全体会议、七次伙伴关系对话和一次庆祝世界海洋日特别活动。

B. 出席情况

2. 以下 178 个国家及欧洲联盟派代表出席了会议：阿富汗、阿尔巴尼亚、阿尔及利亚、安道尔、安哥拉、安提瓜和巴布达、阿根廷、亚美尼亚、澳大利亚、奥地利、阿塞拜疆、巴哈马、孟加拉国、巴巴多斯、比利时、伯利兹、贝宁、不丹、多民族玻利维亚国、波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那、巴西、文莱达鲁萨兰国、保加利亚、布基纳法索、佛得角、柬埔寨、喀麦隆、加拿大、智利、中国、哥伦比亚、科摩罗、刚果(布)、库克群岛、哥斯达黎加、科特迪瓦、克罗地亚、古巴、塞浦路斯、捷克、朝鲜民主主义人民共和国、刚果民主共和国、丹麦、吉布提、多米尼克、多米尼加共和国、厄瓜多尔、埃及、萨尔瓦多、厄立特里亚、爱沙尼亚、埃塞俄比亚、斐济、芬兰、法国、加蓬、格鲁吉亚、德国、加纳、希腊、格林纳达、危地马拉、几内亚、几内亚比绍、圭亚那、海地、教廷、洪都拉斯、匈牙利、冰岛、印度、印度尼西亚、伊朗伊斯兰共和国、爱尔兰、以色列、意大利、牙买加、日本、约旦、哈萨克斯坦、肯尼亚、基里巴斯、科威特、拉脱维亚、黎巴嫩、利比里亚、利比亚、列支敦士登、立陶宛、卢森堡、马达加斯加、马拉维、马来西亚、马尔代夫、马耳他、马绍尔群岛、毛里塔尼亚、毛里求斯、墨西哥、密克罗尼西亚联邦、摩纳哥、蒙古、黑山、摩洛哥、莫桑比克、缅甸、纳米比亚、瑙鲁、尼泊尔、荷兰、新西兰、尼加拉瓜、尼日利亚、挪威、阿曼、巴基斯坦、帕劳、巴拿马、巴布亚新几内亚、巴拉圭、秘鲁、菲律宾、波兰、葡萄牙、卡塔尔、大韩民国、摩尔多瓦共和国、罗马尼亚、俄罗斯联邦、圣基茨和尼维斯、圣卢西亚、圣文森特和格林纳丁斯、萨摩亚、圣马力诺、圣多美和普林西比、沙特阿拉伯、塞内加尔、塞尔维亚、塞舌尔、塞拉利昂、新加坡、斯洛伐克、斯洛文尼亚、所罗门群岛、索马里、南非、西班牙、斯里兰卡、巴勒斯坦国、苏丹、苏里南、斯威士兰、瑞典、瑞士、泰国、前南斯拉夫的马其顿共和国、东帝汶、多哥、汤加、特立尼达和多巴哥、突尼斯、土耳其、土库曼斯坦、图瓦卢、乌干达、乌克兰、阿拉伯联合酋长国、大不列颠及北爱尔兰联合王国、坦桑尼亚联合共和国、美利坚合众国、乌拉圭、乌兹别克斯坦、瓦努阿图、委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国、越南、也门、赞比亚和津巴布韦。

3. 下列政府间组织及其他实体派观察员出席了会议：非洲联盟；非洲、加勒比和太平洋国家；安第斯开发公司；加勒比国家联盟；波罗的海海洋环境保护委员会(赫尔辛基委员会)；本格拉洋流公约；加勒比共同体；保护东北大西洋海洋环

境委员会；英联邦秘书处；欧洲投资银行；印度洋委员会；环印度洋联盟；美洲全球变化研究所；国际商会；国际大西洋金枪鱼养护委员会；国际海洋考察理事会；国际刑事警察组织(国际刑警组织)；国际水道测量组织；国际民主和选举援助学会；国际移民组织(移民组织)；国际可再生能源机构；国际海底管理局；国际自然保护联盟；国际捕鲸委员会；各国议会联盟(议联)；阿拉伯国家联盟；大西洋沿岸非洲国家间渔业合作部长级会议；北太平洋渔业委员会；西北大西洋渔业组织；经济合作与发展组织(经合组织)；东加勒比国家组织；太平洋共同体；太平洋岛屿发展论坛；太平洋岛屿论坛；南太平洋论坛渔业局；地中海议会大会；人口与发展伙伴组织；南太平洋常设委员会；关于特别是作为水禽栖息地的国际重要湿地公约(拉姆萨尔公约)秘书处；太平洋区域环境方案秘书处；南亚合作环境署；南方中心；东南亚渔业发展中心；南部非洲发展共同体；和平大学；中西部太平洋渔业委员会。

4. 下列各区域委员会准成员派代表出席了会议：英属维尔京群岛；法属波利尼西亚；新喀里多尼亚。

5. 以下专门机构和有关组织派代表出席了会议：国际劳工组织(劳工组织)；联合国粮食及农业组织(粮农组织)；联合国教育、科学及文化组织(教科文组织)；世界银行集团；国际海事组织(海事组织)；国际电信联盟(国际电联)；世界卫生组织；世界气象组织(气象组织)；世界知识产权组织；联合国工业发展组织(工发组织)；世界旅游组织；国际原子能机构(原子能机构)；世界贸易组织(世贸组织)。

6. 以下联合国机关派代表出席了会议：生物多样性公约、非洲经济委员会、欧洲经济委员会、欧洲经济委员会、拉丁美洲和加勒比经济社会委员会(拉加经委会)、亚洲及太平洋经济社会委员会(亚太经社会)、联合国贸易和发展会议(贸发会议)、联合国开发计划署(开发署)、联合国环境规划署(环境署)、联合国人口基金、联合国国际减少灾害战略、联合国毒品和犯罪问题办公室、联合国项目事务署(项目署)、联合国大学、最不发达国家内陆发展中国家和小岛屿发展中国家高级代表办公室、联合国南南合作办公室和联合国气候变化框架公约。

7. 许多非政府组织出席了会议。

8. 与会者名单将作为 [A/CONF.230/INF/2](#) 号文件发布。

C. 会议开幕

9. 2017年6月5日，根据暂行议事规则第17条，联合国秘书长以临时主席的身份宣布会议开幕。

10. 6月5日举行的第1次全体会议期间，下列人士在正式开幕式上致辞：会议主席乔萨亚·沃伦盖·姆拜尼马拉马和伊莎贝拉·勒温；联合国秘书长安东尼奥·古特雷斯；大会主席彼得·汤姆森；经济及社会理事会主席弗雷德里克·姆西瓦·马卡姆尔·沙瓦；会议秘书长吴红波。

D. 选举两名会议主席和主席团其他成员

11. 在分别于 6 月 5 日和 7 日召开的第 1 和第 4 次全体会议上，会议选出了主席团各位成员。

两名会议主席

12. 以鼓掌方式选举斐济总理乔萨亚·沃伦盖·姆拜尼马拉马和瑞典副首相兼国际发展合作与气候大臣伊莎贝拉·勒温担任会议的两名主席。

副主席

13. 以鼓掌方式选出下列副主席：

非洲国家：阿尔及利亚、肯尼亚、摩洛哥

亚太国家：印度尼西亚、马尔代夫

东欧国家：克罗地亚、爱沙尼亚、波兰

拉丁美洲和加勒比国家：危地马拉、特立尼达和多巴哥、委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国

西欧和其他国家：爱尔兰、新西兰

总报告员

14. 以鼓掌方式选举阿瑟·安丹比(肯尼亚)担任会议总报告员。

E. 通过议事规则

15. 在 6 月 5 日第 1 次全体会议上，会议通过了议事规则(见 A/CONF.230/2)。

F. 通过会议议程

16. 在同次会议上，会议通过了议程(A/CONF.230/1)：

1. 会议开幕。

2. 选举两名主席。

3. 通过议事规则。

4. 通过会议议程。

5. 选举主席以外其他主席团成员。

6. 工作安排，包括设立附属机构及其他组织事项。

7. 与会代表的全权证书：

(a) 任命全权证书委员会成员；

(b) 全权证书委员会的报告。

8. 一般性辩论。

9. 伙伴关系对话。
10. 庆祝世界海洋日特别活动。
11. 会议成果。
12. 通过会议报告。
13. 会议闭幕。

G. 工作安排，包括设立附属机构及其他组织事项

17. 在同次全体会议上，会议还核准了 [A/CONF.230/3](#) 号文件所载的工作安排。
18. 在 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，会议经提醒获悉，先前一次会议审议过的议程项目 6 仍处开放状态。既然该项目下没有其他事项需要审议，会议决定结束对议程项目 6 的审议工作。

H. 与会代表的全权证书

19. 在 6 月 5 日第 1 次全体会议上，会议还依照议事规则第 4 条，以大会第七十一届会议全权证书委员会的组成为基础，任命下列国家为全权证书委员会成员：喀麦隆、中国、马拉维、荷兰、巴拉圭、大韩民国、俄罗斯联邦、圣卢西亚和美利坚合众国。

I. 文件

20. 会议文件清单载于本报告附件一。

第三章

一般性辩论

21. 在 6 月 5 日第 1 次全体会议上，会议在议程项目 8 “一般性辩论” 下听取了以下人士的讲话：多民族玻利维亚国宪制总统埃沃·莫拉莱斯·艾玛；加蓬总统阿里·邦戈·翁丁巴；密克罗尼西亚联邦总统兼政府首脑彼得·克里斯；瑙鲁总统巴伦·迪瓦维希·瓦卡；津巴布韦总统罗伯特·穆加贝；帕劳总统小汤米·艾桑·雷门格绍；图瓦卢总理兼公共事业部长埃尔内尔·索塞内·索波阿加；库克群岛总理亨利·普那；斯里兰卡总理拉尼尔·维克拉马辛哈。

22. 在同次会议上，会议听取了马尔代夫渔业和农业部长 Mohamed Shainee 代表小岛屿国家联盟所作的发言。

23. 在 6 月 6 日第 2 次全体会议上，会议听取了以下人士的讲话：摩纳哥阿尔贝二世亲王；塞舌尔副总统文森特·梅里顿；萨摩亚总理兼外交和贸易部长图伊拉埃帕·萨伊莱莱·马利埃莱额奥伊。

24. 在同次会议上，会议听取了以下人士的发言：比利时副首相兼外交和欧洲事务大臣(负责比利时首都地区发展及联邦文化机构)迪迪埃·雷恩代尔；印度尼西亚海洋事务协调部长 Luhut Binsar Panjaitan；哥斯达黎加农业和畜牧业部长 Luis Felipe Arauz Cavallin；冰岛渔业和农业部长 Thorgerdur Katrin Gunnarsdottir；巴巴多斯外交和外贸部长玛克辛·帕梅拉·奥迈塔·麦克林；基里巴斯渔业和海洋资源开发部长 Tetabo Nakara；塞浦路斯农业、农村发展和环境部长 Nicos Kouyialis；新西兰环境部长 Maggie Barry；莫桑比克海洋、内水和渔业部长 Agostinho Mondlane；瑞典副首相兼国际发展合作与气候大臣伊莎贝拉·勒温；牙买加外交和外贸部长卡米纳·约翰逊·史密斯；南非环境事务部长 Bomo Edna Molewa；佛得角经济和就业部长 Jos é Gon çalves；泰国自然资源和环境部长 Surasak Karnjanarat；摩洛哥农业和渔业部长 Aziz Akhannouch；伯利兹农业、渔业、林业、环境及可持续发展和气候变化部国务部长 Omar Figueroa；厄瓜多尔外交和人力流动部部长玛丽亚·费尔南达·埃斯皮诺萨·加尔塞斯(代表 77 国集团和中国)；卡塔尔市政当局和环境大臣 Mohammed bin Abdullah bin Metab Al-Rumaihi。

25. 在 6 月 6 日第 3 次全体会议上，会议听取了以下人士的发言：以色列环境保护部长 Ze'ev Elkin；所罗门群岛外交和外贸部长米尔纳·托扎卡；爱沙尼亚环境部长 Marko Pomerants；阿拉伯联合酋长国气候变化和环境部长 Thani Ahmed Al Zeyoudi；罗马尼亚水利和森林部长 Adriana Petcu；爱尔兰贸易、就业、商业、欧盟数字化单一市场和数据保护国务部长 Pat Breen；葡萄牙海洋部长 Ana Paula Vitorino；多米尼加共和国环境和自然资源部长 Francisco Dominguez Brito；坦桑尼亚联合共和国农业、畜牧业和渔业部长 Charles John Tizeba；塞内加尔渔业和海洋经济部长 Oumar Gu èye；马绍尔群岛外交部长约翰·斯尔克；汤加农业、林业、粮食和渔业大臣 Semisi Tauelangi Fakahau；丹麦机会平等和北欧合作事务大臣 Karen Ellemann；圣卢西亚教育、创新、性别关系和可持续发展部长 Gale Rigobert；哈萨克斯坦外交部副部长 Yerzhan Ashikbayev；法国代表；意大利环境、

土地和海洋部副国务秘书 Silvia Velo; 奥地利外交部秘书长 Michael Linhart; 挪威外交部国务秘书 Tone Skogen。

26. 在同次会议上, 英联邦秘书处秘书长帕特里夏·斯科特兰作了发言。

27. 在 6 月 7 日第 4 次全体会议上, 会议决定一般性辩论发言者名单于 6 月 7 日中午 12 时截止报名。

28. 在同次会议上, 会议听取了以下人士的发言: 教廷促进人类整体发展部部长 Peter Kodwo Appiah Turkson 枢机主教; 斐济渔业部长 Semi Koroilavesau; 肯尼亚环境和自然资源部内阁秘书 Judi Wakhungu; 马达加斯加水产资源和渔业部长 François Gilbert; 东帝汶国务部长、经济事务协调员兼农业和渔业部长 Estanislau Da Silva; 圭亚那自然资源部长 Raphael Trotman; 古巴科学、技术与环境大臣 José Fidel Santana Nuñez; 黑山外交部主管政治事务国务秘书 Zoran Janković; 阿根廷环境政策、气候变化和可持续发展国务秘书 Diego Ignacio Moreno; 西班牙农业及渔业、粮食和环境部渔业署署长 Alberto Lopez-Asenjo; 塞拉利昂外交与国际合作部国务部长 Mohamed Gibril Sesay; 沙特阿拉伯环境、水和农业部副部长 Osama Faqeeha; 越南外交部副部长 Dang Dinh Quy; 刚果兼外交、合作和海外侨民部长让-克洛德·加科索; 危地马拉自然资源部副部长 Carlos Fernando Coronado Castillo; 秘鲁渔业和水产养殖部副部长 Héctor Soldi; 大不列颠及北爱尔兰联合王国、格鲁吉亚、孟加拉国(代表最不发达国家)、赞比亚(代表内陆发展中国家)、荷兰和匈牙利的代表。

29. 在同次会议上, 大会还听取了下列非政府组织代表的发言: 海洋前沿研究所; 未来地球(代表科技界主要群体); 世界海洋理事会; 社会团结专业服务者自主合作社(代表妇女主要群体); 瑞典海洋环境研究所。

30. 在 6 月 7 日第 5 次全体会议上, 会议听取了以下人士发言: 美利坚合众国代表; 智利外交部长埃拉尔多·穆尼奥斯; 中国、克罗地亚、巴拿马、芬兰、日本、巴布亚新几内亚、墨西哥、洪都拉斯、黎巴嫩、柬埔寨、马耳他、阿曼、波兰和乌克兰的代表。

31. 在同次会议上, 会议听取了以下人士的发言: 议联、粮农组织、工发组织和海事组织的代表; 生物多样性公约执行秘书 Cristiana Pașca Palmer; 教科文组织、贸发会议、劳工组织和开发署的代表。

32. 在同次会议上, 会议还听取了下列非政府组织代表的发言: 公海联盟; 海洋保护组织; 海洋认识、研究和教育中心; 海洋生物之友。

33. 在 6 月 8 日第 6 次全体会议上, 会议听取了加纳总统纳纳·阿多·丹夸·阿库福-阿多的讲话。

34. 在同次会议上, 会议听取了下列人士的发言: 新加坡外交部长维文; 印度对外事务国务部长 M.J. Akbar; 澳大利亚国际发展及太平洋部长 Concetta Fierravanti-Wells; 瓦努阿图农业、畜牧业、林业、渔业和生物安保部长 Matai Seremaiah Nawalu; 德国联邦环境、自然保护、建设和核安全部长 Barbara Hendricks;

圣文森特和格林纳丁斯、乌拉圭、菲律宾、加拿大、安提瓜和巴布达、多哥、巴西、阿尔巴尼亚、特立尼达和多巴哥、突尼斯、俄罗斯联邦、巴勒斯坦国、缅甸、希腊、格林纳达和阿尔及利亚的代表。

35. 也在同次会议上，根据会议的决定，在不构成先例的情况下，会议听取了主管法律事务副秘书长米格尔·德塞尔帕·苏亚雷斯先生作为联合国系统内机构间海洋和沿岸问题协调机制联合国海洋网络的协调员所作的发言。

36. 在第 6 次全体会议上，会议听取了国际自然保护联盟代表、国际海底管理局秘书长迈克·洛奇、国际民主和选举援助学会代表和法属波利尼西亚代表的发言。

37. 在同次会议上，会议听取了以下非政府组织代表的发言：都柏林大学学院。

38. 在 6 月 9 日第 7 次全体会议上，会议听取了以下国家代表的发言：尼日利亚、蒙古、大韩民国、海地、毛里求斯、伊朗伊斯兰共和国、苏丹、埃及、捷克共和国、尼加拉瓜、土耳其、马来西亚、斯洛文尼亚、巴基斯坦、纳米比亚、尼泊尔和萨尔瓦多。

39. 在同次会议上，会议听取了以下人士的发言：经合组织代表、关于特别是作为水禽栖息地的国际重要湿地公约(拉姆萨尔公约)秘书处代表、国际捕鲸委员会代表；英属维尔京群岛自然资源和劳工部长 Kedrick Pickering；波罗的海海洋环境保护委员会(赫尔辛基委员会)秘书处代表和国际电联代表；联合国项目事务署执行主任格蕾塔·法雷莫；保护东北大西洋海洋环境委员会代表。

40. 在同次会议上，会议还听取了下列非政府组织代表的发言：水联——私人水业经营者国际联合会；海洋面临风险组织；地球法理中心；儿童和青年主要群体；中华能源基金委员会；世界动物保护协会；非洲发展交换网络；五环流研究所；第七代土著人民基金日本财团；世界自然基金会；自然保护协会；全球民主与发展基金会；国际发展信息组织；地中海保护区网；零愿景工具；Sano Sansar 倡议；自然资源保护协会；全球伙伴关系论坛；可持续海岸线组织；慈善信托；国际野生生物保护学会；海洋清理组织；Legambiente 组织；国际世界语协会；RARE 组织；妇女网络；Oceana 组织；蒙特雷湾水族馆；社区与生物多样性组织；A Rocha 国际；Ambivium 安全与合作问题研究所。

41. 在 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，会议听取了哥伦比亚环境和可持续发展部环境部长 Luis Gilberto Murillo 的发言。

42. 在同次会议上，会议还听取了阿拉伯国家联盟和环境署代表的发言。

43. 也是在同一次会议上，会议听取了欧洲联盟环境、海洋事务和渔业专员 Karmenu Vella 的发言。

一般性辩论摘要

44. 按照 2016 年 9 月 9 日大会第 [70/303](#) 号决议附件二第 22 段的规定提供摘要如下。

海洋的重要性及落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展

45. 各代表团指出，海洋是人类的共同遗产、人类生命的源头，也是世界气候的主要调节器；因此，必须以可持续的方式管理和开发海洋，以确保子孙后代的生活和福祉。一些代表团强调，海洋提供了丰富的资源，如矿产资源和能源以及生态系统服务，从而促进了粮食安全、环境保护、就业生计以及娱乐。其他一些代表团也指出了海洋对小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家具有的特殊重要意义。其他一些发言赞同一种意见，即认为与人类活动有关的各种紧迫问题对海洋造成了威胁。已确定的主要问题包括：(a) 污染，包括来自陆地的污染，如营养物质和塑料；(b) 过度开发海洋资源；(c) 破坏海洋生态系统；(d) 气候变化的负面影响，例如海洋酸化、海平面上升和水域变暖。

46. 一些代表团强调，可持续发展目标 14 是确保对海洋进行可持续管理的全球承诺，必须确定具体、协调一致的行动予以落实，并确保提供必要的支助，以实现所有的具体目标。一些代表团认为，这需要提高对海洋状况的认识，理解海洋方面的问题和挑战，并找出具体的解决办法。一些代表团强调指出，落实目标 14 的工作不可能孤立完成，必须考虑到与其他可持续发展目标之间的相互联系。

47. 一些代表团特别指出海洋会议的重要性和及时性，表示，海洋会议提供了扭转海洋退化的最佳机会。海洋会议提供了一个机会，可以提高人们的认识，提出应当执行的解决办法，并争取各个层面的支持，通过加强现有伙伴关系和激励建立新的伙伴关系，有效落实可持续发展目标 14。许多代表团和利益攸关方对“行动呼吁”表示欢迎，认为是海洋会议简明扼要、平衡兼顾的成果。会议的成果必须与在可持续发展问题高级别政治论坛框架下对目标 14 的后续落实和评估结合起来。这将确保采取一种综合性办法，通过审视与其他可持续发展目标和相关具体目标的相互联系和影响，以全面、协调的方式评估目标 14。

48. 有几个代表团重申了联合国系统的关键作用，强调联合国各机构需要加强合作，以便在落实目标 14 方面取得进展并确保问责；另一些代表团表示，各级治理机构之间的伙伴关系及所有相关利益攸关方的参与，对于实现可持续发展目标的各项具体目标至关重要。

应对海洋污染

49. 一些代表团指出，海洋健康受到不同形式海洋污染的威胁，不仅有来自海洋的污染，也有来自陆基活动的污染。许多代表团重点指出海洋塑料废弃物和微塑料的严重影响。一些代表团还提到其他形式的污染，如“幽灵”渔具和油料泄漏。核污染和沉船也构成挑战，尤其影响到太平洋地区的岛屿国家。小岛屿发展中国家特别容易受到海洋污染的不利影响。

50. 许多代表团突出强调了为促进行为改变、避免进一步加剧海洋污染而实施的政策工具。一些代表团还举了些例子，如禁止塑料袋和一次性塑料瓶，禁止化妆品中的微塑料。许多国家介绍了为减少海洋污染而实施的创新举措，包括减少塑料袋的使用。国际行动和全球合作是减少海洋总体污染的关键。各代表团强调，

必须防止和减少由人类引起的、陆基活动造成的海洋污染，加强围绕海洋污染开展的行动，特别是与塑料和微塑料有关的行动。清洁海洋需要具体举措和伙伴关系。

51. 减少和控制海洋污染需要进行循证研究、技术转让和能力建设，尤其是那些受气候变化影响最严重、缺少财政和技术资源的国家。

以可持续的方式管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统

52. 一些代表团在评论对海洋和沿海生态系统进行可持续管理和保护的重要性时指出，养护和可持续管理沿海和海洋环境是确保可持续发展的关键。一些代表团举例说明了其为可持续地管理和保护海洋生态系统而正在采取的措施，例如创建海洋保护区。

53. 会上还提出了保护国家管辖范围以外海洋区域的问题。一些国家介绍了它们在可持续管理和保护海洋生态系统方面已取得的进展。其他代表团则强调采用立足生态系统的办法的重要性，并告诫说，保护海洋只有通过全球和区域合作才能实现。有人指出，在国际一级，《生物多样性公约》可提供必要的工具，用于建立海洋保护区。这项工作要可持续并取得成功，利益攸关方的参与将至关重要。一些会员国对全球气候变化背景下沿海地区的发展表示关切，呼吁采取行动。

尽可能减少和应对海洋酸化

54. 一些代表团强调指出，科学表明，气候变化影响到海洋。二氧化碳排放造成的海洋酸化，被认为是影响海洋的一个主要威胁。珊瑚褪色和海平面上升也是令人关切的问题。这些挑战特别影响到那些处于第一线的国家，如小岛屿发展中国家和沿海社区。还有代表团强调，内陆发展中国家也受到气候变化的影响。针对世界第四大内陆湖泊咸海的干涸和荒漠化开展了许多环境项目，旨在恢复水和正在消失的物种。针对世界上规模最大的封闭水库里海，也开展了一些项目。应减少温室气体和二氧化碳排放，提高复原力。一些代表团指出，遵守《巴黎协定》对于拯救海洋、应对气候变化和实现可持续发展目标各项具体目标至关重要。

可持续渔业

55. 许多代表团强调指出，鱼类是食物和营养的重要来源，渔业部门是粮食安全、经济增长、消除贫穷和可持续发展的一个重要层面。因此，长期需要解决渔业面临的挑战，如非法、未报告、无管制的捕捞和过度捕捞。适应气候变化，通过建立地方网络开展地方治理，立法确保海洋资源的健康，采取共同管理举措、配额制度和建立合作社，这些都是会上所介绍的实现可持续渔业的一些手段和途径。

56. 会上指出，考虑到世界上 1.2 亿从事渔业工作的人中 47% 是妇女，因此，妇女参与可持续渔业管理至关重要。小岛屿发展中国家和沿海社区在很大程度上依赖渔业部门，渔业部门的可持续能力对他们未来的生计有着巨大的影响。许多代表团介绍了他们通过在专属经济区内对资源进行可持续管理从而促进个体渔业以及在促进基于社区的渔业管理方面的活动。

57. 一些代表团表示，他们发现非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动导致鱼类种群减少，认识到这种活动所构成的威胁。一些国家重点介绍了它们为解决非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动而实施的活动和政策，如制订国家行动计划和立法措施，以加强对非法、未报告和无管制捕捞活动的处罚。许多代表团呼吁加强打击非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动方面的国际合作，这些活动极大地威胁到世界各地鱼类种群的可持续能力。需要开展区域和全球协作，以弥补对船只进行充分监视和跟踪以及阻止非法、未报告和无管制捕捞进入市场的管制方面的能力差距。《关于港口国预防、制止和消除非法、不报告、不管制捕鱼的措施协定》是打击非法、未报告和无管制捕捞方面的一个里程碑，应得到广泛批准，以实现其目标。

58. 一些代表团强调指出，迫切需要逐步取消有害的渔业补贴，这些补贴造成过度捕捞和对海洋资源的过度开发。一些代表团敦促世贸组织成员在 2017 年 12 月第十一届部长级会议期间结束渔业补贴谈判。

增加小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家的经济收益，向小规模个体渔民提供获取海洋资源和市场准入的机会

59. 一些代表团强调，海洋是以海洋为基础的蓝色经济不可或缺的一部分。会上指出，蓝色经济要取得成功，可以采取循环经济的做法，此外还有生物技术和利用海洋提供的资源开发新产品，改善人类健康。蓝色经济不仅创造就业，促进经济增长，还可证明海洋健康与人类健康之间的联系。一些代表团指出，他们正在按照蓝色经济方针重新审查自己的政策和活动，以恢复复原力，促进海洋的生态完整。

60. 另一些代表团则指出，蓝色经济是国家可持续发展的关键组成部分，一些代表团表示已将蓝色经济方针纳入其国家发展计划。加强小规模个体渔业至关重要。小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家面临的特殊挑战应在国际框架内予以确认。小岛屿发展中国家的粮食安全、经济增长、消除贫穷和保持独特特性均依靠海洋。它们是大型海区的看护者。

61. 各代表团还强调，有必要平衡兼顾经济增长和环境可持续性，并加强海洋生态系统和沿海生态系统。蓝色经济作为可持续、包容性经济增长的推动因素的重要性得到了强调。需要扩大在蓝色经济方面与各合作伙伴特别是小岛屿发展中国家的合作，这一点至关重要。

62. 可持续、负责任的旅游业对于可持续经济发展的重要性也得到了强调。一些代表团指出，小岛屿发展中国家由于自身对海洋的依赖性，自愿将养护工作置于所有其他工作之上，因而，它们想要更多、更公平地分享来自海洋资源和海洋保护的惠益。

63. 其他代表团则强调，需要考虑内陆发展中国家面临的特殊挑战。非直接临海国面临着一些具体挑战和制约因素，如运输成本高导致丧失竞争力。海洋会议的成果应与当前对于内陆发展中国家的国际承诺一致，帮助确定新的挑战，就内陆发展中国家的作用形成新的共识。

增加科学知识、培养研究能力和转让海洋技术

64. 许多代表团强调，需要确保必要的执行手段，例如可预测的适足财政资源，转让无害环境的海洋技术，能力建设，以及与缺乏手段、难以充分应对海洋所面临挑战的国家分享知识。与会者还强调指出，小岛屿发展中国家缺乏管理和保护其国家管辖范围内海洋和沿海生态系统的科学知识和研究能力，呼吁建立真正、持久的伙伴关系。

65. 一些代表团指出，落实可持续发展目标 14 需要足够的资金。现有的各项承诺，包括载于《2030 年可持续发展议程》、《第三次发展筹资问题国际会议亚的斯亚贝巴行动议程》和《联合国气候变化框架公约》下《巴黎协定》中的各项承诺，得到了强调。“行动呼吁”必须是一种集体努力，以确保调集财政和技术资源，确保分享技术和能力建设。必须调集资源用于与海洋有关的活动，包括确定与现有筹资机制及专门关注海洋问题的新筹资机制之间的联系。与会者指出，应让最需要的国家、特别是小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家能得以使用融资机制。

66. 许多代表团强调需要建设发展中国家的能力，使它们能可持续地开发和管理其海洋生态系统和沿海生态系统。还需要提供获得技术的机会，以增强发展中国家的能力。各国应当注意科学证据和知识。

67. 许多代表团指出，科学和数据是加强对海洋的了解的关键。增加科学知识、培养研究能力及转让海洋技术对于实现可持续发展目标 14 至关重要。一些代表团强调了传统知识的重要性。一些与会者指出，准确的科学研究十分重要。还应加强妇女在海洋研究方面的作用，特别是在小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家。

68. 许多代表团呼吁在管理和养护海洋资源方面采取基于科学的办法。一些代表团支持教科文组织政府间海洋学委员会关于宣布 2021-2030 年为联合国海洋科学促进可持续发展国际十年的提议。海洋研究及其对人类健康包括对生物医药、化妆品、生物技术和化学工业的潜在促进作用，具有核心重要地位。另一些代表团强调，需要进行科学研究，找到塑料的可生物降解的替代办法。与会者还指出，有必要宣传海洋研究的重要性。基于创新策略的国家海洋监测方案以及教育工具是有益的。海洋数据和研究应开放供使用。

69. 许多代表团指出，需要有政治意愿和各层面的伙伴关系，以确保可持续的海洋和落实可持续发展目标 14。伙伴关系对于解决海洋面临的挑战至关重要，同时也考虑到现有的经验。创新公私伙伴关系可有助于形成可持续的海洋经济。

70. 解决办法必须按照不让任何一个人掉队的原则符合最弱势群体的需要。各代表团交流了经验，涉及加强海洋研究，以及通过在气候适应技术、水和电网管理、海水淡化和太阳能等相关优先领域提供技术援助等办法协助发展中国家。与会者提到了在太平洋区域和加勒比区域建立区域能源和能效中心的例子。

执行《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法以加强海洋和海洋资源的保护和可持续利用

71. 许多代表团重申，《联合国海洋法公约》为所有海洋活动提供了法律框架。一些代表团认为，全球社会需要从新的视角看待海洋治理问题，而另一些代表团则指出，现有的具有法律约束力的国际协定至关重要，可据此建立一个框架，用于落实可持续发展目标 14 的各项具体目标，特别是与小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家有关的具体目标。一些代表团强调，该公约不可或缺，因为它规定各国负有保护和保全海洋环境的义务，并引导遵守海洋法，使大国小国都能受益。另一些代表团表示，应充分执行《公约》。《公约》之所以重要，还因为它赋予了内陆发展中国家通往和使用海洋的权利。一些代表团提到了大会关于根据《联合国海洋法公约》的规定就国家管辖范围以外区域海洋生物多样性的养护和可持续利用问题拟订一份具有法律约束力的国际文书的决定。

72. 加强国家和区域法律也很重要。行动计划和区域研讨会等多边工具可作为参考模式，促进各国之间的协同与合作。应重视加强国家在海洋治理、联合管制和监视活动及规划方面的能力，作为实现可持续发展目标 14 而开展的区域治理工作的一部分。可持续管理海洋和沿海生态系统的国家计划可发挥重要作用。

后续行动

73. 许多代表团在总结发言中指出，海洋会议提供了一个及时、独特的机会，可以激发政治势头、建立伙伴关系，以支持落实可持续发展目标 14。目标 14 的落实需要采取一种全面的、立足于生态系统的办法，并认识到与其他可持续发展目标之间的相互联系，平衡兼顾经济、社会和环境三个层面。一些代表团指出，有必要考虑到国与国之间广泛的经济和发展差异。与会者提出了共同但有区别的责任原则。许多与会者强调，应让包括各国政府、私营部门、民间团体、智库和学术界在内的所有利益攸关方参与。年轻世代可以在保护海洋方面发挥重要作用，在国家一级开展各种举措，如帮助清理海岸区。

74. 许多代表团强调指出，有效开展海洋会议的后续工作对于确保所有国家包括科学、企业和民间社会共同努力、履行落实可持续发展目标 14 的义务至关重要。为帮助指导下一次海洋会议前的集体努力，许多代表团呼吁联合国秘书长任命一名负责海洋事务的特使或秘书长代表，以引导各方努力支持落实目标 14，并确保作出协调一致的努力，保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展。肯尼亚重申愿意主办下一次会议，并宣布，海洋会议产生了落实目标 14 的巨大势头，不应任其放缓。葡萄牙宣布，愿意在相同基础上按照大会第 70/303 号决议为本次会议规定的相同目标，于 2020 年主办一次后续联合国海洋会议。葡萄牙的这一提议是根据可持续发展问题高级别政治论坛管理和监督下的《2030 年议程》后续落实和评估进程作出的，是为了促进这一进程。几乎所有代表团都强调，必须共同努力，立即采取补救海洋行动。

75. 在会议结束时，两位会议共同主席对肯尼亚政府和葡萄牙政府愿意在 2020 年主办一次后续联合国海洋会议的慷慨提议表示欢迎。

第四章

伙伴关系对话

76. 在 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，以下人士介绍了各伙伴关系对话的概要：印度尼西亚代表(代表关于“应对海洋污染”的伙伴关系对话 1 共同主席、印度尼西亚海洋事务协调部长 Luhut Binsar Pandjaitan)；关于“管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统”的伙伴关系对话 2 共同主席、帕劳总统小汤米·艾桑·雷门格绍；关于“尽可能减少和应对海洋酸化”的伙伴关系对话 3 共同主席、莫桑比克海洋、内水和渔业部长 Agostinho Mondlane；爱沙尼亚代表(代表关于“增加小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家的经济收益，向小规模个体渔民提供获取海洋资源和市场准入的机会”的伙伴关系对话 5 共同主席、爱沙尼亚环境部长 Marko Pomerants)；关于“实现可持续渔业”的伙伴关系对话 4 共同主席、塞内加尔渔业和海洋经济部长 Oumar Guèye；关于“增加科学知识，培养研究能力和转让海洋技术”的伙伴关系对话 6 共同主席、冰岛渔业和农业部长 Thorgerdur Katrin Gunnarsdottir；关于“执行《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法以加强海洋和海洋资源的保护和可持续利用”的伙伴关系对话 7 共同主席、澳大利亚国际发展及太平洋部长 Concetta Fierravanti-Wells。

A. 应对海洋污染(伙伴关系对话 1)

77. 6 月 5 日下午，伙伴关系对话 1 共同主席、印度尼西亚海洋事务协调部长 Luhut Binsar Pandjaitan 宣布伙伴关系对话 1 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、挪威气候和环境部长 Vidar Helgesen 也作了开幕发言。

78. 助理秘书长兼环境署纽约办事处主任 Elliott Harris 主持了伙伴关系对话并发了言，下列专题讨论嘉宾作了演讲：美国商务部国家海洋和大气管理署海洋废弃物方案主任 Nancy Wallace；太平洋区域环境方案秘书处总干事 Kosi Latu；海洋环境保护的科学方面联合专家组主席 Peter Kershaw；加拿大维多利亚大学环境研究学院太平洋气候解决方案研究所代表 Sybil Seitzinger。

79. 在随后的互动讨论中，专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家和组织的代表提出的评论意见和问题：比利时、密克罗尼西亚联邦、塞浦路斯、罗马尼亚、马尔代夫、牙买加、爱尔兰、马绍尔群岛、爱沙尼亚、意大利、巴拿马、荷兰、欧洲联盟、秘鲁、土耳其、中国、印度尼西亚、阿尔及利亚、以色列和洪都拉斯。

80. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论：波罗的海海洋环境保护委员会；项目署；环境署。

81. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：斯德哥尔摩水资源研究所基金会；海洋清理组织；世界动物保护协会。

82. 共同主席、印度尼西亚海洋事务协调部长 Luhut Binsar Pandjaitan 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、挪威气候和环境部长 Vidar Helgesen 也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 1 闭幕。

摘要

83. Pandjaitan 先生宣布对话开幕，表示解决海洋污染特别是海洋垃圾问题需要在不同层面采取措施，并援引了其本国印度尼西亚的经验。他解释说，印度尼西亚最近启动了一项国家海洋政策及塑料污染计划，采取五支柱办法应对海洋塑料废弃物问题。该办法包括改变行为，减少陆地渗漏，减少海洋污染源，减少塑料的生产和使用，加强供资机制，以及改进政策改革与执法。在这方面，他强调，有必要通过提高认识和改变行为等办法，在社会层面实现范式转变，从长远角度解决塑料污染问题。他将海洋塑料废弃物称为“慢动作灾难”，需要在所有各级采取行动。他列举了一些应对海洋污染的国际合作和伙伴关系的例子。

84. Helgesen 先生在开幕发言中指出，海洋污染特别是海洋垃圾和微塑料问题是一个使所有国家团结在一起的挑战，因为从太平洋上的岛屿到遥远的北极，到处可以看到这一问题的影响。挪威最近启动了一项应对海洋垃圾和微塑料问题的新发展方案，加强废物预防和废物管理方面的能力是这一方案的关键组成部分。在国家一级，正在开展活动减少源自国内的微塑料，另外，还正在考虑对渔业和水产养殖活动采取生产者责任延伸措施。

85. 对话主持人、助理秘书长兼环境署纽约办事处主任 Elliott Harris 指出，人类活动造成的污染严重影响了湖泊、河流和海洋，大部分污染是陆上产生的。从汽车用油到未经处理的废水，许多来源产生的污染最终都进入海洋。

86. 第一位嘉宾，美国商务部国家海洋和大气管理署海洋废弃物方案主任 Nancy Wallace 解释说，海洋废弃物从被遗弃的船只到微塑料，大小不等。这是由许多社会、经济因素造成的，而且由于这种复杂性，需要各种各样范围广泛的解决方案。她强调，关键是首先要防止废弃物进入海洋。需要在地方一级改变行为，包括开展那些教育和激励今后世代改变行为、教导他人的项目。有效的政策可以发挥关键作用。在这方面，她重点指出了一些措施的影响，如对一次性使用的塑料袋征税。她指出，废物管理提供了各种解决办法以弥补欠缺，这类基础设施是最后一道屏障。然而，需要认识到，每个国家都面临独特的挑战，不能一刀切。最后，她敦促更多国家加入海洋垃圾全球伙伴关系，并采取以预防为基础的解决方案。

87. 太平洋区域环境方案秘书处总干事 Kosi Latu 提供了关于海洋污染的区域视角。他表示，太平洋地区有 98% 是海洋，太平洋岛屿各经济区共同容纳了世界上最重要的金枪鱼渔业，每年产生 40 亿美元的收入。他报告说，今年 3 月，太平洋地区领导人通过了《清洁太平洋 2025：2016-2025 年太平洋区域废物和污染管理战略》，目的是解决各种形式的污染，包括海洋塑料问题。该战略还力求解决遗留的海洋污染问题，如放射性污染和二战遗骸的石油泄漏。他重点指出，一项研究成果显示，太平洋区域鱼类摄入塑料的百分比远高于其他区域的鱼类，特别是在一条废弃物聚集的洋流附近。该嘉宾强调，虽然该区域许多国家已制订了政策和立法，但落实和执行仍是一项挑战。

88. 海洋环境保护的科学方面联合专家组主席 Peter Kershaw 对微塑料作了界定——直径小于 5 毫米的碎片，并区分了一次微塑料(产生时就是这样大小)和二次微塑料(随着时间推移从大块塑料中裂解出来的碎片)。化妆品和个人护理产品如磨砂型洗面奶和牙膏中添加的一次微塑料更易消除。微塑料的潜在化学影响是一个令人关切的主要问题，特别是添加的改变性化学品，如阻燃剂、稳定剂、增塑剂等等。他解释说，这一关切有两个方面：一是在海产品安全方面，因为在商业鱼类和贝类物种中发现了微塑料；第二个关切则涉及生态系统健康。他强调，其他几个可持续发展目标和具体目标，例如关于可持续消费和生产的目标，也与解决海洋污染问题相关。他强调指出，应确定干预点和建立伙伴关系的机会，以解决微塑料的不同来源。

89. 最后一位嘉宾加拿大维多利亚大学环境研究学院太平洋气候解决方案研究所 Sybil Seitzinger 将话题转向营养盐污染问题。她解释说，营养物质，尤其是氮和磷，是粮食生产中至关重要的化肥，但在一些地区过度使用，在另一些地区则使用不足。过度使用营养物质导致有相当大的一部分通过河流进入沿海系统，造成统称为富营养化的广泛的负面影响，包括所谓的“死亡区”。她指出，在全球范围内，化肥和粪肥是把无机氮输出到沿海系统的两个最大源头，不过大气沉降和污水也是重要的来源。她提到，随着气候变化得到处理，清洁能源得到部署，大气沉降到土地和开阔海洋的氮会减少。她指出，减少营养物质的输入对空气质量、陆地水域和气候变化等其他可持续发展目标和具体目标也有许多积极影响。最后，她强调，有必要建立伙伴关系，以便采取统筹一体的办法。

90. 这次对话显示与会者有共同的紧迫感，要采取行动到 2025 年解决各种形式的海洋污染。与会者的发言讨论了不同形式海洋污染造成的问题，尤其重点讨论了海洋废弃物，包括微塑料和营养盐污染。还提到了新污染和其他形式的污染所造成的风险，这些污染包括丢失和遗弃的渔具、水下噪音、来自船舶的污染，如石油污染、近海勘探、药物残留、海水淡化厂污染、船骸遗留污染和放射性沾染等。与会者指出，在海洋垃圾和微塑料之外，这些形式的污染也对海洋健康形成了多重压力。许多与会者承认，海洋污染问题具有复杂的跨界性质，涉及广泛的社会和经济驱动因素，其根源在于消费和生产模式。与会者还指出，在许多情况下，污染源可能离能感受到影响的地方很远，包括在陆地上。另外，污染问题在封闭或半封闭海域更加严重。

91. 不过，已出现了行动和变革势头。干预措施包括正在实施的良好做法范例，以及所宣布的自愿承诺。各国以及其他利益攸关方分享了一系列广泛的具体事例，说明正在采取什么行动来防治海洋污染，特别是海洋垃圾和微塑料，许多国家介绍了本国努力制订的解决办法和行动计划。发言者还介绍了创新技术和解决方案的实例。发言者强调，需要在所有各级开展国际合作，并采取统筹、跨部门、多利益攸关方参与的办法。各国以及其他利益攸关方介绍了正在采取的各种应对海洋污染的行动实例，如利用技术创新升级改造废水处理设施，制定联合应急计划应对海洋污染，以及收集清理海洋垃圾。与会者提到了在波罗的海、黑海和地中海等地区开展的区域行动计划和活动。例如，与会者提到，一些区域海洋方案制

定了行动计划，其中包括监测和管理航运及捕鱼活动造成的海洋废弃物和其他形式的污染。许多与会者还指出了政策反应对于应对海洋污染问题以及对海洋垃圾和微塑料问题的重要作用，并列举了诸如生态税或蓝色税、对塑料征收费用或禁止在化妆品和个人护理产品中使用一次性塑料和塑料微珠等例子。

92. 许多发言者强调预防的重要性，无论是通过废物管理方面的能力建设和技术转让，还是通过教育和交流促进行为转变，都很重要。与会者还提到了循环经济以及减量、再用、循环的潜力。需要注意适当的废物管理，与会者还广泛认为，通过一系列组合措施从源头进行预防是减少海洋垃圾的最有效途径。有几个国家介绍了正在采取的升级改造废水处理厂的行动实例。据指出，健全的废物管理是《小岛屿发展中国家快速行动方式》(《萨摩亚途径》)的优先事项之一，但同时，可持续废物管理基础设施也是岛屿国家面临的一项挑战。与会者强调，各国政府、私营部门和民间社会之间的伙伴关系对于制定海洋污染有效对策至关重要。会上提到，为落实《保护海洋环境免受陆上活动污染全球行动纲领》，已分别建立了关于营养素管理、海洋垃圾和废水的三个多方利益攸关方伙伴关系。与会者还提请注意最近通过的 G20 海洋垃圾行动计划。

93. 有几位发言者强调，有必要解决船舶排放问题。其中一个例子是波罗的海地区汇集了包括船主和港口在内的主要行业团体以及环境非政府组织的区域公私伙伴关系。与会者提到了减少压载水入侵物种传播的努力和改善船只能源效率的措施。与会者提到一系列自愿承诺，涵盖了范围广泛的许多问题，如解决海洋垃圾和微塑料乃至近岸水体和区域海洋污染问题，以及减少水下噪音等。与会者还对重新把重点放在采取行动应对海洋塑料污染和被遗弃渔具上表示欢迎。

94. 一些与会者指出，需要执行并有效落实现有的应对海洋污染问题的立法、政策、协定和公约，如《联合国海洋法公约》、《国际防止船舶造成污染公约》以及各项区域海洋公约和行动计划。与会者还提到对处理海洋垃圾问题的各项国际和区域治理战略和办法进行评估，以便提交将于 2017 年 12 月 4 日至 6 日在内罗毕举行的第三届联合国环境大会，还提到需要更有力的国际承诺来应对海洋垃圾问题。各项发言还认识到，有必要进一步统一监测海洋垃圾和微塑料的方法和标准，以便监测实现具体目标 14.1 的进展情况。

95. 对话强调，各项可持续发展目标是不可分割并相互关联的。具体目标 14.1 与其他许多可持续发展目标和具体目标相互关联，实现目标 14 对于其他目标和具体目标也有多重惠益。与会者呼吁进一步加强海洋污染领域的科学研究、数据收集和信息共享，以便更有效地指导决策。与会者还强调，有必要通过南南合作和海洋技术转让等手段开展能力建设、技术支助和资源调动。

B. 管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统(伙伴关系对话 2)

96. 6 月 6 日上午，共同主席、帕劳总统小汤米·艾桑·雷门格绍宣布伙伴关系对话 2 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、意大利环境、土地和海洋部副国务秘书 Silvia Velo 也作了开幕发言。

97. 伙伴关系对话由拉姆萨公约秘书处秘书长 Martha Rojas-Urrego 主持, 下列专题讨论嘉宾作了演讲: 中国国家海洋局副局长林山青; 生物多样性公约秘书处执行秘书 Cristiana Pașca Palmer; 国际自然保护联盟政策和方案小组全球主任 Cyrie Sendashonga; 加拿大渔业和海洋部荣誉首席科学家 Jake Rice。

98. 在随后的互动讨论中, 主持人和专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家代表提出的评论意见和问题: 库克群岛、萨摩亚、阿拉伯联合酋长国、瑞典、教廷、汤加、摩纳哥、东帝汶、格林纳达、哥伦比亚、法国、塞舌尔、菲律宾、加拿大、多哥、斯里兰卡、尼泊尔、埃及、巴西和德国。

99. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论: 太平洋区域环境方案秘书处; 教科文组织; 法属波利尼西亚; 太平洋共同体; 开发署; 工发组织。

100. 下列非政府组织参加了讨论: 全国民主人工工会; 德拉姆研究所; 大洋保护区联盟; 地中海保护区网; 世界自然基金会; 东亚海域环境管理伙伴关系。

101. 共同主席、意大利环境、土地和海洋部副国务秘书 Silvia Velo 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、帕劳总统小汤米·艾桑·雷门格绍也作了闭幕发言, 并宣布伙伴关系对话 2 闭幕。

摘要

102. 帕劳总统强调, 人类活动破坏了海洋的可持续发展, 现在有义务制定真正负责任、可持续的办法来管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统。总统强调, 必须共同努力, 实现爱知目标 11, 即到 2020 年建立一个得到有效公平管理、具有生态代表性、联通良好的海洋保护区系统, 覆盖至少 10% 的沿海和海洋区域, 尤其是那些对生物多样性和生态系统服务特别重要的区域。帕劳已将国家管辖范围内 80% 的区域(190 平方英里的海面)划为海洋保护区(禁渔区), 其余 20% 用于国内捕鱼。他强调, 按照现行主流科学, 有必要更进一步, 到 2030 年前保护至少 30% 的海区, 包括在公海指定海洋保护区。他指出, 有必要推动多国、多利益攸关方伙伴关系, 以应对这一重要的复杂任务。需要通过能力建设举措、提供足够资源以及确定新的、独特的筹资机制等途径, 为当地社区提供支持。他的结论是, 需要拯救海洋, 不仅是为了这一目的, 也是为了子孙后代。

103. 意大利环境、土地和海洋部副国务秘书详细阐述了意大利建立并有效管理海洋保护区的努力。意大利目前有 29 个这样的区域, 再加上根据欧洲联盟“自然 2000”网络划定的海上地点、派拉戈斯保护区领海以及两个目前正在建立的新海洋保护区, 总共将涵盖本国管辖范围内 20% 的海洋区域。副国务秘书指出, 尽管全球一级海洋保护区覆盖率在过去十年有所增加, 但地理分布很不平衡。她指出, 需要提高非洲、拉丁美洲、加勒比和东南亚以及小岛屿发展中国家建立海洋保护区的比率。她还指出, 意大利致力于与伙伴合作, 支持能力建设、海洋保护区和更可持续的海洋经济。

104. 主持人、拉姆萨公约秘书长 Martha Rojas-Urrego 提到, 有效管理、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统, 是实现可持续发展目标 14 下的各项具体目标以及

《2030 年可持续发展议程》所规定的其他可持续发展目标的一个先决条件，而且有助于实现《巴黎协定》的宗旨。她指出，海洋生态系统对于可持续发展、减缓气候变化(如作为碳汇)和可持续海洋经济至关重要。然而，海洋正以前所未有的速度遭到摧毁或破坏。例如，90% 的珊瑚礁已经受损，60% 正遭受着迫在眉睫的威胁。她强调，如果这种损害按照同样的方式继续下去，到 2050 年，这些重要生态系统的功能性价值将全部丧失。她指出，不同的行为者已经开展了许多措施，包括建立海洋保护区，以及采用综合生态系统方法，但还需作出更多努力，实现《生物多样性公约》规定的爱知目标 11。她强调指出，《2030 年议程》和伙伴关系对话提供了一个极好的机会，可借以加强和协调切实可行的解决办法和行动，包括通过自愿承诺实现。

105. 专题讨论小组讨论了对海洋及沿海生态系统成功进行管理、保护、养护和恢复的促进因素。中国国家海洋局副局长林山青介绍了本国海洋生态保护活动的经验教训，包括对 100 多个海洋保护区的管理，以及将对海洋和陆地污染的预防和控制相结合的方法。他强调了海洋生态保护法规、不断改善海洋资源管理、填海造地和恢复项目以及加强实时和远距离监测能力的重要性。中国正在利用海洋空间规划，并除其他外，建立了一个支付系统，国家可以通过该系统收取反映资源价值的使用费，对海洋资源的使用进行规范，收取的费用反过来又投资于生态保护和养护。另外，关于资源问题，副局长强调应有多个供资来源。

106. 生物多样性公约秘书处执行秘书 Cristiana Pașca Palmer 强调，海洋是地球生命之基。她着重指出，海洋生态系统提供了生计、粮食和氧气，同时也促进经济增长和消除贫困。她强调，生物多样性丧失造成的后果往往非常严重，尤其是对穷人而言，他们极其依赖这类生态服务获得生计和营养。她指出，由于海洋生态系统和生物多样性面临人类活动相互作用的多重压力，有必要让所有利益攸关方采取合作和集体行动来解决往往非常复杂的动态影响，以便遏止生物多样性的丧失。至关重要的是，要采取统筹、全面的方式应对这些影响。执行秘书与大家分享了在落实《生物多样性公约》的过程中获得的丰富经验，包括建立具有重大生态或生物意义的海区的全球进程，以及制定环境影响评估指导方针。根据秘书处的估计，如果承诺得到落实，到 2020 年保护 10% 的沿海和海洋区域、特别是对生物多样性和生态系统服务具有特殊重要意义的区域这一目标是可以实现的。她强调，必须以科学为行动依据，并指出，生物多样性公约秘书处的可持续海洋倡议已登记为一项自愿承诺。

107. 接下来，专题讨论小组重点讨论了如何确保地方社区参与、替代生计发展以及公平分享划区管理措施效益的问题。国际自然保护联盟政策和方案小组全球主任 Cyrie Sendashonga 介绍了该联盟与地方社区合作的经验教训。她强调，地方社区的参与是取得成功的关键。其他的成功因素包括：建立可持续替代生计，以及分享知识和现代科学以补充传统知识，从而增强地方社区的能力；提供财政支持；促进涵盖地方社区的包容性治理，以促进伙伴之间对话、协作和学习的机会。帕劳总统小汤米·艾桑·雷门格绍再度强调了让当地渔民等地方利益攸关方参与制定对他们有影响的措施和政策决定这一点。

108. 专题讨论小组讨论了如何更好地衡量划区措施的影响和效力及其社会经济成本和效益。加拿大渔业和海洋部荣誉首席科学家 Jake Rice 指出，确定此类措施对海洋问题的效力存在技术挑战，因为不容易取样。他指出，尽管目前海洋取样不足，但在扩大对海洋的了解方面现已取得进展，而且存在巨大的科学遗产，包括通过各种评估(如第一次全球海洋综合评估)加深了解。然而，还需作出更多的努力，同时更有效地利用现有知识。他还指出，科学成果需要通过严格的同行审议，而且其写作方式应让决策者易于理解。关于衡量成本和效益方面的进展这一问题，Rice 先生指出，成本和效益的定义并不是统一的，不同社区和利益攸关方会作出不同解释。因此，需要就如何衡量成本和效益达成共识，以便进行有效监测。健康的海洋需要全人类的集体努力。关于海洋的目标如果不能实现，也将导致无法确保其他可持续发展目标的实现。

109. 在随后的互动对话中，会员国和其他利益攸关方的代表谈到了管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统的一系列广泛的措施，包括采用生态系统办法、海洋空间规划和海洋保护区。发言者尤其强调亟需建立并扩大海洋保护区。此外，国家、区域和全球各级对这些区域的有效管理和治理也被认为至关重要。

110. 与会者强调，必须让包括地方社区在内的所有利益攸关方参与，以便有效管理和保护海洋及沿海生态系统。需要采取统筹办法管理海洋生态系统；还需要以知识增强社区的权能，并将他们纳入决策进程和评估，同时提供不过度开发海洋生态系统的替代生计。一些发言者提到，能力建设十分重要，有必要通过支持科学研究、转让和分享知识、提高认识以及培训等途径进行能力建设。为确保保护海洋和沿海生态系统，发言者们强调，有必要提供资金，包括通过现有筹资机制以及确定新型的、创新的筹资机制提供资金。

111. 发言者强调，海洋的良好健康也取决于《巴黎协定》和《生物多样性公约》爱知目标的落实。寻求不同框架的协同作用将有助于落实可持续发展目标 14 和整个《2030 年议程》。国际合作和团结十分重要，发言者们承认，联合国在这方面发挥重要作用。大多数发言者提到从地方到全球层面多国、多利益攸关方伙伴关系的重要性。只有所有利益攸关方携手合作，海洋才能得到保护。与会者提到现有的伙伴关系，并表示有意建立新的伙伴关系。

112. 许多国家宣布，将扩大自己的海洋保护区，或建立新的保护区。会员国或其他利益攸关方提出的其他自愿承诺涉及：蓝色经济、改善区域和沿海监测、有效的废物管理、禁止塑料购物袋和其他塑料物品、探讨土著习俗及其对海洋保护的作用、能力建设活动，以及确保保护和恢复海洋及沿海生态系统的各种项目和倡议。

C. 尽可能减少和应对海洋酸化(伙伴关系对话 3)

113. 6月6日下午，共同主席、摩纳哥阿尔贝二世亲王殿下宣布伙伴关系对话 3 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、莫桑比克海洋、内水和渔业部长 Agostinho Mondlane 也作了开幕发言。

114. 气象组织秘书长彼得里·塔拉斯主持伙伴关系对话并发了言，下列专题讨论嘉宾作了讲演：联合王国普利茅斯海洋实验室高级科学家 Carol Turley；原子能机构环境实验室主任 David Osborn；特立尼达和多巴哥海洋事务研究所副主任 Rahanna Juman；教廷促进人类整体发展部部长 Peter Turkson 枢机主教。

115. 在随后的互动讨论中，专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家代表提出的评论意见和问题：图瓦卢、冰岛、帕劳、新西兰、瓦努阿图、芬兰、法国、美国、阿根廷、哥伦比亚和伊朗伊斯兰共和国

116. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论：欧洲投资银行；移民组织；国际自然保护联盟。

117. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：零愿景工具；和平船；工商界主要群体；摩纳哥科学中心；工商界主要群体；海洋基金会。

118. 共同主席、莫桑比克海洋、内水和渔业部长 Agostinho Mondlane 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、摩纳哥阿尔贝二世亲王也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 3 闭幕。

摘要

119. 阿尔贝二世亲王在开幕发言中指出，海洋酸化对海洋和沿海生态系统造成严重后果。尤其影响到珊瑚礁，其中 90% 面临威胁，到 2030 年可能灭绝。需要所有利益攸关方、所有学科共同行动，消除其影响，首先要做的就是加强各级科学合作，以更好地了解这一问题。适应工作需要与地方社区合作，根据他们的需要和他们所面临的社会经济影响，制定具体的解决办法，提高他们所生活的生态系统的复原力。海洋保护区是使脆弱区域恢复活力的最佳途径。预防是最重要、最复杂的挑战。酸化与大气中的温室气体直接相关，限制温室气体的排放以期实现无碳经济，应该是一个全球优先事项。需要重申落实《巴黎协定》的承诺。必须以全面、整体的方式应对气候变化。重点应放在创新、有效、可加以推广的解决办法上。

120. Mondlane 部长在其介绍性发言中强调，海洋酸化是目前对海洋生物多样性最大的威胁之一。他强调了可持续发展目标具体目标 14.3 与目标 13 之间的联系。他以莫桑比克为例说，莫桑比克 70% 以上的城市位于海岸线上；渔业对这些社区十分重要，它们几乎完全依赖海洋和沿海资源维持生计。海洋酸化加重，对海洋资源的影响严重关系到该国人民的生存。他指出，政府致力于为沿海社区提供替代生计，包括通过一项促进水产养殖的国家行动计划。然而，成功与否取决于健康的海洋。

121. 对话主持、气象组织秘书长彼得里·塔拉斯在介绍性发言中强调指出，海洋酸化是一个全球问题，威胁着海洋生物、生态系统、服务和资源，可能造成相当大的生态和社会经济后果。他指出，海洋酸化的原因是海洋吸收了四分之一由于人类活动而释放到大气层中的二氧化碳。因此，长期而言，减缓海洋酸化取决于减少向大气中排放二氧化碳。在这方面，他强调，通过批准和有效执行《巴黎

协定》等方法努力缓解气候变化会有所助益。他强调，需要统筹观察、研究和处理海洋酸化和气候变化。他还警告说，适应至关重要，因为即使《巴黎协定》完全得到执行，海洋酸化日益增加的趋势也只有到 2060 年代才会稳定下来。

122. Turley 女士指出，海洋酸化是一个有地方影响的全球性问题。其对食物网关键组成部分的影响是显而易见的，对珊瑚礁钙化的影响也是如此，损害珊瑚礁的生长。在一些地区还产生了经济影响，尽管并不确定，但需要耗资巨大的监测和适应措施。海洋处于直面多重并行压力因素的第一线，但这些因素的累积影响人们知之甚少。她强调了几个促进可持续发展的备选方案，涉及缓解、保护、恢复和适应。在这方面，国际合作、能力建设和筹资至关重要。

123. Osborn 先生强调，海洋酸化是一个复杂的现象，需要研究精准工具。他以原子能机构摩纳哥环境实验室的研究人员为例，这些研究人员用同位素研究海洋酸化对海洋生物的影响(即利用 $^{45}\text{-Ca}$ 和硼同位素评估过去的 pH 值来测量钙化情况)。他指出，原子能机构涉及非洲、亚太和拉美的区域间技术合作项目还帮助建立了海洋酸化观测能力，重点是进行监测，并以加入全球海洋酸化观测网络为目标。他概述了一些科学的研究结果，包括改变并不是线性的，但总体趋势非常令人担忧，以及珊瑚礁尤其容易受到影响，特别是由于海洋暖化和污染等更多的环境压力因素。

124. Juman 女士强调，除一个生产石油的国家外，小岛屿发展中国家在全球温室气体排放中所占比例不到 1%，但其大小、地理情况和相对偏远的位置，却使他们最容易受到气候变化的影响。小岛屿发展中国家的粮食安全和海岸保护严重依赖珊瑚礁等自然资源。海洋酸化威胁着这些生态系统和海洋生物，包括渔业。因此，珊瑚等海洋钙化类生物产生碳酸钙的能力和速率有可能降低，而生物侵蚀和碳酸钙溶解的速率有可能升高，导致净堆积变成净侵蚀。她指出，小岛屿发展中国家监测和研究海洋酸化影响的能力有限。她还指出，关注海洋酸化的公共教育和宣传工作还存在不足。

125. Turkson 枢机主教强调，海洋对地球上的生命至关重要，确保海洋的健康和可持续性是每个人的责任，也符合所有人的最大利益。他强调说，这一代人有义务扭转人类活动对海洋资源的不利影响，有义务加强海洋的长期养护和可持续利用，而且必须在应对环境问题的科学方法中纳入道德考虑。促进海洋健康的各项举措和项目都应切实可行并且是开放供参加的，以通过教育鼓励公民为这一共同任务作贡献。他指出，方济各教皇的通谕《赞美你》旨在警醒世人：人人都应成为负责任的看护者，不仅要关心土地和大气，也要关心海洋。因此，教皇呼吁所有人改变造成海洋退化的消费模式和生活方式。

126. 一些会员国和其他利益攸关方在对话期间作了发言。与会者强调指出，海洋酸化是一个全球性的问题，严重影响海洋物种和生态系统以及那些依赖健康海洋服务的生计和产业。他们指出，在海洋酸化的影响之外，已存在其他环境压力因素，例如海面变暖、氧气丧失和海平面上升。这些压力因素也与碳排放有关，随着碳排放的增加还会加重。它们的共同后果人们知之甚少，但预计将对海洋生态系统产生重大影响。

127. 与会者指出，海洋酸化是一个关系到岛屿国家生死存亡的重大威胁，因为可持续渔业是岛屿国家文化和经济的支柱。海洋酸化对小岛屿发展中国家和其他依靠珊瑚礁等健康海洋生态系统获取食物、生计、文化和海岸保护的沿海社区的社会经济影响最大。这些社区有许多非常脆弱，适应能力较差。与会者指出，迫切需要提高生态系统的复原力，提高它们适应并继续提供至关重要的物品和服务的能力。

128. 发言者强调，社会可采取的最重要行动是按照《巴黎协定》1.5 摄氏度的目标，减少大气中的二氧化碳排放量。一些与会者强调，每个人都有责任大幅减少二氧化碳产出，以解决海洋酸化问题。与会者呼吁所有国家批准《巴黎协定》，并迅速降低对化石燃料的依赖。

129. 与会者指出，气候变化与海洋之间的关联造成了人口流离失所这样的挑战。自 2008 年以来，每年有 2 250 万人由于严重的气候变化状况或自然灾害而流离失所。其中大部分人生活在沿海地区。

130. 此外，有几个国家表示已致力于建设低碳经济，以应对气候变化和海洋酸化。他们强调，气候战略必须包含具体的政策措施，以确保海洋酸化也会得到直接缓解。各国以及其他利益攸关方强调了公私合作伙伴关系的重要性，特别是在减少船运业碳排放方面。与会者还强调，需要加强科学与政策的衔接。

131. 与会者指出，即使《巴黎协定》得到落实，海洋酸化水平也将滞后一段时间才能恢复正常。因此，要应对海洋酸化，海洋生态系统的适应、恢复和保护是必要的。例如，这包括消除当地的二氧化碳来源和当地的环境压力因素、如污染物和不可持续的渔业做法，恢复已退化生态系统，加强生态系统的健康以保护海岸线和基础设施，建立海洋保护区，利用更具复原力的物种发展水产养殖。在这方面，与会者强调，必须与地方社区合作，以了解他们的需求，并制定具体的解决办法。

132. 与会者指出，国际科学合作可以帮助各国特别是小岛屿发展中国家和其他脆弱的沿海社区提前为海洋酸化造成的变化作出规划。为此，这些国家和社区需要在地方和区域两级对海洋酸化及其影响进行衡量。许多与会者承诺继续推动全球对海洋酸化的观察和监测，并表示支持国际合作，应对海洋酸化。有几位与会者举例介绍了全球、区域和地方层面的观测网络。一些与会者指出，迫切需要开展研究，以评估海洋酸化及其对小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家、特别是在环礁国家的影响。另一些与会者指出，需要进行全面风险评估，以寻求今后的解决办法。

133. 与会者还强调，科学方面的能力建设和培训有助于应对海洋酸化问题。与会者特别指出了以下几种做法：关于保护海洋和实现可持续发展目标的教育方案；确定缓解和适应方案的专家会议；考虑到小岛屿发展中国家的可持续发展而审视海洋酸化的国际研讨会；训练科学家进行实地和实验室工作、检测海洋化学变化的方案；为没有正常观测海洋酸化的地区提供支助；动员科学家应对海洋酸化影响的研究方案。

134. 与会者强调，必须提供财政资源推动脆弱岛屿和沿海社区的社会适应和可持续发展。在这方面，与会者指出，多边开发银行提供新的贷款可能会对减缓气候变化产生很大影响。与会者还提到发展筹资技术手段来支持可持续发展，例如发行绿色债券并由蓝色债券补充扩大效果，这可以进一步调动公共和私人资源，应对海洋酸化。

135. 本次对话突出强调了各国政府、科学界、私营部门、国际金融机构和其他利益攸关方作出的若干自愿承诺。这些承诺旨在加强现有伙伴关系，并弥补最需要采取行动的领域的不足。这些自愿承诺包括：加强关于海洋酸化、其对海洋物种和生态系统的影响以及其与海洋暖化、氧气丧失、污染和其他环境压力因素合并综合效应的科学认识；加强对海洋酸化社会经济影响的了解；缓解、适应、保护和恢复方面的行动。

D. 实现可持续渔业(伙伴关系对话 4)

136. 6月7日上午，共同主席、加拿大渔业、海洋和海岸警卫部长 Dominic LeBlanc 宣布伙伴关系对话 4 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、塞内加尔渔业和海洋经济部长 Oumar Guèye 也作了开幕发言。

137. 皮尤慈善信托制止非法捕捞项目主任 Anthony Long 主持伙伴关系对话并发了言，下列专题讨论嘉宾作了演讲：粮农组织渔业及水产养殖部助理总干事 Arni Mathiesen；蒙特雷湾水族馆全球渔业和水产养殖主任 Jennifer Dianto Kemmerly；世贸组织副总干事 Karl Brauner；加勒比区域渔业机制秘书处执行主任 Milton Haughton。

138. 在随后的互动讨论中，主持人和专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家的代表提出的评论意见和问题：瓦努阿图、图瓦卢、挪威、泰国、大韩民国、圣基茨和尼维斯、加蓬、冰岛、马绍尔群岛、西班牙、瑞典、印度尼西亚和智利。

139. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论：太平洋岛屿论坛渔业局；英属维尔京群岛；劳工组织；国际刑警组织；世界银行集团；贸发会议；国际海洋考察理事会；生物多样性公约秘书处；欧洲经济委员会。

140. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：瑞典自然保护协会；海洋生命之友；海洋管理委员会；社区与生物多样性组织；工商界主要群体。

141. 共同主席、塞内加尔渔业和海洋经济部长 Oumar Guèye 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、加拿大渔业、海洋和海岸警卫部长 Dominic LeBlanc 也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 4 闭幕。

摘要

142. LeBlanc 部长在开幕讲话中强调，可持续渔业是实现多项可持续发展目标、包括目标 14 的关键。他表示，人们已普遍认识到渔业面临的挑战，确实迫切需要作出更协调一致的努力解决各种问题，如非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动，以及造成捕捞能力过剩的有害补贴。世贸组织的进程提供了实现有效、可执行的

渔业补贴规则的场所和手段。只要致力于采取集体行动，有害补贴这一挑战就可以得到有效解决。LeBlanc 部长指出，海洋保护区是可持续渔业管理必不可少的一个组成部分。保护具有重要生态意义的海区，可以构建可持续的产业、地方经济和沿海社区。加拿大已通过一个里程碑式的决定，到 2017 年年底前保护 5% 的水域，以此表明加拿大明确致力于到 2020 年保护 10% 的水域。加拿大还推出了在科学基础上制定的标准，适用于其他立足于区域的有效措施，这些措施对于有效管理和养护渔业至关重要。

143. Guèye 部长确认，塞内加尔非常关注可持续渔业。部长指出，塞内加尔和非洲联盟将以下两个问题确定为主要挑战：对鱼类种群的过度捕捞及非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动。Guèye 部长建议采取下列措施，以确保渔业的可维持性：
 (a) 充分落实所有关于渔业的国际文书，包括执行船旗国的义务；(b) 国家之间开展合作，特别是建立一个渔船综合数据库，以及从事非法、未报告和无管制捕捞活动的船只名单；(c) 在分配独一识别号码的基础上，建立一份关于渔船、冷藏运输船和补给船的综合名单。

144. Mathiesen 先生表示，发达国家正在减少其水域内的捕鱼活动，种群的状况有所改善，但某些地方还需要作出更大的努力。然而，南方的捕捞活动还在增加，那里的许多种群已经减少。与此同时，水产养殖的产量增加，填补了空白，使鱼类消费量得以增长。Mathiesen 先生提到渔业的三个主要挑战：(a) 非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动；(b) 管理公海和沿海水域共有的跨界和高度洄游种群存在困难；(c) 改善包括小岛屿发展中国家在内的发展中国家沿海社区的渔业状况。占全球渔业人口 90% 以上的小户渔民尤其受到影响。Mathiesen 先生指出，这些问题背后有许多驱动因素，包括：(a) 在当地及遥远水域过度捕捞；(b) 有害补贴，估计全世界补贴为 350 亿美元，其中包括被划为能力建设、但直接造成过度捕捞的补贴 200 亿美元；(c) 人口动态，包括人口增长、贫穷和社会经济状况、经济移民和被迫移民等问题；(d) 前所未有的气候变化和气候事件。通过改善地方、国家和区域的科学管理，再加上多利益攸关方的参与，以及开展国际合作，借助粮农组织《关于港口国预防、制止和消除非法、不报告、不管制捕鱼的措施协定》、捕捞文件计划和全球渔船、冷藏运输船和补给船记录等有约束力或无约束力的文书提供有力的支持，这些挑战是可以得到解决的。如果按照《联合国海洋法公约》和《联合国鱼类种群协定》通过区域渔业管理组织实施的区域管理模式能得到必要的政治、科学和财政支助，其效果就会好得多。

145. Kemmerly 女士强调了生态认证和生态标签举措在促进可持续海产食品方面可能发挥的重要作用。她介绍了评估可持续渔业和水产养殖运作情况的彩色编码评级制度，该制度旨在鼓励生产者走上可持续发展的道路。她还谈到采用全球可持续海产食品倡议所确定的生态认证方案。在该倡议下收集的信息会与世界各地 5 600 多万消费者分享，促使许多企业决定从哪些海产食品生产者采购，通过基于市场的奖励措施，使这些企业能够在可持续渔业方面发挥作用。非政府组织群体同意联合国和粮农组织关于什么是可持续性以及可持续性为什么重要的看法。Kemmerly 女士指出，渔业和水产养殖：(a) 应当合法并扎根于科学的管理；

(b) 需要透明、可追踪的数据; (c) 需要对环境和社会负责。实现这些要素面临挑战, 因为政策制定、实施、执行和能力建设需要时间。她列举了金枪鱼业和捕虾业的例子和模式, 最后请求并鼓励非政府组织、私营部门和各国政府建立更有力量的伙伴关系。

146. Brauner 先生谈到可持续发展目标具体目标 14.6 专门提到的在世贸组织框架下就关于渔业部门补贴的新规范正在进行的谈判。他解释说, 世贸组织渔业补贴谈判到目前为止尚未完成有两个原因: (a) 技术复杂性; (b) 在政治和经济上对很多发达国家和发展中国家极其敏感, 因为对这些国家来说渔业部门是重要乃至唯一的生计和就业来源。Brauner 先生表示, 有一些重要领域逐渐趋于一致, 主要是禁止那些助长非法、未报告和无管制捕捞活动的补贴, 以及禁止那些伤害已过度捕捞种群的补贴。

147. Haughton 先生从加勒比小岛屿发展中国家的角度重点陈述了建设可持续渔业和健康海洋生态系统, 特别是治理和伙伴关系安排。他强调了加勒比共同体国家之间正在开展的合作和伙伴关系的发展程度, 包括与渔民组织、学术机构、非政府组织及发展伙伴之间以及加勒比区域渔业机构相互之间的协作。需要在多学科和多利益攸关方参与的基础上实施基于科学的综合管理计划, 并采用生态系统方法和预防性方法。必须得到地方社区、私营部门、环境团体和学术机构等所有利益攸关方的支持。小岛屿发展中国家要应对与实现可持续渔业有关的诸多挑战, 就必须作出长期努力, 并与国际合作伙伴和捐助者建立伙伴关系。

148. 在互动辩论期间, 与会者审议了一系列广泛的问题, 涉及有效管制捕捞活动, 终止过度捕捞、非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动及毁灭性捕捞法, 实施科学的管理计划, 以及禁止某些助长能力过剩和过度捕捞的渔业补贴, 消除助长非法、未报告和无管制捕捞活动的各种补贴, 并避免出台新的这类补贴。

149. 渔业和水产养殖对粮食安全和营养的贡献得到了广泛认可。与会者还指出, 渔业大大有助于沿海社区特别是小岛屿发展中国家沿海社区的生活和生计。与会者还强调了渔业可持续性与海洋生物多样性、海洋污染以及气候变化和海洋酸化的不利影响等相关问题之间的联系。在这方面, 与会者强调指出, 可持续渔业将有助于实现其他与海洋有关的可持续发展目标。

150. 与会者强调了加强执行现有国际法律和政策文书以实现可持续渔业的重要性。在这方面, 根据《联合国海洋法公约》并得到《联合国鱼类种群协定》、粮农组织《港口国措施协定》以及其他具有约束力和不具有约束力的文书补充的现有国际法律框架得到了强调。现有框架如果得到有效执行, 可以确保鱼类种群的可持续性。对话期间建议的加强执行工作的主要行动包括: 能力建设; 国家一级的立法和政策行动; 监测、控制和监视活动; 国际合作, 包括在区域一级通过区域渔业管理组织开展合作; 全球伙伴关系。改善公海渔业监管的必要性也得到了强调。

151. 为解决过度捕捞、非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动以及毁灭性捕捞做法, 会上提出了若干建议, 除其他外涉及: 基于生态系统的综合管理办法; 使用各种

养护和管理措施及工具，如基于保护区的管理工具和划区管理，与集鱼装置有关的措施，以及实施休渔期计划；有效的监测和监督；保护特定物种，如鲨鱼和鳐；监测转运活动，包括公海上的转运活动。在这方面，与会者强调了加入《港口国措施协定》的重要性。与会者还指出，需要解决娱乐性捕鱼问题。一些与会者指出，可持续渔业可以通过基于科学的管理以及有效执行来实现，并提供了本国在这方面的例子。与会者强调了技术在改善监测、控制和监视以打击非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动方面可能起到的作用。

152. 在处理非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动方面，与会者指出了渔业犯罪问题。在这方面，有代表团认为，应认识到非法和无管制的捕捞活动与跨国有组织犯罪之间的联系，并处理强迫劳动和贩运渔民问题。

153. 此外，与会者强调了基于科学的管理的重要性。为实现这一目标，与会者建议扩大研究，包括扩大海洋科学研究；交流渔获数据和其他信息；确保海产食品的可追踪性，包括借助于认证方案；实施灾害风险管理并开展综合评估。与会者认为，在制定管理计划方面，增加关于气候变化和海洋酸化对鱼类种群影响的科学认识至关重要。生态标签和生态认证等市场措施在加快可持续渔业进展方面发挥的积极作用得到了强调。

154. 与会者强调了更广泛的利益攸关方参与、包括渔民教育和与渔民对话以及让土著族群参与的重要性。会上建议的其他解决办法包括：能力建设和技术援助；创建奖励措施，例如可持续渔业奖。不过，与会者也强调了需要加强自力更生，避免形成对捐助者的长期依赖。

155. 许多与会者表示关切助长过度捕捞和能力过剩的渔业补贴，呼吁各方在世贸组织框架内加倍努力，解决渔业规范问题。在这方面，还提到了贸发会议-粮农组织-环境署关于渔业补贴的联合声明。会上特别强调了征收环境税，以此替代补贴。

156. 一些与会者提到需要解决与小规模渔业有关的问题，呼吁落实粮农组织《粮食安全和扶贫背景下保障可持续小规模渔业自愿准则》。有一种意见认为，对于小规模个体渔业，重要的是要关注渔民本身和他们的生计。与会者指出，小规模渔业通常被视为更具有可持续性，但他们越来越受到远洋捕鱼等工业化捕鱼作业以及毁灭性捕捞做法的影响。

E. 增加小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家的经济收益，向小规模个体渔民提供获取海洋资源和市场准入的机会(伙伴关系对话 5)

157. 6月7日下午，共同主席、格林纳达总理基思·米切尔宣布伙伴关系对话5开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、爱沙尼亚环境部长 Marko Pomerants 也作了开幕发言。

158. 太平洋专员 Dame Meg Taylor 主持伙伴关系对话并发了言，下列专题讨论嘉宾作了演讲：马尔代夫渔业和农业部长 Mohamed Shainee；最不发达国家、内陆发展中国家和小岛屿发展中国家高级代表费基塔莫埃洛亚·乌托伊卡马努；世

界银行集团负责可持续发展副行长 Laura Tuck；加勒比渔民组织网络协调员 Mitchell Lay。

159. 在随后的互动讨论中，主持人和专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家代表提出的评论意见和问题：瑙鲁、塞舌尔、澳大利亚、所罗门群岛、圣卢西亚、新西兰、马达加斯加、丹麦、基里巴斯、巴布亚新几内亚、印度和特立尼达和多巴哥。

160. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论：经合组织；国际可再生能源机构；英联邦秘书处；粮农组织；国际捕鲸委员会；法属波利尼西亚；国际海底管理局。

161. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：RARE 组织；土著人民领土和土著社区保护区协会联合会；国际养护组织；印度洋(东非)近海研究和发展组织；大自然保护协会；太平洋岛屿非政府组织协会。

162. 共同主席、爱沙尼亚环境部长 Marko Pomerants 作闭幕发言。共同主席、格林纳达总理基思·米切尔也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 5 闭幕。

摘要

163. 米切尔总理指出，小岛屿发展中国家致力于促进人民的可持续生计，保护海洋环境。他强调，有必要利用技术和本土技能、创新、科学知识和创业精神，形成一种建立在蓝色经济概念上的新经济范式。格林纳达正与各伙伴合作，建立一个“蓝色创新研究所”，作为创新中枢，并帮助格林纳达和其它小岛屿发展中国家利用自身与海洋的联系及规模较小的优势。

164. Pomerants 部长致开幕词，强调需要采取一种综合发展办法，最能体现这一点的就是蓝色经济概念、改善地方社区的机会并增强其权能，同时特别注意脆弱国家的需要。爱沙尼亚是人均海岸线最长的国家之一，拥有约 2 300 个岛屿，致力于海洋资源的可持续发展，并强调区域合作是这一努力的关键。爱沙尼亚还表示愿意进一步努力与小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家开展国际合作，包括分享该国在电子政务方面的进展，这些进展可能会在渔业方面带来巨大惠益。

165. 会议主持人、太平洋专员 Dame Meg Taylor 指出，作为太平洋小岛屿发展中国家也即“大洋监护国”的一名代表，她深深理解海洋资源在总体上特别是在沿海渔业方面的核心重要性。基于社区的管理至关重要，保护小规模渔民保有产权的政策也是如此。该区域正在推动给小岛屿发展中国家带来经济惠益的政策。可持续发展目标 14 只有在其他一些可持续发展目标成功实现的情况下才能落实。

166. 专题讨论嘉宾、马尔代夫渔业和农业部长 Mohamed Shainee 重申了小岛屿发展中国家的脆弱性及面临的挑战，同时也指出，尽管如此，许多小岛屿发展中国家仍致力于走上一条成功的发展道路，既重视为当地社区带来经济效益，同时也保护自然资源基础。例如，目前占马尔代夫国内生产总值 28% 的旅游业正在继续增长，同时确保环境保护和养护并利用自然资源(例如，从捕鲨业过渡为鲨鱼保护区)。马尔代夫就业公民中五分之一是个体渔民，其捕捞的渔获是可追踪的，使他们能提高价格，享受可持续发展的好处。该国正在渔业方面提倡价值优于数量。

167. 专题讨论嘉宾、最不发达国家、内陆发展中国家和小岛屿发展中国家高级代表费基塔莫埃洛亚·乌托伊卡马努指出，许多已毕业的最不发达国家是小岛屿发展中国家。这位副秘书长强调，有必要向小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家的渔业社区转让可持续海洋技术，因为这些国家的脆弱性已因气候变化而加剧。旅游业在最近小岛屿发展中国家的毕业生上发挥了关键作用，在很大程度上是因为它们独特的文化和自然生态系统，如果旅游业要继续蓬勃发展，这些必须得到保护。旅游业可能需要很多自然资源，小岛屿发展中国家和其他国家正努力在这一现实情况与该行业的经济效益之间取得平衡。

168. 接下来，专题讨论嘉宾世界银行集团负责可持续发展副行长 Laura Tuck 介绍了世界银行的报告《重温沉没的数十亿：全球海洋渔业的进展与挑战》，并讨论了减少捕捞的好处，包括鱼类种群再生、渔获增加以及地方收入增加。她还讨论了善治和有胜任能力的机构的必要性，并列举了一些成功的例子，包括《瑙鲁协定》及其休渔期计划的缔约方基里巴斯和塞内加尔。她进一步指出，随着鱼类消费量不断增加，个体渔民如果能够保持所有权并扩大市场准入机会，就能够获益。

169. 随后，专题讨论嘉宾加勒比渔民组织网络协调员 Mitchell Lay 将小规模渔民的视角带入了讨论。他指出，基于社区的管理至关重要，保护小规模渔民保有产权的政策也是如此。更广泛地说，有必要让渔业社区参与所有影响其生活和生计的决策。各国政府还应考虑如何支持小规模渔民尽可能扩大渔获的经济和营养效益，如何为渔业妇女提供支助，以及海洋保护区等渔业管理措施如何影响当地社区。加强渔业社区、确保它们能参与决策进程，是成功的先决条件。Lay 先生还指出，各国应致力于建立落实粮农组织《粮食安全和扶贫背景下保障可持续小规模渔业自愿准则》的能力。

170. 现场发言重申了讨论小组嘉宾提出的许多议题，而且大多提出了具体的建议和承诺。一些与会者指出，小型手工渔业有推进小岛屿发展中国家、最不发达国家和其他沿海社区生计并消除贫穷的潜力，应通过伙伴关系培养和支持这一潜力。沿海渔业可对地方社区的粮食安全和营养以及当地生计产生很大的影响。在出口市场方面，小岛屿发展中国家和其他发展中国家还指出，有必要在出口之前在国内增加鱼产品的价值，以尽可能获得最大经济效益。

171. 许多会员国正在北南、南南和三角伙伴关系的框架内共同努力处理一系列优先问题。例如，各国正在努力划定海洋界限，并打击非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动，这直接影响到渔业社区。与会者还讨论了促进自然灾害预警系统、支持小岛屿发展中国家养护和可持续管理其海洋资源以及加强区域合作的各种伙伴关系。此外，会员国和其他利益攸关方正在将大量资源用于解决易受气候变化、自然灾害和海平面上升影响的问题，特别是在小岛屿发展中国家和沿海最不发达国家。大家都很清楚，所有行为体都需要加大适应和减缓气候变化的努力。

172. 其他讨论的议题包括：渔业和水产养殖业的社会责任和人权；过渡到影响较小的渔具；利用卫星图像管理渔业；提供技术援助和开展能力建设以在世贸组织的框架内处理动植物卫生检疫措施造成的贸易壁垒；小岛屿发展中国家深海海

底采矿方面的能力建设；发展海洋可再生能源；小型渔业的专业化；打击入侵物种；以及可持续地管理观鲸业。小岛屿发展中国家正在探索海水养殖业的创新，并正在努力使可持续渔业和旅游部门形成互利关系。一些举措也是为了建立落实粮农组织《粮食安全和扶贫背景下保障可持续小规模渔业自愿准则》的能力。许多发言还强调，有必要通过培训方案增强小规模个体渔民的能力。

173. 与会者还讨论了若干创新的替代筹资机制，包括发行主权“蓝色债券”，向有意支持可持续发展的私人投资者筹集资本。可持续筹资机制也被用来支持海洋保护区的管理。与会者指出，在追求一种支持生计和经济效益而又不损害海洋环境的发展道路的同时，保持平衡非常重要。一些与会者发现，目前，小岛屿发展中国家过多地承担了保护某些鱼类种群的责任。

174. 共同主席在闭幕词中，称赞与会者进行了积极和前瞻性的讨论，并在讨论中强调了小岛屿发展中国家、最不发达国家和个体渔业社区所面临的挑战的具体解决办法。Pomerants 部长强调了所有相关利益攸关方参与且适合具体国情的综合发展办法的重要性。米切尔总理呼吁小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家进行跳跃式发展，超越“一切照旧”的做法，与合作伙伴共同致力于实现一个可持续的未来。

F. 增加科学知识、培养研究能力和转让海洋技术(伙伴关系对话 6)

175. 6月8日下午，共同主席、冰岛渔业和农业部长 Thorgerdur Katrin Gunnarsdottir 宣布伙伴关系对话 6 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、秘鲁渔业和水产养殖部副部长 Héctor Soldi 也作了开幕发言。

176. 对话由斯德哥尔摩环境研究所执行主任 Johan Kuylenstierna 主持。专题讨论小组的嘉宾有：委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国西蒙玻利瓦尔大学和澳大利亚塔斯马尼亚大学教授 Patricia Andrea Miloslavich de Klein；伍兹霍尔海洋研究所董事长兼总裁 Mark Abbott；教科文组织助理总干事兼政府间海洋学委员会执行秘书 Vladimir Ryabinin；南非 Olrac SPS 海洋公司共同拥有人和首席执行官 Amos Barkai。

177. 在随后的互动讨论中，主持人和专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家代表提出的评论意见和问题：葡萄牙、芬兰、美国、孟加拉国、斐济、巴西、中国、摩纳哥、哥伦比亚、联合王国、加拿大、古巴、德国和印度。

178. 下列观察员的代表也参加了讨论：国际海底管理局；气象组织；美洲全球变化研究所；亚太经社会；联合国大学；国际水道测量组织；英联邦秘书处。

179. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：深海管理倡议；世界海洋理事会；工商界主要群体；中华能源基金委员会；群岛生活非营利组织。

180. 共同主席、冰岛渔业和农业部长 Thorgerdur Katrin Gunnarsdottir 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、秘鲁渔业和水产养殖部副部长 Héctor Soldi 也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 6 闭幕。

摘要

181. Gunnarsdottir 部长指出，改善海洋状况的进展似乎令人气馁，但如果能在地方、区域和全球各级运用科学技术找到解决方案，是可以取得切实成果的。她强调，《联合国海洋法公约》为所有海洋活动提供了法律框架。她指出，由于海洋科学和渔业管理是重大问题，在这方面开展区域和全球合作是至关重要的。她强调说，所有保护和可持续管理海洋的政策均应基于可靠的科学的研究。政治人物有重大责任，需要有勇气基于长远的社会和环境利益而遵循科学的咨询意见，即使这些意见并不入耳。

182. Soldi 副部长表示，希望对话可以提供一个机会，交流经验和最佳做法，并在所讨论议题的成功经验的基础上再接再厉。他提到了秘鲁的经验，秘鲁的渔业研究和数据能力正在提高，但需要利用这些优势开展进一步的工作，包括与私营部门建立伙伴关系。

183. 总体而言，专题讨论专家组强调，必须解决海洋科学知识增长的根本障碍，并创造机会，改善数据收集、培养研究能力、转让海洋技术。专家组一致认为，迫切需要在全球一级开发海洋数据库，数据要开放让公众查阅，要建立机制确保各区域之间海洋数据的一致性和可比性。专家组还一致认为，有必要弥合科学家与决策者之间的“语言障碍”，从而加强科学与政策的衔接，并在政府和科学包括社会经济和其他相关学科培养一种提倡倾听、交流研究和跨部门网络的文化。与会者认为，民间社会和地方社区的参与，是所有决策阶段的关键，包括作为传统知识来源。

184. Miloslavich de Klein 女士指出，人类改变了海洋环境，带来严重的后果，需要共同商定优先事项，包括应测量哪些基本海洋变量，以及各国政府和其他合作伙伴如何可以建立起各部门必要的能力。她指出，海洋生物普查是一个成功的经验，科学界有效地传播了普查的科学数据和资料，使政策制定者们得以作出有实效的决定。她强调，技术应避免华而不实，要适合地方和国家的具体情况，方便获得、也负担得起，而且应当利用更普及的技术，如智能手机和相关软件。

185. Abbott 先生强调，有必要在考虑到海洋巨大时空尺度的情况下对其进行测量，并在敏感海区进行较细微的数据取样。他强调需要建立向包括各国政府、私营部门和科学家在内的所有人开放的数据系统。他列举了海洋技术包括云计算方面的具体改进，以及智能手机和社交网络的巨大潜力，但指出，这些技术进步需要进行重新组合、重新构思，以达成具体的解决办法。

186. Barkai 先生介绍了“动态混乱”概念，当今时代可能获得的大量数据和知识既意味着机遇也意味着挑战。他强调指出，需要改进收集、管理和分析数据和资料的方法，以形成对海洋环境更清楚的认识。他鼓励公民做海洋的观察员，并指出，技术可以给各级渔业管理带来好处，从商业渔业的电子航行日志到个体渔业的智能手机，均可确保获得最新的市场信息。他还强调需要全球知识共享平台。

187. Ryabinin 先生强调了海洋科学和研究在制定政策和全球承诺方面的重要作用，特别是全球观测系统，并强调需要在海洋科学研究方面开展合作与协调，例

如海洋环境状况(包括社会经济方面问题)全球报告和评估经常程序的第一次全球海洋综合评估。他还强调,有必要为海洋科学和数据持续供资,以便使政策制定者可有效利用研究成果和知识,尤其是在发展蓝色经济方面。他指出了科学和海洋技术可以带来重要收益的具体例证,包括早期预警系统、海洋保护区、碳封存和可再生能源。

188. 在进行一般性对话前的最后评论中,专家组再次强调需要在科学界开展合作,并促进区域合作。专题讨论嘉宾还重申,政策和预算决定应把海洋观测的能力建设资源作为优先事项。

189. 在随后进行的讨论中,与会者赞同专家组提到的许多要点,包括需要在科学家和决策者之间进行双向沟通,以便鼓励科学家得出与政策相关的数据和知识。与会者还指出,需要更好地传播科学数据和资料,例如通过新闻界和媒体传播,以及编写供政策制定者参阅的摘要或概述,正如政府间气候变化专门委员会所做的那样。

190. 与会者回顾指出,海洋仍有许多方面不为人知,强调需要改善水深测量和水文测量,以便进行洋底测绘,用于生物多样性调查和普查工作,并促进海洋观测系统的连续性或可持续性,特别是关键的海洋变量。与会者指出,需要在海洋科学和数据收集方面开展技术转让和能力发展,并建立政府、学术界和私营部门之间的伙伴关系。在这方面再次提到了一些普及的技术,如智能手机和其他个人技术。

191. 私营部门在提供海洋科学数据和平台以发展新的知识和信息方面的作用得到了强调。与会者指出,可以与海洋产业包括航运、渔业、能源和其他部门建立伙伴关系,从而可能分享现有的数据并通过海洋活动收集新的数据和资料,为海洋知识库作出宝贵贡献。与会者指出,随着技术往往由于青年和企业家的创新而快速发展,有必要超越专有心态,传播这些创新,使广大民众包括地方社区民众可以获得这些技术。与会者指出,正确的治理结构有助于促进知识和技术的公开交流。

192. 一些发言指出,应当加强蓝色经济发展方面的研究和数据共享,并指出海洋区域的多重使用,例如在敏感海区或拥有水下文化遗产的区域进行渔业作业,可能产生的各种挑战。

193. 许多自愿承诺涉及应对过度捕捞及非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动,以及采取措施加强区域合作和提高发展中国家特别是小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家的能力。来自北方和南方的各国政府都重申致力于支持研究机构和海洋观测,包括在深海、沿海水域以及极地和热带地区进行研究和观测,以加强海洋生物多样性,应对气候变化影响,理解天气模式和趋势。与会者还指出了在其他许多问题上取得的进展,包括在可持续消费和生产方面,例如减少使用塑料,以及保护红树林等重要的生态系统。

194. 与会者还讨论了海洋技术转让方面的承诺，包括涉及一些具体挑战，例如水下噪音、微塑料，以及陆基农业对沿海生态系统和渔业的影响。与会者指出，技术转让提供了许多机会，包括在生物技术和水产养殖方面。

195. 与会者还讨论了为推进关键利益攸关方包括发展中国家土著人民和青年以及微型、小型和中型渔业企业参与海洋管理所作的承诺。与会者指出，增强这些团体特别是当地社区的权能，将会给未来的海洋健康产生附带的好处。

196. 最后，与会者指出，海洋教育和知识极为重要，许多组织正在通过知识和创新中心以及研究所，提高人们对海洋所面临的问题的认识。此外，一些与会者表示坚决支持海洋科学促进可持续发展国际十年，以便继续加强海洋教育。

197. 在对话结束时，两位共同主席鼓励大家扫除海洋科学知识增长的障碍，并创造机会改善数据收集、培养研究能力、转让海洋技术，以便促进海洋科学研究，找到解决海洋所面临的挑战的办法。

G. 执行《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法以加强海洋和海洋资源的保护和可持续利用(伙伴关系对话 7)

198. 6月9日上午，共同主席、澳大利亚国际发展及太平洋部长 Concetta Fierravanti-Wells 宣布伙伴关系对话 7 开幕，并作了开幕发言。共同主席、肯尼亚环境和自然资源内阁部长 Judy Wakhungu 女士也作了开幕发言。

199. 智利外交部长埃尔阿尔多·穆尼奥斯主持伙伴关系对话并发了言，下列专题讨论嘉宾作了演讲：联合国主管法律事务副秘书长米格尔·德塞尔帕·苏亚雷斯先生；国际海底管理局秘书长迈克·洛奇；全球海洋论坛主席、美国特拉华大学海洋政策教授 Biliana Cicin-Sain；法国国家可持续发展研究所研究、海洋法和环境法主任 Florence Galletti。

200. 在随后的互动讨论中，专题讨论嘉宾回答了以下国家和组织的代表提出的评论意见和问题：图瓦卢、希腊、多哥、东帝汶、欧洲联盟、巴巴多斯、印度尼西亚、冰岛、洪都拉斯、尼泊尔、印度、特立尼达和多巴哥、德国、墨西哥 和 塞浦路斯。

201. 以下观察员国的代表也参加了讨论：保护东北大西洋海洋环境委员会。

202. 下列非政府组织的代表参加了讨论：船舶与海洋基金会；珊瑚礁观察站；野生生物保护学会；美国缅因大学海洋科学学院。

203. 共同主席、澳大利亚国际发展及太平洋部长 Concetta Fierravanti-Wells 作了闭幕发言。共同主席、肯尼亚环境和自然资源内阁部长 Judy Wakhungu 女士也作了闭幕发言，并宣布伙伴关系对话 7 闭幕。

摘要

204. 共同主席 Fierravanti-Wells 在开幕词中指出，有效执行《联合国海洋法公约》和其他相关文书对于实现可持续发展目标 14 下的所有具体目标至关重要。她强调，《联合国海洋法公约》、《联合国鱼类种群协定》和粮农组织《负责任渔业行

为守则》等国际文书为全球可持续渔业管理提供了总体框架，并着重指出，必须解决非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动。她还强调了就国家管辖范围以外区域海洋生物多样性的养护和可持续利用问题拟订一份具有法律约束力的国际文书的努力。共同主席强调了海洋在消除贫穷方面的重要性，因为海洋可创造可持续的生计。她指出，可以通过制定能反映国家一级海洋监管的全面法律框架的示范立法，来实现有效、全面的国家立法。她还强调需要开展能力建设和海洋技术转让，并概述了肯尼亚在发展蓝色经济方面的项目。

205. 主持人、智利外交部长埃尔阿尔多·穆尼奥斯在其介绍性发言中回顾说，《联合国海洋法公约》为所有海洋活动提供了法律框架，并强调，需要在这方面采取具体行动，统筹解决海洋所面临的许多威胁。他强调，必须开展国际合作包括通过能力建设和海洋技术转让支持执行《联合国海洋法公约》。

206. 苏亚雷斯先生强调，必须使人们认识到有必要充分、有效地执行《联合国海洋法公约》所规定的国际法，以实现《2030 年议程》的目标和具体目标。他回顾说，为所有海洋活动提供了法律框架的《联合国海洋法公约》，是在全球、区域和双边层面就海洋问题开展国际合作的依据。《公约》得到了两项执行协议以及许多其他具有约束力的全球文书和区域文书乃至一些不具约束力的相关文书的补充。他指出了多利益攸关方伙伴关系对于在所有各级提高关于国际海洋法律框架的认识的重要性。他指出，专门为了加强执行《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法而建立的现有伙伴关系很少，并重点指出可以采取哪些步骤促进这种伙伴关系。

207. 洛奇先生指出《联合国海洋法公约》第十一部分建立了一个全面的法律制度，旨在为全人类的利益实现海洋矿产资源的可持续利用，并回顾了在执行方面取得的进展。他着重指出了在执行国际法律框架方面的一些法律和执行差距，如各国并没有普遍加入《联合国海洋法公约》和 1994 年《关于执行公约第十一部分的协定》，以及在“区域”划界方面，因为很少有国家已根据《公约》的规定确定其大陆架的外部界限。他还强调了发展中国家参加国际海底管理局工作的一些挑战和迫切需要，尤其考虑到深海科学复杂、昂贵、高度专业化的性质。他敦促与会者考虑建立重点突出、协调一致的全球伙伴关系以改善深海科学研究，并考虑与发展中国家分享这些研究的惠益。

208. Cicin-Sain 女士强调了国家、区域和全球各级在执行《2030 年议程》方面面临的具体挑战，以及加强一致性的机会。特别是，她强调，可持续发展目标 14 将叠加在业已存在的国家海洋政策框架之上，区域一级的跨部门合作、如区域海洋组织和区域渔业管理组织之间的合作，需要有全球性的指导以及大型海洋生态系统方案的参与。她强调指出，需要制定程序，对落实《2030 年议程》和海洋会议上提出的自愿承诺的进展情况进行监测和跟踪。她提出，可以通过加强作为协调机制的联合国海洋网络等办法在全球一级加强一致性。

209. Galletti 女士概述了执行方面的总体差距，并借助西印度洋沃尔特斯暗沙的管理实例予以说明。她特别强调了以下问题：适用的国际法律框架不成体系；历史传统上注重开发，而不是保护海洋生态系统和物种；在试图管理生态系统时面

临海区法律限制造成的制约；没有履行义务的时限；对海洋法认识有限；各国能力参差不齐；缺乏一项关于国家管辖范围之外区域海洋生物性的全面制度。她提出了解决这些差距的方法，例如，扩大区域机构的地域覆盖范围和对这些机构的参与，以及进一步发展跨部门合作。

210. 会员国和其他利益攸关方在许多问题上赞同专题讨论嘉宾的意见，并强调了《联合国海洋法公约》作为所有海洋活动的法律框架和加强和平、安全与合作的依据的重要性。他们强调，有效执行《公约》以及作为《公约》补充的一系列广泛的文书，包括两个与《公约》相关的执行协定，是实现可持续发展目标 14 的所有具体目标以及《2030 年议程》与海洋有关的其他目标的关键。与会者认为，《联合国海洋法公约》所载框架的全面性以及几乎所有国家的普遍加入，是该公约的优势。与会者指出，国际判例已承认，《公约》的规定反映了习惯国际法，或已成为习惯国际法，可持续发展也已成为国际法的一般原则。另据指出，虽然《公约》的一般原则可能并不完全适合于应对一些新的挑战，但《公约》仍不失为应对这些挑战的坚实基础和法律工具。与会者指出，《联合国海洋法公约》和《联合国鱼类种群协定》所规定的基于区域渔业管理组织的国际渔业法律制度如能充分落实，足以发挥作用。与会者强调了在执行适用的国际法律框架方面开展全球和区域各级国际合作的重要性。

211. 与会者强调指出，《联合国海洋法公约》的一些具体执行领域尤其关系到实现可持续发展目标 14，例如海洋环境的保护和保全以及可持续渔业。与会者呼吁加强执行《公约》关于合作养护和管理海洋哺乳动物的第 65 条，指出海洋哺乳动物易受船只碰撞和海洋噪声等人类活动的影响。与会者强调，需要通过国际法委员会等途径澄清海平面上升对海洋区范围的法律后果。

212. 与会者举例说明了在全球、区域和国家各级为支持执行《联合国海洋法公约》和其他相关文书，包括通过跨部门合作和多方利益攸关方的参与提供支持所采取的措施。还强调了需要加强国际合作，执行其他相关文书，如《保护水下文化遗产公约》。

213. 与会者指出了区域海洋方案和行动计划以及区域渔业管理组织和安排等区域组织和机制的重要作用。与会者提出，如果能对全球和区域网络进行合理调整、相互联通并予以加强，可以提供一个实现可持续发展目标 14 的全球海洋治理框架。与会者还认为，应寻求加强多边环境协定及全球和区域框架之间的合作。

214. 与会者确定了执行工作面临的若干挑战，包括：需要改系统筹办法，包括在所有各级加强跨部门的合作；建立机制，跟踪检查执行方面的进展；处理非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞问题；提供充足的资金；处理珊瑚礁由于基础设施项目遭到毁坏问题；确保以科学为依据的决策，包括促进更多的海洋科学研究。与会者重点指出了各种新的和潜在的未来挑战，如气候变化的影响，国家管辖范围以外区域生物多样性的养护和可持续利用(同时注意到大会第 69/292 号决议所设筹备委员会的工作)，以及北极核心区非法、未报告和无管制的捕捞活动等。

215. 与会者强调指出了小岛屿发展中国家、最不发达国家和内陆发展中国家在执行方面面临的特别挑战。这些挑战包括技术、人力和财政方面的挑战，涉及：保护和保全海洋环境；可持续地开采自然资源的能力；海洋界限的划定；测绘和制图；监测、控制和监视、执法。与会者还着重指出，内陆发展中国家也需要积极参与落实可持续发展目标 14，包括按照《联合国海洋法公约》有关内陆发展中国家的规定这样做。据指出，中等收入国家也可能面临着许多与发展中国家相同的挑战。

216. 水文和法律专门知识方面的技术、人力和财政资源，立法工作，以及监控和执法等领域，还需要进一步开展能力建设和筹措资金。有与会者建议，应制定关于执行国际文书所应采取的具体措施的指南以及相关时间表。与会者还强调了海洋技术转让的必要性。与会者特别指出，有必要制定方案和课程，以提高青年对海洋问题和相关国际文书的认识，包括为此编写一份《联合国海洋法公约》适合青年的版本。与会者认为，为更好地执行《公约》，应让所有人都能详细了解《公约》所建立的法律框架，包括与其他相关文书的互动。

217. 与会者建议，新的伙伴关系应专注于提高各国能力、沿海区综合管理、海洋环境保护、可持续旅游业、处理塑料等海洋垃圾的影响以及年轻人教育等方面。

218. 会上宣布了一些自愿承诺，旨在加强现有伙伴关系并弥补最需要采取行动的领域的不足。这些自愿承诺包括：参加与海洋有关的各种国际文书；协助太平洋各国确定悬而未决的海上边界；关于海洋和气候行动的路线图；海洋治理研究方案；以及由联合国海洋网络举办关于目前与海洋有关的监管和政策框架及相关活动的情况通报会。

第五章

庆祝世界海洋日特别活动

219. 会议于 2017 年 6 月 8 日举行了一次庆祝世界海洋日特别活动。

第六章

全权证书委员会的报告

220. 联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议暂行议事规则第 4 条规定：

会议开始时应任命由九名成员组成的全权证书委员会。委员会的组成应以大会第七十一届会议全权证书委员会的组成为基础。委员会应审查各代表的全权证书，并尽快向会议提出报告。

221. 在 2017 年 6 月 5 日第 1 次全体会议上，依照会议议事规则第 4 条，任命下列国家为全权证书委员会成员：喀麦隆、中国、马拉维、荷兰、巴拉圭、大韩民国、俄罗斯联邦、圣卢西亚和美利坚合众国。

222. 全权证书委员会于 2017 年 6 月 8 日举行了一次会议。

223. 马拉维代表内克通·姆胡拉被一致推选为主席。

224. 委员会面前有 2017 年 6 月 7 日秘书长关于参加会议的各国代表及欧洲联盟代表的全权证书的备忘录。秘书处法律事务厅代表就秘书长的备忘录作了陈述。

225. 如备忘录第 1 段所述，截至委员会开会时，已收到欧洲联盟及下列 62 个国家以会议议事规则第 3 条规定的形式提交秘书长的与会代表正式全权证书：安道尔、澳大利亚、奥地利、孟加拉国、巴巴多斯、伯利兹、不丹、柬埔寨、智利、中国、哥伦比亚、哥斯达黎加、克罗地亚、古巴、捷克、埃及、萨尔瓦多、爱沙尼亚、芬兰、格鲁吉亚、危地马拉、几内亚、圭亚那、海地、洪都拉斯、冰岛、牙买加、日本、列支敦士登、卢森堡、马耳他、墨西哥、摩纳哥、黑山、摩洛哥、缅甸、瑙鲁、新西兰、阿曼、帕劳、巴布亚新几内亚、波兰、葡萄牙、卡塔尔、大韩民国、罗马尼亚、圣卢西亚、圣文森特和格林纳丁斯、圣马力诺、斯洛伐克、斯洛文尼亚、所罗门群岛、苏丹、瑞典、瑞士、泰国、土耳其、大不列颠及北爱尔兰联合王国、美利坚合众国、乌拉圭、越南和津巴布韦。

226. 如备忘录第 2 段所述，截至委员会开会时，下列 91 个国家已由国家元首或政府首脑或外交部长以传真方式，或由外交部、大使馆或有关使团以信函或普通照会方式，向秘书长通报了关于任命出席会议的国家代表的资料：阿尔巴尼亚、阿尔及利亚、安哥拉、阿塞拜疆、比利时、贝宁、多民族玻利维亚国、巴西、文莱达鲁萨兰国、保加利亚、布基纳法索、佛得角、加拿大、科摩罗、库克群岛、塞浦路斯、朝鲜民主主义人民共和国、刚果民主共和国、丹麦、吉布提、多米尼克、多米尼加共和国、厄立特里亚、斐济、法国、加蓬、德国、加纳、希腊、格林纳达、罗马教廷、匈牙利、印度、印度尼西亚、伊朗伊斯兰共和国、爱尔兰、以色列、意大利、科威特、拉脱维亚、黎巴嫩、利比里亚、利比亚、立陶宛、马达加斯加、马拉维、马来西亚、马尔代夫、马绍尔群岛、毛里塔尼亚、毛里求斯、密克罗尼西亚联邦、蒙古、莫桑比克、纳米比亚、尼泊尔、荷兰、尼加拉瓜、尼日利亚、挪威、巴拿马、巴拉圭、秘鲁、菲律宾、摩尔多瓦共和国、俄罗斯联邦、

萨摩亚、沙特阿拉伯、塞内加尔、塞尔维亚、塞拉利昂、新加坡、索马里、南非、西班牙、斯里兰卡、苏里南、斯威士兰、前南斯拉夫的马其顿共和国、东帝汶、多哥、汤加、特立尼达和多巴哥、突尼斯、土库曼斯坦、图瓦卢、乌干达、乌克兰、坦桑尼亚联合共和国、瓦努阿图和也门。

227. 如备忘录第 3 段所述，秘书长尚未收到下列 44 个受邀参加会议的国家应提交的正式全权证书或上文第 226 段提及的资料：阿富汗、安提瓜和巴布达、阿根廷、亚美尼亚、巴哈马、巴林、白俄罗斯、波斯尼亚和黑塞哥维那、博茨瓦纳、布隆迪、喀麦隆、中非共和国、乍得、刚果、科特迪瓦、厄瓜多尔、赤道几内亚、埃塞俄比亚、冈比亚、几内亚比绍、伊拉克、约旦、哈萨克斯坦、肯尼亚、基里巴斯、吉尔吉斯斯坦、老挝人民民主共和国、莱索托、马里、尼日尔、纽埃、巴基斯坦、卢旺达、圣基茨和尼维斯、圣多美和普林西比、塞舌尔、南苏丹、巴勒斯坦国、阿拉伯叙利亚共和国、塔吉克斯坦、阿拉伯联合酋长国、乌兹别克斯坦、委内瑞拉玻利瓦尔共和国和赞比亚。

228. 主席建议委员会接受上述备忘录第 1 和第 2 段所列各国代表及欧洲联盟代表的全权证书，但有一项谅解，即上文第 226 段提及的国家将尽快向秘书长提交其代表的正式全权证书，上文第 227 段提及的国家也将尽快提交。

229. 委员会未经表决通过以下决议草案：

全权证书委员会，

审查了出席联合国支持落实可持续发展目标 14 即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议代表的全权证书，

接受秘书长备忘录第 1 和第 2 段所述各国代表及欧洲联盟代表的全权证书。

230. 委员会未经表决作出决定，建议会议通过一项决议草案，核准委员会的报告。

会议采取的行动

231. 在 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，会议审议了全权证书委员会的报告 (A/CONF.230/13)。委员会主席介绍了报告，并向会议通报说，委员会正式会议举行后，收到下列国家符合格式的全权证书：阿尔巴尼亚、巴西、塞浦路斯、法国、基里巴斯、毛里求斯、莫桑比克和秘鲁。

232. 会议通过了全权委员会在其报告中建议的决议草案，并接受了委员会主席提到的其他全权证书(案文见第一章，第 2 号决议)。

第七章

会议成果

233. 在 2017 年 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，会议收到两位会议主席提交的题为“我们的海洋、我们的未来：行动呼吁”的决议草案([A/CONF.230/L.1](#))。会议还收到经政府间磋商商定的行动呼吁草稿([A/CONF.230/11](#))。

234. 在同次会议上，会议通过了决议草案 [A/CONF.230/L.1](#)，从而通过 [A/CONF.230/11](#) 号文件所载的行动呼吁，并建议大会第七十一届会议核准本会议通过的行动呼吁(案文见第一章，第 1 号决议)。

235. 在同次会议上，下列国家的代表在决议草案通过后还对投票作了解释性发言：美国、埃及、法国和俄罗斯联邦。欧洲联盟代表也在决议草案通过后发了言。

第八章

通过会议报告

236. 在 2017 年 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，总报告员介绍了会议报告草稿 (A/CONF.230/L.2)。

237. 在同次会议上，会议通过了报告草稿(A/CONF.230/L.2)，并授权总报告员完成报告的定稿工作。

第九章

会议闭幕

238. 在 2017 年 6 月 9 日第 8 次全体会议上，会议秘书长吴红波作了发言。
239. 在同次会议上，经会议同意，大会主席彼得·汤姆森作了发言。
240. 在同次会议上，会议主席乔萨亚·沃伦盖·姆拜尼马拉马和伊莎贝拉·勒温也作了发言；
241. 也在第 8 次全体会议上，会议主席伊莎贝拉·勒温宣布会议闭幕。

附件一

文件一览表

文号	议程项目	标题或说明
A/CONF.230/1	4	临时议程
A/CONF.230/2	3	安全理事会暂行议事规则
A/CONF.230/3	6	组织事项和程序问题
A/CONF.230/4	9	处理海洋污染问题：秘书处编写的概念文件
A/CONF.230/5	9	管理、保护、养护和恢复海洋和沿海生态系统：秘书处编写的概念文件
A/CONF.230/6	9	尽量减少和应对海洋酸化：秘书处编写的概念文件
A/CONF.230/7	9	实现渔业可持续发展：秘书处编写的概念说明
A/CONF.230/8	9	增加小岛屿发展中国家和最不发达国家所得经济收益并向小户个体渔民提供获取海洋资源和进入市场机会：秘书处编写的概念说明
A/CONF.230/9	9	增加科学知识、培养研究能力和转让海洋技术：秘书处编写的概念说明
A/CONF.230/10	9	执行《联合国海洋法公约》所体现的国际法以加强海洋和海洋资源的保护和可持续利用：秘书处编写的概念说明
A/CONF.230/11	11	行动呼吁
A/CONF.230/12	8	2017年6月5日智利常驻联合国代表给会议主席的信
A/CONF.230/13	7(b)	全权证书委员会的报告
A/CONF.230/15	8	2017年6月15日多民族玻利维亚国常驻联合国代表给会议主席的信
A/CONF.230/L.1	11	决议：我们的海洋、我们的未来：行动呼吁
A/CONF.230/L.2	12	决议草案：联合国支持落实可持续发展目标14即保护和可持续利用海洋和海洋资源以促进可持续发展会议的报告草稿
A/CONF.230/INF/1		与会者须知
A/CONF.230/INF/2		与会者名单

附件二^a

List of voluntary commitments

1. #OneLess plastic bottle in the ocean: Starting the refill revolution (#OneLess (hosted by the Zoological Society of London)), #OceanAction16727
2. #Suez4ocean — Mobilizing 83 000 employees around the globe by launching large scale collective and participatory waste collection operations on beaches and riversides. (Suez Group), #OceanAction18064
3. ‘Be the Change’ week; Beach clean-up event; (UN Department of Public Information), #OceanAction20468
4. 1 Million KM squared of Marine Protected Area and New Marine Park (Chile), #OceanAction21832
5. 10% dereas Marinas Protegidas (Colombia), #OceanAction20269
6. 14.6 — By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and over-fishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizin (Myanmar — Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation), #OceanAction21680
7. 14.7 — By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism (Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation), #OceanAction21692
8. 150 nios han recibido visitas guiadas para conocer el arrecife coralino (MARALLIANCE), #OceanAction17334
9. 3 reas Marinas Protegidas del caribe de Honduras cuentan con instrumentos que permiten la sostenibilidad financiera de las acciones de manejo (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17992
10. 3 reas Marinas Protegidas del caribe de Honduras disponen de instrumentos de manejo. (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17989
11. 30 New Mission Blue Hope Spots by 2020 (Sylvia Earle Alliance/Mission Blue), #OceanAction16625
12. 30% MPAs within Tongan waters (Tonga Ministry of MEIDECC/Ministry of Fisheries), #OceanAction21468
13. 3000 estudiantes han sido educados en cuanto al tema de la importancia de la mega-fauna marina (MARALLIANCE), #OceanAction17326
14. 3D printed artificial reefs: a relevant technology aiming to mimicry natural structural complexity and to mitigate lost of habitat in coastal ecosystems (Monegasque Association

^a The present annex has been reproduced as received, without formal editing, in the language of submission only.

- for the Protection of Nature), #OceanAction15740
15. A better understanding of our Oceans environment through the collection, use and sharing of Geospatial information (International Federation of Surveyors), #OceanAction18733
16. A commitment to reduce ocean noise pollution (Wildlife Conservation Society), #OceanAction18553
17. A Holistic Solution for the Eradication of Destructive Fishing Practices in South-East Asia (Reef Defenders), #OceanAction17094
18. A human-scale solution to microfiber pollution: The Cora Ball (Rozalia Project), #OceanAction16762
19. A joint ACCOBAMS/GFCM approach to mitigate bycatch and depredation in the Mediterranean Sea (Agreement on the Conservation of Cetaceans of the Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea and contiguous Atlantic area (ACCOBAMS)), #OceanAction16439
20. A Jurisdictional Implementation of the Micronesia Challenge (Federated States of Micronesia National Government), #OceanAction16688
21. A marine modeling tool for monitoring, managing and protecting the vulnerable ecosystem Ha Long Bay in Vietnam: development, training and best practices (CEBioS, RBINS), #OceanAction16292
22. A Massive Open Online Course: One Planet One Ocean: From Science to Solutions. (Cluster of Excellence), #OceanAction18037
23. A new global programme for private/public sponsorship: Take OFF, Take Ocean For Future (Institut océanographique Paul Ricard), #OceanAction14803
24. A pilot project for the protection of running water and Mediterranean Sea water from waste frying oil (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction19313
25. A Series of SIDS In-country Technical Assistance for Sustainable Development Roadmaps (Aruba Centre of Excellence for the Sustainable Development of SIDS), #OceanAction16670
26. A workshop site for the ecological restoration of the coastal environment (SAR-LAB project): An innovative research programme (Institut océanographique Paul Ricard), #OceanAction14771
27. Abyssal initiative for Blue Growth: Advancing SDG 14 and the quest for a Blue Economy through the promotion of socio-economic benefits for developing countries, including SIDS, and increasing scientific knowledge and research capacity: perspectives on de (International Seabed Authority(ISA) and United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs (UNDESA)), #OceanAction16538
28. ACCOBAMS — Addressing impacts of ocean noise on cetaceans in the Mediterranean and Black Seas (Agreement on the Conservation of Cetaceans of the Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea and contiguous Atlantic area (ACCOBAMS)), #OceanAction16331

29. ACCOBAMS Survey Initiative: a challenging macro synoptic regional assessment of cetaceans populations for the benefit of regional conservation and economic actors (ACCOBAMS (Agreement on the Conservation of Cetaceans of the Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea and contiguous Atlantic area)), #OceanAction16114
30. Achieve the good environmental status of EU Member States' marine waters by 2020 (European Union), #OceanAction17530
31. Achieving decent work for seafarers (International Labour Organization), #OceanAction21556
32. Achieving decent work through the elimination of exploitative labour conditions for fishers and seafarers (International Labour Organization (ILO)), #OceanAction16182
33. Achieving new Fisheries measures in the Belgian part of the North Sea (Federal Public Service for the Environment), #OceanAction17266
34. Achieving the promise of 10% ocean protection by 2020 (Ocean Sanctuary Alliance (OSA)), #OceanAction15318
35. Acting for the Health of the Environment and the Protection of Oceans (SUEZ), #OceanAction17749
36. Actualizar el Plan Nacional de Contingencias and Derrames de Hidrocarburos y Sustancias Nocivas (Dirección General de la Marina Mercante de Honduras), #OceanAction17797
37. Actualizar reglas y normativas vigentes para ser aplicadas en marinas y clubes náuticos a nivel nacional (Armada Dominicana), #OceanAction21112
38. Adaptando la Pesca y el Turismo del Golfo de Montijo al Cambio Climático (Fundacion MarViva), #OceanAction16782
39. Additional funds to a number of SDG14 related research and innovation projects (European Union), #OceanAction18678
40. Address Barriers to Floating Offshore Wind Energy Development through Inter-Industry Dialogue and Action (Principle Power, Inc.), #OceanAction18548
41. Address the issue of marine debris and ghost gear through a conservation management measure at Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (Marshall Islands Marine Resources Authority), #OceanAction21512
42. Addressing the global marine debris crisis from an underwater perspective — citizen science and community engagement for global solution (Project AWARE), #OceanAction17638
43. Addressing acidification (Iceland Ministry for the Environment and Natural Resources), #OceanAction16733
44. Addressing Ocean Acidification in Washington State (Washington State, Marine Resource Advisory Council), #OceanAction17932
45. Addressing the adverse impacts of underwater noise on migratory species (Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS)), #OceanAction21328

46. Addressing the causes of aquatic wild meat for sustainable development (OceanCare), #OceanAction16046
47. Adhesin a los convenios internacionales relativos a las indemnizaciones en caso de derrames de hidrocarburos (Dirección General de la Marina Mercante de Honduras), #OceanAction17803
48. adidas commitment to contribute to the implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14 (adidas), #OceanAction16518
49. Adoption of Fisheries Management Plans with long term precautionary Harvest Control Rules for commercially harvested fish stocks in Icelandic waters. (Minstry of Industries and Innovation on behalf of the Government of Iceland), #OceanAction18424
50. Advancing science and partnership in the Phoenix Islands Protected Area (PIPA Scientific Advisory Committee), #OceanAction20828
51. Advancing solutions oriented integrative ocean sustainability research within the Ocean Knowledge-Action Network (Ocean KAN) (Future Earth), #OceanAction15422
52. African Clean Cities Platform (Ministry of the Environment, Japan, JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency) , UNEP, UN-HABITAT), #OceanAction18001
53. AGIR pour la mise en oeuvre des Aires Marines Protgs (Association de Gestion Integree des Ressources), #OceanAction16838
54. Aitutaki Enviroloo GEF SGP Project part of the Keep Aitutaki Clean Programme (Aitutaki Conservation Trust), #OceanAction20249
55. Al menos un 20% de las embarcaciones de pesca artesanal contarn con un dispositivo de localizacin (Dirección General de la Marina Mercante), #OceanAction17857
56. Aloha Aina Associates (Hawaii Institute for Human Rights), #OceanAction21723
57. Aloha+ Nature 2030 Goal (Hawai'i Green Growth), #OceanAction15491
58. Amend relevant national regulations for the application of ecosystem approach (EcAp), defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperation wit (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17598
59. Amlioration de la Gestion Participative des Ressources de Mangroves pour la Lutte contre l'Erosion Ctre, la Pollution, la Prservation des Ressources Halieutiques et la rduction de la pauvret en Cte d'Ivoire. (La Fédération des Réseaux et Associations de l'Energie, de l'Environnement et du Développement Durable (FEREADD).), #OceanAction17782
60. Ampliacin del vivero de plantas costeras, Saman. (CEBSE), #OceanAction20908
61. An innovative financial mechanism to support the effective management of MPAs in the Mediterranean basin; a public-private commitment in a regional approach for local beneficiaries. (Monaco Government), #OceanAction15757
62. An Ocean of Opportunities — The Professor Mario Ruivo Prize (Eurocean Foundation), #OceanAction21368

63. Annual, public releases of the Surface Ocean CO₂ Atlas (SOCAT) (SOCAT scientific community), #OceanAction20464
64. APEC Project Workshop on Marine Observation and Research Towards Evidence Based Sustainable Ocean Governance (The Government of Japan), #OceanAction17090
65. Aplicación del Acuerdo de Nueva York (Dirección Nacional de los Espacios Acuáticos), #OceanAction21020
66. Application of Ridge to Reef Concept for Biodiversity Conservation and for the Enhancement of Ecosystem Services and Cultural Heritage in Niue (Niue Ministry of Natural Resources), #OceanAction17050
67. Application of the marine model for coastal shelf seas for the protection of the marine environment in Benin (CEBIOs, RBINS), #OceanAction16301
68. Apport de limagerie satellitaire dans la gestion durable des cosystèmes de mangroves au large de Toukouzou Ozalem, dans les départements de Grand-Lahou et Jacqueville, au sud de la Côte d'Ivoire (Centre National de Floristique), #OceanAction17890
69. Aprovechamiento Sostenible de moluscos en Patrimonio Natural del Estado (Sistema Nacional de Áreas de Conservación (SINAC/MINAE) e Instituto Nacional de Pesca y Acuicultura (INCOPESCA)), #OceanAction19579
70. Aprovechando la demanda del mercado para la conservación marina (Fundación MarViva), #OceanAction16790
71. APRU network of experts, future leaders and policy makers addressing the health of the Pacific Ocean and its marine and coastal resources (APRU), #OceanAction18938
72. ARCS Program — Autonomous Refuse Collection and Shipping (Smart Cities Industries), #OceanAction21735
73. Arctic Marine Protected Area Network Toolbox Project (2017-2019) (Sweden, Finland and Canada), #OceanAction18421
74. Artificial Reefs Program (Ministry of Climate Change and Environment — United Arab Emirates), #OceanAction20389
75. Artists Project Earth (APE UK) (APE UK), #OceanAction15302
76. Aruba Plastic Bag Ban (Parliament Aruba), #OceanAction20744
77. Asegurar la descarga y manejo adecuado de al menos 6000 toneladas por año de desechos sólidos (Dirección General de la Marina Mercante de Honduras), #OceanAction17806
78. Assessment of the marine environment status in Albania (Regional Environmental Center Country Office Albania), #OceanAction18370
79. Assisting Improvement of Locally Managed Coastal Fisheries in the Marshall Islands (UNDP GEF Small Grants Programme/RMI), #OceanAction20029
80. Assisting Small and Artisanal Fishermen (INDIA), #OceanAction20664
81. At sea research for MPAs (Oceana), #OceanAction21232

82. Atlantic Interactions A strategic research agenda Integrating Space, Climate-Energy, Oceans and Data Sciences through North-South/South-North Cooperation (Government of Portugal), #OceanAction18518
83. Aumentar el conocimiento científico sobre sistemas costeros y marinos (Museo Nacional de Historia Natural, Ministerio de Medio Ambiente, UASD), #OceanAction21120
84. Australia State of the Environment (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction17438
85. Australias Integrated Marine Observing System (IMOS) as a contribution to global ocean observing (Bureau of Meteorology, as a principal participant in the IMOS consortium), #OceanAction17426
86. Avoid and Intercept ocean plastics by the fisheries industry of the Maldives (Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture, Maldives), #OceanAction16586
87. Avoid Intercept Redesign our ocean plastics (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction17836
88. Avoid, Intercept, Redesign plastics to save our Ocean (Nauru — CIE), #OceanAction20219
89. Awareness campaigns on the marine mammals in the Pelagos Santuary (Pelagos Agreement on the creation of a marine mammals Sanctuary in the Mediterranean Sea), #OceanAction21296
90. Ballast water management programme (INDIA), #OceanAction20612
91. Baltic Sea region: Soil carbon sequestration and nutrient cycling to combat eutrophication and climate change (Foundation for a Living Baltic Sea/Baltic Sea Action Group (BSAG)), #OceanAction18085
92. Ban plastic microbeads in cosmetics (Sweden), #OceanAction18818
93. Beach clean-ups (Fundación para la Protección del Mar — PROMAR), #OceanAction18490
94. Beach Cleanup — San Pedro in Lima, Per (L.O.O.P. (Life Out Of Plastic)), #OceanAction18888
95. Beach Observation Network ‘SeaWatch-B’ (Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ)), #OceanAction18663
96. Becas de investigación FECOP-GFTR (becas de investigación de la Federación Costarricense de Pesca Turística y Gray FishTag Research) para estudiantes costarricenses (Federación Costarricense de Pesca Turística (FECOP)), #OceanAction19674
97. Belgian long term vision for the North Sea 2050 (Secretary of State from the North Sea & Federal Public Service for the Environment), #OceanAction17150
98. Belgian marine research programme (Belgian Science Policy Office (BELSPO)), #OceanAction18394

99. Belgium's national action plan on Ballast Water by Federal Public Service of Mobility and Transport — Belgium (Government) — SDG 14 (Federal Public Service of Mobility and Transport — Belgium (Government)), #OceanAction15936
100. Belgium's national action plan on marine litter (Belgium (Federal Public Service of the Environment — Belgium)), #OceanAction14721
101. Belize Model For Sustainable Small-Scale Fisheries Management (Belize Fisheries Department), #OceanAction17863
102. Benthic Trawling Experimental project (SADSTIA), #OceanAction21336
103. Better climate for living of human society and other life through implementation of CRM, and huge employment generation (Anupam Ghosh of Asian Marine Conservation Association (AMCA)), #OceanAction21516
104. Better understand our offshore fishstocks (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17647
105. Biodiversity Conservation, Coastal, Ocean Clean-up and Protection (SPAWNOrg Inc. (Service to the People and Welfare of the Nation Org. Inc.) Tanauan, Leyte Philippines 6502), #OceanAction14216
106. Biogeography, Conservation and Modeling Laboratory (Arizona State University), #OceanAction14951
107. Blue Action Fund (Germany, Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ)), #OceanAction16098
108. Blue Azores (A Network of Marine Protected Areas) (Oceano Azul Foundation), #OceanAction18109
109. Blue Carbon Code of Conduct (GRID-Arendal), #OceanAction20420
110. Blue Economy Aquaculture Challenge (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT)), #OceanAction17446
111. Blue economy for a healthy Mediterranean- Measuring, Monitoring and Promoting an environmentally sustainable economy in the Mediterranean region (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan/Plan Bleu Regional Activity Center), #OceanAction19325
112. Blue Economy Handbook (Indian Ocean Rim Association), #OceanAction18328
113. Blue Fee for coastal and marine resource sustainable management in the Republic of the Marshall Islands (Ministry of Resources & Development (Marshall Islands Marine Resources Authority)), #OceanAction21568
114. Blue Forests Project (United Nations Environment Programme), #OceanAction21548
115. Blue Growth Summer School (Ghent University), #OceanAction19574
116. Blue Halo Barbuda: Sustainable and comprehensive ocean and coastal management initiative (The Government of Antigua and Barbuda/Blue Halo Barbuda), #OceanAction20800
117. Blue Innovation Institute for SIDS (The Netherlands), #OceanAction18301

118. Blue Solutions for a healthy Blue Planet (The Blue Solutions Initiative), #OceanAction18088
119. Bootless Bay Managed Marine Area (Conservation and Environment Protection Authority, Papua New Guinea), #OceanAction21432
120. Bothnia Bulk (SSAB), #OceanAction15203
121. Brazilian Alliance for Sustainable Seafood (BASS) (Executive Secretariat — provisory), #OceanAction21696
122. Brochure on marine biodiversity in the Belgian part of the North Sea (Federal Public Service for the Environment), #OceanAction16450
123. Build a global network of Blue Carbon Knowledge Nodes for Science and Policy (The Blue Carbon Initiative), #OceanAction15003
124. Building a management plan on the Whales and Dolphins Uruguayan Sanctuary: mitigate and avoid impacts on the endangered cetaceans (Eubalaena sp; Pontoporia sp), threatened and die by direct, indirect and synergistic activities. (Organization Cetacean Conservation OCC), #OceanAction14927
125. Building Capacity of Sarteneja Village to Contribute to the Success of Managed Access in Belize — GEF SGP funded project (Sarteneja Fishermen Association), #OceanAction19208
126. Building International Capacity to Monitor, Understand, and Act on Ocean Acidification (The Ocean Foundation), #OceanAction15877
127. Building Partnerships to Assist Developing Countries Minimize the Impacts from Aquatic Biofouling (GloFouling Partnerships) (International Maritime Organization (IMO)), #OceanAction16601
128. Building Resilience of the Land, People and Fijis Oceans (WWF Pacific), #OceanAction16422
129. Building the knowledge base for global ocean resource management (Ocean Tracking Network), #OceanAction16066
130. Building up the national infrastructure to ensure the effective implementation of the Ballast Water Convention (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17632
131. Bureau of Meteorology hosting of UNESCO Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) decentralised offices for ocean science and tsunami warning (Bureau of Meteorology), #OceanAction16902
132. By 2020 establish a conservation target of 5% of marine & coastal areas. (Ministry of Environment), #OceanAction18334
133. By end of 2017 have an approved Oceans Policy (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17641
134. By-products from steel industry for water purification. (Höganäs AB), #OceanAction20844

135. Bycatch Mitigation Initiative (International Whaling Commission), #OceanAction19333
136. Bye Bye Plastic Bags (Melati & Isabel Wijsen), #OceanAction14672
137. Cabo Verde creates and implements comprehensive frameworks for maritime sector planning and threat management (National Directorate of Environment), #OceanAction17860
138. Campaa concientizacin para uso de bolsas reutilizables en las Islas de la Bah, con el fin de reducir el uso de bolsas de plstico desechables. (Zona Libre de Turismo (ZOLITUR)), #OceanAction17926
139. Canada Commits to the United Nations Environment Clean Seas Campaign (Canada), #OceanAction20676
140. Canadas Oceans Protection Plan- Investments in New Research Activities to Reduce Impacts on Marine Mammals from Shipping and Improve Response to Emergency Pollution Incidents (Canada), #OceanAction20708
141. Canadas support for marine pollution prevention under the London Protocol (Canada), #OceanAction20616
142. Canadian Investments in Ocean Science Research and Monitoring (Canada), #OceanAction19298
143. Capacitar a 75 efectivos de la Fuerza Naval de Honduras en cuanto a temas de control y vigilancia de reas protegidas marinas (Fundaci ón Islas de la Bah á), #OceanAction17394
144. Capacitar a 80 autoridades policiales en temas de legislacin ambiental (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Roat án), #OceanAction17342
145. Capacitar a maestros de escuela en el manejo de desechos slidos (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Roat án), #OceanAction17294
146. Capacitar a todas las juntas de agua de Roatan en el mejor manejo del agua potable y actividades de saneamiento (Polos Water Association), #OceanAction17218
147. Capacity building for preserving marine habitats with marine models in Peru (CEBIoS, RBINS), #OceanAction16286
148. Capacity Building in support of the Ocean Economy (University of Mauritius), #OceanAction18516
149. Capacity Building on Coastal Protection in South Indian and Atlantic Oceans (Department of Geography, Kenyatta University), #OceanAction16238
150. Capacity building programme towards marine litter and the opportunities of the circular economy for the plastic sector (Exchange 4 Change Brasil and ABIPLAST — Brazilian Plastics Industry Association), #OceanAction17743
151. Capacity Development (INDIA), #OceanAction20628
152. Capacity development of SAS member countries for the preparaion of specific policies to implement goal 14 (South Asia Cooperative Environment Programme (SACEP)), #OceanAction15445

153. Capacity Development Supporting the Implementation of Sustainable Development Goal 14 and the Transfer of Marine Technology within the SIDS (IOC-CD), #OceanAction16002
154. Capacity-building for Artisinal Fisherman (Tecnologica de Alimentos S.A.), #OceanAction17830
155. Cape York and Neighboring Island Countries Marine Debris partnerships (Tangaroa Blue Foundation), #OceanAction19349
156. Captive Breeding of Marine ornamental Fish (Haus des Meeres Vienna), #OceanAction15566
157. Caracterizacin de las principales actividades pesqueras en los Cayos Miskitos, (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17980
158. Care of the Oceans (World Christian Life Community), #OceanAction21726
159. Caribbean Centre for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency (CCREEE) (Austrian Development Agency), #OceanAction16510
160. Caribbean Platform for Nutrients Management (Secretariat to the Cartagena Convention — UN Environment Caribbean Environment Programme), #OceanAction16242
161. Catalyzing ocean literacy (UN Environment World Conservation Monitoring Centre), #OceanAction21016
162. CDSB Framework for environmental information and natural capital reporting (Climate Disclosure Standards Board (CDSB)), #OceanAction15916
163. Checklist and Information System on Alien and Invasive species in the Belgian part of the North Sea and adjacent estuaries (Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ)), #OceanAction18648
164. Chuuk Lagoon Pacific Ocean Emergency Response — Safeguarding Underwater Cultural Heritage (FSM National Archives, Historic Preservation & Culture Office), #OceanAction16691
165. CITES working for sustainable fisheries delivering on needs-driven capacity building (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES)), #OceanAction15374
166. Civil society and small and micro enterprise innovation for marine and coastal conservation in the Caribbean (Caribbean Natural Resources Institute (CANARI)), #OceanAction19559
167. Clean Seas for a Cleaner Pacific (United Nations Environment Programme (UN entity)/Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (Intergovernmental Organisation)), #OceanAction15962
168. Clean Tax Cuts for Plastic Waste Reduction (Ocean Recovery Alliance), #OceanAction15055

169. Clean the Creeks in Lindenhurst, NY that flow into the Great South Bay in Suffolk County, NY (Linda McParland), #OceanAction21720
170. Clean up exercise (United Nations Information Centre, Accra), #OceanAction15998
171. Clean up of ghost nets and plastics in our global ocean utilizing existing maritime industry equipment & adapting it for major clean up work. (Ocean Voyages Institute), #OceanAction21652
172. Cleaning the coast of the Persian Gulf (SGP), #OceanAction20364
173. Cleanup of Itaquitanuva beach (Aborigenes Institute), #OceanAction16846
174. Climate and Oceans Support Program in the Pacific (COSPPac) (Bureau of Meteorology), #OceanAction16906
175. Climate Change adaptation for small islands (Climate Change Informatics, CSIR-NISCAIR), #OceanAction15913
176. Climate change and ocean acidification: risks and opportunities for the seafood industry. Review project. (National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research, commissioned by the New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18358
177. Climate Field School for Fishermen (Agency for Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics of the Republic of Indonesia (BMKG)), #OceanAction19048
178. Climate Justice by Your Hands Project, supported by GEF SGP implemented by UNDP (Food Security Project of Phang-nga Coastal Communities), #OceanAction17911
179. Coastal Acidification: Rate, Impacts and Management (CARIM) research project (New Zealand National Institute for Water and Atmospheric Research), #OceanAction18286
180. Coastal and Marine Ecosystems Management Program (Department of Environment and Natural Resources), #OceanAction17929
181. Coastal Fisheries Initiative/LAC: Producing a change shift towards an integrated, inclusive and sustainable approach to fisheries management and development (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15395
182. Coastal of Inundation Forecasting Demonstration Project (CIFDP) (Agency for Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics of the Republic of Indonesia (BMKG)), #OceanAction19033
183. Coastal Risk Resilience and Insurance (The Nature Conservancy), #OceanAction15404
184. Coastal Sustainability Institute at Northeastern University (Northeastern University), #OceanAction14381
185. Colectivo Navegaci ón Sostenible Lima (Colegiatura Colombiana de Sostenibilidad), #OceanAction15434
186. Collaborative mitigating measures for the conservation of marine ecosystem in the lower Volta Basin in the Songor Ramsar and Biosphere Reserve (Biodiversity and Ecological Restoration Organization), #OceanAction19369

187. Collect plankton samples for analysis of priority chemicals (Goes Foundation), #OceanAction19714
188. Combating pollution from plastic products (Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change), #OceanAction17062
189. Combatting Human Rights Abuses in Fishing Industry (Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries), #OceanAction18277
190. Combatting IUU fishing (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)), #OceanAction18445
191. Combatting litter (The Netherlands), #OceanAction18046
192. Commit to provide the most sustainable advisory service to at least five countries and companies wishing to maximize the use of their natural resources by 2020 and 10 countries and companies by 2030. (Beejadur Ocean Solutions), #OceanAction17166
193. Commitment between the Secretariats of the Caribbean Environment Programme and the OSPAR Commission to explore opportunities for inter-regional cooperation (Secretariats of the Caribbean Environment Programme and the OSPAR Commission), #OceanAction17198
194. Commitment between the Secretariats of the North East Atlantic Fisheries Commission and the OSPAR Commission under the collective arrangement (The North East Atlantic Fisheries Commission and the OSPAR Commission for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North East Atlantic), #OceanAction21204
195. Commitment by Canary Islands and their marine environments (Sociedad Atlántica de Oceanógrafos (SAO)), #OceanAction21532
196. Commitment from a group of Swedish Investors on Goal 14 and Goal 6 (AP7, SPP, Church of Sweden Asset Management, Alecta, Folksam, Handelsbanken Asset Management, East Capital), #OceanAction18768
197. Commitment to international education regarding the major environmental issue of marine litter in our global ocean through multi-lingual visual media as well as continued lectures. (Ocean Voyages Institute), #OceanAction21676
198. Commitment to raise awareness about sustainable alternatives to deep sea mining (Seas At Risk), #OceanAction16974
199. Commitment to reduce CO2 emissions (and their impact on the Ocean) from global shipping industry (International Chamber of Shipping), #OceanAction14528
200. Commitment to work towards an end to disposable, single-use plastic products in light of their non-circular nature and the frequency these products become marine plastic pollution (Seas At Risk), #OceanAction16724
201. Committing to Social Responsibility in Global Fisheries and Aquaculture (Conservation International), #OceanAction15143
202. Commonwealth Marine Economies (CME) Programme (United Kingdom), #OceanAction19609

203. Commonwealth Marine Reserves (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction17908
204. Community and Stakeholder Based Coral Reef Restoration In Bira & Harapan Islands, Thousand Islands, Jakarta (Yayasan Karang Lestari Teluk Pemuteran (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation)), #OceanAction17674
205. Community Based Coral Reef Restoration in Ambon Bay, Maluku, Indonesia (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation), #OceanAction15830
206. Community Based Coral Reef Restoration in Pemuteran, Buleleng, Bali (Yayasan Karang Lestari Teluk Pemuteran (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation)), #OceanAction17434
207. Community Based Fisheries Management Phase 2 (Australia Government (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade/Australian Centre for International Agriculture Research)), #OceanAction17054
208. Community dialogue intervention to stop waste disposal into Rivers in the community (Community members), #OceanAction14492
209. Community Engagement for Uruguay's 'sanctuary for whales and dolphins' (Organización Conservación de Cetáceos/Organization for Cetacean Conservation OCC Uruguay), #OceanAction14439
210. Community Integrated Management Plans (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16994
211. Complete mapping of vulnerable coastal areas (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17896
212. Comprehensive and sustainable community-based sea turtle conservation programme on Maio Island, Cabo Verde (Fundação Maio Biodiversidade (FMB)), #OceanAction19479
213. Comprometidos con el uso sostenible del recurso pesquero (TAKAMI), #OceanAction21428
214. Conciencia Martima (Ministerio de Defensa Nacional), #OceanAction21000
215. Concienciar a pescadores e instituciones afines con los ocanos, sobre aspectos legales asociados a los ocanos y la convención de la ONU sobre el Derecho del Mar. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction21140
216. Concientizar a los pescadores de la provincia Barahona con programas para el uso adecuado y regulado de las actividades pesqueras. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20976
217. Connecting and Protecting Our Seas: Initiatives in the Baltic and the Mediterranean (Sweden and Monaco), #OceanAction20104
218. Connecting Water and Agriculture in the Danube River Basin to Protect the Black Sea (International Commission for the Protection of the Danube River (ICPDR)), #OceanAction14991

219. Conservación, uso sostenible de la biodiversidad y mantenimiento de los servicios de los ecosistemas de humedales protegidos de importancia internacional- Proyecto Humedales (Sistema Nacional de Áreas de Conservación (SINAC)), #OceanAction19539
220. Conservación de los humedales e impulso de actividades agroecoturísticas en el Espavé de Chame. (Asociación Agro-Ecoturística El Espavé — Eben Ezer), #OceanAction16640
221. Conservación de los manglares y protección de tortugas marinas y playas en Jaqué Darién. (Fundación Almanaque Azul), #OceanAction16646
222. Conservation and Management of all Species of Sharks and Rays and their Critical Habitats within Fijian Waters (Ministry of Fisheries and Department of Environment, Fiji), #OceanAction19999
223. Conservation and management of biodiversity through sustainable production and efficient governance mechanism in the Bio-corridor. (Comuna Las Gilces), #OceanAction19684
224. Conservation and Management of Cetaceans (International Whaling Commission), #OceanAction20229
225. Conservation and sustainability of fish and other marine species (Bangladesh), #OceanAction18543
226. Conservation and sustainable use of marine and coastal biodiversity in the Caribbean Sea Basin (European Union), #OceanAction18121
227. Conservation of marine eco-systems surrounding through implementing Sustainable Fisheries, support Marine research and educational programs (Six Senses Ninh Van Bay), #OceanAction17178
228. Conservation of sea turtle contributing to biodiversity of Hon Cau marine protected area ([UNDP/GEF](#) Small Grants Programme), #OceanAction21460
229. Conservation of urban wetlands through birds and citizen science (The Global Environment Facility (GEF) Small Grants Programme (SGP)), #OceanAction19954
230. Conserve and restore marine biodiversity resources on Santa Luzia, Raso and Branco MPA (National Directorate of Environment), #OceanAction17872
231. Conserve the Ocean of Lobitos by declaring it a World Surfing Reserve (WSR) (EcoSwell), #OceanAction16082
232. Conserve the oceans surrounding the resort and beyond by supporting sustainable fisheries, protecting critical habitats and the species that live in them, preventing plastic pollution by reducing waste in operations, and educating people of all ages. (Six Senses Laamu), #OceanAction16822
233. Conserving 25% of Grenada's nearshore marine environment and the sustainable development of its coastline (Grenada (Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Forestry and Fisheries)), #OceanAction14548
234. Conserving 27% of marine and coastal areas of major importance for biological diversity and ecosystems services, per ecologically representative protected areas that are

effectively and equitably managed (Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment of Cuba), #OceanAction20964

235. Conserving Marine Biodiversity in Saint. Kitts and Nevis (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction15725

236. Conserving productive and resilient marine ecosystems: Supporting human wellbeing from the Sea (WWF Colombia), #OceanAction16430

237. Consistent efforts towards moving the fisheries in Indian Ocean sustainable (Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture of the Maldives), #OceanAction18016

238. Consolidacion de Reserva De Biosfera de UNESCO (GLOBAL PENGUIN SOCIETY), #OceanAction16610

239. Continuar con el compromiso establecido mediante la iniciativa CLME (Grandes Ecosistemas Marinos del Caribe) (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20836

240. Continuar con el mantenimiento y operacin de los viveros de corales en la isla de Roatn (Roatn Marine Park (RMP)), #OceanAction17779

241. Continuar el monitoreo de ecosistemas marinos y costeros a nivel nacional y promover publicaciones peridicas con esta informacin (Sociedad Civil), #OceanAction21116

242. Continuar la participacin en la Iniciativa Regional Reto del Caribe, para la proteccin del 20% de la plataforma marina nacional. (The Nature Conservancy), #OceanAction21108

243. Contribution to global research on Arctic Ocean (INDIA), #OceanAction20672

244. Contribution to the Blue Action Fund #OceanAction16098 (Government of Sweden), #OceanAction21424

245. Contribution to the CBD Special Voluntary Trust Fund to support work on EBSAs, Marine Spatial Planning and the Sustainable Ocean Initiative. (Sweden), #OceanAction18376

246. Control of marine litter inflow via rivers Bojana and Sutorina into the sea, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in the Framework of the SAP-MED with the aim to achieve (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17716

247. CONTROLE ET SUIVI DES TRAVAUX DE L'OUVERTURE DE L'EMBOUCHURE DE GRAND BASSAM (Centre Ivoirien Antipollution), #OceanAction17794

248. Cooperation towards fossil fuel free businesses (Haga Initiative), #OceanAction18403

249. CoopeTrcoles R.L. — Jeannette Naranjo Gonzalez (Coopetarcoles R.L), #OceanAction17773

250. Coordinating Body on the Seas of East Asia (COBSEA) (COBSEA Secretariat), #OceanAction15986
251. Coral Art — Underwater Living Sculptures (Raisa Mar | Conservation Artist), #OceanAction21664
252. Coral Reef Bleaching Alert Dashboard (Wgdesign), #OceanAction14423
253. Coral Sea Natural Park management plan (New-Caledonia Government), #OceanAction19341
254. Coral Triangle Initiative Australian Support Program (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction16870
255. Country Action on the Parties to the Nauru Agreement's Third Implementation Agreement Program (FSM Public Law 19-169) (National Oceanic Resource Management Authority), #OceanAction16679
256. Course on Sustainable Oceans and Marine Resources (Singapore), #OceanAction18918
257. Creacin de 5 reas Protegidas Costero Marinas en el Pacifico de Guatemala (CONSEJO NACIONAL DE ÁREAS PROTEGIDAS DE GUATEMALA), #OceanAction20460
258. Creacin de al menos un vivero de corales para actividades de recuperacin de areas afectadas en funcionamiento en algn pas del Arrecife Mesoamericano. (Iniciativa Arrecifes Saludables), #OceanAction17270
259. Creacin de capacidad y transferencia de tecnologa marina. (Instituto Oceanogr áfico de la Armada), #OceanAction21008
260. Creacin de lineamientos de ordenamiento del sector pesquero (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17977
261. Creacin de lnea base en cuanto al estado de los manglares y pastos marinos en la Isla de Roatn (Zona Libre de Turismo (ZOLITUR)), #OceanAction17362
262. Creacin de reas de recuperacin de pesqueras en el paisaje marino CSUCC (Cuero y Salado — Utila — Cayos Cochinos) (Fundaci ón Islas de la Bah á), #OceanAction17374
263. Creacin de un Fondo Ambiental para incentivar la Conservacin de los Servicios Ecosistmicos del Mar y de los Recursos Marino y Costeros (Viceministerio de Agua, Mares, Costas y Humedales (VAMCH) del Ministerio de Ambiente y Energ á (MINAE)), #OceanAction19519
264. Creacin del Plan de Manejo Pesquero para la Bah a de Tela (Coral Reef Alliance), #OceanAction17956
265. Crear e implementar el programa de control y vigilancia en las reas protegidas marinas de la Bah a de Tela. (Coral Reef Alliance), #OceanAction17788
266. Crear mecanismos de prestamos blandos para favorecer a los grupos organizados de pescadores artesanales (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction18199

267. Crear un plan de gobernanza del recurso pesquero en el Paisaje Marino CSUCC (Cuero y Salado-Utila-Cayos Cochinos) (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17366
268. Crear una cadena de compra eficiente y transparente para que los pescadores artesanales vendan su producto en el mercado (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction18196
269. Crear, reforzar, socializar y establecer planes de gobernanza de las reas marinas protegidas y zonas de recuperación pesquera de Guanaja (Coral Reef Alliance), #OceanAction17941
270. Crear, reforzar, socializar y establecer planes de gobernanza de las reas marinas protegidas y zonas de recuperación pesquera en la Bahía de Tela (Coral Reef Alliance), #OceanAction17944
271. Create a national campaign to raise awareness of pollution and its impact on our oceans (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17623
272. Create an evaluation and monitoring system of the Blue Fund that is aligned with Goal 14 targets (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18496
273. Creating more informed and aware citizenry (Government of Nepal), #OceanAction21440
274. Creating the regulator system to allow for and promote the use of LNG as an alternative fuel (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17668
275. Creation d'Aires Protegées Aquatiques (Gabon), #OceanAction21822
276. Creation of 15 MPA's (Lebanon), #OceanAction21795
277. Creation of a community environmental team (Création d'une brigade environnementale coutumière) (Community Environmental Advisory Committee (Comité consultatif coutumier environnementale-CCCE)), #OceanAction19729
278. Crer des sociétés de résilience travers la protection des réserves de biosphère et des océans (Union Nationale des Travailleurs Démocrates), #OceanAction15139
279. Crew based observers release bycatch in the Arabian Sea (WWF Pakistan), #OceanAction16418
280. Cross-boundary and inter-sectorial solutions for ecosystem-based marine spatial planning: the Symphony method (Sweden), #OceanAction18361
281. Curacao as a Caribbean Leader for Marine Science and Innovation (The Government of Curacao), #OceanAction21496
282. Curacao, in collaboration with the WAITT Institute, will develop and codify a sustainable ocean policy by December 2018 (Government of Curacao), #OceanAction21504
283. D'ici 2022, mettre fin à la pêche INN dans les eaux sous juridiction de Togo (Haut Conseil pour la Mer (HCM)), #OceanAction20972

284. Data management services for ocean acidification and the Essential Ocean Variable Inorganic Carbon (Bjerknes Climate Data Centre co-hosted by the Bjerknes Centre for Climate Research and the University of Bergen), #OceanAction20816
285. Data sharing and use for contributing to SDG14 on marine biodiversity and marine debris (Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, and JAMSTEC (Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology)), #OceanAction17602
286. Database of support policies to fisheries — The Fisheries Support Estimate (FSE) (Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)), #OceanAction14983
287. Decent work in the fishing sector (International Labour Organization), #OceanAction21552
288. Declaracion de reas de recuperacion pesquera (Dirección General de la Marina Mercante), #OceanAction17854
289. Declarar dos reas de recuperacion de la pesca en la Isla de Roatán: French Cay y Santa Elena (CORAL), #OceanAction17378
290. Declaration of Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) (Department of Environmental Affairs — Ocean and Coasts Branch), #OceanAction20508
291. Declaration on Marine Reserves (Belgium, Belize, Nauru, Portugal), #OceanAction18878
292. Decrease impacts of ocean acidification (Ministry in charge of environment), #OceanAction16814
293. Deep Sea Conservation (Deep Sea Conservation Coalition), #OceanAction16970
294. Deliver proposal of Chilean National Ocean Policy. (Chile), #OceanAction16598
295. Delivering Improved Coastal Fisheries Management Services in Fiji (Ministry of Fisheries, Fiji), #OceanAction19929
296. Dell Commits to Scaling Commercial Use of Ocean Bound Plastic (Dell), #OceanAction14578
297. Demonstrating Innovative Ocean Governance Mechanisms and Delivering Best Practices and Lessons for Extended Continental Shelf Management within the Western Indian Ocean Large Marine Ecosystems (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16890
298. Departamento de Biología, Bioquímica y Farmacia (Universidad Nacional del Sur), #OceanAction16982
299. Deploying dedicated Space technologies and assets for Ocean applications (India), #OceanAction20544
300. Desarrollar dos investigaciones científicas por año acerca de temas marinos (MARALLIANCE), #OceanAction17402
301. Desarrollo de al menos 2 sistemas de gobernanza para el manejo de los recursos pesqueros y de los ecosistemas asociados costero-marinos (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction17947

302. Desarrollo de capacidades para el fomento de la pesca sostenible (CODOPESCA), #OceanAction21092

303. Desarrollo del Programa de Saneamiento y Restauración en playas y lagunas costeras y en reas de arriales en cuatro (4) provincias costeras (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20892

304. Desarrollo del Proyecto para la preparación de REDD+ República Dominicana, con el componente de bosque de manglar. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20952

305. Desarrollo Sostenible del Sector Pesquero (Comisión Colombiana del Océano), #OceanAction20084

306. Designating Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) (India), #OceanAction20524

307. Designation and enhancement of implementation of the Baltic Sea as NOx Emission Control Area for ships and public-private partnership (Baltic Marine Environment Protection Commission (HELCOM)), #OceanAction15614

308. Designation of St. Ann's Bank as a Canada Oceans Act Marine Protected Area (Canada), #OceanAction20492

309. Designation of the Anguniaqvia Niqiqyuam Marine Protected Area (Canada), #OceanAction19138

310. Designation of the First Ever Marine Protected Area in Pakistan (Ministry of Climate Change, Government of Pakistan), #OceanAction16034

311. Designation of the Hecate Strait — Queen Charlotte Sound Glass Sponge Reefs Marine Protected Area (Canada), #OceanAction19158

312. Designation of the Jomard entrance as a particularly sensitive sea area (Papua New Guinea National Maritime Safety Authority), #OceanAction21372

313. Desktop Study on Marine Litter including Microplastics in the Arctic (Phase I) (Sweden, Norway, Iceland), #OceanAction18373

314. Develop a marine spatial plan for Seychelles' Exclusive Economic Zone (Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change), #OceanAction17923

315. Develop Marine Spatial Plans (MSP) covering the entire area under national jurisdiction, using ecosystem-based approaches (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18175

316. Develop norms and standards in the monitoring of cross cutting areas of biodiversity, climate change and land degradation. (EIMMS Project), #OceanAction18256

317. Develop research capacity and transfer of marine technology through the UNESCO/IOC Regional Network of Training and Research Centers (RTTRCs) on Marine Science in the Western Pacific and adjacent regions in support of the SDG 14.a (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO, via its Sub-Commission for the Western Pacific (WESTPAC)), #OceanAction15266

318. Develop Sustainable Ocean Economy (Department of Strategic Planning and Economy, State Oceanic Administration, P.R.China), #OceanAction19834

319. Developing a bilingual web-based fish identification tool for field use in Indonesia (Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO)), #OceanAction16898
320. Developing and sharing solutions to Marine Plastic Litter (University of Gothenburg, Center for Sea and Society), #OceanAction18391
321. Developing Data Science and Artificial Intelligence Talent for addressing Ocean challenges — Data Science for Social Good Program (CS Research Foundation), #OceanAction16978
322. Developing Multi Stakeholders Alliances to Achieve SDG 14 by 2030 Through Education, Advocacy and the Promotion of Public Policies to Protect our oceans (The Millennials Movement), #OceanAction16442
323. Developing SDG Objectives and Metrics with and for the Ocean Business Community (World Ocean Council), #OceanAction16854
324. Developing the science basis to support ecosystem based management (The International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES)), #OceanAction15924
325. Developing the Statistical Capacities for Monitoring the SDGs and Paris Agreement Commitments (Ireland), #OceanAction21456
326. Development and expansion of global, faith-based, Marine and Coastal Conservation Programme (A Rocha International), #OceanAction18493
327. Development and implementation of additional marine actions under the National Strategy for the Conservation of Threatened Species (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19659
328. Development and implementation of the Brazilian Blue Fund (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19669
329. Development and strengthening of the regional research and monitoring network, as part of global efforts, on the ecological impacts of ocean acidification on coral reef ecosystems in the Western Pacific and its adjacent regions in support of the SDG 14.3 (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO, via its Sub-Commission for the Western Pacific (WESTPAC)), #OceanAction15274
330. Development economic alternatives fishing community Punta Alegre contribute sustainable use marine resources and biodiversity protection National Park Los Caimanes SGP-GEF (Fishing community), #OceanAction18475
331. Development of a Centre for Information and Documentation on the Brazilian Ocean (Ombudsperson of the Sea network), #OceanAction16649
332. Development of a globally recognized framework to evaluate tropical small scale fisheries against environmental sustainability standards (Monterey Bay Aquarium on behalf of all partners), #OceanAction18148
333. Development of a Multi-Organism and Multi-Level Biomarker System for Biomonitoring of Marine Ecosystem Health (Singapore), #OceanAction18983

334. Development of a national marine spatial planning process (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19704
335. Development of a national strategy to combat marine litter (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19694
336. Development of Canadas Operational Guidance for Identifying Other Effective Area-Based Conservation Measures in Canadas Marine Environment (Canada), #OceanAction19188
337. Development of ecosystem-based management of fish and fisheries in Sweden (Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management (SwAM)), #OceanAction20189
338. Development of effective area-based conservation measures in marine areas (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19649
339. Development of Locally Managed Areas for Restoration and Sustainable Use of Coastal Eco-systems with Involvement of Local Stakeholders (The Institute of Oceanography, Viet Nam Academy of Science and Technology), #OceanAction18418
340. Development of maritime spatial plan, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperation with UN Environment/MAP (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for Spatial Planning and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17653
341. Development of the duck island snorkeling trail (New Caledonia Environmental Initiation Center (CIE.NC)), #OceanAction19749
342. Development of the project documentation and remediation of 37 illegal non-equipped solid waste disposal sites in coastal area, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in th (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for Community Development and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17725
343. Devepment and implementation of the National Contgency plan for the Republic of Cape Verde (AMP (Cape Verde Maritime Administration)), #OceanAction18618
344. DISASTER RELIEF AND MANAGEMENT COURSE — INDONESIA (Indonesia (INDONESIAN NAVAL HYDROGRAPHIC CENTER)), #OceanAction14391
345. Dispatch of Experts on Coastal and Marine Resources Management (Japanese Regional Technical Cooperation) (JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency)), #OceanAction17998
346. Drones for Whale Research: SnotBot (Ocean Alliance), #OceanAction15780
347. Eco Labeling/Catch Certification (Fiji Fishing Industry Association (FFIA)), #OceanAction19894
348. Eco tourism activities in mangrove and coral island in Vidathalivu Mannar (Vidathalivu Eco Tourism Society), #OceanAction15970

349. Eco-Divers — Diving with a Purpose — Removing Ghostnest from wrecks in the Belgian NorthSea (Ecoduikers), #OceanAction20764
350. Ecological Marine Units Map, Apps, and Data (Esri and USGS), #OceanAction14488
351. Ecoship (Peace Boat), #OceanAction12930
352. Ecosystem based fisheries management and ecosystem restoration in the Humboldt Current System (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15386
353. Education, Training and Capacity Building (World Maritime University), #OceanAction21576
354. Educational Manual Linking Oceans to the SDGs (Royal Academy of Science International Trust), #OceanAction14047
355. Effective implementation of Monitoring, Control, Surveillance and Enforcement programmes for Samoas fishery waters (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries), #OceanAction18433
356. Effective Management of the Coastal and Marine Environment (UNDP Albania), #OceanAction18052
357. Effective Regulation of Fisheries and the Rational Exploitation of Marine and Coastal Resources. (Ministry in charge of Aquatic Resources and Fishery), #OceanAction16154
358. El compromiso voluntario del Programa de Pequeas Donaciones GEF Colombia es fortalecer la capacidad de 14 organizaciones comunitarias para el manejo sostenible y la proteccin de los ecosistemas marino costeros, mediante el desarrollo del ecoturismo y la p (Programa de Pequeñas DONaciones del GEF Colombia), #OceanAction21648
359. Elaboracin y aprobadicin de la Ley Sectorial de la Zona Costera y Marina y sus Recursos y los reglamentos correspondientes. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20568
360. Elaborar, difundir e impulsar el cumplimiento de la normativa que regula tecnologas, comercializacin y restricciones de pesca (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y CODOPESCA), #OceanAction21088
361. Elaboration of a study in order to establish a marine protected area in Cape Lindles (Province of Oran) (Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Fisheries (National Center of Research and Development of Fisheries and Aquaculture; and, National Office for Rural Development), Algeria), #OceanAction19764
362. Elaboration of National Maritime Spatial Planning Strategy by 2021 (Ministry of Environment and Energy/General Secretariat of Spatial Planning and Urban Environment/Directorate General of Spatial Planning/Directorate of Spatial Planning), #OceanAction18454
363. Eliminar la venta de plsticos en 2 supermercados de la Isla de Roatn (Roatán Marine Park), #OceanAction17310
364. Eliminate Plastic Litter in our Oceans (The Mare Nostrum Global Initiative), #OceanAction17713

365. Elimination of Resort's Single Use Plastic Products (Evason Ana Mandara [Six Senses Hotels Resorts Spas]), #OceanAction17074
366. Emissions reduction from International Shipping through the use of the Panama Canal route (Panama Canal Authority), #OceanAction16622
367. Empowering international sustainable development actions through science-driven management (EnScope), #OceanAction21480
368. Empowering the tourism industry to protect and conserve the integrity of the oceans. #GoGreenForTheBigBlue (Sea Going Green), #OceanAction19243
369. Empowering Young Conservation Leaders (Youth Ocean Conservation Summit), #OceanAction21148
370. Enabling transdisciplinary ocean sciences for SDG implementation (Brazilian Future Ocean Panel), #OceanAction16174
371. Encouraging dissemination of research results through the ISA Secretary-General Award for Deep-Sea Research Excellence (International Seabed Authority), #OceanAction15796
372. Encouraging Shark and Ecosystem-based Conservation Through Certification (The Center for Oceanic Awareness, Research, and Education (COARE)), #OceanAction19464
373. Encouraging sustainable tourism to protect migratory species and support local communities (Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals), #OceanAction21272
374. Ending Illegal Fishing through Improved Surveillance (Commonwealth Science and Industry Research Organization (CSIRO)), #OceanAction17022
375. Ending the Shark Fin Trade in the USA (Shark Research Institute), #OceanAction19799
376. Eneco Clean Beach Cup (Eneco Clean Beach Life), #OceanAction15862
377. Eng. Iffat EDRISS (OPERATION BIG BLUE ASSOCIATION), #OceanAction13952
378. Engaging Civil Society in the delivery of the Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem plus Strategic Action Programme (CLME+ SAP) Implementation (Caribbean Natural Resources Institute (CANARI)), #OceanAction19524
379. Enhance fishery management, control and surveillance in Uruguay and South Atlantic Ocean (DIRECCIÓN NACIONAL DE RECURSOS ACUÁTICOS (DINARA), Uruguay), #OceanAction20089
380. Enhance the capacities for marine biodiversity conservation and sustainable use (National Directorate of Environment), #OceanAction17869
381. Enhance the Conservation of Coastline Seascape of the Jaltepeque estuary through community-based approach (GEF SGP implemented by UNDP), #OceanAction20199
382. Enhance the Conservation of Tropical Coastline Seascape of the Beibu Gulf through community-based approach (UNDP/GEF Small Grants Programme China), #OceanAction15647

383. Enhance the International Marine Cooperation in Asia Pacific Region (Department of International Cooperation, State Oceanic Administration, P.R.China), #OceanAction19824
384. Enhance the Tropical Coastline Seascape of South Tarawa through community based approach ([UNDP/GEF](#) Small Grants Programme Kiribati), #OceanAction20179
385. Enhanced clean-up efforts in Norwegian coastal areas (Norwegian Government in partnership with civil society organisations and local authorities), #OceanAction18448
386. Enhancement of ocean observation network toward achievement of SDG14 (Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, JAMSTEC (Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology)), #OceanAction17470
387. Enhancement of the capacity for species identification and genetic analysis on marine organisms in the coral reef ecosystems in the Western Pacific (Korea Institute of Ocean Science and Technology (KIOST)), #OceanAction17554
388. Enhancing deep sea marine biodiversity assessment through the creation of online taxonomic atlases linked to deep sea mining activities in the Area. (International Seabed Authority), #OceanAction17776
389. Enhancing global ocean acidification monitoring and research (Global Ocean Acidification Observing Network (GOA-ON)), #OceanAction16542
390. Enhancing management of Samoas fisheries through improved scientific information and knowledge (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries), #OceanAction18442
391. Enhancing National Development through Environmentally Resilient Islands (ENDhERI) (Ministry of Environment and Energy), #OceanAction19043
392. Enhancing research and awareness on the impact of ocean acidification and climate change on tropical marine ecosystems (Centre of Marine and Coastal Studies (CEMACS), Universiti Sains Malaysia), #OceanAction17740
393. Enhancing the capacity of developing countries to implement their obligations under CITES for marine species (European Union), #OceanAction17538
394. Enhancing the protection, conservation and management of sharks, whales, dolphins and turtles in Samoas Exclusive Economic Zone (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16498
395. Enhancing the role of women in marine scientific research through capacity-building (International Seabed Authority), #OceanAction15467
396. Ensuring a Precautionary Approach to Deep Sea Mining (Oasis Earth), #OceanAction14909
397. Ensuring Samoas EEZ is free from destructive fishing through prohibition and regulation of fishing methods and gears (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries), #OceanAction18307
398. Environmental forecasting of the ocean: development of advanced predictive tools that combine numerical models and ocean observations (satellite and in-situ). (Liege University), #OceanAction16310

399. Environmental monitoring with one of the world's most modern research vessels (Sweden), #OceanAction19499

400. Environmentally sound ship recycling: Implementation of the Hong Kong Convention and encouraging others to join (Belgian Federal Public Service of Mobility), #OceanAction18397

401. Envision Plastics Commits to Removing 10 Million Pounds of Plastic at Risk of Polluting Our Oceans Using Qualified Sourcing Partners (Envision Plastics), #OceanAction14932

402. Eradicating Fish Bombing in Sabah by 2020 (State Government of Sabah Anti Fish Bombing Committee), #OceanAction16712

403. Eradication of Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing (IUUF) and to promote fisheries crimes as a Transnational Organized Crime (Task Force Combatting Illegal Fishing and Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries), #OceanAction18271

404. eReefs catchment and coastal fore casting and satellite based monitoring of the Great Barrier Reef (Bureau of Meteorology), #OceanAction16910

405. Establecer e implementar el sistema de monitoreo permanente de los ecosistemas marinos en las localidades con impactos significativos causados actividades antrópicas en 6 provincias costeras. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20636

406. Establecimiento de los lineamientos para la creación de Planes de Ordenamiento Pesquero (Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) Honduras), #OceanAction17884

407. Establish marine nature protected areas on at least 3 locations, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperation with UN Environment/MAP (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism), #OceanAction17656

408. Establishing a network of MPA's and LMMA within Tuvalu Maritime Zone (Office of the Prime Minister, Tuvalu), #OceanAction21472

409. Establishing electronic notification systems for the effective use of fishing gear (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17650

410. Establishing integrated nitrogen management systems for the Gulf of Riga (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction18247

411. Establishing marine protected areas in Estonian EEZ (Ministry of the Environment), #OceanAction17570

412. Establishing maritime spatial plans for marine areas (Ministry of Finance), #OceanAction18223

413. Establishing regional plans for aquaculture in Estonian marine areas (Ministry of the Environment), #OceanAction17574

414. Establishment of 4.3 million ha marine conservation areas to reach 20 million ha by 2019 (Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries of the Republic of Indonesia), #OceanAction18259
415. Establishment of a Marine Protected Area (MPA) at the coastline of Plakias, Crete (Marine Field Station Plakias — Dive2Gether), #OceanAction16406
416. Establishment of an acoustic and fishery information system to improve knowledge of marine ecosystems and its resources through the use of data from fishing vessels, incorporating actors from other countries. (National Fishery Society of Peru (SNP)), #OceanAction17881
417. Establishment of and strengthening of existing Regional Fisheries Monitoring Control and Surveillance mechanisms in the Eastern Africa, Southern Africa and Indian Ocean regionRegion (Southern African Development Community (SADC)), #OceanAction15453
418. Establishment of Information Center on Marine Protected Area Karaburun Sazani in Albania (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction16134
419. Establishment of the International Marine Training Centre for Innovative Science and Technology for Sea Dumped Weapons, and Shipborne Disposal Solutions to Support the Eradication of all Underwater Munitions (International Dialogue on Underwater Munitions (IDUM)), #OceanAction21356
420. Establishment of the National Ocean Office (Republic of Vanuatu), #OceanAction21616
421. Estrategia de control del pez len (Sistema Nacional de Áreas de Conservación (SINAC)), #OceanAction19549
422. Estrategia Nacional para sustituir el consumo de plastico de un solo uso por alternativas renovables y compostables (Ministerio de Ambiente y Energía de Costa Rica y Ministerio de Salud), #OceanAction19544
423. Estrategia para la Conservación de Tortugas Marinas de Costa Rica (Viceministerio de Agua, Mares, Costas y Humedales), #OceanAction19629
424. Estrategias para la biodiversidad marina (Ministerio de Ambiente), #OceanAction21032
425. Estuary protected areas reporting (New Zealand Department of Conservation), #OceanAction18349
426. Estudio de valoración de la resiliencia al cambio climático de los ecosistemas costeros y los efectos sobre la diversidad (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17938
427. EU based advocacy for healthy oceans and productive ecosystems (Seas At Risk), #OceanAction16550
428. EU/UNDP Project: Improving Environmental Monitoring in the Black Sea — EMBLAS (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15806
429. European Commission and IOC/UNESCO (European Union), #OceanAction18668

430. European Ocean Biogeographic Information System — EUROBIS (Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ)), #OceanAction18643

431. Evaluacion de manglares, arrecifes, playas, praderas marinas para una valoracion de los servicios ambientales de ecosistemas costeros y marinos: 3 provincias costeras, 1 por ao. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20624

432. Evaluacion de reas costeras marinas para la implementacion de proyectos de desarrollo para la gestin sostenible aprox. 25 proyectos por ao. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20620

433. Evaluacion del estado de los ecosistemas costeros y marinos de 2 provincias (Puerto Plata y Montecristi). (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20852

434. Expand the project Fisheries for a Sea Without Litter to all fishing ports in the Portuguese mainland (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18169

435. Expanded polystyrene (Styrofoam) Ban (Ministry of Economic Planning, Sustainable Development, Industry, Information and Labour — St Vincent and the Grenadines), #OceanAction18100

436. Expansion of Large Scale Marine Managed Areas in Fiji (Ministry of Fisheries, Department of Environment, Fiji), #OceanAction19904

437. Expansion of maritime area declared as marine protected area under national legislation (National Environment and Planning Agency, Jamaica), #OceanAction21136

438. Expansion of network of marine protected areas in Greece (Hellenic Ministry of Environment and Energy), #OceanAction18379

439. Expansion of sea cucumber grow-out operations to support coastal community livelihoods (Marine Research Centre | Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture, Maldives), #OceanAction18028

440. Expansion of Voluntary Marine Conservation Areas in Roches Noires and Anse La Raie Mauritius (supported by GEF SGP & implemented by UNDP) (Reef Conservation), #OceanAction17692

441. Exploring financing approaches and mechanisms to promote sustainable development and the Blue Economy in Small States Developing States. (OECD), #OceanAction15043

442. F3 — Future of Fish Feed: A collaborative effort toward fish-free aquaculture feeds (F3 Challenge), #OceanAction18933

443. Facilitate a Youth Movement for Our Ocean (The Ocean Project), #OceanAction18202

444. Facilitating community-led fisheries in Raja Ampat for implementation of SDG 14 (Maya Clan Customary Law-based Community Organization of Raja Ampat), #OceanAction15135

445. Facilitating learning and sharing of good practices within and beyond UNESCO Biosphere Reserves How do UNESCO Biosphere Reserves in the Baltic Sea Region

contribute to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda? (UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere Programme in Sweden (MAB Sweden)), #OceanAction20476

446. Farewell plastic carrier bag! (Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Environment and Water Management (BMLFUW)), #OceanAction16526

447. Federal Truck awareness raising campaign on marine biodiversity (Federal Public Service for the Environment), #OceanAction16490

448. Federated States of Micronesia's 24 Mile Closure (FSM's Public Law 19-167) (National Oceanic Resource Management Authority (NORMA)), #OceanAction16676

449. Federated States of Micronesia's Shark By-Catch Amendment (FSM Public Law 19-167) (National Oceanic Resource Management Authority (NORMA)), #OceanAction16682

450. FeedKind Protein to drive responsible aquaculture growth (Calysta, Inc.), #OceanAction18070

451. Fifth Operational Phase of the GEF Small Grants Programme in the Philippines (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction19769

452. Fight against plastic bags (UN in Albania), #OceanAction17098

453. Fighting Illegal Fishing with Near Real-Time Data That Enables Enforcement (Vulcan Inc., a Paul G. Allen Company), #OceanAction15587

454. Fiji Clean Boating Program, Level 3 International Clean Marina Certification & International Fish Friendly Accreditation (Port Denarau Marina Limited), #OceanAction19869

455. Finalization of Fijis Maritime Boundaries and ECS Claims (Ministry of Foreign Affairs), #OceanAction19989

456. Firmar la adhesión al AMERP (Acuerdo de Medidas del Estado Rector de Puerto para Desalentar, Mitigar la Pesca Ilegal, No Declarada y No Reglamentada) (Food and Agriculture Administration (FAO) Honduras), #OceanAction17875

457. First State of the Ocean status report, delivered through EU's Copernicus Marine Environment Monitoring Service (CMEMS) (European Union), #OceanAction18703

458. Fish & Run 3 (vzw Climaxi), #OceanAction20512

459. Fish Forever (Rare), #OceanAction15123

460. Fisheries and Shrimp Aquaculture Improvement in Asia (Asian Seafood Improvement Collaborative), #OceanAction18499

461. Fisheries Information Network (FIN) (Environmental Justice Foundation (EJF)), #OceanAction21268

462. Fishing Bans and Awareness Programs (Ministry of Climate Change and Environment — United Arab Emirates), #OceanAction20379

463. Flanders-UNESCO Science Trust Funds (FUST) — marine programme/projects (Government of Flanders (Science-Economy and Innovation dept.)), #OceanAction18683

464. Flemish Action Plan on Marine Litter (Government of Flanders), #OceanAction18430
465. FOCUS (Fisheries Open Source Community Software) (FOCUS), #OceanAction16718
466. For Earth from space (CLS — Collecte Localisation Satellites), #OceanAction19849
467. Force des femmess (Association Aide aux Femmes et Enfants), #OceanAction14435
468. Fortalecer el ejercicio del control del mar (Ministerio de Defensa Nacional), #OceanAction21036
469. Fortalecimiento de los procesos de gobernanza de las reas Marinas de Pesca Responsable (Instituto Nacional de Pesca y Acuicultura (INCOPESCA) — Red de Áreas Marinas de Pesca Responsable), #OceanAction19614
470. Fortalecimiento del programa de limpieza de playas y costas (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20756
471. Fortalecimiento organizacional y de capacidades de 3 organizaciones comunitarias dentro de la Zona Especial de Manejo Zona Sur de Veraguas. (Fundaci ón Agua y Tierra), #OceanAction16637
472. Foster ocean-related education (Ministry of National Education, Algeria), #OceanAction18798
473. Fostering biodiversity action in the outermost regions and overseas countries and territories of EU Member States (BEST) (European Union), #OceanAction17534
474. Fostering collaboration in Brazil towards ocean conservation based on the transition to the Circular Economy — Mission Ocean Brazil (Exchange 4 Change Brasil), #OceanAction17018
475. Fostering cooperation to promote the sustainable development of Africas deep seabed resources in support to Africas Blue Economy (International Seabed Authority (ISA) and the African Mineral Development Center (AMDC)), #OceanAction16374
476. Fostering the conservation and sustainable use of marine Biological Diversity through the International Climate Initiative (IKI) (Germany, Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation, Building and Nuclear Safety (BMUB)), #OceanAction16304
477. France decided to contribute financially to UNEP activities under the Global Partnership on Marine Litter (GPML), for the 2017-2020 period. (FRANCE with UNEP and international coalition to reduce marine litter), #OceanAction15686
478. France joins the Caribbean Large Marine Ecosystem (CLME+) Project (Ministry of the Ecological and Solidary Transition), #OceanAction17202
479. French Initiative for Coral Reefs (IFRECOR): Plan of actions 2016-2020 (FRANCE), #OceanAction15692
480. Full deployment of European Marine Observation and Data Network (EMODnet) by 2020 (European Union), #OceanAction18693

481. Funding program Next-Generation Maritime Technologies (Federal Ministry of Economic Affairs and Energy), #OceanAction16138
482. Funding to Address Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing in the Pacific (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, Attorney-General's Department, Australian Fisheries Management Authority), #OceanAction17034
483. FundingtheOcean.org (Foundation Center), #OceanAction14795
484. Future of Fisheries: A Regional Roadmap for Sustainable Pacific Fisheries (Pacific Islands Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA)), #OceanAction18778
485. Future protection of large areas in the offshore Pacific bioregion under Canadas Oceans Act (Canada), #OceanAction19183
486. Gestin de conservacin de los ecosistemas marino y costeros (Ministerio de Ambiente), #OceanAction21040
487. Gestion durable des ressources marines et ctires de la Baie d'Antongil (PCDDBA (Plateforme de Concertation pour le Développement Durable de la Baie d'Antongil)), #OceanAction17430
488. Getting African fishing communities ready for the FAO International Year of Small scale fisheries and aquaculture i2022 (CAOPA), #OceanAction14894
489. Gift to Our Children! Scaling up locally managed marine areas to 100% of Fiji's customary marine areas (Fiji Locally Managed Marine Area (FLMMA) Network), #OceanAction21668
490. Global Action Plan for Sustainable Fish & Seafood Sourcing (METRO AG Wholesale & Food Specialist Company), #OceanAction15665
491. Global Alert — Reporting Trash Hotspots (Ocean Recovery Alliance), #OceanAction14638
492. Global Coral Reef Monitoring Network (GCRMN) (International Coral Reef Initiative (ICRI), UN Environment), #OceanAction14306
493. Global Coral Reef Partnership (UN Environment), #OceanAction14282
494. Global implementation of the Ocean Health Index framework to support effective use, management, and protection of marine and coastal resources (Conservation International), #OceanAction20149
495. Global Industry Programs to Address Transboundary, Multi-Sectoral Ocean Pollution, including Plastics/Shipborne Wastes, Biofouling/Invasive Species, Marine Sound (World Ocean Council), #OceanAction15365
496. Global Maritime Energy Efficiency Partnerships (GloMEEP) Project (International Maritime Organization), #OceanAction15605
497. Global Maritime Technology Cooperation Centres' Network Project (GMN) (International Maritime Organization (IMO)), #OceanAction15683

498. Global Ocean Oxygen Network (GO2NE) — Enhancing global ocean oxygen science from local seas to the global ocean to preserve ocean health and human well-being. (IOC-UNESCO), #OceanAction15767
499. Global Ocean Refuge System (Marine Conservation Biology Institute), #OceanAction15095
500. Global Ocean Science Report (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (IOC-UNESCO)), #OceanAction16162
501. Global Partnership on Nutrient Management (UN Environment — Global Programme of Action for the Protection of the Marine Environment from Land Based Activities (GPA)), #OceanAction15250
502. Global Priorities for Conserving Sharks and Rays. A 2015 2025 Strategy (WWF International), #OceanAction17114
503. Global Seafood Ratings Alliance (Monterey Bay Aquarium on behalf of all partners), #OceanAction18157
504. Global standardization of Micro X-ray Computer Tomography (MXCT) technique to quantify density of marine calcifiers carbonate test (Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, JAMSTEC • (Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology •)), #OceanAction17466
505. Global Sustainable Supply Chains for Marine Commodities (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15482
506. Global Tuna Producing Company collaboration (WWF), #OceanAction16414
507. Global Wastewater Initiative (GW2I) (Global Wastewater Initiative (GW2I)), #OceanAction14183
508. Global Whale Entanglement Response Network (GWERN) (International Whaling Commission), #OceanAction19331
509. Good environmental status in the Black Sea marine region by 2020 (Ministry of Waters and Forests Romania), #OceanAction17731
510. Good Practice Guidelines for Nature-based Tourism Excursions (The Travel Foundation), #OceanAction17590
511. Gotham Whale (Paul L. Sieswerda), #OceanAction19253
512. Green coastal shipping private public partnership on eco-friendly transport (Norwegian Shipowners Association), #OceanAction20944
513. Green Ports (Mexico), #OceanAction21791
514. Growing the reach and impact of World Oceans Day (The Ocean Project), #OceanAction15707
515. Grupos organizados de pescadores de baja escala implementan técnicas sostenibles de pesca (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction18193
516. Guidance for sustainable coastal events at the beach (Province of West-flanders), #OceanAction18097

517. Gullah/Geechee Nation SDG Implementation (Gullah/Geechee Nation), #OceanAction14540
518. Guyana to undertake a series of initiatives designed to achieve and maintain healthy waterways and the Atlantic Ocean (Guyana), #OceanAction21837
519. Having five new fisheries certified against a scheme approved by GSSI in Latin America (CeDePesca), #OceanAction21592
520. Hawaii Business Blueprint for Action (Hawai'i Green Growth), #OceanAction15497
521. Hosting an International Workshop of Scientific Experts on Fish Stocks in the Central Arctic Ocean (Canada), #OceanAction19444
522. Hosting of Convention on Biological Diversity Technical Expert Workshop on Marine Other Effective Area-based Conservation Measures (Canada), #OceanAction19392
523. How Karnataka coastal communities can solve marine debris issue (Khushi Parisara), #OceanAction21596
524. Human Rights on the Hill International Human and Peoples Rights Law Program (Four Freedoms Forum), #OceanAction21711
525. Human Rights Risk Tool for Seafood (HRRTS) (Monterey Bay Aquarium on behalf of all partners), #OceanAction18139
526. HYBRIT — Towards fossilfree steel (SSAB), #OceanAction17154
527. HYDROGRAPHIC COURSE PROGRAM- CATEGORY B/IHO — INDONESIA (Indonesia (INDONESIAN NAVAL HYDROGRAPHIC CENTER)), #OceanAction14395
528. I am Water Drop: An Educational and Inspirational Movement For Changing the Way We Think About Water and the Oceans (Our Humanity Matters), #OceanAction18118
529. ICCA Consortium Voluntary Commitment for SDG Goal 14.5 and 14b (ICCA Consortium), #OceanAction15079
530. Iceland commits to reduce marine litter in its waters (Ministry for the Environment and Natural Resources), #OceanAction16721
531. ICES — Marine science training and capacity building (The International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES)), #OceanAction15932
532. ICT For Fishermen (mKRISHI FISHERIES), #OceanAction14452
533. Identification of Ecologically or Biologically Significant Marine Areas (EBSA) in the Baltic Sea (Baltic Marine Environment Protection Commission (HELCOM)), #OceanAction18382
534. Identification of fisheries area closures that meet Canadas guidance and criteria for other effective area based conservation measures (Canada), #OceanAction20772
535. Identifying impacts of climate change on Estonian marine environment and the assessment of cumulative effects of human activities on marine ecosystems (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17586

536. IHO Hydrography Capacity Building Programme for Coastal States (International Hydrographic Organization), #OceanAction15447

537. Integración de una autoridad máxima de articulación y gestión integrada entre las diferentes instancias del sector público, que hacen parte de la institucionalidad marina costarricense (CONAMAR) (Ministerio de la Presidencia), #OceanAction19504

538. Implement an innovative financial mechanism for ocean governance in Santa Catarina state (University of the Region of Joinville), #OceanAction16190

539. Implement pilot project on landscape planning in the narrow coastal zone, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperation with UN Environ (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism), #OceanAction17665

540. Implement pilot project on the application of ecosystem approach in the Boka Kotorska Bay, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperatio (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17689

541. Implement the management of 22% of the French EEZ already classified as Marine Protected Areas and enlarge this network with the extension of the French Southern Lands marine reserve (TAAF overseas Territory) in order to reach 32% of French waters under n (French Ministry for the Ecological and SolidaryTransition, France), #OceanAction21380

542. Implementación de la Estrategia Nacional de Especies Exóticas Invasoras. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20920

543. Implementación de la Estrategia Nacional de Saneamiento (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20520

544. Implementación de las Directrices Voluntarias para lograr la sostenibilidad de la Pesca en Pequeña Escala (Instituto Nacional de Pesca y Acuicultura
(INCOPESCA) — Red de Áreas Marinas de Pesca Responsable), #OceanAction19664

545. Implementación de un programa de reciclaje inclusivo en Arroyo Barril, Saman (Alcaldía Arroyo Barril), #OceanAction20880

546. Implementación del Plan de Acción Nacional (PAN) para la protección del medio ambiente marino (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20540

547. Implementación del Plan de Acción para el Control y Aprovechamiento del Pez Len (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20904

548. Implementación del Plan de Zonificación y Ordenamiento Pesquero del Parque Submarino de Montecristi (Proyecto CLME+). (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20812

549. Implementación del Programa de Prevención de la introducción de especies exóticas invasoras: (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20936

550. Implementación reglamento MARPOL (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20740

551. Implementación del Área Marina Protegida Punta Tombo, la mayor colonia de pingüinos de Magallanes del Planeta. (GLOBAL PENGUIN SOCIETY (GPS)), #OceanAction16628
552. Implementacion del Sistema de Aprendizaje Tutorial (SAT), en sitios vulnerables, orientados a la formacion de recursos humanos para respuestas efectivas, y elaborar mapas de amenazas de huracanes y marejadas. (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction18184
553. Implementar campaa educativa a 25 centros educativos en Municipio de Roatn y Santos Guardiola (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Roatán), #OceanAction17914
554. Implementar el Plan de recuperacion de Merluccius hubbsi del norte (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19148
555. Implementar el programa de control y vigilancia en la Isla de Roatn con apoyo de la empresa privada (Roatán Marine Park (RMP)), #OceanAction17390
556. Implementar el Proyecto Fortalecimiento de la Gestin y Proteccin de la Biodiversidad Costero Marina en reas Ecolgicas Clave y la Aplicacin del Enfoque Ecosistmico de la Pesca (EEP) (GCP/ARG/025/GFF). (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19128
557. Implementar el Sistema Nacional de Areas Marinas Protegidas (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19123
558. Implementar la Estrategia Nacional sobre la Biodiversidad y Plan de Accion 2016-2020, que incluye ampliar el porcentaje de cobertura de proteccion de zonas marinas y costeras de los espacios maritimos argentinos (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19118
559. Implementar un Programa de restauracin de ecosistemas costeros y marinos (Provincia Puerto Plata). (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction20808
560. Implementar una Estrategia Federal de Manejo Costero Integrado (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19133
561. Implementar y validar 4 sistemas de trazabilidad de especies objeto de pesca, incluyendo valor comercial. (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction18187
562. Implementation of a monitoring and sensitization program in peruvian industrial anchovy fishery, based on the ecosystem management approaches (Tecnológica de Alimentos S.A.), #OceanAction17800
563. Implementation of a regional network of stock assessment for pelagic and demersal resources to promote sustainable fisheries under an ecosystem approach (Instituto del Mar del Perú(IMARPE)), #OceanAction18893
564. Implementation of an integrated approach to coastal and marine ecosystems for sustainable blue growth in the Southeast Pacific (SPINCAM Project Phase 3) (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (IOC-UNESCO)), #OceanAction18743
565. Implementation of best practice seabird bycatch mitigation in commercial fisheries (New Zealand Department of Conservation), #OceanAction18367

566. Implementation of Port State Measures Agreement (PSMA) to prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing which support Target 14.4 and 14.6 (Ministry of Fisheries, Tonga), #OceanAction21404
567. Implementation of strengthened and coordinated Monitoring, Control and Surveillance scheme to prevent, deter and eliminate IUU fishing. (Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture, Maldives.), #OceanAction19038
568. Implementation of Ten-point Plan of Action for Marine Conservation and Sustainable Fisheries of German Development Cooperation (Germany, Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ)), #OceanAction16102
569. Implementation of the 2016 London Protocol/Convention Strategic Plan to support the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (International Maritime Organization (IMO)), #OceanAction15907
570. Implementation of the Arafura and Timor Seas Regional and National Strategic Action Programs (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15560
571. Implementation of the National Program for the Conservation of the Brazilian Coastline (Brazilian Government), #OceanAction19679
572. Implementation of the Niue Treaty Subsidiary Agreement (NTSA) for monitoring, control and surveillance of fishing in the region, supporting Target 14.4 and 14.6 (Ministry of Fisheries, Tonga), #OceanAction21508
573. Implementation of the Parties to the Nauru Agreement's Vessel Day Scheme (National Oceanic Resource Management Authority), #OceanAction16685
574. Implementation of the Shared Environmental Information System (SEIS) principles and practices in the ENP South region — ENI SEIS II South Support Mechanism (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan — Barcelona Convention Secretariat), #OceanAction19839
575. Implementation of the UN Environment/MAP Regional Plan on Marine Litter Management in the Mediterranean (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan — Barcelona Convention Secretariat, MED POL Programme), #OceanAction19914
576. Implementing a Pan-Pacific Network of Traditionally Designed Sustainable Sea Transportation (Okeanos Foundation for the Sea), #OceanAction14373
577. Implementing Ecosystem Based Adaptation approaches to both mangrove and coral reef restoration in Grenada with a focus on sustainable livelihoods and co-management (Grenada (Environment Division, Ministry of Education, Human Resource Development and the Environment)), #OceanAction14568
578. Implementing Ecosystem Based Adaptation approaches to both mangrove and the Atlantic Ocean coast line in Cross River State, Nigeria with a focus on institutional and capacity strengthening, combating coastal degradation and sustainable livelihoods (Nigeria (Forestry Commission, Calabar, Cross River State, Nigeria)), #OceanAction15147

579. Implementing Outcomes from RMIs 1st National Ocean Symposium (Ministry of Resources & Development (Marshall Islands Marine Resources Authority)), #OceanAction21580

580. Implementing science-based management plans to ensure sustainable fisheries in California (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15638

581. Implementing SDG14 in our corporate strategy (Cermaq), #OceanAction14594

582. Implementing the Cape Horn Biosphere Reserve, Chile, by: (i) creating an MPA extended into the Drake Psg, (ii) including D. Ramirez & Horn Is. in its LTER Network, (iii) establishing the Cape Horn Center for education, conservation & sustainable tourism (the Chilean govt. & Sub-Antarctic Biocultural Conservation Program, coordinated by the (i) Univ. de Magallanes, (ii) Omora Foundation, including the Inst. of Ecology & Biodiversity & P. Catholic Univ. (Chile), with (iii) the Univ. of North Texas, (USA)), #OceanAction15763

583. Improve guidelines for nature-based tourism (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17902

584. Improve our understanding of microfibers with actionable steps to prevent them from becoming aquatic debris (Trash Free Seas Alliance), #OceanAction18160

585. Improve the Ability on Marine Observation and Early-warning and Disaster Prevention and Mitigation Capacities (Department of Marine Forecast and Disaster Mitigation, State Oceanic Administration, P.R.China), #OceanAction17138

586. Improvement of the sewage system and construction of waste water treatment in Municipality of Ulcinj and remediation the Port Milena channel and it's connection to the Bojana river, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for Community Development and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17728

587. Improvement of regional fisheries governance in Western Africa (European Union), #OceanAction17510

588. Improvement of the Industrial Effluent Treatment System (Tecnológica de Alimentos S.A.), #OceanAction17818

589. Improvement of the sewage network and waste water treatment in Municipality of Bar, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in the Framework of the SAP-MED with the aim to (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for Community Development and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17683

590. Improvement of the sewage network and waste water treatment in Municipality of Herceg Novi, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in the Framework of the SAP-MED with the (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for

Community Development and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17686

591. Improvement of the sewerage network and waste water treatment in Municipality of Kotor and Municipality of Tivat, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in the Framework of Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Directorate for Community Development and Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17707

592. Improving Coral Reefs Protection for Effective Conservation (Observatorio Pro Arrecifes Colombia), #OceanAction14819

593. Improving Fisheries Management using Vessel Day Scheme, Solomon Islands (Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources, Solomon Islands), #OceanAction20314

594. Improving international cooperation to conserve and better manage sharks and rays (Memorandum of Understanding on the Conservation of Migratory Sharks (Sharks MOU-UNEP/CMS)), #OceanAction21260

595. Improving ocean noise governance (The Netherlands), #OceanAction18058

596. Improving scientific knowledge and data sharing to increase understanding of ocean health (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15689

597. Improving the assessment of essential ecological functions of the deep sea oceans through long-term underwater oceanographic observatories in the Area. (International Seabed Authority), #OceanAction17746

598. Improving the Protection of Underwater Cultural Heritage worldwide (UNESCO), #OceanAction14240

599. Improving the stormwater discharge systems to decrease the load of nutrients, hazardous substances and litter to the sea (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17677

600. Improving worldwide recruitment and retention of young people into the marine sector to ensure protection of the ocean for future generations (Institute of Marine Engineering, Science and Technology), #OceanAction18457

601. Impulso y fortalecimiento de la educacion maritima (Comisi ón Colombiana Oce áno), #OceanAction20114

602. Inaya Marine Conservation Program (Nusa Dua Reef Foundation), #OceanAction16930

603. Incentivar a la investigaci ón sobre la acidificaci ón de los oc anos (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction21360

604. Incentivising Sustainable Fisheries Through Certification (Marine Stewardship Council), #OceanAction14879

605. Incluir a 3 escuelas mas en el programa de educaci ón ambiental (Roat án Marine Park), #OceanAction17318

606. Increase awareness on the importance of cetaceans as guardians of healthy and productive oceans (Centro de Conservacion Cetacea), #OceanAction21688
607. Increase ocean literacy and ocean education globally (TheGoals.org), #OceanAction17546
608. Increase the representation of deep-sea and oceanic habitats in Marine Protected Area Networks of the Asia-Pacific region. (Planet Deep), #OceanAction16914
609. Increased Norwegian support to fight IUU fishing (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction18385
610. Increasing knowledge and awareness on alien species (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction17614
611. Increasing the ecological sustainability of farmed salmon production (Monterey Bay Aquarium on behalf of all partners), #OceanAction18151
612. Incremento de instalaciones con plantas de tratamiento (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20720
613. Indonesia Against Marine Plastic Debris (Indonesia, Coordinating Ministry for Maritime Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia), #OceanAction14387
614. Indonesia Leads the Establishment of a Regional Cooperation to Combat Crimes in Fisheries Sector (Indonesia, Coordinating Ministry for Maritime Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia), #OceanAction15127
615. Indonesia Substantially Enlarge its Maritime Conservation Area (Coordinating Ministry for Maritime Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia), #OceanAction14399
616. Indonesia to Restore the Pristine Raja Ampat Reefs Destroyed by Caledonia Sky Cruise Vessel (Indonesia, Coordinating Ministry for Maritime Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia), #OceanAction15115
617. Indonesia Tsunami Early Warning System (InaTEWS) (Agency for Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics of the Republic of Indonesia (BMKG)), #OceanAction19058
618. Industry and research driven development and introduction of selective and low impact fishing gears (Sweden), #OceanAction19509
619. Influence of 3-dimensional currents induced by a submarine canyon in the health of coastal ecosystems — integration of in situ and satellite data (University of Liege), #OceanAction16534
620. Informing global policies to reduce ocean noise for the benefit of marine life protection and the sustainability of global fisheries (OceanCare), #OceanAction16030
621. Innovative management solutions for minimizing emissions of hazardous substances from urban areas in the Baltic Sea Region (City of Stockholm/The NonHazCity project (financed by partners, the EU Interreg Baltic Sea Programme and Swedish Institute) involving municipalities, NGOs and Universities around the Baltic Sea 2016-2019), #OceanAction16482
622. Instalacion contenedores con tapas para la disposicion de desechos en Los Cacaos, Saman (Cooperativa de pescadores Esp fitu Santo), #OceanAction20872

623. Instalacin de una Red de Monitoreo de calidad y cantidad de fuentes acuferas con fines de aprovechamiento y conservacin en las cuencas de los r os Ozama, Yuna, Yaque del Norte, Y sica y Yaque Sur, en coordinacin interinstitucional con los prestadores de ser (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20572
624. Installation of a free potable piping water network from mountain springs in Ebone village, Moungo Division, Littoral Region of Cameroon (OCAPROCE INTERNATIONALE NGO), #OceanAction16595
625. Installation of a German air monitoring network to support MARPOL Annex-VI compliance monitoring (Germany), #OceanAction16090
626. Integrated Aerial Surveillance as part of the Australian Government Pacific Maritime Security Program (Pacific Islands Forum Fisheries Agency (FFA)), #OceanAction18793
627. Integrated Coastal Management to Preserve Ecosystems Services, Improve Climate Resilience and Sustain Livelihoods in Fiji (Department of Environment, Fiji), #OceanAction19984
628. Integrated management of marine and coastal resources in Grenada (Grenada (Environment Division, Ministry of Education, Human Resource Development and the Environment)), #OceanAction14564
629. Integrated National Oceans Policy and Marine Spatial Plan for Solomon Islands (Ministry of Environment, Climate Change, Disaster Management and Meteorology, Solomon Islands), #OceanAction19754
630. Integrated Papua New Guinea Oceans Policy (Department of Justice and Attorney-General and Department of Foreign Affairs, Papua New Guinea), #OceanAction21364
631. Integration of the concept of maritimization and use of Marine Spatial Planning as basic tools for the promotion of the Blue Economy in Madagascar (Ocean State Secretary), #OceanAction16158
632. International Capacity Building in Ocean Science and Technology (Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution), #OceanAction15063
633. International Centre for Education, Marine and Atmospheric Sciences for Africa: ICEMASA (Institut de Recherche pour le D éveloppement (IRD) and University of Cape Town (UCT)), #OceanAction18628
634. International Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development — The Ocean we want for the Future we need (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO), #OceanAction15527
635. International Environmental Education Program on Micro-plastics (Japan Agency for Marine-Earth Science and Technology (JAMSTEC)), #OceanAction18190
636. International Indian Ocean Expedition 2 (South Africa — Department of Environmental Affairs — Oceans and Coasts Branch), #OceanAction20436
637. International Multi-species Fish Tagging (Gray FishTag Research), #OceanAction20780

638. International Ocean Institute (IOI)- Ocean Governance training & capacity development (International Ocean Institute — IOI), #OceanAction18076
639. International scientific calls for tenders related to the marine mammals in the Pelagos Sanctuary (Pelagos Agreement on the creation of a marine mammals Sanctuary in the Mediterranean Sea), #OceanAction21224
640. International Working Group Coordination for Plastic Pollution Reduction (Plastic Pollution Coalition), #OceanAction19288
641. Introduce legal framework to reduce plastic pollution (Ministry of Environment and Energy, Maldives), #OceanAction16565
642. Introduction of a Plastic Shopping Bag Reduction (Department of Environment, Fiji), #OceanAction19994
643. Introduction of the Integrated Monitoring and Assessment Programme (IMAP) on marine ecosystem of the coastal area of Montenegro in accordance with Barcelona Convention requirements, defined in the National Action Plan of Montenegro (NAP) for the implement (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17698
644. Investigacin Cientfica Marina (ComisiÓN Colombiana del Oc éano), #OceanAction20079
645. Investigacin de la pesquera de tnidos con la tcnica palo verde y peligros con lnea vertical en los polgonos ocenicos del Decreto N38681-MAG-MINAE (Instituto Costarricense de Pesca y Acuicultura (INCOPESCA)), #OceanAction19709
646. Investigacin, Evaluacin, Prevencin, Reduccin y Control de Fuentes Terrestres y Marinas de Contaminacin al Mar. (ComisiÓN Colombiana del Oc éano), #OceanAction20069
647. Investing in Seychelles' Blue Future (Seychelles Conservation and Climate Adaptation Trust (SeyCCAT)), #OceanAction16110
648. IORA Training Programme on Enhancing Sustainable Port Services and Management in the Indian Ocean Region for Improved Maritime Connectivity (Indian Ocean Rim Association), #OceanAction18220
649. IORA Workshop on Regional strategy to address issues of sustainable management and development of fisheries resources in the Indian Ocean rim region (Indian Ocean Rim Association), #OceanAction18226
650. ISLA CORALS: Integrated Support for Local Actions Towards Coastal and Ocean Resources Amelioration and Livelihood Sustainability (Trowel Development Foundation — Winner of Equator Prize 2010), #OceanAction16070
651. Japanese Technical Cooperation Project for Comprehensive Assessment and Conservation of Blue Carbon Ecosystems and Their Services in the Coral Triangle (Blue CARES) (JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency)), #OceanAction17983
652. Japanese Technical Cooperation Project for Promotion of Regional Initiative on Solid Waste Management (J-PRISM) in Pacific Island Countries Phase II (JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency)), #OceanAction17962

653. Joint conservation and sustainable use of marine and coastal resources in the proposed transboundary conservation area between Kenya and Tanzania (Secretariat of the Nairobi Convention), #OceanAction18337
654. Joint Roadmap to accelerate Marine/Maritime Spatial Planning worldwide (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission of UNESCO (IOC-UNESCO)), #OceanAction15346
655. Jornadas continuas de limpiezas, ros y caadas en la Provincia de Puerto Plata (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction20684
656. Junior Ocean Ambassador Camp (Living Islands Non-Profit), #OceanAction15107
657. Just Transitions to a Plastic Free Paciifc (Urgent Action Hub for Climate Justice — Fiji/Pacific), #OceanAction20692
658. Keep the Oceans Tidy (Keep Sweden Tidy), #OceanAction16042
659. Kiribati's voluntary commitment: Shark Sanctuary (Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources Development), #OceanAction20680
660. Knowledge and sustainable management of fisheries resources (Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Fisheries, Algeria), #OceanAction19554
661. Knowledge sharing for the protection and restoration of coastal blue carbon ecosystems through the International Partnership for Blue Carbon and in the Indo-Pacific. (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction16878
662. La administracin de los recursos marinos dispone de protocolos de investigacin de objetos de conservacin marina claves. (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17995
663. La Minga: Long-term financing for two marine conservation mosaics in Colombia (Conservation International), #OceanAction15087
664. Lady Elliot Island Commitment to Renewable Energy (Lady Elliot Island Eco Resort), #OceanAction18883
665. Land-based Plastics to the Ocean (Commonwealth Science and Industry Research Organization (CSIRO)), #OceanAction16874
666. Larissa Potapchuk (Beneath The Sea, Marine Careers Program), #OceanAction18853
667. Launch of twinned marine protected areas in Europe and Africa, North America, and South America (European Union), #OceanAction17526
668. Launching Two More Ocean XPRIZE Competitions for Incentivizing Innovations that Make our Ocean Healthy, Valued, and Understood (XPRIZE), #OceanAction14937
669. Legal Rights for Our Ocean (Earth Law Center), #OceanAction17752
670. Let's make the ocean great again ! (BIOMARES), #OceanAction19088
671. Licenciamiento de pescadores artesanales para la captura de pez len (Roatán Marine Park), #OceanAction17414

672. Living Water Programme (New Zealand Department of Conservation), #OceanAction18316

673. Llevar a cabo 100 entrenamientos para a negocios en cuanto al consumo de responsable de mariscos, utilizando la Guía de Consumo Responsable de Mariscos de las Islas de la Bahía (Coral Reef Alliance), #OceanAction17791

674. Llevar a cabo charlas y formaciones profesionales para promover el consumo responsable de mariscos (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17382

675. Llevar a cabo las campañas de monitoreo de salud arrecifal en los cuatro países del Sistema Arrecifal Mesoamericano (SAM) (Iniciativa Arrecifes Saludables), #OceanAction17358

676. LME: Learn (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) of UNESCO), #OceanAction16010

677. LNG4Solution — The solution to minimize air emissions and to increase energy efficiency in maritime transport (Terntank), #OceanAction14975

678. Local Governments for the Oceans (City of Malmö/ICLEI), #OceanAction21400

679. Localidades con modelo de Gestión Local Compartida de zonas costeras marinas, con los planes asumidos por las comunidades: 14 al 2020 en seguimiento a las Metas Presidenciales del Ministerio. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20576

680. Lograr la reducción de un 50% de los desechos plásticos que van hacia el mar a través del río Birn. (Sociedad Ecológica de Barahona (SOEBA)), #OceanAction20876

681. Long Island Marine Management Area (LIMMA) — Rapid Ecological Assessment (Ocean Crest Alliance), #OceanAction20234

682. Mainstreaming Biodiversity into the Management of the Coastal Zone in the Republic of Mauritius (Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries and Shipping), #OceanAction17785

683. Mainstreaming ocean conservation and sustainable fisheries in Mexico through effective participation and citizen science. (Comunidad y Biodiversidad A.C. (COBI)), #OceanAction15083

684. Maintaining and Growing Canada's Independent Fishermen: Policy Implementation and Capacity Development (Canadian Independent Fish Harvester's Federation), #OceanAction21588

685. Maintaining and Growing Canada's Independent Fishermen: Policy Implementation and Capacity Development (Canadian Independent Fish Harvester's Federation), #OceanAction21608

686. Maintaining and Growing Canada's Independent Fishermen: Policy Implementation and Capacity Development (Canadian Independent Fish Harvester's Federation), #OceanAction21624

687. Male 3R Declaration of Private Tourist Resorts towards Sustainable Tourism and protection of Marine and Coastal Ecosystem (Ministry of Environment and Energy), #OceanAction17522
688. Malta substantially enlarges its Marine Protected Areas to an area larger than the country itself (Ministry of Foreign Affairs & Trade Promotion), #OceanAction18578
689. Management of marine and coastline pollution for increased Safety at Sea and Ports (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16398
690. Management of marine environment around the Korean Peninsula (Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries, Republic of Korea), #OceanAction16926
691. Management options for protection of the Last Ice Area (Canada), #OceanAction19263
692. Management plans for commercially and ecologically important coastal snapper and grouper fisheries in West Nusa Tenggara, Indonesia (Wildlife Conservation Society), #OceanAction19198
693. Managing and conserving Indonesia's rich marine coastal biodiversity through MPAs (Wildlife Conservation Society), #OceanAction19193
694. Manejo sostenible del territorio marino y costero (Comisión Colombiana del océano), #OceanAction20094
695. Mangroves, marine and freshwater systems conservation and rehabilitation (SGP Samoa`), #OceanAction20209
696. Mantener el Programa de separación y clasificación de residuos (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20760
697. Manual Interactivo titulado Los Arrecifes Coralinos de Islas de la Bahía ha sido publicado (Bay Islands Conservation Association: Roatán, Utila y Guanaja), #OceanAction17917
698. Mapping Marine Managed Areas: Creating a Database of Managed Areas in the High Seas (ProtectedSeas), #OceanAction18843
699. Mapping Ocean Wealth (The Nature Conservancy), #OceanAction15392
700. Mapping of ocean floor within the Icelandic EEZ for conservation and sustainable use of the benthic biota (Marine Research Institute, Reykjavik, Iceland), #OceanAction17194
701. Mapping of potential Fishing Zones for Sustainable Harvest (India), #OceanAction20560
702. Mapping the Blue Economy of Africa to support decision-making, investment and governance of activities undertaken on the continental shelf and in adjacent international seabed areas (African Minerals Development Centre (AMDC), International Seabed Authority (ISA)), #OceanAction16494
703. Marae Moana — Cook Islands Marine Park (Cook Islands Government), #OceanAction15701

704. MARECO Project: Increasing the awareness of children for the sustainable use of coral reefs and their resources in the SW Indian Ocean (Institute of Research for Sustainable Development (IRD) & Western Indian Ocean Marine Science Association (WIOMSA)), #OceanAction18623
705. Mariculture development for bait resource sustainability (Marine Research Centre | Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture, Maldives), #OceanAction18025
706. Marine Arctic Peace Sanctuary (MAPS) (Parvati.org), #OceanAction18913
707. Marine BioBlitz (Singapore), #OceanAction18978
708. Marine Biodiversity Hub (University of Tasmania), #OceanAction17026
709. Marine conservation through Ridge-to-Reef approach in Grenada (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction16078
710. Marine Debris in Singapore: Establishing a National Baseline, Citizen Science Monitoring and Data Sharing (Singapore), #OceanAction18988
711. Marine Ecosystems Protected Area (MEPA) Trust's Biodiversity Is Our Business Project — Valuing Ecosystem Services for Biodiversity Protection (The Government of Antigua and Barbuda via the Marine Ecosystems Protected Areas Trust), #OceanAction20968
712. Marine Educational Area Network (French polynesia governement), #OceanAction20334
713. Marine environment protection through CERAC (Special Monitoring & Coastal Environmental Assessment Regional Activity Centre) of NOWPAP(North-west Pacific Action Plan) (Ministry of the Environment of Japan, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism of Japan, UNEP (NOWPAP)), #OceanAction17558
714. Marine Information and Data for Users — www.MarineFinland.fi (Finland), #OceanAction20932
715. Marine litter action plan for ports and harbours (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction18007
716. Marine litter management through TEMM (the Tripartite Environment Ministers Meeting among China, Japan and Korea) (Ministry of the Environment of Japan, Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Korea, Ministry of Environmental Protection of the People's Republic of China, UNEP), #OceanAction17562
717. Marine Monitor — A Radar Solution to Effectively Monitor Marine Protected Areas (ProtectedSeas), #OceanAction18848
718. Marine Protected Area Co-management Capacity Building in NE Tobago (Environmental Research Institute Charlotteville, Tobago and GEF SGP T&T.), #OceanAction19323
719. Marine Protected Area in the Weddell-Sea, Antarctica (German Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture (BMEL)), #OceanAction16038

720. Marine protected area research, monitoring and reporting: Ecological Integrity and Sentinel Site programmes (New Zealand Department of Conservation), #OceanAction18295
721. Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) and SAMOA Marine Sanctuary (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16998
722. Marine Protected Areas and a new regulatory framework for coastal and ocean in Brazil (Fundação SOS Mata Atlântica), #OceanAction16354
723. Marine Protected Areas as a fisheries management tool (Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD)), #OceanAction21584
724. Marine Protected Areas in Kattegat (Ministry of Environment- and Food), #OceanAction20472
725. Marine Protected Areas in the UK and our Overseas Territories (United Kingdom), #OceanAction19624
726. Marine Regions (Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ)), #OceanAction18653
727. Marine Spatial Plan for the Republic of Mauritius (Department for Continental Shelf, Maritime Zones Administration & Exploration, Ministry of Defence and Rodrigues), #OceanAction17082
728. Marine Spatial Planning (South Africa — Department of Environmental Affairs — Ocean and Coasts Branch), #OceanAction20452
729. Marine Spatial Planning in Argentina (Fundación Vida Silvestre Argentina), #OceanAction17626
730. Maritime boundaries and zones finalised for Solomon Islands (Ministry of Mines, Energy and Rural Electrification), #OceanAction20299
731. Maritime Green Team 01 (ZVT), #OceanAction19335
732. Mayores capacidades para la gestin de las pesqueras. (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo Honduras), #OceanAction17968
733. Mazu: a mobile application for information exchange on illegal fishing vessels (Benioff Ocean Initiative), #OceanAction19469
734. Measures to reduce marine pollution and microplastics in Norway by targeting their sources (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19375
735. Mecanismo de gestin, proteccin y control (Subsecretaría de gestión marina y costera. Dirección de Normativas y Proyectos), #OceanAction21028
736. Mecanismos de aplicacón de las Polticas Ocenicas y Costeras. (Secretaría Nacional de Planificación y Desarrollo), #OceanAction20980
737. Mediterranean implementation of the Ecosystem Approach, in coherence with the EU MSFD (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan — Barcelona Convention Secretariat), #OceanAction20339
738. Mediterranean Sea Programme (MedProgramme): Enhancing Environmental Security (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan — Barcelona Convention

Secretariat — UN Environment and EBRD as lead GEF Implementing Agencies), #OceanAction19949

739. MEDSEALITTER — Developing Mediterranean-specific protocols to protect biodiversity from litter impact at basin and local MPAs scales (Cinque Terre National Park and Marine Protected Area), #OceanAction21192

740. Meeting Sweden's MPA target (Sweden), #OceanAction13892

741. Mejoramiento de las Capacidades Atraves del Plan Integral de los Humedales en Panamá (Ministerio de Ambiente de Panamá), #OceanAction16655

742. Mejorar la gestin efectiva de las reas costeras y marinas dentro del Sistema Nacional de reas Protegidas (SINAP) en temas de regulacin, planificacin, control y vigilancia, investigacin y (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recuros Naturales), #OceanAction21096

743. Mejorar las condiciones para el desarrollo de investigacin, transferencia de tecnologa y fortalecimiento de capacidades en la Repblica Dominicana (Ministerio de Educación Superior, Ciencia y Tecnolog á, UASD, Acuario Nacional), #OceanAction21124

744. Mejorar las plantas de tratamiento de aguas servidas existentes en el municipio de Roatan (Junta administradora de agua y saneamiento POLOS WATER ASSOCIATION), #OceanAction17210

745. Member driven advocacy for sustainable oceans, ecosystems and fisheries (Swedish Society for Nature Conservation), #OceanAction15167

746. Memorandum of Understanding between the United Nations Environment Programme/Mediterranean Action Plan Secretariat to the Barcelona Convention and FAO General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan-Barcelona Convention Secretariat ([UNEP/MAP](#)) and General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean of the FAO (GFCM)), #OceanAction20412

747. Microbead Ban in Cosmetics and other Household Products (Ireland), #OceanAction21484

748. Mitigating the threat of marine litter through beach and waterway cleanup on all seven continents (Ocean Conservancy), #OceanAction18154

749. Moana New Zealand Sustainability Strategy (Moana New Zealand), #OceanAction16667

750. Mobile GPS to locally manage Marine Protected Areas/Spatial Closure to avoid illegal, unregulated fishing. (Odaku Online Servies Private Limited), #OceanAction15728

751. Mobilise cities and the innovation community to clean up the Baltic Sea and capture economic and social gains. (Race For The Baltic Foundation), #OceanAction20496

752. Mobilize public, private and philanthropic resources to reduce the amount of plastic flowing into the ocean (Trash Free Seas Alliance), #OceanAction18166

753. Modernization project to update the European Fisheries Control Agency application (European Union), #OceanAction18698

754. Monaco will plead in favor of the protection of the Angelshark (*Squatina squatina*) at CMS CoP 12 (Manila, 23-28 October 2017) (Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation), #OceanAction16478

755. Monacos contribution to the General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM) Strategy towards the sustainability of the Mediterranean and Black Sea fisheries (2017-2020) (Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation), #OceanAction16462

756. Monitoramento Mirim Costeiro (Monitoramento Mirim Costeiro), #OceanAction20279

757. Monitoreo de la biodiversidad marina (Sistema Nacional de Áreas de Conservación (SINAC)- Ministerio de Ambiente y Energía (MINAE)), #OceanAction19724

758. Monitoreo de los Planes de Manejo Ambiental (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20724

759. Monitoring the Health of Coastal Seas (INDIA), #OceanAction20484

760. Morgado Square Marine Managed Area (National Fisheries Authority), #OceanAction21660

761. Mozambican Marine Spatial Planning for coastal and ocean management (Ministry Of Sea, Inland Waters and Fisheries of the Republic of Mozambique), #OceanAction17170

762. MPA Action Group: Global Partnership to improve management effectiveness and sustainability of a global portfolio of Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) and Locally Managed Marine Areas (L/MMAs). (MPA Action Agenda & MPA Action Group), #OceanAction17755

763. Multi-Sites Deployment of Pilot Scale Technology for Integrated Nearshore and Ocean Farming (open water aquaculture and ocean energy) for NEXUS and Blue Growth Development (University Malaysia Terengganu, School of Ocean Engineering), #OceanAction14807

764. Multi-stakeholder efforts to enhance socio-ecological landscape resilience in Pakistan's Indus Delta area. ([UNDP/GEF](#) Small Grants Program Pakistan), #OceanAction19371

765. Municipal Zero Waste Program 2015-2035 (Municipality of Panama), #OceanAction15886

766. N/A (N/A), #OceanAction17566

767. National Environmental Science Programme: Marine Biodiversity Hub (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction17002

768. National Environmental Science Programme: Tropical Water Quality Hub (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction17010

769. National Marine Spatial Plan (Republic of Vanuatu), #OceanAction21632

770. National Plan of Action for Seabirds (NPOASeabirds) (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18340

771. National Plan of Action for Sharks — The NPOA-Sharks (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18331
772. National Plan of Action to combat, deter and eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing (National Fisheries Authority, Papua New Guinea), #OceanAction20049
773. National Search for Outstanding Coastal Community Malinis at Masaganang Karagatan (MMK) (CLEAN AND PLENTIFUL OCEAN) (Department of Agriculture — Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources (BFAR), Philippines), #OceanAction21316
774. National Stock Assessment Program (NSAP) (Department of Agriculture (DA) — Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources (BFAR), Philippines), #OceanAction21348
775. National Water Quality Monitoring Program (Estuarine and Marine Environment) (Department of Environmental Affairs — Ocean and Coasts Branch, South Africa), #OceanAction20528
776. Nature Seekers-Leatherback Sea Turtle By-Catch Project- GEF SGP Trinidad and Tobago (Nature Seekers Trinidad and Tobago and the GEF Small Grants Programme), #OceanAction19218
777. Nauru Awareness and Beach Clean-up Campaign (Nauru — Department of Commerce, Industry and Environment), #OceanAction20214
778. Neptune: The New Ocean Award (Ocean Exchange), #OceanAction14885
779. Network of Marine Protected Areas (Republic of Vanuatu), #OceanAction21628
780. Network of Marine Protected Areas in the Mediterranean in action (Mediterranean Protected Areas Network), #OceanAction14379
781. New Caledonia Towards Sustainable Blue Growth (New-Caledonia Maritime Cluster (CMNC)), #OceanAction18723
782. New Carrier of Maritime Silk Road: Era Opportunity of Sailing Race (International Development Information Organization-DevNet), #OceanAction14855
783. New commitments to reduce CO2 emissions (and their impact on the Ocean) from the international shipping sector (as agreed by ICS AGM on 11 May 2017) (International Chamber of Shipping), #OceanAction15734
784. New multidisciplinary research vessel (Belgian Science Policy), #OceanAction17146
785. New tools to support the conservation and sustainable management of marine biodiversity (Global Ocean Biodiversity Initiative (GOBI)), #OceanAction19844
786. New Zealand Fisheries Policy Reform: Future of Fisheries (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18355
787. New Zealand Marine Science Investments (New Zealand Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment), #OceanAction21068
788. New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries Antarctic Research Programme (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction19804

789. New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries Aquatic Environment Research (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18280
790. New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries Stock Assessment Research (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18262
791. New Zealand Pacific Partnership on Ocean Acidification (New Zealand Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade in partnership with the Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP)), #OceanAction18232
792. No butts on the beach (Province of West Flanders), #OceanAction18091
793. Northern Mozambique Channel partnership (CORDIO East Africa), #OceanAction15334
794. Norway combatting marine pollution and microplastics in partnership with UNEP (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction18304
795. Norway launching Global Action Network on Sustainable Food from the Ocean for Food Security and Nutrition (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19383
796. Norway supporting the small-scale fisheries sector in developing countries (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19819
797. Norway's MAREANO Programme — mapping of the seabed provides valuable new knowledge (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19415
798. Norway-Pacific Joint Chair of Oceans and Climate Change (University of Bergen and The University of the South Pacific), #OceanAction18613
799. Norwegian commitment to fight transnational fisheries crime (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction18406
800. O Governo engaja-se na implementao de um plano estrategico para alcanar o ODS 14 (Minist ério das Finan ças, Comercio e Economia Azul), #OceanAction15509
801. OA Alliance Commitment to Combating Ocean Acidification (International Alliance to Combat Ocean Acidification), #OceanAction15195
802. Oak commits to improving the health and integrity of marine ecosystems for present and future generations (Oak Foundation), #OceanAction20432
803. Ocean and climate initiatives alliance (Ocean and Climate platform), #OceanAction19434
804. Ocean Communication (DR. BALASAHEB G KULKARNI), #OceanAction15578
805. Ocean Data Alliance (World Economic Forum), #OceanAction21672
806. OCEAN DATA FOR OCEAN STEWARDSHIP (Ocean Networks Canada), #OceanAction21528
807. Ocean Dialogue India (The Netherlands), #OceanAction18283
808. Ocean Entrepreneurship Initiative (Ocean Renaissance Partners), #OceanAction18508

809. Ocean futures: solutions from science (Plymouth Marine Laboratory), #OceanAction14995
810. Ocean Health Network for Samoa (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16754
811. Ocean Literacy for all: a global strategy to raise the awareness for the conservation, restoration, and sustainable use of our ocean. (UNESCO), #OceanAction15187
812. Ocean Model Intercomparison Project (World Climate Research Programme), #OceanAction21228
813. Ocean Observations (INDIA), #OceanAction20640
814. Ocean Plastics Lab — Scientific Insights on Marine Plastic Pollution (German Marine Research Consortium), #OceanAction20788
815. Ocean Protection Educational Initiatives and Advocacy (MY World Mexico), #OceanAction14264
816. Ocean Protection Plan — Coastal Restoration Fund (Canada), #OceanAction19273
817. Ocean Science, Protection and Effective Management (The David and Lucile Packard Foundation), #OceanAction20668
818. Ocean sustainability awareness and education digital media initiative (oceanr.com), #OceanAction19098
819. Ocean-based economies to fight climate change: Ocean Energy Resources Assessment for Maldives (OpERATE) (Italy), #OceanAction20019
820. Ocean: keys to act — encourage action at local level via education and empowerment (Green Cross France & Territoires), #OceanAction14339
821. OCEANÁRIO DE LISBOA OCEAN CONSERVATION PROGRAM (Oceanário de Lisboa), #OceanAction18061
822. OCEANÁRIO DE LISBOA OCEAN EDUCATION PROGRAM (Oceanário de Lisboa), #OceanAction18055
823. Oceania Human Rights Commission & Court Project (Oceania Human Rights), #OceanAction21705
824. Oceanic Blue Carbon Voluntary Commitment (Blue Climate Solutions, a project of The Ocean Foundation, USA), #OceanAction21396
825. OCEANO AZUL FOUNDATION (Sociedade Francisco Soares dos Santos), #OceanAction18040
826. Oceans and Us Conference at the UN (World Information Transfer Inc.), #OceanAction18813
827. OceanSmart Green Boating App (T Buck Suzuki Foundation), #OceanAction16142
828. Octopus Fishery Closure (Rodrigues Regional Assembly), #OceanAction17550

829. OECD work programme on Biodiversity, Land Use and Ecosystems, including marine biodiversity (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development), #OceanAction15047
830. Official Development Assistance in the marine and fisheries sector by Republic of Korea (Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries, Republic of Korea), #OceanAction16454
831. Oficializar el Programa Nacional de Restauración (Secretaría de Energía, Recursos Naturales, Ambiente y Minas (MiAmbiente), Dirección General de Biodiversidad), #OceanAction17935
832. On My Wish List: Ocean in View (Lady Lawyer Foundation (LLF)), #OceanAction14668
833. One Ocean Forum (Yacht Club Costa Smeralda), #OceanAction15710
834. One Pearl Farm in Fiji to review practices for better sustainability (Civa (Fiji) Pearls Ltd), #OceanAction19353
835. OneLessStraw Pledge Campaign (One More Generation), #OceanAction17038
836. Ongoing support for Pacific regional fishery organisations (Ministry of Fisheries, Tonga), #OceanAction19321
837. Online Exhibition and Public Engagement Efforts (The Ocean Project), #OceanAction15314
838. Open Ocean Database — Commitment on Sharing Surplus Data on the Oceans from Merchant Vessels for Public Scientific Use. (Norwegian Shipowners' Association), #OceanAction16316
839. Oregon's Commitment to Combating Ocean Acidification and Its Impacts (The State of Oregon), #OceanAction19307
840. Organizar intercambios nacionales e internacionales entre pescadores para conocer experiencias de pesca sustentable. (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17398
841. Organize regular volunteering campaigns to clean up beaches and coastal marine environment by students (Ministry of National Education), #OceanAction18803
842. Pacific Blue Economy Conference (Pacific Islands Development Forum), #OceanAction17370
843. Pacific Centre for Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency (PCREEE) (Austrian Development Agency), #OceanAction16514
844. Pacific Maritime Boundaries Project (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade and Geoscience Australia/Attorney General's Department), #OceanAction17030
845. Pacific Ocean Research Alliance (Secretariat of the Pacific Environment Programme), #OceanAction15810
846. Pacific plastic pollution: A system for regional grassroots solutions (The Sustainable Coastlines Charitable Trust), #OceanAction21332
847. Pacific Voices for a Global Ocean Challenge (Embassy of France and Fijian government), #OceanAction16934

848. Pacific Women Defend the Commons, Pacific Communities Defend the Commons (Diverse Voices and Action (DIVA) for Equality, Fiji), #OceanAction20768
849. Pacific Year for the Ocean 2017 (Pacific Islands Development Forum), #OceanAction17354
850. PADDLE: planning in a liquid world with tropical stakes. Solutions from an EU/Africa/Brazil perspective (Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD), France), #OceanAction16150
851. Panama National Action Plan on Marine Litter and Stakeholder Round Table on Marine Debris (Ministry of Environment), #OceanAction16802
852. Parley AIR Strategy: Avoid.Intercept.Redesign (Parley for the Oceans), #OceanAction15581
853. Participación en el Proyecto Regional Establecimiento de una Red de Observación en el Caribe para la acidificación de los océanos y sus efectos sobre la Afloración de Algas Nocivas (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20748
854. Participation in the Fisheries Forum Agency Vessel Monitoring Scheme and broader cooperation (Marshall Islands Marine Resources Authority), #OceanAction21572
855. Participation of TASAs plants in communities under an environmental sustainability approach (Tecnología de Alimentos S.A.), #OceanAction17848
856. Partnership for Implementing SDG14 in the Western Indian Ocean (Secretariat of the Nairobi Convention), #OceanAction18313
857. Partnership for Regional Ocean Governance: International Forum for Advancing Regional Ocean Governance (Germany), #OceanAction18439
858. Partnership with African Coastal States to Eradicate IUU Fishing in their Sovereign Waters by 2020 (Sea Shepherd Global), #OceanAction17190
859. Partnership with the Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP) to Strengthen resilience to Ocean Acidification (Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation), #OceanAction18253
860. Partnerships to promote science-based fisheries management and fight illegal fishing in fragile and post-conflict states (Secure Fisheries (a program of One Earth Future)), #OceanAction20856
861. Partnerships with SIDS for floating solar energy at sea (Swimsol GmbH), #OceanAction21717
862. Paul Gauguin Cruises partnership with Wildlife Conservation Society (WCS) to provide educational programming on select sailings in 2017 and 2018 (Paul Gauguin Cruises), #OceanAction21344
863. Peruvian Coastal Atlas (Instituto del Mar del Perú (IMARPE)), #OceanAction18898
864. Pesca sostenible (Ministerio de Acuacultura y Pesca), #OceanAction21052
865. Philippines large marine protected areas and tuna fishery improvement project (WWF Philippines), #OceanAction16410

866. Phoenix Islands Protected Area: Bring PIPA Home (The Phoenix Islands Protected Area Conservation Trust), #OceanAction20784
867. Pilot Project on Oyster (*Crassostrea* spp.) Culture (Indian Ocean Rim Association), #OceanAction18217
868. Pioneering Community-Based Ocean Stewardship in NW Bali (Indonesia) to inspire intelligent use of the earth's oceans and empower individuals to become leaders of a healthy biosphere initiative that begins with the restoration of our seas. (Biosphere Foundation), #OceanAction15175
869. Plan de Acción de Pesca Sostenible (Autoridad de los Recursos acuáticos de Panamá (ARAP)), #OceanAction16607
870. Plantar 100,000 plantas de mangle en 10 hectareas de humedal entre 2017 y 2018 en Guanaja (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Guanaja), #OceanAction17254
871. Plantar 6,000 plantas de manglar en la Isla de Roatán (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Roatán), #OceanAction17262
872. Plastic Bag Free Raglan (Whaingaroa Environment Centre), #OceanAction20309
873. Plastic Busters (University of Siena — SDSN Med solutions), #OceanAction19373
874. Plastic Mining Cooperation is committed to start the Plastic Mining recycling program on all SIDS member states by 2025. (Plastic Mining Cooperation), #OceanAction19293
875. Plastic Pollution — Free Fiji Campaign (WWF — Pacific Volunteer Program), #OceanAction21080
876. Plastic Pollution Awareness Raising Programmes and Beach Cleanups (Jo Kaminska Foundation), #OceanAction16246
877. Plataforma Nacional de Pesquerías Sostenibles de Grandes Pelícos (Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería (MAG), Ministerio de Ambiente y Energía (MINAE), Instituto Costarricense de Pesca y Acuicultura (INCOPESCA), PNUD), #OceanAction19529
878. Pollution Reduction Through Beneficial Aquaculture (Fearless Fund), #OceanAction20488
879. Pollution Tracker Program and Study of Micro-plastics in the Arctic Ocean and their Biological Effects on Marine Life (Canada), #OceanAction19379
880. Polystyrene (Styrofoam) Ban (The Government of Antigua and Barbuda), #OceanAction20928
881. Port Waste Management Plan for the Port of Port Louis (Mauritius Ports Authority), #OceanAction19343
882. PPP initiative to release 30,000 fish in protected areas (Ministry of Climate Change and Environment — United Arab Emirates), #OceanAction20400
883. Prácticas de conservación de suelos para prevenir y reducir la contaminación relacionada con el uso del suelo (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20532

884. Preparation of sectoral agreement on elimination of microplastic in cosmetic and other consumption products (Belgium (Federal Minister of Environment)), #OceanAction17610

885. Prepare a programme for remediation of pollution in the coastal zone at priority locations, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism in cooperation (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17680

886. Prepare guidelines for planning rehabilitation and renewal of inadequately urbanised areas and conduct professional development programmes, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Ministry of (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism), #OceanAction17671

887. Preparing California for sea-level rise (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15629

888. Preservation of the Marine Ecosystem (The Atlantis Diving Centre), #OceanAction17322

889. Prevent plastic pollution in our ocean (Searious Business), #OceanAction14415

890. Preventing and significantly reducing marine litter in EU Member States' waters (European Union), #OceanAction17518

891. Private Foundation investing in Marine Protected Areas in Brazil and related public policies (Boticario Group Foundation), #OceanAction20832

892. Producción de conocimiento científico y transferencia tecnológica (Centro para el Estudio de Sistemas Marinos), #OceanAction17764

893. Profundizar la Reglamentación de la explotación pesquera mediante la implementación de Especies con Captura Máxima Permisible (CMP) y Certificados de captura legal y control de carga (República Argentina), #OceanAction19153

894. Profundizar las investigaciones científicas en el Mar Argentino mediante la iniciativa Pampa Azul, relanzada en abril de 2017. (República Argentina), #OceanAction19173

895. Program in Ocean Science & Engineering (OSE) (Georgia Institute of Technology), #OceanAction16262

896. Program of research-action on impacts of subsidies in the sustainable management of fisheries resources in West Africa (ENDA/REPAO), #OceanAction16230

897. Programa de acuicultura sostenible de ostras, pargos, tilapias, camarones, entre otros (Autoridad de los Recursos Acuáticos de Panamá(ARAP)), #OceanAction18463

898. Programa de Control y Vigilancia Marítima: programa 1.6 del Plan Nacional de Desarrollo (Viceministerio de Agua, Mares, Costas y Humedales, y Servicio Nacional de Guardacostas), #OceanAction19484

899. Programa de Extracción de Redes Fantasma (Autoridad De Recursos Acuáticos de Panamá(ARAP)), #OceanAction16616

900. Programa de manejo Integrado y uso sostenible de cuencas hidrográficas prioritarias y sus franjas costeras (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20792
901. Programa de restauración de costas con fines de saneamiento (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction20600
902. Programa de saneamiento ambiental en microcuencas y ríos urbanos (CEBSE), #OceanAction20896
903. Programa Nacional de Observadores Científicos (Fundación Internacional de Pesca (FIPESCA)), #OceanAction16661
904. Programme Aquacole dans l'Arrondissement de Fimela Promotion de la Pisciculture et de l'Ostriculture dans les Communes de Fimela et de Palmarin Facao (Union Nationale des Travailleurs Démocrates), #OceanAction15019
905. Programme to combat marine litter and microplastics (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction18244
906. Progressing Implementation of the New Song for Coastal Fisheries Pathways to Change (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT)), #OceanAction17058
907. Prohibition of Destructive Offshore Fishing Practices (Ministry of Fisheries, Fiji), #OceanAction19879
908. Project Green Ports (INDIA), #OceanAction20580
909. Project Sagarmala — Coastal Community Development (INDIA), #OceanAction20648
910. Project Sea Change — advanced filtering of laundry effluent to screen microparticles and microplastics (Xeros Technology Group), #OceanAction15928
911. PROJET DE GESTION DURABLE DE LA BIODIVERSITE DU TERROIR DE NIODIOR (FELOGIE de NIODIOR), #OceanAction18319
912. Projet de Régénération d'écosystème de la mangrove et de la biodiversité et de lutte contre la pollution marine dans la Réserve de Biosphère du Delta du Saloum (RBDS) (FEDERATION LOCAL DES GIE DE PECHE DE NIODIOR (FELOGIE NIODIOR)), #OceanAction15749
913. Projet UNU-Ocean (Université de Bretagne Occidentale (UBO)), #OceanAction21076
914. Promise to Paeʻ Āina o Hawaiʻiʻ — A Collective Commitment (Polynesian Voyaging Society), #OceanAction21056
915. Promoción de creación y fortalecimiento de zonas marinas protegidas en Chile y Argentina (Foro para la Conservación del Mar Patagónico y áreas de influencia), #OceanAction21700
916. Promoción de la reducción y eliminación del consumo de plásticos en la provincia de Saman (ASDUBAHISA/Foro Ambiental de Saman áCooperativa de pescadores Espíritu Santo), #OceanAction20868

917. Promoción de un marco regulatorio en Panamá que incorpore la reducción de la contaminación por plásticos en el medio marino. (Fundación MarViva), #OceanAction16794
918. Promote and increase the public investment on projects focused on marine biodiversity conservation by 2 Million Euros (Minister of Sea), #OceanAction18478
919. Promote and support the establishment of a strong and vibrant marine and maritime research and innovation network, through the establishment of a Port Tech Cluster in Lisbon and the Atlantic Observatory in the Azores, with a focus on both North and South (Ministry of Sea & Ministry of Science, Technology and Higher Education), #OceanAction18487
920. Promote information and Implementation of the Voluntary Guidelines for the sustainability of small scale fisheries in the context of food security and poverty eradication. (CoopeSoliDar R.L), #OceanAction14945
921. Promote Marine Spatial Planning and other coastal and marine planning and management instruments in Mexico (Ministry of Environment and Natural Resources of Mexico), #OceanAction20224
922. Promote public policy and raise international awareness on the importance of the Ocean and human health (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18181
923. Promote the sharing of information and foster collaboration among those working in and supporting ocean conservation (Marine Watch International), #OceanAction21620
924. Promote, inspire, and accelerate sustainable solutions and practices (Ports of Cause), #OceanAction20184
925. Promote, sustainably use, and protect Kadalamma—the Mother Sea—with indigenous fisherfolk (Friends of Marine Life (FML)), #OceanAction14351
926. Promoting a structured dialogue on cruise tourism between cruise operators, ports and port cities (European Union), #OceanAction18688
927. Promoting and coordinating R&D and Innovation in the Ocean Economy Sector (Mauritius Research Council), #OceanAction17486
928. Promoting citizen science using app/website for the protection of Black Sea marine biodiversity (BLACK SEA WATCH) (Turkish Marine Research Foundation (TUDAV)), #OceanAction20284
929. Promoting enhanced access and use of global marine biodiversity information (UN Environment World Conservation Monitoring Centre), #OceanAction20776
930. Promoting Environmental Activism Among Youth (International Student Environmental Coalition), #OceanAction14870
931. Promoting Gender Equality in Sustainable Fisheries Management and Development in Fiji (Women in Fisheries Network — Fiji (WiFN-Fiji)), #OceanAction19964
932. Promoting interdisciplinary research to achieve sustainable oceans (Nippon Foundation Nereus Program), #OceanAction15401
933. Promoting International Cooperation in Hydrography (INDIA), #OceanAction20660

934. Promoting maritime spatial planning to achieve good environment status of oceans and seas. (Ministère de la Transition écologique et solidaire (chargé de la mer)), #OceanAction16738

935. Promoting standards for sustainable fisheries management and traceability of fish products on a global scale (United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE)), #OceanAction16466

936. Promoting Sustainable Fisheries (India), #OceanAction20516

937. Promoting Sustainable Fisheries: National Awareness Programme in Support of the First Temporary Octopus Fisheries Closure in Mauritius (Funded by the GEF Small Grants Programme implemented by UNDP) (EcoMode Society), #OceanAction19779

938. Promoting the Creation of Highly Protected Marine Reserves (Pew Bertarelli Ocean Legacy project), #OceanAction14811

939. Promover el desarrollo de capacidades y establecimiento de cadenas de valor (CODOPESCA), #OceanAction21128

940. Promover el establecimiento de reas de no-pesca en el espacio marino Cuero y Salado — Utila — Cayos Cochinos (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17959

941. Promover la proteccin de los arrecifes de coral en la zona costera de Barahona en los lugares: Saladilla, Paraso, Quemato, y La Cinaga. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20916

942. Promover mejores prcticas de uso y conservacin de suelos en la Isla de Utila (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17230

943. Proper Strand Lopers (Proper Strand Lopers), #OceanAction15842

944. Propiciar la zonificacin y monitoreo de espacios marinos y sus recursos (Ministerio Ambiente/CODOPESCA), #OceanAction21084

945. Proposal to prohibit the use of large scale driftnets in the area of the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (FRANCE), #OceanAction15680

946. Proposed MC11 Fisheries Subsidies Disciplines Implementing SDG Target 14.6 (New Zealand Ministry for Foreign Affairs and Trade), #OceanAction18343

947. PROTECCIÓN DE LOS ROS Y MANGLAres DE SALMONETE INCLUYENDO REPOBLACIÓN ARBÓREA DE LÍNEA COSTERA EN BAHÍA HONDA, SON VERAGUAS. (ASOCIACIÓN DE CAMPESINOS UNIDOS PARA EL DESARROLLO DE BAHÍA HONDA), #OceanAction16643

948. Protect 30% of Seychelles marine and coastal waters more than 400,000 square kilometers of improved protection and ocean management. (Ministry of Environment, Energy and Climate Change), #OceanAction19023

949. Protect at least 14% of coastal and marine areas under national jurisdiction (Ministry of Sea and Ministry of Environment), #OceanAction18172

950. Protect the biodiversity of Cabo Verde from marine debris (CALAO Luxembourg ASBL), #OceanAction14087

951. Protect the network of marine and coastal protected areas in Vlora region (Regional Administration of Protected Areas Vlora Albania), #OceanAction16350
952. Protect the Zeytoon coral reef site in Qeshm Island, Iran (Green reef Group (GrG)), #OceanAction19889
953. Protecting 3.7 million sq kms through the \$15 million WCS Marine Protected Area Fund (Wildlife Conservation Society), #OceanAction16178
954. Protecting California's coastal ecosystems (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15698
955. Protecting California's marine ecosystems through effective management of the states marine protected area network (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15635
956. Protecting Canada's Marine and Coastal Environment: A collaborative plan towards meeting and exceeding 10% protection by 2020 (Ecology Action Centre), #OceanAction16619
957. Protecting fisheries livelihoods in Ghana and Somalia (European Union), #OceanAction18133
958. Protecting the environment from harmful aquatic invasive species and pathogens introduced via ships ballast water or on ships hulls (Institute of Marine Engineering, Science and Technology), #OceanAction18412
959. Protecting the Ocean from WasteWater is the #1 Short-term Climate Action: Ending Marine Pollution returns Natural Water Cycles to the Land to foster Biodiversity. (Baleen Filters Pty Limited), #OceanAction15488
960. Protecting the Oceans from Land Based Pollution. (AquaFed — The International Federation of Private Water Operators), #OceanAction19534
961. Protecting, conserving and restoring whale populations in the Pacific islands (Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme), #OceanAction16006
962. Protection and enhancement of Oceans and Small non-interconnected island continent regions in a sustainable development vision (PERFECT UNION), #OceanAction17386
963. Protection and Management of All Marine Mammal Species in Fiji (Ministry of Fisheries and Department of Environment, Fiji), #OceanAction19959
964. Protection of Groupers and Coral Trout Spawning Aggregation Sites across Fijian Reef Systems (Fiji (Ministry of Fisheries, Government of Fiji)), #OceanAction14327
965. Protection of Marine and Coastal Resources (Department of Wildlife Conservation, Sri Lanka), #OceanAction19899
966. Protection of marine turtles and nesting beaches through the involvement of the local population (The GEF Small Grants Programme), #OceanAction15871
967. Provide Fundamental Mapping of the Seas and Oceans (International Hydrographic Organization), #OceanAction15449

968. Provide Inclusive Science-based Approaches to the Implementation of SEAFRUIT LANDS project. (University of São Paulo), #OceanAction15940

969. Providing a sound scientific, social, legal and economic basis for improved policy and management for the sustainable use and protection of the marine and coastal environment. (Centre for Marine Conservation and Policy Research (MarCoPol), University of Plymouth), #OceanAction20564

970. Providing world-class research and training to support the implementation of the UN Sustainable Development Goals. (The Marine Institute (MI) at the University of Plymouth), #OceanAction20552

971. Provision of subject matter expertise on the application of risk management tools in regulatory frameworks supporting SDG14 (United Nations Economic Commission for Europe, UNECE GRM), #OceanAction16458

972. Proyecto de gestión integral de residuos sólidos para la Isla de Taboga (Autoridad de Turismo de Panamá(ATP)), #OceanAction16604

973. PROYECTO PAE-CLME+ (Colombia), #OceanAction20264

974. PROYECTO SPINCAM III (Colombia), #OceanAction20259

975. Public awareness and information campaign on marine litter and prevention of plastics in the sea (Ministry of the Environment (Estonia)), #OceanAction18013

976. Public Education on Oceans in Grenada through public mural artwork in partnership with Pangeaseed (Grenada (Ministry of Education, Human Resource Development and the Environment)), #OceanAction14560

977. Publicación de la Política Nacional de Humedales (Secretaría de Energía, Recursos Naturales, Ambiente y Minas, Instituto de Conservación, Áreas Protegidas y Vida Silvestre, Dirección General de Biodiversidad), #OceanAction17824

978. Publicar un listado de post-larvas de peces arrecifales para la Isla de Roatán (Bay Islands Conservation Association (BICA) Roatán), #OceanAction17920

979. Publicar y hacer entrar en vigencia la Nueva Ley de Pesca y Acuicultura en el Diario Oficial La Gaceta (Dirección General de Pesca y Acuicultura), #OceanAction17866

980. Publication of Productivity, and Susceptibility Analysis (PSA) of mexican sharks listed in the Appendix II of CITES in the CoP17 (South Africa, 2016) (Comisión Nacional para el Conocimiento y Uso de la Biodiversidad (CONABIO), CITES Scientific Authority of Mexico), #OceanAction17839

981. Qeshm Island Environmental Management Office (Department of Environment Qeshm Free Area), #OceanAction19489

982. Qlik Commits Data Visualization Software Supporting the Implementation of SDG 14 (Qlik), #OceanAction19063

983. R.E.E.F.S. (Research Enhancement for Seascapes) (The World Federation for Coral Reef Conservation), #OceanAction14411

984. Raise Awareness about the Ocean and Take Action (Mundus maris — Sciences and Arts for Sustainability asbl), #OceanAction21244

985. Raise awareness for ocean conservation through the power of music (oneocean.fm), #OceanAction18505
986. Raise Public Awareness About Goal 14 (Sea Save Foundation), #OceanAction21492
987. Raising awareness about marine conservation and sustainable resource management and creating independent small businesses by developing aquaculture techniques in order to reduce poverty in Zanzibar (marinecultures.org — Zanzibar, East Africa), #OceanAction15557
988. Raising awareness on impacts of marine pollution by litter in Fortaleza, Brazil (Instituto Verdeluz), #OceanAction21600
989. Ratification of the International Convention for the Control and Management of Ships' Ballast Water and Sediments (BWM) (Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries & Shipping (Shipping Division) of the Republic of Mauritius), #OceanAction17250
990. Ratify CITES (Government of Timor-Leste), #OceanAction17905
991. Realizacin de 20 arrecifes de ostras en la desembocadura del ro Muoz, Puerto Plata. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction20704
992. Realizar 3 monitoreos de mega-fauna marina en la Isla de Roatn, Honduras (MARALLIANCE), #OceanAction17410
993. Realizar campaas de monitoreo de blanqueamiento de coral en Honduras (Iniciativa Arrecifes Saludables), #OceanAction17350
994. Realizar durante 2017 un Taller de Consulta Nacional sobre Planificacion Marina Espacial. (Republica Argentina), #OceanAction19143
995. Realizar la evaluacin de los ecosistemas costero marinos para la determinacin y la previsin de los espacios sujetos a un rgimen de conservacin, proteccin, manejo sustentable y recuperacin ambiental en seis (6) provincias costeras del pas al 2020; Proyecto (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20588
996. Realizar la zonificacin o sectorizacin de los espacios que conforman las zonas costeras y marinas (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20804
997. Realize sustainable fisheries through fisheries resource management (Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries), #OceanAction18268
998. Realizing the inclusive and sustainable development in the Benguela Current Large Marine Ecosystem (BCLME) region through the improved ocean governance and the integrated management of ocean use and marine resources. (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16774
999. Reconocer y apoyar cumplimiento y divulgacin del marco del marco jurdico de la Ley del Mar. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction21144
1000. Recovering marine-coastal and aquaculture ecosystems through sustainable management (Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment of Cuba), #OceanAction20956

1001. Red de Pescadores con capacidades para la pesca bajo lineamientos de sostenibilidad, pesca responsable y de acceso a mercados. (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17974
1002. Red de zonas de refugios pesqueros/Jose Angel de la Cruz Canto Noh (Colonia de pescadores Maria Elena), #OceanAction17758
1003. RED ELéCTRICAS SUBSEA FOREST: Recovery of posidonia oceanica seagrass meadows Balearic Islands, Spain (Red Eléctrica de España, S.A.U.), #OceanAction21284
1004. Reduce by-catches and discards from fisheries (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18466
1005. Reduce Marine Pollution Due to wastewater Discharge Through the Extension of the Public Sewerage Network (Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities, Mauritius), #OceanAction17258
1006. Reduce marine pollution due to wastewater discharge through the extension of the public sewerage network (Ministry of Energy and Public Utilities (MEPU)), #OceanAction17102
1007. Reduce marine pollution through the development of technological platforms and tools that promote the circular economy of the sea (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18451
1008. Reduce Ocean plastic in Grenada by avoiding, intercepting and reducing use of plastics in partnership with Parley for the Oceans and Adidas (Grenada (Environment Division, Ministry of Education, Human Resource Development and the Environment)), #OceanAction14552
1009. Reducing air pollution from vessels serving the German Federal Administration (Germany), #OceanAction16094
1010. Reducing food loss and waste in the value chain for fish (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19829
1011. Reducing Lagoon Pollution in World Heritage Site Buffer Zone through Basic Sanitation Facilities (Supported by GEF SGP & Implemented by UNDP) (Leadership Empowerment Action Development (L.E.A.D)), #OceanAction19924
1012. Reducing marine debris in California watersheds and ocean waters (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15626
1013. Reducing marine litter (Ministry of Environment- and Food of Denmark), #OceanAction19979
1014. Reducing plastic marine debris in Indonesia (Denmark), #OceanAction20500
1015. Reducing Pollution and Preserving Environmental Flows in the East Asian Seas through the Implementation of Integrated River Basin Management in selected ASEAN Countries (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction20940
1016. Reducing pressures on coral reefs, sea grasses, mangroves and beaches, vulnerable to climate change. (Ministry of Science, Technology and Environment of Cuba), #OceanAction20960

1017. Reducing quantities of Ocean Debris by tackling sources both in and out of water. (Borneo Dive Network (BDN)), #OceanAction19327
1018. Reducing ship strikes to vulnerable whales (International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW)), #OceanAction21408
1019. Reducing Single-Use Plastic in U.S. Aquariums (Aquarium Conservation Partnership), #OceanAction18145
1020. Reducing solid waste of Pangkor Island polluting the sea through Innovative 3R program (reduce, reuse & recycle) business model, GEF-SGP funded project. (Pertubuhan Gerakan Belia Bersatu Malaysia (GBBM)), #OceanAction16568
1021. Reducing the risk of collisions between boats and large cetaceans (Pelagos Agreement on the creation of a marine mammals Sanctuary in the Mediterranean Sea), #OceanAction21208
1022. Reducir el impacto negativo de los ecosistemas para una pesca de arrastre de camarones ms sostenible en America Latina y el Caribe (ALC), mediante la aplicacin de un enfoque ecosistmico de la pesca (EEP) (Instituto Nacional de Pesca y Acuicultura (INCOPESCA)), #OceanAction19689
1023. Reducir el uso de plsticos desechables en la Isla de Utila por medio de la realizacin de 8 charlas informativas (cuatro 2017 y cuatro 2018), para reducir el uso de los mismos. (Fundaci ón Isla de la Bah á), #OceanAction17214
1024. Reducir los efectos de acidificacin de los ocanos (Ministerio de Ambiente), #OceanAction21048
1025. Reducir y prevenir la contaminacin por desechos slidos en el rea costero marina Motagua-Omoa (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo Honduras), #OceanAction17965
1026. Reduction of Carbon Emissions from Idling Diesel Drayage Trucks at Container Shipping Ports (EagleRail Container Logistics), #OceanAction19178
1027. Reduction of human pressures on Cetaceans (Italy — IMELS/PNM (Italian Ministry of Environment, Land and Sea Protection/General Directorate for the Protection of Land and Sea)), #OceanAction18112
1028. Reduction of Land-based pollution loads to the Mediterranean Sea, from Industrial and municipal sources (Ministry of Environmental Protection — Israel), #OceanAction18598
1029. Reduction of nutrient and hazardous substances discharge in Austrian rivers and lakes (Federal Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry, Environment and Water Management (BMLFUW)), #OceanAction16522
1030. Reduction of Plastic pollution (INDIA), #OceanAction20592
1031. Reduction of plastic waste in the marine environment through Plastic bags ban measures. (Monaco), #OceanAction18409

1032. Reduction of POPs and green house gas emissions through improvements in waste management in the Cook Islands GEF SGP (Te Ipukarea Society Cook Islands), #OceanAction20996
1033. Reduction of use of plastic bags (Ministry of Foreign Affairs), #OceanAction18533
1034. Reduction significative de la pche INN dans la zone ouest africaine (Sub Regional Fisheries Commission — SRFC), #OceanAction21276
1035. Reef Life Restoration Regenerative Ocean Growth Habitats (Reef Life Foundation), #OceanAction15440
1036. Regional 3R Forum in Asia and the Pacific/State of the 3Rs in Asia and the Pacific (Ministry of the Environment, Japan, UNCRD), #OceanAction18229
1037. Regional action plan for a Sustainability Maritime Sector (Region V ästra G ötaland, Sweden), #OceanAction20119
1038. Regional cooperation for national action on Caribbean Sea sustainability (Association of Caribbean States — Caribbean Sea Comission), #OceanAction15536
1039. Regional Integrated Multi-Hazard Early Warning Systems (RIMES) (INDIA), #OceanAction20604
1040. Regional Marine Protected Areas networks in action (Mediterranean Protected Areas Network), #OceanAction20319
1041. Regional Partnership for Implementing SDG14 in the Western Indian Ocean (Secretariat of the Nairobi Convention for the development, protection and management of the coastal and marine environment of the Western Indian Ocean), #OceanAction15788
1042. Regional Seas Programme for ocean-related SDGs (UN Environment Programme), #OceanAction19228
1043. Regional Training Programme on Waste Management and Reduction of Marine Litter (Singapore), #OceanAction18923
1044. Registro y licenciamiento de pescadores artesanales (GOAL Honduras), #OceanAction17950
1045. Regulacin del ruido ocenico producido por actividades antropogicas tales como las plataformas de explotacion de suelo marino (Sistema Nacional de Áreas de Conservaci ón (SINAC)- Ministerio de Ambiente y Energ ía (MINAE)), #OceanAction19734
1046. Regulacion sobre Basura Marina y Contaminacion (Ministerio de Ambiente de Ecuador), #OceanAction21024
1047. Regulations to Ban Microbeads in Toiletries (Canada), #OceanAction19108
1048. Rehabilitation and protection of mangrove ecosystems for climate change adaptation, livelihoods and biodiversity (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16546
1049. Reimaanlok Looking to the Future: Strengthening Natural Resource Management in Atoll Communities in the Republic of Marshall Islands, Employing Integrated

Approaches (RMI R2R) (United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)), #OceanAction15593

1050. Remediation of the polluted sediments in Shipyard Bijela, defined in the National Action Plan (NAP) of Montenegro for the implementation of the LBS Protocol and its Regional Plans in the Framework of the SAP-MED with the aim to achieve Good Environmental (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17462

1051. Removal of single-use plastic bottles and replacing with reusable glass bottles throughout the resort (Four Seasons Resort Mauritius at Anahita), #OceanAction21304

1052. Removal of single-use plastic straws and replacing with reusable non-plastic alternatives throughout the resort (Four Seasons Resort Seychelles), #OceanAction21300

1053. Renewable energy and water treatment: a means to progress on SDG14 (Italy), #OceanAction20044

1054. Replantar areas de manglar y de vegetación costera en la Isla de Utila (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17234

1055. Research and Capacity Development supporting SDG 14 and sustainable fishing harvest and Blue Growth in SIDS (United Nations University Fisheries Training Programme), #OceanAction17286

1056. Research and capacity development to support livelihood and food security and safety in African Coastal Communities (United Nations University Fisheries Training Programme), #OceanAction17306

1057. Research for the Inventory, Monitoring and Conservation of the Peruvian Marine Biodiversity (Instituto del Mar del Perú (IMARPE)), #OceanAction18908

1058. Research program on acidification (Ministry of the Ecological and Inclusive Transition (MTES), France), #OceanAction17506

1059. Research strategy related to fisheries and aquaculture for the 2035 horizon (Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Fisheries, Algeria), #OceanAction19339

1060. Research towards sustainable development of ocean economy (Mauritius Oceanography Institute), #OceanAction17110

1061. Responding to El Niño: Improving International Coordination for Improved Early Warning (World Meteorological Organisation (WMO)), #OceanAction15659

1062. Responsible plastic management (Sweden), #OceanAction20448

1063. Responsible Research and Innovation for ocean conservation and sustainable blue growth (XPRO Consulting and Nausicaa on behalf of the MARINA US-funded project), #OceanAction20696

1064. Restauración de ecosistemas de coral en Cayo Farola Cayo Levantado, Samaná (Cooperativa Pescadores Espíritu Santo Los Cacaos), #OceanAction20888

1065. Restauración de áreas de ecosistemas de manglares y áreas de praderas marinas (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20948

1066. Restauración ecológica de 100 hectáreas del manglar Bajo Yuna (CEBSE), #OceanAction20900
1067. Restauración ecológica de poblaciones de coral Jardín de corales (Viceministerio de Agua, Mares, Costas y Humedales), #OceanAction19569
1068. Restaurar manglares en la Isla de Utila (Fundación Islas de la Bahía), #OceanAction17242
1069. Restoration of 100 coral colonies through in situ coral nurseries in the blue bay lagoon, Mauritius (supported by GEF SGP & Implemented by UNDP) (Eco-sud), #OceanAction16014
1070. Restoration of stone reef in Danish waters (Danish Environmental Protection Agency), #OceanAction20059
1071. Restore the Mesoamerican Coral Reef (Restore Coral), #OceanAction18998
1072. Restoring Fisheries for Healthier Communities and Oceans (Walton Family Foundation), #OceanAction16631
1073. Restoring marine ecosystem services by rehabilitating coral reefs to meet a changing climate future (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16894
1074. Return Trees for Mountain and Mangroves, Return Seagrasses for Dugongs Project, supported by GEF SGP implemented by UNDP (Sea Concern Group), #OceanAction17971
1075. Review Existing Policies, Legal and Institutional Framework for Sustainable Use and Development of Marine Fisheries Resources (Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries and Shipping, Mauritius), #OceanAction17246
1076. Review existing policies, legal and institutional framework for sustainable use and development of marine fisheries resources. (Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries and Shipping (Fisheries Division)), #OceanAction17122
1077. Review of Hector's and Maui dolphin Threat Management Plan (New Zealand Department of Conservation and Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18352
1078. Review Pollution control component of the Environment Act by 2018 (Ministry of Environment, Climate Change, Disaster Management & Meteorology), #OceanAction20289
1079. Reviewing innovation mechanisms to support a sustainable ocean economy (Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD)), #OceanAction14987
1080. Revisión del marco jurídico nacional (Comité Interinstitucional del Mar), #OceanAction20992
1081. Revision of Belgium's Marine Spatial Plan (Federal Public Service for the Environment), #OceanAction16922
1082. RIO Acoustics: Developing the Latin American and Caribbean network for ocean acoustics and acoustical oceanography (Université libre de Bruxelles (ULB)), #OceanAction21729

1083. River and Coastal Health Ecosystem Monitoring (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16990

1084. Roadmap to Oceans and Climate Action (ROCA) (Global Ocean Forum), #OceanAction15155

1085. Sa Moana Folauga (Samoa Voyaging Society, Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, Ministry of Agriculture and Conservation International.), #OceanAction17006

1086. Saafu Raajje — Clean Environmental Management (Ministry of Environment and Energy), #OceanAction18034

1087. Sacred Heart Global Ocean Campaign (Society of the Sacred Heart), #OceanAction21308

1088. Safe Rivers, Seas, and Oceans: Water Areas for Bettering Future Lives (Ambivium Institute on Security and Cooperation), #OceanAction15027

1089. SAFE SEAS. A study of maritime security capacity building in the Western Indian Ocean (Cardiff University), #OceanAction14234

1090. Safeguard marine and coastal biodiversity in Cabo Verde from current and emerging threats, by enhancing the enabling and regulatory frameworks in the tourism sector and activating a critical further subset of the national protected areas system. (National Directorate of Environment), #OceanAction17734

1091. Safeguarding Our Oceans, One Threat at a Time (Blue Sphere Foundation), #OceanAction16556

1092. Safeguarding Sharks and Rays of the Atlantic and Mediterranean through RFMOs (Shark Advocates International, Shark Trust, Project AWARE, and Ecology Action Centre), #OceanAction17226

1093. Safeguarding the biodiversity of intertidal and sub-tidal coral reef habitats through habitat restoration and species recovery (Singapore), #OceanAction18993

1094. Samoas Community-based Fisheries Management Programme (Ministry of Agriculture), #OceanAction18298

1095. Santuario Mamiferos Marinos de Argentina (Instituto de Conservacion de Ballenas), #OceanAction19644

1096. Sauvegarde des tortues marines de l'océan Atlantique et de leurs habitats le long du littoral du Bénin (Programme de Microfinancement du Fonds pour l'Environnement Mondial/Small Grants Programme), #OceanAction19359

1097. Save Ocean from Pollutions (Green Deserts Bamboo For Peace and Prosperity.), #OceanAction15551

1098. Save the marine life in the Maldives and promote sustainable development (Island Development and Environmental Awareness Society), #OceanAction14472

1099. SAVE THE OCEANS Stop Plastic pollution — The Green Bauhaus global communication project 2017 with 33 universities from all five continents (Green Bauhaus Foundation), #OceanAction19283

1100. Saving The Great South Bay (Save The Great South Bay), #OceanAction21436
1101. Scaling up Implementation of Integrated Coastal Management (ICM) in the East Asian Seas Region (Partnerships in Environmental Management for the Seas of East Asia (PEMSEA)), #OceanAction14716
1102. Scaling up the Marine Conservation fund launched on October 2015-Improving marine scientific research and safeguarding marine resources of the Maldives through sustainable harvest (Ministry of Fisheries and Agriculture of the Maldives), #OceanAction18019
1103. School inaugural course entitled “Eco-citizenship: Plastic impacts on the marine environment” for more than nine million students (Ministry of National Education), #OceanAction17737
1104. Science and awareness: a mediterranean connection against marine litter (Universit à di Siena and Legambiente (IT)), #OceanAction20169
1105. Science for deep-ocean sustainability (Deep Ocean Stewardship Initiative), #OceanAction15238
1106. Science to Save the Reefs: An interdisciplinary dialogue between economist and biologist to propose practical solutions against Ocean Acidification and other global stress (Centre Scientifique de Monaco), #OceanAction15617
1107. Science-based Ecosystem, Species, and Biodiversity Protection (Pacific Alliance for Sustainable Tuna), #OceanAction19419
1108. Scientific discourse and public debate on the law of the sea and international marine environmental law (Institute for the Law of the Sea and International Marine Environmental Law (ISRIM)), #OceanAction15554
1109. Scoping Process: Blue Ocean (Germany), #OceanAction18400
1110. Scuba SEEP (SEEP (Social Education & Environment Protection)), #OceanAction16798
1111. SDGs Exploring Maritime Opportunities — Commitment on Mapping the Maritime Industry’s impact on the SDGs seeking opportunities for the industry to contribute (Norwegian Shipowners Association), #OceanAction15668
1112. Se dispone de al menos 3 estudios sobre dinmica pesquera. (Programa de las Naciones Unidas para el Desarrollo PNUD Honduras), #OceanAction17986
1113. Se ha oficializado el Plan de Manejo Pesquero de Caracol en el Caribe Hondureo (Direcci ón General de Pesca y Acuicultura), #OceanAction17845
1114. Se ha validado el Plan de Manejo para la Pesquera de la Langosta Espinosa del Caribe de Honduras (World Wildlife Fund (WWF) Honduras), #OceanAction17833
1115. Se han impartido 12 charlas acerca de la salud arrecifal en Honduras (Iniciativa Arrecifes Saludables), #OceanAction17338
1116. Se implementar todos los aos el Plan de Manejo Pesquero del Caracol en el Caribe Hondureo (Direcci ón General de Pesca y Acuicultura), #OceanAction17851

1117. Se tendrá un programa de mantenimiento adecuado para administrar los 3 viveros de coral que se encuentran en la Isla de Roatán (Asociación Amigos del Parque Marino de Roatán (Roatán Marine Park)), #OceanAction17278
1118. Sea and beach exploration (Horizon Educatief vzw), #OceanAction18484
1119. Sea Greens (Sea Greens Farms), #OceanAction19329
1120. Sea Pact funding support for BC Center for Aquatic Health Sciences Society Sea Lice Project (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21176
1121. Sea Pact funding support for Blue Ocean Gear's development of a smart crustacean trap (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21160
1122. Sea Pact funding support for Downeast Institute for Applied Marine Research and Education's Maine Softshell Clam Project (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21164
1123. Sea Pact funding support for Responsible Aquaculture Foundation (RAF) Global Responsible Aquaculture On-Line Training (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21172
1124. Sea Pact funding support for SafetyNet Technologies Pisces LED Light Trials to Improve Fishery Catch Selectivity (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21156
1125. Sea Pact funding support for The BC Shrimpers' Association LED Light Use Project (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21168
1126. Sea Pact funding support for the University of North Texas (UNT) Probiotics Project (Sea Pact), #OceanAction21180
1127. Seafood Business for Ocean Stewardship (SeaBOS) (Stockholm Resilience Center), #OceanAction16954
1128. Seafood Stewardship Index (Ministry of Economic Affairs, The Netherlands), #OceanAction18265
1129. Seafood Supplier Commits to Private Sector-Led Model for Socially Responsible and Sustainable Fisheries Management (North Atlantic, Inc./PT Bali Seafood International), #OceanAction15608
1130. Seagrass and Mangrove Rehabilitation and the Use of Renewable Energy against Global Warming Project, supported by GEF SGP implemented by UNDP (Sam Roy Yod Natural Conservation Group), #OceanAction18502
1131. Securing protection for the oceans giants (OceanCare), #OceanAction16054
1132. Securing social-, economic- and environmental sustainability in the Swedish Maritime Strategy (Government of Sweden), #OceanAction20194
1133. Sensibilización ambiental y reforestación del río Muoz y del río Sosa (Asociación de Desarrollo Sostenible de Sosúa), #OceanAction20712
1134. Sensibilizar a los gobiernos locales acerca de los objetivos y metas asociadas a los ODS (Ayuntamiento del Distrito Nacional), #OceanAction21132
1135. Series of studies on biodiversity conservation in Africa, Asia and Latin America (European Union), #OceanAction18130

1136. Seychelles blue bond: transitioning to sustainable artisanal fisheries and strengthening value chain benefits through innovative finance and partnerships (Office of the Vice President, Government of Seychelles), #OceanAction16283
1137. Sharing ocean color images, marine environment information, and pollution management knowledge with the developing countries and the small island developing states in the Asia Pacific and Indian Ocean (Korea Institute of Ocean Science and Technology (KIOST)), #OceanAction17542
1138. Sheikh Khalifa Bin Zayed Marine Research Centre (UAE — Ministry of Climate Change and Environment), #OceanAction20374
1139. Shellfishing WITHOUT litter (Mariscar SEM Lixo): Awareness and beach cleaning voluntary campaing in the Sado estuary, Portugal (Ocean Alive), #OceanAction15410
1140. Shift the community of Vizhinjam/Kovalam toward a cleaner, healthier coastline (Positive Change for Marine Life), #OceanAction20244
1141. Shore Protection and Coral Reef Restoration In Pungu Island, Labuan Bajo, East Nusa Tenggara (Yayasan Karang Lestari Teluk Pemuteran (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation)), #OceanAction17442
1142. SIDS-SIDS Partnership: Sustainable Energy for Blue Island Economies (SIDS DOCK, PCREEE, CCREEE, ECREEE, UNIDO), #OceanAction20608
1143. Siembra de mangle rojo y negro en la desembocadura del río Muoz y arroyo el Tejar, Provincia Puerto Plata. (Ministerio Ambiente), #OceanAction20688
1144. Siembra de mangle rojo y negro en Playa Dorada/Bergantn, Provincia Puerto Plata. (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente), #OceanAction20700
1145. Singapore contributes to capacity building for the prevention of pollution by ships (The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore), #OceanAction18958
1146. Singapore introduces the Maritime Singapore Green Initiative (The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore), #OceanAction18953
1147. Singapore launches Ocean Governance Research Programme (The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore), #OceanAction18948
1148. Singapore partners Australia for capacity building in fishery enforcement (Singapore), #OceanAction19008
1149. Singapore to become LNG bunker ready port (Singapore), #OceanAction18928
1150. Singapore to host Future Ready Shipping Conference (The Maritime and Port Authority of Singapore), #OceanAction18943
1151. Singapore works with Regional Fisheries Management Organisations on catch documentation schemes (Singapore), #OceanAction19013
1152. Singapores contributions to combating illegal, unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing (Singapore), #OceanAction19003

1153. Singapores management of marine pollution from land based sources (Singapore), #OceanAction18968
1154. Singapores management of water pollution and quality in inland water bodies and coastal areas (The Public Utilities Board, Singapore), #OceanAction18963
1155. Single-Use (T-shirt) Plastic Bag Ban (The Government of Antigua and Barbuda), #OceanAction20912
1156. Sistema Ambiental de Coleta de Resíduos (Instituto EcoFaxina — Limpeza, Monitoramento e Educação Ambiental), #OceanAction15242
1157. Sistemas de monitoreo de contaminación marina (Ministerio de Defensa Nacional), #OceanAction21044
1158. Slow Fish — Local Sustainable Fish (Slow Food), #OceanAction18115
1159. Small Island States (SIDS) Blue Guardians: Partnership to Protecting Oceans and Climate-resilient Blue Economies (SIDS DOCK), #OceanAction17770
1160. Smart Ocean-Smart Industries: Engaging Industry in Improving Ocean, Weather and Climate Knowledge in Support of Sustainable Development and Disaster Reduction (World Ocean Council), #OceanAction15368
1161. SOA's Commitment to SDG14 (Sustainable Oceans Alliance), #OceanAction18124
1162. Socio-ecological aquacultures (Biology of Marine Organisms and Biomimetics unit, University of Mons (UMONS)), #OceanAction21444
1163. Solution Initiative Solutions (SIF) Oceans — a forum for highlighting smart and sustainable marine solutions (SDSN Northern Europe), #OceanAction16026
1164. South African Offshore Trawl Bycatch Fishery Conservation Project (SADSTIA), #OceanAction21184
1165. South-South Cooperation with Small Island Developing States (SIDS) (INDIA), #OceanAction20644
1166. Southern Ocean Carbon Uptake and Chemical Change (Antarctic Climate and Ecosystems Co-operative Research Centre), #OceanAction16862
1167. St. Petersburg Initiative (SPbI) (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Russian Federation), #OceanAction19363
1168. Stakeholder Participation in Coral Reef Restoration In Bangka Island, North Sumatra, North Minahasa, North Sulawesi (Yayasan Karang Lestari Teluk Pemuteran (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation)), #OceanAction17450
1169. Stakeholder Participation in Coral Reef Restoration In Sepa Island, Thousand Islands, Jakarta (Yayasan Karang Lestari Teluk Pemuteran (Pemuteran Bay Coral Protection Foundation)), #OceanAction17458
1170. Statement to address the inter-linkages between land and sea in Swedish business core operations (Sida — Swedish Leadership for Sustainable Development), #OceanAction18472

1171. Stop plastic bags in the Mediterranean Area (Legambiente ONLUS), #OceanAction15599
1172. Stop the Curio Campaign (The Seahorse Trust), #OceanAction16426
1173. Stopping Fish Bombing (Stop Fish Bombing!), #OceanAction16709
1174. Strengthen capacities for adaptation to climate change impacts and implement pilot project for adaptation to climate change impacts, defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro (NS ICZM), prepared by the Ministry (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism, Department for Sustainable Development and Integrated Coastal Zone Management), #OceanAction17594
1175. Strengthen capacities for green nautical tourism (green boating) and implement pilot project of the green nautical tourism concept (green boating), defined in the National Strategy for Integrated Coastal Zone Management of Montenegro, prepared by the Mini (Ministry of Sustainable Development and Tourism), #OceanAction17635
1176. Strengthen Scientific and Technical Innovation and International Cooperation (Department of Science and Technology, State Oceanic Administration, P.R.China), #OceanAction17142
1177. Strengthen the Protection of Marine Ecological Environment (Department of Ecological Environment Protection, State Oceanic Administration, P.R.China), #OceanAction17134
1178. Strengthening capacity for international cooperation in the ecosystem-based management of the Antarctic Large Marine Ecosystem. (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16770
1179. Strengthening capacity on ocean acidification monitoring, ecosystem resilience, MPA networks in a changing climate, coral reef protection and marine spatial planning. (Sweden), #OceanAction18823
1180. Strengthening Community Participation in the Protection of the Belize Barrier Reef Complex through Capacity Building and Supporting Implementation of Managed Access — GEF funded project (Wabafu Fishermen Association), #OceanAction19258
1181. Strengthening Community Participation in the Protection of the Belize Barrier Reef Complex through Capacity Building and Supporting Implementation of Managed Access — GEF SGP and Oak Foundation funded project (Wabafu Fishermen Association), #OceanAction19319
1182. Strengthening data partnerships for Oceans in Asia and the Pacific (United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)), #OceanAction16118
1183. Strengthening institutional capacity and research in oceans at The University of the South Pacific (The University of the South Pacific), #OceanAction19944
1184. Strengthening institutional capacity to enhance governance of the fisheries sector in Africa (African Union (AU-IBAR and NPCA)), #OceanAction21292
1185. Strengthening international cooperation to conserve whales, dolphins and porpoises in European waters and beyond (Agreement on the Conservation of Small

Cetaceans of the Baltic, North East Atlantic, Irish and North Seas (ASCOBANS), CMS, UN environment), #OceanAction20074

1186. Strengthening Marine Protected Areas in South-East China to conserve globally significant coastal biodiversity (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction18588

1187. Strengthening Marine Protected Areas to Conserve Marine Key Biodiversity Areas in the Philippines (SMARTSeas PH Project) (UNDP Philippines), #OceanAction17454

1188. Strengthening of the Ethno and ecotourism La Plata Bahía Mlaga, (Buenaventura, Colombia) (Asociaci ón Comunitaria de Bah á M laga — Ecomanglar — SANTIAGO VALENCIA), #OceanAction18773

1189. Strengthening of the national policy and legislative frameworks governing protected areas, including marine protected areas (Ministry of Economic Growth and Job Creation, Jamaica), #OceanAction21152

1190. Strengthening regional cooperation for the protection of the marine and coastal environment in the Northwest Pacific (Northwest Pacific Action Plan/United Nations Environment Programme), #OceanAction17490

1191. Strengthening regional cooperation to support implementation of SDG 14 (European Union), #OceanAction17498

1192. Strengthening Research, Training and Education linkages towards the protection of Jamaicas Marine Resources (Alligator Head Foundation), #OceanAction21656

1193. Strengthening Resilience of Marine and Coastal Ecosystems through the Reduction of Pollution to the Marine Environment (European Investment Bank), #OceanAction18364

1194. Strengthening scientific research on ecosystems in the marine waters of Cyprus (Republic of Cyprus — Department of Fisheries and Marine Research of the Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Environment), #OceanAction18067

1195. Strengthening the Blue Economy by Supporting Research Capacity Development in Seychelles (University of Seychelles James Michel Blue Economy Research Institute), #OceanAction16126

1196. Strengthening the Blue Economy platform for sustainable development of the blue spaces in Kenya (Kenya), #OceanAction21560

1197. Strengthening the construction of the Chongn Colonche Bio-corridor. (Asociaci ón de Peque ños Productores Agropecuarios Visi ón Integral (Santa Elena).), #OceanAction19744

1198. Strengthening the implementation of the HELCOM Baltic Sea Action Plan to support ocean-related SDGs (Baltic Marine Environment Protection Commission (HELCOM)), #OceanAction17174

1199. Strengthening the implementation of the IOSEA Marine Turtle MOU Conservation management plan to support the implementation of SGD 14. (Memorandum of Understanding on the Conservation and Management of Marine Turtles and their Habitats

of the Indian Ocean and South-East Asia (IOSEA Marine Turtles MOU, CMS)), #OceanAction21352

1200. Strengthening the Marine Management Unit of the Department of Wildlife Conservation in Sri Lanka (International Union for Conservation of Nature), #OceanAction19919

1201. Strengthening the relationship between Fisheries Department and Island Kaupule (Tuvalu Fisheries Department), #OceanAction19078

1202. Strengthening the Rio Chone — La Segua — Cordillera del Blsamo estuary Bio-corridor. (Cooperativa San Francisco), #OceanAction19739

1203. Strengthening the security of the sea and its resources (Interdepartmental Committee, Madagascar), #OceanAction16146

1204. Study on the reintroduction of Oyster beds (Belgium — Federal Public service on Health. Food chain Safety and Environment), #OceanAction16946

1205. Studying the risk posed by plastic litter to marine fishes (German Ministry of Food and Agriculture), #OceanAction16307

1206. SUB REGIONAL INITIATIVE ON COMMUNITY RESILIENCE TO CLIMATE CHANGE IN BAY OF BENGAL (Concern Worldwide), #OceanAction15974

1207. Submarine Cables, Marine Environment and Sustainable Development (International Cable Protection Committee (ICPC)), #OceanAction15704

1208. Subseaexplorers (Paul Ransley), #OceanAction21240

1209. Support a resilient ocean-based society in SIDS through water access and renewable energy (Italy), #OceanAction20369

1210. Support action, innovation and learning to address source-to-sea priorities (Action Platform on Source-to-Sea Management), #OceanAction15031

1211. Support by France to the WACA Program in monitoring the coastal erosion in West Africa (Ministry of the Ecological and Solidary Transition, France), #OceanAction17206

1212. Support community based resource management in Solomon Islands (Ministry of Fisheries and Marine Resources), #OceanAction20324

1213. Support development of a Source to Sea Approach to land based pollution including marine litter. (Sweden), #OceanAction19789

1214. Support for 10-year Strategic Action Programme for the Caribbean and North Brazil Shelf Large Marine Ecosystems (the CLME+ SAP). #CLMEplus (CLME+ Project and Strategic Action Programme Partnership), #OceanAction16170

1215. Support for management of protected areas, including MPAs, in ACP Countries (European Union), #OceanAction18127

1216. Support for RFMOs for strengthened governance, science, capacity building and increased compliance (European Union), #OceanAction17482

1217. Support for the Nansen-Tutu Center for Environmental Research (University of Bergen, Norway), #OceanAction19337
1218. Support for the work of the Ocean Alive (Portugal) in the Sado River Estuary (Oceano Azul Foundation), #OceanAction18528
1219. SUPPORT FOR THE WORK OF WWF MEDITERRANEO — PORTUGAL ON MARINE PROTECTED AREAS AND CO-MANAGEMENT OF SMALL SCALE FISHERIES (Oceano Azul Foundation), #OceanAction18049
1220. Support marine protected areas and a sustainable, climate resilient, ocean-based economy in Pacific Small Islands Developing States (PSIDS) (Italy), #OceanAction20009
1221. Support of environmental regulatory measures for Deep Sea Mining: Project (Germany), #OceanAction18427
1222. Support of the research project: Multidisciplinary drifting Observatory for the Study of Arctic Climate (MOSAiC) (Germany), #OceanAction18436
1223. Support scientific research at sea (Monaco Explorations), #OceanAction17314
1224. Support Sustainable Coastal Fisheries in Myanmar (Denmark), #OceanAction21248
1225. Support to Ocean preservation through advocacy (Nigerian women agro allied farmers association.), #OceanAction15982
1226. Support to the Government on Marine and Coastal Resource Management and Sustainable Livelihoods in Northern Sri Lanka (International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) — Sri Lanka), #OceanAction19874
1227. Support to the Institut de la Francophonie pour le développement durable (IFDD), subsidiary body of the Organisation Internationale de la Francophonie (Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation), #OceanAction16474
1228. Supporting a Blue Commonwealth (Commonwealth Secretariat), #OceanAction15910
1229. Supporting capacity building to minimize the impact of marine acidification in the coastal areas of small island countries in the Pacific (Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries, Republic of Korea), #OceanAction16918
1230. Supporting effective ocean governance (UN Environment World Conservation Monitoring Centre), #OceanAction21004
1231. Supporting implementation of the FAO Port State Measures Agreement (PSMA) (New Zealand Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade), #OceanAction18238
1232. Supporting in particular Small Island Developing States to reduce their vulnerability to climate change and building a more resilient ocean economy. (European Investment Bank), #OceanAction18415
1233. Supporting small-scale artisanal fishers through training to MSME (China Energy Fund Committee (CEFC)), #OceanAction15358

1234. Supporting the International Alliance to Combat Ocean Acidification (Ocean Conservancy), #OceanAction20274
1235. Sustainability of mangrove forest and coastal afforestation (Bangladesh), #OceanAction18538
1236. Sustainable Destinations Alliance for the Americas (SDAA) (Sustainable Travel International (STI)), #OceanAction14688
1237. Sustainable Economic Development of Pacific Islands Fisheries (New Zealand Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade), #OceanAction18235
1238. Sustainable Financing of Marae Moana — Cook Islands Marine Park (Cook Islands Government), #OceanAction20139
1239. Sustainable Fisheries and Marine Environment Governance for Socio-economic Benefits (Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries, State Department for Fisheries & the Blue Economy,), #OceanAction17644
1240. Sustainable management of Santa Luzia Marine Reserva (Biosfera 1 and Portuguese Society for Birds Studies (SPEA)), #OceanAction17606
1241. Sustainable Ocean Initiative (SOI) Global Dialogues with Regional Seas Organizations and Regional Fisheries Bodies on Accelerating Progress Towards the Aichi Biodiversity Targets and the Sustainable Development Goals (Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)), #OceanAction14827
1242. Sustainable Planet Ocean (Planet without Frontiers® Institution), #OceanAction21536
1243. Sustainable Protection of the coastline of Mauritius (Ministry of Social Security, National Solidarity and Environment and Sustainable Development), #OceanAction17078
1244. Sustainable Tourism Development Framework (Ministry of Industry Trade and Tourism, Fiji), #OceanAction19854
1245. Sustainable Trade in Fisheries — Assisting Member States to Implement Effective, Inclusive and Sustainable Policies (UNCTAD/FAO/UN Environment), #OceanAction18469
1246. Sustainable tuna fisheries (International Seafood Sustainability Foundation (ISSF)), #OceanAction18481
1247. Sustainably manage Montserrat's ocean resources through marine spatial planning, no-take marine reserves, and improved fisheries management (Government of Montserrat), #OceanAction18142
1248. Sustainably managing The Gambia's Tanbi Wetlands National Park shellfish resources through effective management (TRY Oyster Women's Association), #OceanAction16322
1249. Sustained and integrated ocean observing and open data sharing (EuroGOOS, European Global Ocean Observing System), #OceanAction20820
1250. Swedish strategy for global action on the environment, climate, oceans and natural resources 2018-2022. (Government of Sweden), #OceanAction21416

1251. Swedish support to FAO for developing countries implementation of Port State Measures Agreement, the Global Registry and technical consultations for the marking of fishing gear. (Government of Sweden), #OceanAction20124
1252. Tackling abandoned, lost and otherwise discarded fishing gear at global scale — a multi-stakeholder partnership. (Global Ghost Gear Initiative), #OceanAction14840
1253. Tackling ghost gear worldwide: Marking fish aggregating devices and helping local communities in the Pacific (The Government of the Kingdom of Belgium and the Global Ghost Gear Initiative), #OceanAction18868
1254. Taking Action to Increase Mangrove Habitat 20% by 2030 (The Global Mangrove Alliance founding members Conservation International, The Nature Conservancy and World Wildlife Fund), #OceanAction14787
1255. TARA MEDITERRANEAN: Mediterranean Sea as a research laboratory for marine plastic debris (Tara Expeditions Foundation), #OceanAction19386
1256. TARA OCEANS: Research and outreach program on plankton (Tara Expeditions Foundation), #OceanAction21636
1257. TARA PACIFIC: Coral reef biodiversity and adaptation facing climate change across the Pacific (Tara Expeditions Foundation), #OceanAction19429
1258. Te Tai Nui Atea — Marine Managed Area (5 million km²) (French Polynesia Governement), #OceanAction20294
1259. Technical Support for low-carbon SIDS (Ludvik Electric), #OceanAction18558
1260. Tener una lnea base acerca de la legislacin nacional de cada pas del Sistema Arrecifal Mesoamericano acerca de actividades de restauracin de corales (Secretar á de Recursos Naturales, Ambiente y Minas (MiAmbiente), Direcci ón General de Biodiversidad (DiBIO)), #OceanAction17812
1261. Thailand makes an effort to protect marine environment from marine debris and land-based pollution (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction18208
1262. Thailand towards sustainable management of marine and coastal habitats (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction18211
1263. Thailands Actions on Combating IUU Fishing (Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives), #OceanAction18205
1264. The 2nd China Ocean Philanthropy Forum (China Blue Sustainability Institute), #OceanAction15850
1265. The adaptation of a Sub regional Contingency Plan (SCP) for preparedness and response to major marine pollution incidents in the Mediterranean, in the context of the Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment and the Coastal Region of the Med (Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Environment- Cyprus, Ministry of Environmental Protection- Israel, Ministry of Environment and Energy — Hellenic Republic), #OceanAction18022

1266. The Bertarelli Programme in Marine Science (The Bertarelli Foundation), #OceanAction15948
1267. The Blue Cluster — De Blauwe Cluster (Zero Emissions Research and Initiatives — ZERI), #OceanAction15611
1268. The Blue Network — Global Action Network for Blue Growth & Food Security (The Netherlands), #OceanAction18292
1269. The Clean Seas global campaign on marine litter (United Nations Environment Programme (UN Environment)), #OceanAction13900
1270. The complete seizure of discharging treated sewage in the marine environment. (Ministry of Agriculture, Rural Development and Environment- Cyprus), #OceanAction18031
1271. The Conservation and Management of Sea Turtles within Fijian Waters (Ministry of Fisheries, Fiji), #OceanAction19909
1272. The Coral Triangle Initiative on Coral Reefs, Fisheries and Food Security (CTI-CFF) (WWF), #OceanAction17118
1273. The CTC Center for Marine Conservation, a center of excellence in marine conservation, to establish in 2018 as an innovative platform to safeguard the Coral Triangle ecoregion for generations. (Coral Triangle Center (CTC)), #OceanAction14876
1274. The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity — TEEB Aruba (YABI), #OceanAction16198
1275. The EU, together with its Mediterranean partners, has endorsed MedFish4Ever Declaration (European Union), #OceanAction18708
1276. The Explorers Club Ocean related Grants (The Explorers Club), #OceanAction21604
1277. The Fiji Pearl Development Plan — Creating a Blue Industry (Ministry of Fisheries, Fiji Pearl Farmers Association, Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism, Fiji), #OceanAction19864
1278. The Fisheries Transparency Initiative — Seychelles engagement (The Government of Seychelles), #OceanAction18603
1279. The Geoversiv Commitment to Ocean Stewardship: Living Future Strategies for Ocean Neutrality (The Geoversiv Foundation), #OceanAction17815
1280. The ICRI plan of Action 2016-2018 (FRANCE, MONACO, SWEDEN and UN Environment (UNEP)), #OceanAction16778
1281. The Incorporation of Ocean Information into the VanuaGIS Platform (Ministry of Land & Mineral Resources, Fiji), #OceanAction20014
1282. The Indian Tsunami Early Warning System (ITEWS) (INDIA), #OceanAction20596

1283. The Islands and Oceans Net, IO Net (The Ocean Policy Research Institute of Sasakawa Peace Foundation, former Ship and Ocean Foundation, as a secretariat for IO Net), #OceanAction14963
1284. The Nansen Programme — Strengthening the Knowledge Base for, and Implementing an Ecosystem Approach to, Marine Fisheries in Developing Countries (Norwegian Government), #OceanAction19814
1285. The Nippon Foundation Sustainable Ocean Programme — Building capacities to reinforce ocean governance for the implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (The Nippon Foundation), #OceanAction21196
1286. The Northern Mozambique Channel Initiative (WWF Madagascar), #OceanAction17618
1287. The Ocean Cleanup (The Ocean Cleanup Foundation), #OceanAction15227
1288. The OECD Policy Instruments for the Environment (PINE) database (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)), #OceanAction15039
1289. The Pacific Partnership on Ocean Acidification (Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP)), #OceanAction15798
1290. The Palau National Marine Sanctuary (Palau (The Palau National Marine Sanctuary Office)), #OceanAction14321
1291. The Peace Boat Ocean and Climate Youth Ambassador Programme (Peace Boat), #OceanAction16830
1292. The Pew Ending Illegal Fishing Project (The Pew Charitable Trusts), #OceanAction14947
1293. The Plastic Bank's commitment to provide a market based solution alleviating ocean plastic pollution and poverty while reducing CO2 emissions (The Plastic Bank), #OceanAction15826
1294. The Rights of the Pacific Ocean as a Legal Entity: A science based feasibility study (Institut de Recherche pour le Développement (IRD)), #OceanAction19759
1295. The Sacred Waters of the AfroAtlantic Treaty (The AfroAtlantic Theologies & Treaties Insrtitute), #OceanAction21064
1296. The Science of Marine Protected Areas — Mediterranean Sea (Ecomers Lab., University of Nice Sophia Antipolis & CNRS), #OceanAction15892
1297. The Shark and Ray Challenge in the Canary Islands (ElasmoCan), #OceanAction18838
1298. The South East Marine Protection Forum (New Zealand Department of Conservation and Ministry for Primary Industries), #OceanAction18310
1299. The Sustainable Ocean Initiative (SOI) Capacity Building Platform for the Aichi Biodiversity Targets and the Sustainable Development Goals (Secretariat of the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD)), #OceanAction14849

1300. The Swedish Government intends to implement appropriate and relevant conservation measures regarding fisheries in order to reach conservation objectives in all marine protected areas by 2020. (Sweden), #OceanAction19794

1301. The Western Indian Ocean Large Marine Ecosystems Strategic Action Programme Policy Harmonisation and Institutional Reforms (WIO LME SAPPHIRE) (United Nations Development Programme), #OceanAction16886

1302. The World Ocean Space — A Voice for the Oceans on the Global Stage. An Interdisciplinary Hub for Art, Science, Exploration and Conservation. (Thyssen-Bornemisza Art Contemporary (TBA21 Foundation)), #OceanAction18828

1303. The World Team Project: Sustainable Solutions Oceans Opportunities & Small Island States (SOS-IS) (World Team Now), #OceanAction21714

1304. Threat abatement plan for the impacts of marine debris on vertebrate marine life (Department of the Environment and Energy), #OceanAction16866

1305. Threat Management Plan for the New Zealand Sea Lion 2016-2017 (New Zealand Ministry for Primary Industries and Department of Conservation), #OceanAction18346

1306. To enhance the capacity of countries of West, Central and Southern Africa to prepare for and respond to marine oil spills. (Global Initiative for West, Central and Southern Africa (GI WACAF Project)), #OceanAction16574

1307. To establish programs of formalization of fisheries for the strengthening of artisanal fisheries (Ministry of Production — Peru), #OceanAction16810

1308. To foster greater blue carbon cooperation in the Indian Ocean region (Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade), #OceanAction19028

1309. To improve the regulatory framework for decommissioning offshore oil and gas installations and pipelines (New Zealand Ministry for the Environment), #OceanAction18241

1310. To Protect Marine Species on the Verge of Depletion with Artificial Breeding Technology and Develop Sustainable Aquaculture Technique (International Development Information Organization-DevNet), #OceanAction15834

1311. To raise public awareness in all ocean and marine campaign implemented in UN through artistic presentations from national to international level (International Development Information Organization-DevNet), #OceanAction18863

1312. To reduce litter and protect sea turtles in Nigeria through beach clean-ups, recycling and youth led conservation activities. (Marine and Coastal Conservation Society of Nigeria), #OceanAction20129

1313. To reform national marine protection through the introduction and implementation of modern marine protected areas legislation (New Zealand Ministry for the Environment), #OceanAction18274

1314. To stimulate public interest in and to encourage conservation of coastal ecosystems through education programs for schools and public and private organizations. (Coastal Research and Education Society of Long Island Inc. (CRESLI)), #OceanAction19654

1315. To undertake public consultation on a proposal to prohibit or control the manufacture and sale of personal care products containing microbeads in New Zealand and to consider the public submissions made as part of any future policy or regulatory changes (New Zealand Ministry for the Environment), #OceanAction18289

1316. To use the GSI model of pre-competitive collaboration to support accelerated change and scale in the sustainability of the salmon farming industry (Global Salmon Initiative (GSI), #OceanAction20304

1317. Tonga advances science to inform decision-making (Kingdom of Tonga), #OceanAction21392

1318. Tonga develops a marine spatial plan (MEIDECC, Kingdom of Tonga), #OceanAction21256

1319. Tonga will progressively implement its 2016-2024 Tonga Fisheries Sector Plan in pursuit of targets 14.4; 14.7; 14.b; (Tonga — Ministry of Fisheries), #OceanAction21464

1320. TOSSOU Elisabeth Charge de Programme Environnement (Programme des Nations Unies pour le Développement Bénin (UNDP, Benin)), #OceanAction15944

1321. Towards a fully integrated marine and coastal management in the Mediterranean region (IMELS/PNM (Italian Ministry of Environment, Land and Sea Protection/General Directorate for the Protection of Land and Sea)), #OceanAction18106

1322. Towards an ecologically representative and efficiently managed network of Mediterranean Marine Protected Areas (UN Environment/Mediterranean Action Plan — Barcelona Convention Secretariat), #OceanAction20344

1323. Towards the global achievement of CBD Aichi Target 11 (Italy — IMELS/PNM (Italian Ministry of Environment, Land and Sea Protection/General Directorate for the Protection of Land and Sea)), #OceanAction18094

1324. Trabajar en el marco de la Organización Mundial del Comercio (OMC) para establecer disciplinas con el objeto de eliminar subsidios a la pesca que favorezcan la sobre pesca, la sobrecapacidad pesquera, y la Pesca INDNR. (República Argentina), #OceanAction19168

1325. Training and capacity building on fisheries for young men and women through the INTERMARES training vessel for Latin America (Spain (Secretariat for Fisheries, Spain)), #OceanAction15515

1326. Transforming human-sea relationship in Colombia (TuMarColombia), #OceanAction19774

1327. Trash Free Waters — International (Secretariat to the Cartagena Convention: UN Environment Caribbean Environment Programme), #OceanAction16222

1328. Trash into Gold (Tzu Chi Foundation), #OceanAction21104

1329. Tun Mustapha Park — win-win for conservation and people (WWF), #OceanAction14967

1330. Tuna 2020 Traceability Declaration (Public-Private Coalition convened by the World Economic Forum), #OceanAction14427

1331. Turkey's Marine Litter Action Plans to Reduce Sea-based and Land-based pollution loads (Ministry of Environment and Urbanisation), #OceanAction19073
1332. Turtle Hatchery at the Sisters Islands Marine Park (Singapore), #OceanAction18973
1333. Tuvalu — Near-shore Fish-Aggregating Devices (FADs) (NAPA II and Fisheries Department, Tuvalu), #OceanAction21288
1334. Tuvalu Coastal Adaptation Project (Climate Change Policy & Disaster Coordination Unit, Tuvalu), #OceanAction21264
1335. UK Commitments on Marine Litter (United Kingdom), #OceanAction19719
1336. UK commitments on marine science (United Kingdom), #OceanAction20480
1337. UN World Oceans Day Portal (Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) of UNESCO), #OceanAction18833
1338. UN-Oceans: Raising awareness of relevant regulatory and policy frameworks and its members activities in support of their implementation, as a foundation for conserving and sustainably using the oceans, seas and their resources (UN-Oceans), #OceanAction16758
1339. Understanding and addressing the impact of ocean acidification on marine life and coastal livelihoods in California (Ocean Protection Council on behalf of the State of California), #OceanAction15641
1340. Understanding coastal hypoxia and its consequences on benthic-pelagic exchanges, diagenesis and ecosystem functioning (Liege University), #OceanAction15772
1341. Unleashing a new generation of entrepreneurs in the Blue Economy (The James Michel Foundation), #OceanAction16589
1342. Update and improve fishing licensing and regulations to ensure sustainable harvesting (Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries), #OceanAction17662
1343. Updates of GLODAP data product (GLODAP — the Global Ocean Data Analysis Project), #OceanAction21252
1344. Updating the joint Baltic Sea Action Plan of the cities Helsinki and Turku (City of Helsinki), #OceanAction19884
1345. Updating the National Action Plan to Combat Marine Pollution from Land-based Activities (Ministry of Environment and Renewable Energy, Algeria), #OceanAction18783
1346. Upscaling and Replicating the Initiative FROM RIDGE TO REEF. The integrated conservation program between forest ecosystems, rivers with coastal ecosystems, marine and mangrove in Belitung island (local level) into Indonesian (national level) (Kelompok Peduli Lingkungan Belitung (Belitung Coastal Community Group), Member of Telapak Indonesia), #OceanAction16074
1347. Using Memoir to Link People to The Ocean (Maura Conlon-McIvor), #OceanAction18808

1348. Using technology to reduce collisions between vessels and large whales (International Fund for Animal Welfare (IFAW)), #OceanAction18043
1349. Valoracin Econmica de los Espacios Marinos del Ecuador. (Ministerio de Defensa Nacional), #OceanAction21012
1350. Vankalai bird sanctuary conservation through community based eco-tourism (The Global Environment Facility (GEF) Small Grants Programme (SGP)), #OceanAction19934
1351. Vigilancia y monitoreo en los puertos comerciales del pas (Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), #OceanAction20732
1352. Vision Blue — Securing a Sustainable Blue Economy (WWF International), #OceanAction17130
1353. Vital Fisheries: Setting pathways for the implementation of the International Guidelines for Small-Scale Fisheries in Brazil (Artisanal Fishing Web — TeiaPesca), #OceanAction16358
1354. VR Content in the Ocean (DreamoVR), #OceanAction21488
1355. Waste Segregation, Storage and Disposal at Source (Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment), #OceanAction16986
1356. Water Guardians (PDHRE/Peoples Movement for Human Rights Learning), #OceanAction21684
1357. Water Smart Foundation (Sophie Edmonds), #OceanAction19163
1358. We commit to education youth worldwide on SDG 14 and ocean conservation (10 by 2020), #OceanAction14135
1359. Weather and climate services for Africa, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries (World Meteorological Organization (WMO) and European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT)), #OceanAction15752
1360. Whale sanctuary within Tongan waters (Ministry of Fisheries, Tonga), #OceanAction21420
1361. Whale Watching Handbook (International Whaling Commission), #OceanAction20144
1362. WiseOceans commitment to marine education and reduction of marine plastic (WiseOceans), #OceanAction20396
1363. Women leading ocean action (UN-Women), #OceanAction20064
1364. Work at the regional level, within the OSPAR Convention, for the reduction of marine litter in the Atlantic (Ministry of Sea), #OceanAction18460
1365. Work towards reducing marine litter in our oceans (KIMO International), #OceanAction19357
1366. Working meeting of the Inter institutional Group against Environmental Crime on marine pollution, illegal and unreported fishing (Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe, Presence in Albania), #OceanAction17514

1367. Working through research, conservation projects, campaigns and education to improve the situation for wildlife in the worlds oceans (OceanCare), #OceanAction16022
1368. Working towards plastic free oceans (OceanCare), #OceanAction16050
1369. Working towards the ratification of the International Convention for the Control and Management-of-Ships' Ballast Water and Sediments -(BWM) (Ministry of Ocean Economy, Marine Resources, Fisheries & Shipping (Shipping Division)), #OceanAction17126
1370. World Bank Group Strategy and Sustainable Development Goal 14 (World Bank Group), #OceanAction21612
1371. World Ocean Festival Outreach Campaign (The Global Brain Foundation), #OceanAction14835
1372. World Ports Sustainability Program (International Association of Ports and Harbours (IAPH)), #OceanAction17158
1373. World Register of Marine Species (WoRMS) (Flanders Marine Institute (VLIZ)), #OceanAction19459
1374. Year of Polar Prediction (World Meterological Organization), #OceanAction14082
1375. Year of the North Sea (Belgian Federal Public Service for Public Health, Food Chain Safety and Environment), #OceanAction16378
1376. Yellow Sea Large Marine Ecosystem (YSLME) ([UNDP/GEF](#) YSLME Phase II), #OceanAction19068
1377. Young Ocean Professionals for Sustainable Development (World Ocean Council), #OceanAction18873
1378. Youth, Ocean and SDG14 (World Youth Foundation (WYF)), #OceanAction20354
1379. Zero Plastic Rivers (Zero Plastic Rivers vzw), #OceanAction18633
1380. ZERO TOLERANCE FOR THE IUU FISHING PRACTICES IN THE BLACK AND MEDITERRANEAN SEAS (Turkish Marine Research Foundation (TUDAV)), #OceanAction16018

